Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 2022-23 (ECLS-K:2023)

Kindergarten and First-Grade Field Test Data Collection, National Sampling, and National Recruitment

OMB# 1850-0750 v.22

5HUMa YbhD-4 Spring Kindergarten Child-Level Teacher Paper Survey

National Center for Education Statistics
U.S. Department of Education

September 2020





Teacher Survey (Child-Level)

2021

Early Childhood Longitudinal Study



S_ID	T_ID	Link_ID P
C_ID	С	

Completing this survey will help us learn more about children and their experiences in different schools and classrooms.

Thank you for your time!

To show our appreciation, we have included with your invitation a check that equals \$20 for the teacher background survey plus \$7 for every child for whom you've been asked to complete a survey.

Please return the survey to **your school coordinator or an ECLS staff member.**The survey should be sealed in the envelope we provided you. Do <u>not</u> mail this survey unless you are provided with an additional mailing envelope.

Photo is for illustrative purposes only. Any person depicted in the photo is a model

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is authorized to conduct the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study (ECLS) by the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (ESRA 2002, 20 U.S.C. §9543). The data are being collected for NCES by Westat, a U.S.-based research organization. All of the information you provide may be used only for statistical purposes and may not be disclosed, or used, in identifiable form for any other purpose except as required by law (20 U.S.C. §9573 and 6 U.S.C. §151). According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this voluntary information collection is 1850-0750 v.22. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average approximately 15 minutes per child-level survey including the time to review instructions and complete and review the information collection. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate, suggestions for improving this information collection, or any comments or concerns regarding the status of your individual submission of these data, please write directly to: Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, National Center for Education Statistics, PCP, 550 12th St., SW, 4th floor, Washington, DC 20202. # 1850-0750 v.22. OMB No. 1850-0750, v.22. Approval expires xx/xx/xxxx



Early Childhood Longitudinal Study Kindergarten Teacher Survey (Child Level) Fall 2021 - Form TQCSK-FT

INTRODUCTION

Dear Teacher,

Your school has agreed to participate in the **Early Childhood Longitudinal Study (ECLS)**, a nationwide study of elementary-aged children, their schools, teachers, and parents. As part of the study, we are asking teachers at your school to complete surveys. You have been asked to complete this survey because one or more of the children in your class(es) are participants in this study. The child who is the subject of this survey is identified on the cover. This survey contains questions about this child's skills and abilities.

The ECLS collects information from teachers of children who are in the study to investigate the relationship between children's academic progress and various school, classroom, teacher, and home characteristics.

Taking part in the study is voluntary. You may stop at any time or choose not to answer a question you do not want to answer. However, only you can provide this information. Although we realize you are very busy, we urge you to complete this survey as completely and accurately as possible.

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP.

MARKING DIRECTIONS

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY AND USE A BLACK OR BLUE BALL POINT PEN TO COMPLETE THIS SURVEY. DO NOT USE PENCIL OR FELT-TIP PEN.

MARKING BOXES

It is important that you mark an "X" in the box next to your answers and print clearly.

Shown below is the correct way to mark your answers, along with examples of incorrect ways.

Correct Mark:



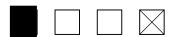
Incorrect Marks:

Light and thin, outside the box, thick or scrawled.



How to Change an Answer:

Completely black out the box of the incorrect answer and mark an "X" in the box next to the correct answer.



PRINTING ANSWERS IN BOXES:

Answers should be printed clearly and should not touch or cross any of the box lines. Do not cross zeroes or sevens. That is, do not write a zero with a line through it like this – θ , and do not write a seven with a line through it like this – \mathcal{F} .

Write one number per box like this:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

Write words like this:

John Smith

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ACADEMIC RATING SCALE

We would like for you to rate this child's current skills, knowledge, and behaviors within language and literacy (section 1), science (section 2), and mathematical thinking (section 3), based on your experience with him or her. If you are not the primary teacher in any of these areas, you may want to consult with the person most familiar with the child's progress in the area when completing the scales.

- This is NOT a test and should NOT be administered directly to the child.
- Examples are meant to help you think of the range of situations in which the child may demonstrate the identified skills and behaviors. These examples do not exhaust all the ways the child may demonstrate what he or she knows or can do. The examples do, however, indicate a level of proficiency a child should have reached in order to receive the highest ratings. Some of these examples describe a very high level of performance (beyond typical students) in order to evaluate achievement levels of the highest performing students.
- Rate this child compared to other children of the same age level. Please consider the full range of ratings when answering.

