

information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to [www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain](http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain). Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Kate Bogan, National Exercise Division, Analytics and Narrative Management Section Chief, 400 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20024, (telephone) 202.679.9820, or (email) [Kate.Bogan@fema.dhs.gov](mailto:Kate.Bogan@fema.dhs.gov). Requests for additional information or copies of the information collection should be made to Director, Information Management Division, email address [FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov](mailto:FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This proposed information collection previously published in the **Federal Register** on April 24, 2020, at 85 FR 23054 with a 60 day public comment period. No comments were received. The purpose of this notice is to notify the public that FEMA will submit the information collection abstracted below to the Office of Management and Budget for review and clearance.

#### Collection of Information

*Title:* Homeland Security Exercise and Evaluation Program (HSEEP) Documentation.

*Type of information collection:* Extension, without change, of a currently approved information collection.

*OMB Number:* 1660–0118.

*Form Titles and Numbers:* FEMA Form 091–0, After Action Report/Improvement Plan (AAR/IP); FEMA Form 008–0–26, Multi-Year Training Exercise Plan (TEP); FEMA Form 008–0–27, National Exercise Program (NEP) Nomination Form.

*Abstract:* The Homeland Security Exercise and Evaluation Program (HSEEP) Documentation collection provides reporting on the results of preparedness exercises and provides assessments of the respondents’ capabilities so that strengths and areas for improvement are identified, corrected, and shared as appropriate prior to a real incident. This information is also required to be submitted as part of certain FEMA grant programs.

*Affected Public:* State, local, or Tribal governments.

*Estimated Number of Respondents:* 268.

*Estimated Number of Responses:* 704.

*Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:* 23,208 hours.

*Estimated Total Annual Respondent Cost:* \$1,469,995.

*Estimated Respondents’ Operation and Maintenance Costs:* 0.

*Estimated Respondents’ Capital and Start-Up Costs:* 0.

*Estimated Total Annual Cost to the Federal Government:* \$67,950.

#### Comments

Comments may be submitted as indicated in the **ADDRESSES** caption above. Comments are solicited to (a) evaluate whether the proposed data collection is necessary for the proper performance of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

**Maile Arthur,**

*Acting Records Management Branch Chief, Office of the Chief Administrative Officer, Mission Support, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.*

[FR Doc. 2020–15337 Filed 7–16–20; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 9111–27–P**

#### DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

#### Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID: FEMA–2020–0018; OMB No. 1660–0148]

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Letter of Attestation Regarding Export of Certain Scarce or Threatened Medical Resources

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

**ACTION:** 60-Day notice and request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Emergency Management Agency, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public to take this opportunity to comment on a revision of a currently approved information collection. In accordance with the Paperwork

Reduction Act of 1995, this notice seeks comments concerning FEMA requiring a letter of attestation regarding the Export of Certain Scarce or Threatened Medical Resources submitted to FEMA via Customs and Border Protection’s (CBP’s) document imaging system.

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted on or before September 15, 2020.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit comments at [www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov) under Docket ID FEMA–2020–0018. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket ID and will be posted, without change, to the Federal eRulemaking Portal at <http://www.regulations.gov>, and will include any personal information you provide. Therefore, submitting this information makes it public. You may wish to read the Privacy and Security Notice that is available via a link on the homepage of [www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Office of Policy and Program Analysis, Marc Geier, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, (telephone) 202–924–0196, or (email) [FEMA-DPA@fema.dhs.gov](mailto:FEMA-DPA@fema.dhs.gov). You may contact the Information Management Division for copies of the proposed collection of information at email address: [FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov](mailto:FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On April 10, 2020, the FEMA Administrator (Administrator) issued a Temporary Final Rule (TFR) to allocate certain scarce or threatened materials for domestic use, so that these materials may not be exported from the United States without explicit approval by FEMA. The TFR aids the response of the United States to the spread of COVID–19 by ensuring that certain scarce or threatened health and medical resources are appropriately allocated for domestic use.

The Administrator issued the TFR under the authority of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (DPA), and related executive orders and delegations. Most prominently, on April 3, 2020, the President signed a Memorandum on Allocating Certain Scarce or Threatened Health and Medical Resources to Domestic Use (Memorandum). In the Memorandum, the President directed the Secretary of Homeland Security, through the Administrator, and in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services (HHS), to use any and all authority available under section 101 of the DPA to allocate to domestic use, as appropriate, five types of personal

protective equipment (PPE) materials (covered materials).

