USFWS Mussel Reporting Form

Instructions for Electronic Submittal of Freshwater Mussel Survey Data for U.S. Fish a

Spreadsheet Version 1.17

In an effort to reduce redundancy, increase efficiency, and minimize data entry errors, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Services Field Offices in Region 3 (Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin) have collaborat single standardized spreadsheet¹ for electronic submittal of freshwater mussel survey data by federal permittees to the Service permit terms and conditions require submission of data in the format provided by Service Field Offices (i.e., information ident standardized reporting spreadsheet). In addition to a traditional narrative report, permittees receiving Region 3 issued permit to report their survey data using the "standard" format provided in the standardized permit reporting spreadsheet (i.e., provis spreadsheet information) to fulfill the annual reporting requirements of a section 10(a)(1)(A) Recovery Permit (Please note: O and/or Field Offices may require the same spreadsheet). Permittees are encouraged to submit their survey data via the standare reporting spreadsheet not only to facilitate determination of reporting compliance, but also to facilitate improved assemblage determine impacts on the species. If permittees intend to collect additional data that does not fit within the format of this spreadsheet with the Service Field Office for the study area regarding how to report the additional data. If multiple Federal contracted and/or subcontracted to conduct mussel surveys as part of a single large project, each permittee is required to segmussel data collected under their permit so that the permittee responsible for data collected within a specific survey site can identified. Due to the decline in unionid mussel populations throughout Region 3, the Service is requesting that data on all un species be submitted, regardless of current Federal status.

Instructions:

The spreadsheet is divided into several worksheets (survey and location info, habitat data, method protocol da

Definitions: Includes definitions and explanation of terms used in other tabs. Note that field formatting (color codin appears at the top.

Survey and Location Information: The "Survey ID" is an automatically generated unique identifier composed of the waterbody name, date, and site ID. The "Survey ID" will be used throughout the entire database to track the correct information. The survey date captures when the survey was conducted. A new row should be entered for each date conducted at a site; surveying on multiple dates should be entered separately since method and mussel species ided different. The "Site Id" is a unique identifier of a specific survey site. The Survey Area is the total area represented captured in that Survey ID; in square meters. To clearly delineate the survey area, latitude and longitude should be degrees (in geographic coordinate system NAD 83) for the most upstream end of survey area and at the most down survey area. The "Distance Above and Below Access" should be filled out using the number of river miles and direct and county in which the survey was conducted are entered using drop-down menus. Once the spreadsheet is turned Service the GPS points will be plotted and the county provided by the surveyor will be compared to the county when actually is located. Sites where the two values do not match will be flagged as possible bad GPS points. Surveyors resites that are flagged will likely be contacted to verify the location of the survey site.

Method Protocol Data: The permittee will be prompted to select "Survey or Release Protocol" from the dropdown River Mussel Survey Protocol; Smith et al 2001; Michigan Mussel; Survey Protocols and Relocation Procedures; Wes Survey Protocols; Mussel Sampling Guidelines for Indiana; Minnesota Freshwater Mussel Survey and Relocation Protocol; Wisconsin Guidelines for Sampling Mussels in Wadeable Streams; Other) to inform who Protocols are also being required in addition to federal permit requirements.

The "Survey/ Release Method" has pre-set options to select from in the dropdown box (snorkel, polywog, viewer/b shoreline/midden survey, reintroduction, augmentation, relocation, other). The "Survey/ Release Metric" defines leftort with pre-set options in a dropdown box².

Habitat Data: The "Stream Type, Classification or River Group" is a requested data field, not required, where a brief the type of river can be included (e.g., e.g., small river, large river, small stream, large stream, intermittent, navigab non-wadeable) or stream classification. The "Habitat" field has pre-selected options in a dropdown box that the perselect (pool - deep with slow water; riffle - shallow with fast, turbulent water running over rocks; run - deep with fallittle or no turbulence; glide - slow moving, non-turbulent flow, too shallow to be a pool, and too slow to be a run; retypes). The "Dominant Substrate and; Second Dominate Substrate" characterize the substrate in the survey area are defined by the permittee in the requested field "Percent Dominant Substrate". "Visibility" is the approximate dista surveyor(s) can see through the water and is captured by dropdown options (Zero - less than 1 ft; Low - 1ft to 3 ft; No greater than 3ft). "Velocity" should be recorded in meters per second as measured on site. "USGS Gauge Location of the relevant gauge as reported at https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/rt. "USGS Gauge Date" reports the date that relevant gauge was collected also as reported at https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/rt and is captured in cubic feet per second. "Height" data is collected from the relevant gauge as reported at https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/rt and reports he there is a defined mussel bed within the survey site, the "Description of Mussel Bed Boundary" can be freely filled of permittee. "Species Richness" is the number of species found in the survey area.