The following **five-point scale** is used for each of the questions. It reflects the degree to which a child has acquired and demonstrated the targeted skills, knowledge, and behaviors.

Not yet	=	Child has not yet demonstrated skill, knowledge, or behavior.
Beginning	=	Child is <u>just beginning</u> to demonstrate skill, knowledge, or behavior but does so very inconsistently.
In progress	=	Child demonstrates skill, knowledge, or behavior <u>with some regularity</u> but varies in level of competence.
Intermediate	=	Child demonstrates skill, knowledge, or behavior <u>with increasing</u> regularity and average competence but is not completely proficient.
Proficient	=	Child demonstrates skill, knowledge, or behavior <u>competently and</u> <u>consistently</u> .
Not Applicable or Skill Not Yet Taught	=	Skill, knowledge, or behavior has <u>not been introduced</u> in classroom setting.

<u>If this child has limited English proficiency or is an English language learner</u>, answer with his or her native language in mind if he or she does not yet demonstrate skills in English but does demonstrate them in his or her native language.

<u>If this child has a disability</u>, it may be necessary to consider adaptations for some questions to make them more inclusive for this child's skills and/or use of adaptive equipment. Some children may utilize alternative forms of verbal communication (for example, sign language, communication boards) or written communication (for example, word processors, Braille, dictation). Please answer the questions with these adaptations in mind.



SECTION 1: LANGUAGE AND LITERACY

A1. First, please rate this child's <u>current</u> skills, knowledge, and behaviors in <u>LANGUAGE AND LITERACY</u>. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

							Not applicable or
	THIS CHILD	Not yet	Beginning	In progress	Intermediate	Proficient	Skill not yet taught
a.	Contributes relevant information to classroom discussions – for example, during a class discussion, can express an idea or a personal opinion on a topic and the reasons behind the opinion.						
b.	Engages in higher-level thinking and reasoning during classroom discussions – for example, answers questions that are not just an explicit recall of facts, makes inferences, asks on-topic questions, and can have a cohesive exchange of ideas that are centered on a given topic for at least three conversational turns.						
C.	Uses correct endings on verbs and nouns when speaking – for example, says "dog plays" and "dogs play" or uses present tense ("she runs" or "she is running") and past tense correctly for both regular and irregular verbs ("he walks" and "he walked"; "I run" and "I ran").						
d.	Uses morphemes to figure out the meanings of words – for example, knows that "–s" means "more than 1" as in "trucks"; "–er" means a "person who" as in "farmer" and "painter"; "un" means "not" as in "unlike" and "unfriendly"; or "re" means "again" as in "reread" and "replay."						
e.	Uses morphemes to decode new words – for example, decodes "jellyfish" by recognizing it is made up of two familiar words "jelly" and "fish" or decodes "preheat" as "pre" and "heat" and "fearless" as "fear" and "less."						
f.	Uses complex sentence structures – for example, says "If she had brought her umbrella, she wouldn't have gotten wet," or "Yesterday it was raining cats and dogs," or "Why can't we go on the field trip at the same time as the first grade?"						
g.	Understands and interprets a story or other text read to him/her – for example, by retelling a story just read to the group, or telling about why a story ended as it did, or connecting part of the story to his/her own life.						



A1. (Cont.) First, please rate this child's <u>current</u> skills, knowledge, and behaviors in <u>LANGUAGE AND LITERACY</u>. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

	THIS CHILD	Not yet	Beginning	In progress	Intermediate	<u>Proficient</u>	Not applicable or Skill not yet taught
h.	Easily and quickly names all upper- and lower-case letters of the alphabet.						
i.	Predicts what will happen next in stories by using the pictures and storyline for clues.						
j.	Reads simple books independently – for example, reads books with a repetitive language pattern.						
k.	Demonstrates early writing behaviors – for example, by using initial consonants to spell words ("d" for the word "dog"), or using letter names to represent sounds ("r" for the word "are"), or phonetic spelling ("hrt") for the word "heart," to convey words or ideas.						
l.	Composes simple stories – for example, by writing about a personal experience in a journal.						
m.	Composes informative/explanatory text – for example, uses a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to state what is being written about, supply some information about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.						
n.	Demonstrates an understanding of some of the conventions of print – for example, by using both upper- and lower-case letters when writing, or putting spaces between words, or using a period at the end of a sentence.						
0.	Finds meaningful units in words such as prefixes, suffixes, and base words.						