Consistent with the Memorandum, the TFR provides that until August 10, 2020, and subject to certain exemptions, no shipments of covered materials may leave the United States without explicit approval by FEMA. The TFR requires U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), in coordination with such other officials as may be appropriate, to notify FEMA of an intended export of covered materials. CBP must temporarily detain any shipment of such covered materials pending the Administrator's determination whether to return for domestic use, issue a rated order for, or allow the export of part or all of the shipment. In making such determination, the Administrator may consult other agencies and will consider the totality of the circumstances, including: (1) The need to ensure that scarce or threatened items are appropriately allocated for domestic use; (2) minimization of disruption to the supply chain, both domestically and abroad; (3) the circumstances surrounding the distribution of the materials and potential hoarding or price-gouging concerns; (4) the quantity and quality of the materials; (5) humanitarian considerations; and (6) international relations and diplomatic considerations.

FEMA requires a letter of attestation regarding the Export of Certain Scarce or Threatened Medical Resources be submitted to FEMA via CPB's document imaging system and placed on file with CBP, certifying to FEMA the purpose of the shipment of covered materials.

This new collection was submitted and approved by OMB until August 10, 2020, under the emergency clearance process. FEMA is seeking public comments on the collection through the normal clearance process in order to extend the collection, if necessary, should the TFR also be extended beyond its current end date of August 10, 2020.

#### Collection of Information

*Title:* Letter of Attestation regarding Export of Certain Scarce or Threatened Medical Resources.

*Type of Information Collection:* Revision of a currently approved information collection.

*OMB Number:* 1660-0148.

*FEMA Forms:* None.

*Abstract:* FEMA requires a letter of attestation regarding the Export of Certain Scarce or Threatened Medical Resources be submitted to FEMA via CPB's document imaging system and placed on file with CBP, certifying to

FEMA the purpose of the shipment of covered materials.

*Affected Public:* For-Profit Business.  
*Estimated Number of Respondents:* 168.

*Estimated Number of Responses:* 168.  
*Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:* 84.

*Estimated Total Annual Respondent Cost:* \$8,568.

*Estimated Respondents' Operation and Maintenance Costs:* None.

*Estimated Respondents' Capital and Start-Up Costs:* None.

*Estimated Total Annual Cost to the Federal Government:* \$9,933.

#### Comments

Comments may be submitted as indicated in the **ADDRESSES** caption above. Comments are solicited to (a) evaluate whether the proposed data collection is necessary for the proper performance of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

#### Maile Arthur,

*Acting Records Management Branch Chief, Office of the Chief Administrative Officer, Mission Support, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.*

[FR Doc. 2020-15664 Filed 7-15-20; 4:15 pm]

**BILLING CODE 9111-19-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### Office of the Secretary

#### Determination Pursuant to Section 102 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, as Amended

**AGENCY:** Office of the Secretary, Department of Homeland Security.

**ACTION:** Notice of determination.

**SUMMARY:** The Acting Secretary of Homeland Security has determined, pursuant to law, that it is necessary to waive certain laws, regulations, and

other legal requirements in order to ensure the expeditious construction of roads in the vicinity of the international land border in Starr County, Texas.

**DATES:** This determination takes effect on July 17, 2020.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Important mission requirements of the Department of Homeland Security ("DHS") include border security and the detection and prevention of illegal entry into the United States. Border security is critical to the nation's national security. Recognizing the critical importance of border security, Congress has mandated DHS to achieve and maintain operational control of the international land border. Secure Fence Act of 2006, Public Law 109-367, section 2, 120 Stat. 2638 (Oct. 26, 2006) (8 U.S.C. 1701 note). Congress defined "operational control" as the prevention of all unlawful entries into the United States, including entries by terrorists, other unlawful aliens, instruments of terrorism, narcotics, and other contraband. *Id.* Consistent with that mandate from Congress, the President's Executive Order on Border Security and Immigration Enforcement Improvements directed executive departments and agencies to deploy all lawful means to secure the southern border. Executive Order 13767, section 1. In order to achieve that end, the President directed, among other things, that I take immediate steps to prevent all unlawful entries into the United States, including the immediate construction of physical infrastructure to prevent illegal entry. Executive Order 13767, section 4(a).

Congress has provided to the Secretary of Homeland Security a number of authorities necessary to carry out DHS's border security mission. One of those authorities is found at section 102 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, as amended ("IIRIRA"). Public Law 104-208, Div. C, 110 Stat. 3009-546, 3009-554 (Sept. 30, 1996) (8 U.S.C. 1103 note), as amended by the REAL ID Act of 2005, Public Law 109-13, Div. B, 119 Stat. 231, 302, 306 (May 11, 2005) (8 U.S.C. 1103 note), as amended by the Secure Fence Act of 2006, Public Law 109-367, section 3, 120 Stat. 2638 (Oct. 26, 2006) (8 U.S.C. 1103 note), as amended by the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2008, Public Law 110-161, Div. E, Title V, section 564, 121 Stat. 2090 (Dec. 26, 2007). In section 102(a) of IIRIRA, Congress provided that the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take such actions as may be necessary to install additional physical barriers and roads (including the removal of obstacles to