Mussel Community Data: The data in this worksheet is for the collection of information on both federally listed an listed mussels at the species level to understand the composition of the mussel community in the survey area. The in the "Mussel Community Data" tab are straight forward in terms of the information being requested. Due to rece nomenclature and systematic taxonomy for the family Unionidae, please refer to the following reference when fillir "Genus" and "species" fields: Williams et al. 2017. A revised list of the freshwater mussels (Mollusca: Bivalvia: United States and Canada. Understanding the age composition of the mussel bed is important, but methods to age We used American Fisheries Society defintions (see "Definitions" tab) for shell ages (Southwick and Loftus 2018, page approximate number of live or recently dead individuals is required, while only presence or absence of older shells "Signs of Reproduction" has pre-selected drop down options (i.e., Yes; No; Unknown; NA). Signs of reproduction in females (inflated gills), juvenile mussels present, lure displays, releases of conglutinates and/or glochidia. "Catch Po CPUE" is the number of individuals found per hour and the "Density" is the number of individuals per square meter

Individual Mussel Data: The data in this worksheet is for more detailed information, that is required for live individual species, but can be used to provide detailed information on any individual mussel, if desired. The data in this somewhat similar to the data captured in the Mussel Community Data worksheet with additional required information number, tag type etc. The "Specimen Latitude" and "Specimen Longitude" captures the most precise location information the species was found (e.g., of the transect, cell, quadrat, etc.). Ages are imporant to understand the age structure populations. "Signs of Reproduction" are represented by a drop down of pre-selected options i.e., gravid females; for partial lure display; releases of conglutinates; releases of glochidia). Sometimes voucher specimens and/or genetic collected. For both the fields "Voucher Disposition Location" and "Genetic Sample Location" the location of the phy and/or sample is requested. The field "Location Number" is the identifying number assigned to a particular quadratetc, where the individual is found, if applicable.

Name Change Details: Information is provided for mussel species that have had changes in taxonomy / scientific nadoes not require data entry; it is only provided for reference.

DO NOT move columns or adjust the format of this spreadsheet.

Missing Data: For columns where data was not collected, enter "NA" without quotation marks or leave blank. DO NOT enter 'applicable", or "N/A".

Naming instructions for saving files:

If <u>all</u> of the surveys for a permit number are on <u>one</u> spreadsheet (this can be multiple states), save the file as that percentage, TE000000).

If all of the surveys have the same permit number but are on several spreadsheets broken up by states, use the per then list out the state names (e.g., TE000000_OHIO_INDIANA, TE000000_IOWA).

If there are multiple permit numbers from the same organization/individual's name, use the organization/individual state or states (e.g., Leibii_Inc_OHIO). To avoid confusion, this should include every survey that organization/individual state.

Please coordinate within your organization to ensure that multiple individuals aren't submitting the same data.

For questions about using USFWS spreadsheets contact your local Service Field Office. Software developers seeking technical the USFWS spreadsheets should contact Erik Olson at: Erik_Olson@fws.gov

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Last updated 07/24/2020

¹ Prior to data submittal, permittees should ensure they are using the most current version of the permit reporting spreadsheet, which will be available on the Service's R3 Mussel Survey web page (...). ² Please see the Definitions tab or attached Mussel Reporting Definitions document of survey effort terminology.

Mussel Reporting Spreadsheet Definitions

Field formatting (to assist with error checking and completeness)
required
required if applicable
not applicable
potential error
field has validation (underlined)

Survey and Location Information Tab Fields	Field Definitions
Federal Permit Number	federal permit number
Surveyor Name	federal permit holder or person conducting survey (if diffe
Report Name or Number	the name that is on the title page of your report.
Site ID	unique identifier of a specific survey site; If more than one
Waterbody Name	name of waterbody where survey occurred
Survey Date	date a survey is conducted at a site; surveying on multiple
Survey ID	auto-generated unique identifier composed of the Site ID,
<u>Primary State</u>	primary state where survey occurred
Primary County	primary county where survey occurred
Township	township where survey occurred
Secondary State	secondary state where survey occurred for waterbodies th
Secondary County	secondary county where survey occurred for waterbodies
<u>Latitude Upstream</u>	latitude at most upstream end of survey area; in decimal (
<u>Longitude Upstream</u>	longitude at most upstream end of survey area; in decima
<u>Latitude Downstream</u>	latitude at most downstream end of survey area; in decim
<u>Longitude Downstream</u>	longitude at most downstream end of survey area; in deci
<u>Search Area</u>	total area of habitat searched for mussels; in square mete
General Location Information	Any additional site description information
Watershed Drainage Area	in square km
Distance Above or Below Access	river km and direction
Survey Location Comments	free text to add additional information; Additional surveyo