SECTION 2: SCIENCE

B1. Next, please rate this child's <u>current</u> skills, knowledge, and behaviors in <u>SCIENCE</u>. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

	THIS CHILD	Not vet	Beginning	In progress	Intermediate	Proficient	Not applicable or Skill not yet taught
a.	Uses his/her senses to explore and observe – for example, observes and notes the habits of classroom pets, or describes the differences in clay before and after water is added.						
b.	Forms explanations based on observations and explorations – for example, describes or draws the conditions (water, soil, sun) that help a plant grow, or explains that a block will slide more quickly down a steeper slope.						
C.	Classifies and compares living and non-living things in different ways – for example, classifies objects according to "things that are alive and not alive," or "things that fly and things that crawl."						
d.	Directly compares two objects with a measurable attribute in common to see which object has "more of"/"less of" the attribute and describes the difference – for example, directly compares the heights of two children and describes one child as taller/shorter.						
e.	Makes logical predictions when pursuing scientific investigations – for example, observes and identifies patterns in nature and predicts what happens next (for example, predicts if a new object will float or sink).						
f.	Shows curiosity about the world by asking how and why things happen – for example, asks how rocks are formed or why it is warmer in the daytime than at night.						
g.	Demonstrates understanding of physical science concepts – for example, makes observations that different materials have different properties or compares the relative sizes and characteristics of objects.						



B1.	(Cont.) Next, please rate this child's <u>current</u> skills, knowledge, and behaviors in <u>SCIENCE</u> .	MARK ON
	RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.	

	THIS CHILD	Not yet	<u>Beginning</u>	In progress	Intermediate	<u>Proficient</u>	Not applicable or Skill not yet taught
h.	Generates different strategies to solve a problem – for example, when a design solution does not work as intended, tries other tools, materials, or methods to solve the problem.						
i.	Shows an understanding of cause and effect – for example, knows if he/she pushes a ball harder, it will go faster.						



SECTION 3: MATHEMATICAL THINKING

C1. Now, please rate this child's <u>current</u> skills, knowledge, and behaviors in <u>MATHEMATICAL THINKING</u>. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW. Not applicable Skill not THIS CHILD ... Not yet Beginning Intermediate In progress **Proficient** yet taught a. Counts forward beginning from a given number within the known sequence, instead of having to begin at 1 - for example, child starts with 5 objects and is given 2 more and child counts "6, 7" instead of "1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7" to get the answer of 7. b. Orders a group of objects – for example, by ordering rods or sticks by length or

	arranging paints from lightest to darkest or musical instruments from softest to loudest.			
C.	Shows an understanding of the relationship between quantities – for example, knows that a group of ten small stones is the same quantity as a group of ten larger blocks.			
d.	Demonstrates consistent understanding of one-to-one correspondence – for example, when counting objects, says the number names in the standard order, pairing each object with one and only one number name and each number name with one and only one object.			
e.	For any number from 1 to 9, finds the number that makes 10 when added to the given number (for example, by using objects or drawings) and records the answer with a drawing or equation (for example, $3 + _ = 10$ and $4 + _ = 10$).			
f.	Uses place value to compose and decompose numbers from 11 to 19 into tens and ones (for example, by using objects or drawings) and records each composition or decomposition by a drawing or equation (for example, 18 = 10 + 8).			
g.	Solves problems involving numbers using concrete objects – for example, "Vera has six blocks, George has three, how many blocks are there in all?" or "How many do I need to give George so he will have the same number of blocks as Vera?"			



orientations or overall size.

C	C1. (Cont.) Now, please rate this child's <u>current</u> skills, knowledge, and behaviors in <u>MATHEMATICAL THINKING</u> . MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.						
	THIS CHILD	Not yet	<u>Beginning</u>	In progress	<u>Intermediate</u>	Proficient	Not applicable or Skill not yet taught
h.	Demonstrates an understanding of graphing activities – for example, by looking at a picture graph on favorite ice-cream flavors and knowing which flavor is the most popular and which one is the least popular.						
i.	Measures length to the nearest whole number using common objects – for example, uses a paperclip or a pencil to measure a desk and specifies the length in terms of those units.						
j.	Correctly names squares, circles, triangles, and rectangles regardless of their						



SECTION 4: EARLY LANGUAGE SKILLS

D1. For this set of questions, please focus on this child's <u>early language skills in English</u> based on your experience with this child at school. Think about your experience with this child at school. Mark the response option that best indicates how often this child exhibits the following early language skills when at school. Your <u>best guess</u> is fine. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

