**Supporting Statement for Form SSA-455**

**Disability Update Report**

**20 CFR 404.1589-404.1595 and 416.988-416.996**

**OMB No. 0960-0511**

**A. Justification**

1. **Introduction/Authoring Laws and Regulations**

Sections *205(a)* and *1631(e)(1)(A)* of the *Social Security Act (Act)* empower the Social Security Administration (SSA) to establish and uphold reasonable procedures for evaluating an alleged disability. Section *221(i)* of the *Act* requires SSA to assess current disability recipients periodically, to determine if their eligibility for benefits should continue. Sections *1614(a)(4)* and *1633(a)&(c)* authorize SSA to review the disability status of Supplemental Security Income recipients. *Sections 223(d)(5)(A)* and *1631(e)(1)* of the *Act* require claimants to furnish medical and other evidence SSA asks for, to prove the continued existence of their disability. Sections *20 CFR 404.1589-404.1595* and *416.988-416.996* of the *Code of Federal Regulations* detail the rules for implementing the requirements of the above *Act* sections. To complete required continuing disability entitlement evaluations, SSA uses Form SSA-455, the Disability Update Report.

1. **Description of Collection**

As part of our statutory requirements, SSA periodically uses Form SSA-455, the Disability Update Report, to evaluate current Title II disability recipients and Title XVI disability payment recipients’ continued eligibility for Social Security disability payments. Specifically, SSA uses the form to determine if: (1) there is enough evidence to warrant referring the respondent for a full medical Continuing Disability Review (CDR); (2) the respondent’s impairment(s) is still present and is indicative of no medical improvement, precluding the need for a CDR; or (3) there are unresolved work-related issues for the respondent. SSA mails Form SSA-455 to specific disability recipients, whom we select as possibly qualifying for the CDR process. SSA pre-fills the form with data specific to the disability recipient, except for the sections we ask the recipient to complete. When SSA receives the completed form, we optically scan it into SSA’s system. This allows us to gather the information electronically, and enables SSA to process the returned forms through automated decision logic to decide the proper course of action we will take. The respondents are recipients of Title II and Title XVI Social Security disability payments.

1. **Use of Information Technology to Collect the Information**

SSA did not created an electronic version of this form under the agency’s Government Paperwork Elimination Act plan, because it is not an on-demand form and is not available to the public. SSA identifies and sends this form only to specific disabled recipients. Further, because of the existing automated elements of form processing and data gathering currently used for this form, we ruled out an Internet application. Rather we scan and optically read this form, which is claimant-specific. At the time of initiation, we prefill the form with claimant‑specific information and a bar code, which contains claimant-specific information.

SSA believes our current process is effective and relatively quick. When we receive the completed form, we scan it, allowing our computers to extract the information and store it in the recipient’s electronic folder. This allows for rapid processing of the form, quickly enabling us to make the next step in the decision process. To date, we only needed to refer approximately 2.5% of respondents for a full medical review. For these reasons, we believe our current modality of collecting this information is the preferred method.

1. **Why We Cannot Use Duplicate Information**

The nature of the information we collect and the manner in which we collect it preclude duplication. SSA does not use another collection instrument to obtain similar data.

1. **Minimizing Burden on Small Respondents**

This collection does not affect small businesses or other small entities.

1. **Consequence of Not Collection Information or Collecting it Less Frequently**

If SSA did not use this information collection, we would have no means of documenting the recovery of current recipients. This could lead to an indefinite payment of benefits to people who should not be receiving them. Because we collect this information on an as needed basis, we cannot collect it less frequently. There are no technical or legal obstacles to burden reduction.

1. **Special Circumstances**

There are no special circumstances that would cause SSA to conduct this information collection in a manner inconsistent with *5 CFR 1320.5*.

1. **Solicitation of Public Comment and other Consultation with the Public**

The 60-day advance Federal Register Notice published on February 14, 2017, at

82 FR 10623, and we received no public comments. The 30-day FRN published on April 18, 2017 at 82 FR 18335. If we receive any comments in response to this Notice, we will forward them to OMB.

1. **Payments or Gifts to Respondents**

SSA does not provide payments or gifts to the respondents.

1. **Assurances of Confidentiality**

SSA protects and holds confidential the information it collects in accordance with *42 U.S.C. 1306, 20 CFR 401* and *402, 5 U.S.C. 552* (Freedom of Information Act), *5 U.S.C. 552a* (Privacy Act of 1974), and OMB Circular No. A-130.

1. **Justification for Sensitive Questions**

The information collection does not contain any question of a sensitive nature.

1. **Estimate of Public Reporting Burden**

Approximately 1,500,000 recipients spend 15 minutes each to complete this form annually, resulting in an annual burden of 375,000 hours. This figure represents burden hours, and we did not calculate a separate cost burden.

1. **Annual Cost to the Respondents (Other)**

This collection does not impose a known cost burden on the respondents.

1. **Annual Cost to Federal Government**

The annual cost to the Federal Government is approximately $33,000,000. This estimate is a projection of the costs for printing, mailing, processing, and analyzing the form.

1. **Program Changes or Adjustments to the Information Collection Request**

There are no changes to the public reporting burden.

1. **Plans for Publication Information Collection Results**

SSA will not publish the results of the information collection.

1. **Displaying the OMB Approval Expiration Date**

OMB granted SSA an exemption from the requirement to print the OMB expiration date on its program forms. SSA produces millions of public-use forms with life cycles exceeding those of an OMB approval. Since SSA does not periodically revise and reprint its public-use forms (e.g., on an annual basis), OMB granted this exemption so SSA would not have to destroy stocks of otherwise useable forms with expired OMB approval dates, avoiding Government waste.

1. **Exceptions to Certification Statement**

SSA is not requesting an exception to the certification requirements at *5 CFR 1320.9* and related provisions at *5 CFR 1320.8(b)(3)*.

**B. Collections of Information Employing Statistical Methods**

SSA does not use statistical methods for this information collection.