		_		How Oft	en?		
	THIS CHILD	Never	Rarely	Some- times	Often	Very often	
a.	Recalls and communicates personal experiences he/she has had to peers in a logical way.						
b.	Answers questions that are not just an explicit recall of facts but that require some higher-level thinking.						
c.	Is a good listener in conversations with peers.						
d.	Uses a varied vocabulary in spoken language.						
e.	Responds to questions in a thoughtful way that makes sense.						
f.	Uses grammatically correct sentences when speaking.						
g.	Recalls and communicates the meaning of a story or other experiences/events which he/she has heard.						
h.	Uses correct endings on verbs and nouns when speaking – for example, says "dog plays" and "dogs play" or uses present tense ("she runs" or "she is running") and past tense correctly for both regular and irregular verbs ("he walks" and "he walked"; "I run" and "I ran").						
i.	Asks on-topic questions that are relevant to the discussion in the classroom.						
j.	Uses complex sentences with two or more clauses of various types (for example, independent, dependent) in spoken language, rather than using only simple, short sentences with a subject and a verb.						
k.	Is a good listener in conversations with adults.						
I.	Instructs peers in tasks which need to be done in a certain order.						
m.	Uses academic language learned in the classroom when speaking.						
n.	Uses language effectively to initiate appropriate interactions with other children.						



D1. (Cont.) For this set of questions, please focus on this child's <u>early language skills in English</u> based on your experience with this child at school. Think about your experience with this child at school. Mark the response option that best indicates how often this child exhibits the following early language skills when at school. Your <u>best guess</u> is fine. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

		How Often?				
	THIS CHILD	Never	Rarely	Some- times	Often	Very often
Ο.	Tries repeatedly to communicate information which has not been understood.					
p.	Uses evidence from a text or word problem to support his/her answer.					
q.	Uses morphemes to figure out the meanings of words – for example, knows that "–s" means "more than 1" as in "trucks"; "–er" means a "person who" as in "farmer" and "painter"; "un" means "not" as in "unlike" and "unfriendly"; or "re" means "again" as in "reread," and "replay."					
r.	Uses long sentences with descriptive language and connecting words in a grammatically appropriate way when speaking.					
S.	Asks questions about information which is unclear to him/her.					
t.	Shows understanding of spoken instructions and daily conversations.					
u.	Tries out new words (for example, heard in stories or from teacher) when speaking.					
V.	Uses language effectively to initiate appropriate interactions with adults.					
W.	Relates and communicates personal experiences in a logical way or "in a way that makes sense."					
x.	Uses descriptive vocabulary such as adjectives and/or adverbs when speaking to provide detail.					
y.	Rephrases questions or asks follow-up questions if he/she does not get the information he/she wanted.					
z.	Uses morphemes to decode new words – for example, decodes "jellyfish" by recognizing it is made up of two familiar words "jelly" and "fish" or decodes "preheat" as "pre" and "heat" and "fearless" as "fear" and "less."					
aa.	Maintains a conversation with others that has at least three conversational turns focused on a single topic.					
bb	. Actively contributes within a classroom discussion.					
cc.	Finds meaningful units in words such as prefixes, suffixes, and base words.					



(ordered below fro	cabout this child's written language. Which of the following writing levels om lowest to highest) best describes the <u>highest level</u> at which this child is ing (independently, without teacher help)? MARK ONE RESPONSE.
Scribbling	
Drawing a pic	cture
Can copy his	or her name
Can copy sen	tences from the board
Write his or h	ner name without copying
Can write mo	st letters when asked to write the letter
Write initial s	ounds for many words
Write simple	2-4 letter words with invented spelling
Write multi-s	yllabic words with invented spelling with most sounds represented
Compose and	d write a full sentence with invented spelling with most sounds represented
	d write 2 or more consecutive full sentences with invented spelling with most
sounds repre Other (Please	
D2 How much door this	s child enjoy writing? MARK ONE RESPONSE.
	Clind enjoy writing: MARK ONE RESPONSE.
Not at all	
A little bit	
Somewhat	
Quite a bit	
Very much	



SECTION 5: SOCIAL SKILLS AND APPROACHES-TO-LEARNING

E1. For this set of items, please think about this child's behavior <u>during the past month or two</u>. Decide how often the child demonstrates the behavior described. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

Never	\rightarrow	Child never exhibits this behavior.
Sometimes	\rightarrow	Child exhibits this behavior occasionally or sometimes.
Often	\rightarrow	Child exhibits this behavior regularly but not all the time.
Very often	\rightarrow	Child exhibits this behavior most of the time.
No opportunity	\rightarrow	No opportunity to observe this behavior.

		How Often?				
	Never	Some- times	Often	Very often	No opportunity to observe	
a. Fights with others.						
b. Withdraws from others.						
c. Acts lonely.						
d. Gets angry easily.						
e. Disturbs ongoing activities.						
f. Keeps belongings organized.						
g. Says bad things about self.						
h. Shows eagerness to learn new things.						
i. Works independently.						
j. Acts impulsively.						
k. Argues with others.						
I. Easily adapts to change in routines.						
m. Acts sad or depressed.						
n. Persists in completing tasks.						
o. Pays attention well.						
p. Follows classroom rules.						
q. Is aggressive toward people or objects.						
r. Disobeys rules or requests.						
s. Gets embarrassed easily.						
t. Has low energy or is lethargic.						
u. Acts anxious with others.						
v. Talks during quiet study time.						

Source: Social Skills Rating System (SSRS). Copyright © 1990, NCS Pearson. Adapted with permission. All rights reserved; Social Skills Improvement System (SSIS). Copyright © 2008, NCS Pearson. Adapted with permission. All rights reserved.



SECTION 6: CLASSROOM BEHAVIORAL REGULATION

F1. Now we would like you to think about this child's behavior with other children and adults in the classroom and his or her work with materials. Select the response that best indicates the frequency this child exhibits the behavior described. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

		Never	Rarely	Some- times	Frequently/ Usually	Always
a.	Observes rules and follows directions without requiring repeated reminders.					
b.	Completes learning tasks involving two or more steps (for example, cutting and pasting) in organized way.					
C.	Completes tasks successfully.					
d.	Attempts new challenging tasks.					
e.	Concentrates when working on a task; is not easily distracted by surrounding activities.					
f.	Responds to instruction and then begins an appropriate task without being reminded.					
g.	Takes time to do his or her best on a task.					
h.	Finds and organizes materials and works in an appropriate place when activities are initiated.					
i.	Sees own errors in a task and corrects them.					
j.	Returns to unfinished tasks after interruption.					

Source: Bronson, M. B., Goodson, B. D., Layzer, J. I., and Love, J. (1990). *Child Behavior Rating Scale*. Cambridge, MA: Abt Associates. Adapted and used with permission.



SECTION 7: CLASSROOM BEHAVIORS

G1. For this set of items, please read each statement and decide whether it is a "true" or "untrue" description of this child's reaction to a number of situations within the past six months. If you cannot answer one of the items because you have never seen this child in that situation, then select "not applicable." MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

		Extremely untrue	Quite untrue	Slightly untrue	Neither true nor untrue	Slightly true	Quite true	Extremely true	Not applicable
a.	When practicing an activity, has a hard time keeping his/her mind on it.								
b.	Will move from one task to anothe without completing any of them.	r 🔲							
C.	When drawing or coloring in a book, shows strong concentration.								
d.	When building or putting somethin together, becomes very involved in what s/he is doing, and works for long periods.	-							
e.	Is easily distracted when listening to a story.								
f.	Sometimes becomes absorbed in a picture book and looks at it for a long time.								
g.	Can wait before entering into new activities if s/he is asked to.								
h.	Plans for new activities or changes in routine to make sure s/he has what will be needed.								
i.	Has trouble sitting still when s/he is told to (story time, etc.).								
j.	Is good at following instructions.								
k.	Approaches places that s/he thinks might be "risky" slowly and cautiously.								
l.	Can easily stop an activity when s/he is told "no."								

Source: Putnam, S. P., & Rothbart, M. K. (2006). Development of Short and Very Short forms of the Children's Behavior Questionnaire. *Journal of Personality Assessment*, 87(1): 103-113. Used with permission.



SECTION 8: STUDENT-TEACHER RELATIONSHIP

H1. Now we would like to ask about your relationship with this child. Below is a series of statements about your relationship with him or her. For each statement, please select the category that most applies to your relationship with this child. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

	_	Definitely does not apply	Not really	Neutral, not sure	Applies sometimes	Definitely applies
a.	I share an affectionate, warm relationship with this child.					
b.	This child and I always seem to be struggling with each other.					
C.	If upset, this child will seek comfort from me.					
d.	This child is uncomfortable with physical affection or touch from me.					
e.	This child values his/her relationship with me.					
f.	When I praise this child, he/she beams with prid	e				
g.	This child spontaneously shares information about himself/herself.					
h.	This child easily becomes angry at me.					
i.	It is easy to be in tune with what this child is feeling.					
j.	This child remains angry or is resistant after being disciplined.					
k.	Dealing with this child drains my energy.					
l.	When this child is in a bad mood, I know we're in for a long and difficult day.					
m.	This child's feelings towards me can be unpredictable or can change suddenly.					
n.	This child is sneaky or manipulative with me.					
0.	This child openly shares his/her feelings and experiences with me.					

Source: Pianta, R. C., & Stuhlman, M. W. (2004). Teacher-child relationships and children's success in the first years of school. *School Psychology Review*, *33*(3), 444-458. Used with permission.



SECTION 9: SCHOOL LIKING AND AVOIDANCE

I1. For the items below, please indicate how often each of these items applies to this child. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

_	Doesn't apply Seldom displays this behavior	Sometimes applies Occasionally displays this behavior	Certainly applies Often displays this behavior
a. Likes to come to school.			
b. Dislikes school.			
c. Has fun at school.			
d. Likes being in school.			
e. Seems unhappy in school.			
f. Enjoys most classroom activities.			
g. Groans or complains about suggested activities.			

Source: *School Liking and Avoidance Questionnaire*. Adapted from Ladd and Price, 1987, and Ladd, 1990. Used with permission.



SECTION 10: STRATEGIC PLANNING

J1. Please read the statements below and indicate how often each applies to this child's behaviors observed across the past month. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

		Does not apply	Sometimes applies	Consistently applies
a.	Shows a basic understanding of the relationship between cause and effect (for example, child moves a cup that is about to be knocked over).			
b.	Compares new task or problem to previous one in terms of what solution worked and what did not.			
C.	Develops plan of action after considering the possible consequences.			
d.	Verbalizes the possible consequences of a particular act or event (for example, "If I take his ball, then he may cry.").			
e.	Self-corrects errors while working on projects or activities.			
f.	Develops a plan for multi-step activity (for example, "First, I'm going to turn on the oven. Then, I will mix the cake and bake it.").			
g.	Changes strategies when one solution to a problem doesn't work.			
h.	Teaches another child a new task or skill.			
i.	Maintains an essential role when participating in a small group activity (for example, other children depend on this child for direction).			
j.	Communicates that problems may have more than one acceptable solution.			

Adapted from the *Learning-to-Learn Scales* © 2019 by Edumetric and Clinical Science. All rights reserved. Used with permission. McDermott, P. A. (2018). *Learning-To-Learn Scales*. Philadelphia: Edumetric and Clinical Science.



SECTION 11: PEER RELATIONSHIPS

K1. Please indicate how often each of these items applies to this child, particularly in the context of his or her behavior with peers. MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW.

	Doesn't apply Seldom displays this behavior	Sometimes applies Occasionally displays this behavior	Certainly applies Often displays this behavior
a. Seems concerned when other children as distressed.	re 🔲		
b. Is not chosen as playmate by peers.			
c. Peers avoid this child.			
d. Is kind toward peers.			
e. Is excluded from peers' activities.			
f. Is cooperative with peers.			
 g. Shows concern for moral issues (for example fairness, welfare of others). 	nple,		
h. Is ignored by peers.			
 Offers help or comfort when other childr upset. 	en are		

Source: Adapted from the *Child Behavior Scale* © 2010 Gary W. Ladd. Used with permission.



SECTION 12: STUDENT INFORMATION

L1. In which grade is this child enrolled? MARK ONE RESPONSE. Kindergarten includes regular kindergarten, transitional (or readiness) kindergarten, and transitional first (or pre-first) grade. Kindergarten (Full-day program) Kindergarten (Part-day program) First grade or higher GO TO Q L3 This is an ungraded classroom GO TO Q L3 L2. Is the 2021-22 school year this child's...? MARK ONE RESPONSE. Kindergarten includes regular kindergarten, transitional (or readiness) kindergarten, and transitional first (or pre-first) grade. First year in kindergarten Second year in kindergarten Third year or more in kindergarten L3. How long has this child been in your classroom this school year? MARK ONE RESPONSE. Entire school year More than one semester but less than the entire school year More than one quarter but less than one semester Less than one quarter of the school year L4. How often does this child wear eye glasses or contact lenses in the classroom? MARK ONE RESPONSE. Never Seldom Usually **Always**



L5.	Please indicate the total number of times this child has been absent from your class during the current school year? MARK ONE RESPONSE.
	No absences
	1 to 4 absences
	5 to 7 absences
	8 to 10 absences
	11 to 19 absences
	20 or more absences
L6.	Has this child ever fallen 2 or more weeks behind in school work this year? MARK ONE RESPONSE.
	Yes
	No → GO TO Q L8 ON PAGE 19
	Not applicable (child has been enrolled in your class less than 2 weeks) GO TO Q L8 ON PAGE 19
L7.	Why has this child fallen behind in school work? MARK ALL THAT APPLY.
	A health problem
	A disciplinary problem
	Lack of effort
	Disorganized
	Lacks prerequisite skills
	Frequent absences
	Emotional problems
	Family problems
	Some other reason (Please specify):



	As of today's date, how many times have you refer as a result of misbehavior? WRITE A NUMBER IN TH					•
	Number of times					
	During this school year, has this child received inst school? MARK ALL THAT APPLY.			g types of p	orograms	in your
	Gifted and talented programs include enrichment and a	accelerated prog	grams.			
	Individual tutoring remedial program in readi	ng/language ar	ts			
	Individual tutoring remedial program in math	ematics				
	Pull-out (that is, out of classroom) small group	o remedial prog	gram in re	eading/lang	uage arts	
	Pull-out (that is, out of classroom) small group	o remedial prog	gram in m	nathematics		
	Gifted and talented program in reading/langu	lage arts				
	Gifted and talented program in mathematics					
	None of the above					
L10	During this school year, has this child received in	struction and/	or relate	d services i	n vour sch	nool at any of the
	following times <u>outside</u> of the regular school day				-	ioor at any or the
		Yes	No	Not offered	Don't know	
	a. Instruction or services before school					
	b. Instruction or services after school					
	c. Instruction or services on weekends					
L11.	Is English this child's native language? MARK ONE	E RESPONSE.				
	Yes GO TO Q L17 on page 21					
	No					
	Don't know					



L12	 Does this child participate in an instru children with limited English proficier 			•	each Engl	ish langua	ige skills t	0
	Yes							
	No → GO TO Q L17 on p	age 21						
	Please read the following examples and	d definit	ions for help	in answer	ing this q	uestion.		
	 Literacy in two languages: A two-way immersion program or two Developmental bilingual program, late Transitional program, early exit bilingu Heritage language program or indigen 	exit trar	nsitional progr am, or early ex	ram, or mai xit transitio			rogram	
 Literacy solely in English: A sheltered English instruction or content-based English as a Second Language (ESL) program Structured English Immersion (SEI) Pull-out English as a Second Language (ESL) or English Language Development (ELD) Push-in ESL program. 								
L13. Would you say the specialized language instruction this child receives is primarily a/an? MARK ONE RESPONSE. Program that focuses on developing student's literacy in two languages Program that focuses on developing student's literacy solely in English								
	Other program(s) (Please specify)	•						
	No specialized language progran	n is provi	ided to this ch	nild —	GO TO	Q L16 on p	age 21	
L14	I. How <u>often</u> does this child usually reco	eive spe	cialized langu	uage instru	iction of	the follow	ing progra	am types?
		Never	Less than once a week	1 day a week	2 days a week	3 days _a week	4 days a week	5 days a week or more
	a. Program that focuses on developing student's literacy in two languages							
	b. Program that focuses on developing student's literacy solely in English							
	c. Other program							



No

L15.	. On the days when this child receives specialized langua	age instruction	, for how much t	ime does he or she
	receive instruction for the following program types? /	MARK ONE RESP	ONSE ON EACH R	OW.

		Not applicable/ Never	Less than ½ hour	½ hour to less than 1 hour	1 to less than 1½ hours	1½ to less than 2 hours	2 to less than 2½ hours	2½ to less than 3 hours	3 hours or more
а	 Program that focuses on developing student literacy in two languag 								
b	 Program that focuses on developing student literacy solely in Englis 								
С	. Other program								
	Less than half of the time More than half of Almost all the time	the time							
Ind indi per (IDI	ividualized Education Prividual needs of a school formance. Children who EA) are expected to have ividual Family Service Pervention (birth to age 3)	Program (IEP) -aged child w receive specia an IEP or an Place (IFSP):): A writte vith a disa al education IFSP.	en stateme bility that on service:	nt of the ec is judged to s under the	ducational affect th Individua	l program d e child's edu Is with Disa	ucational bilities Ed	ucation Act
jud	I Plan: A written plan to ged to affect the child's etion 504 plan.		•			-			-
L17.	Does this child have ar	n IEP/IFSP? /	MARK ONI	E RESPON.	SE.				
	Yes								



L18.	Does this child have a 504 plan? MARK ONE RESPONSE.
	Yes
	□ No
L19.	Does this child receive instruction in any of the following types of programs in your school? MARK ALL THAT APPLY.
	Speech-Language therapy for children with speech or language disorders/impairments
	Special education services, not including speech therapy, whether provided in the classroom or in a pull-out setting
	None of the above
L20.	During this school year, has this child received the following support services from your school (for example from a school psychologist, guidance counselor, or other personnel responsible for providing other related services, including itinerant personnel)? MARK ALL THAT APPLY.
	Social work services
	Mental health service (for example, personal/group counseling, therapy, or psychiatric care)
	Behavior management program
	Service coordination/case management services
	Training/counseling for their family and/or caregivers
	Other (Please specify):
L21.	Does this child receive special accommodations (for example, for a disability or limited English proficiency) to participate in the school's testing or assessment program? MARK ONE RESPONSE.
	Yes
	□ No
	Don't know
	Child does not participate in the school's testing or assessment program
	There is no testing or assessment program at this grade level



L22.		g <u>structured</u> play time, how does this ty? MARK ONE RESPONSE.	child compare	with other chi	ldren in the clas	s in terms of physical
		A lot less active than most				
		A little less active than most				
		About the same as most				
		A little more active than most				
		A lot more active than most				
L23.		ng <u>unstructured</u> play time, how does t cal activity? MARK ONE RESPONSE.	his child compa	re with other o	children in the c	lass in terms of
		A lot less active than most				
		A little less active than most				
		About the same as most				
		A little more active than most				
		A lot more active than most				
L24.		all, how would you rate this child's acc ards for his/her current grade level?			_	ased on curriculum
			Below grade level	About on grade level	Above grade level	
	a.	Reading				
	b.	Writing				
	c.	Oral language				
	d.	Math				
	e.	Science				
	f.	Social studies				



L25.	. How many instructional groups based on achievement or ability levels in <u>reading</u> do you currently have in this child's class? MARK ONE RESPONSE.
	I do not use instructional groups for reading GO TO Q L27
	Two
	Three
	Four
	Five or more
L26.	In which reading instructional group is this child currently placed. PLEASE USE "1" FOR THE HIGHEST INSTRUCTIONAL GROUP. WRITE IN THE NUMBER OF THE CHILD'S INSTRUCTIONAL GROUP IN THE BOX BELOW.
	Instruction Group
L27.	. How many instructional groups based on achievement or ability levels in <u>mathematics</u> do you currently have in this child's class? MARK ONE RESPONSE.
	I do not use instructional groups for mathematics GO TO Q L29 on page 25
	Two
	Three
	Four
	Five or more
L28.	In which mathematics instructional group is this child currently placed. PLEASE USE "1" FOR THE HIGHEST INSTRUCTIONAL GROUP. WRITE IN THE NUMBER OF THE CHILD'S INSTRUCTIONAL GROUP IN THE BOX BELOW.
	Instruction Group



L29. During this school year, have this child's parents/guardians participated in the following activities? MARK ONE RESPONSE ON EACH ROW. Not applicable/ Not offered Yes No a. Attended regularly-scheduled conferences at your school b. Attended parent/teacher informal meetings that you initiated to talk about the child's progress c. Returned your telephone calls or emails d. Initiated contact with you e. Volunteered to help in your classroom or school L30. How involved at the school would you say this child's parents/guardians are? MARK ONE RESPONSE. Not involved at all Somewhat involved Very involved Overly involved Don't know L31. During this school year, besides regular teacher conferences, have you communicated with this child's parents/guardians for any of the following purposes? MARK ALL THAT APPLY. Behavior problems the child was having in school Any problems the child was having with school work

Anything the child was doing particularly well in or better in at school

None of the above

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MONTH

DAY

L32. Are you this child's primary teacher in the following subject areas? MARK ALL THAT APPLY.

A primary teacher is the teacher who is responsible for all learning in that subject area. The primary teacher writes all lesson plans and handles all activities and assessments in the subject area. If you co-teach a subject area with another teacher but think you could report about this child, please report that you are his/her primary teacher for that subject area.

Reading/Language Arts
Mathematics
Science
Social Studies
33. Please fill in the boxes below with the date the survey was completed.
2021

YEAR

Thank you very much for answering these questions and taking the time to participate in the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study.