Method Protocol Data Tab Fields	Field Definition or Dropdown Option
Survey ID	auto-generated unique identifier from Survey and Locatio
<u>Activity</u>	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	Survey
	Removal: Salvage/Rescue
	Release: Reintroduction
	Release: Augmentation
	Release: Relocation
	Release: Release_Other

Activity Protocol	(DROP DOWN OPTIONSindividual options depend on act
	Ohio River Mussel Survey Protocol
	Smith et al 2001
	Michigan Mussel Survey Protocols and Relocation Procedu
	West Virginia Mussel Survey Protocols
	Mussel Sampling Guidelines for Indiana Minnesota Freshwater Mussel Survey and Releastion Prot
	Minnesota Freshwater Mussel Survey and Relocation Prot Wisconsin Mussel Relocation Protocol
	Wisconsin Guidelines for Sampling Mussels in Wadeable S
	State of Ohio Mussel Survey Protocols
	Michigan Natural Features Inventory Protocol
	Pit_Tag_reading_only
	Tit_Tub_Teaunib_offiy
	Survey protocol - Other
	Removal protocol - Other
	Release protocol - Other
Activity Equipment	(DROP DOWN OPTIONSindividual options depend on act
ricerrity Equipment	
receively Equipments	SCUBA
receively Equipments	
rearrey Equipment	SCUBA
rearrey Equipment	SCUBA SSA
rearry Equipment	SCUBA SSA Snorkel
tourie, equipment	SCUBA SSA Snorkel Polywog/Noodling
tourie, equipment	SCUBA SSA Snorkel Polywog/Noodling Viewer/bucket
	SCUBA SSA Snorkel Polywog/Noodling Viewer/bucket Brail
	SCUBA SSA Snorkel Polywog/Noodling Viewer/bucket Brail Shoreline/midden survey
	SCUBA SSA Snorkel Polywog/Noodling Viewer/bucket Brail Shoreline/midden survey Survey - other
	SCUBA SSA Snorkel Polywog/Noodling Viewer/bucket Brail Shoreline/midden survey Survey - other Removal - other

Activity Metric	(DROP DOWN OPTIONSindividual options depend on act
	Transect
	Timed/area
	Timed
	Timeu
	Quadrat
	Quadrat - random
	Quadrat - systematic
	Quadrat - other
	Cells
	Reconnaissance
	Uniform distribution
	Random distribution
	Other
Quadrat Size_	in square meters
Number of Quadrats	total number of quadrats surveyed
ercentage of Quadrats That Were Excavated	(digging down and removing substrate) - number 0-100; d
Mean Transect Length	mean transect length in meters
<u>Mean Transect Area</u>	mean transect area in square meters
<u>Cell Size</u>	in square meters
otal Search Time	total time spent searching by all surveyors' in person minu
Recon Area	area covered by a reconnaissance survey; in square meter
Method Comments	free text to add additional information

Habitat Data Tab Fields	Field Definition or Dropdown Option
Survey ID	auto-generated unique identifier from Survey and Locatio
Water Temperature	in degrees Celsius
<u>Visibility</u>	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)

Stream Type, Classification or River Group Habitat	Zero - < 30 cm Low - 30 cm < X < 1m Moderate - >1 m brief description of the type of river (e.g., small river, large wadeable, non-wadeable) or stream classification (DROP DOWN OPTIONS) Pool Riffle Run Glide Other Multiple habitat types
<u>Dominant Substrate</u>	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
Percent Dominant Substrate Secondary Substrate	Bedrock: large solid surface Boulder: >256mm Cobble: 64-256mm Pebble: 4-64mm Granule: 2-4mm Very Coarse Sand Grain: 1-2mm Coarse Sand Grain: .5-1mm Medium Sand Grain: .255mm Fine Sand Grain: .12525mm Very Fine Sand Grain: .06125mm Silt Clay Woody debris: sticks, leaves, etc. Zebra mussels Other number 0 to 100 (DROP DOWN OPTIONS) Bedrock: large solid surface Boulder: >256mm Cobble: 65-256mm Cobble: 65-256mm Coarse gravel: 17-64mm Medium gravel: 9-16mm Fine gravel: 2-8mm Sand: <2mm Silt: <.06mm Clay: solid clay surface

Woody debris: sticks, leaves, etc.

Zebra mussels

Other

Percent Secondary Substrate number 0 to 100

Dissolved Oxygen DO in milligrams per liter

number 0-14 Hal

Conductivity in millisiemens per centimeter

measured or approximated average depth of the water Mean Water Depth

in the survey area; in meters

Velocity in meters per second as measured on site

location of the relevant gauge as reported at Most Relevant USGS Gauge Location

https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/rt

date that the data from relevant gauge was collected as USGS Gauge Date

reported at https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/rt

in cubic feet per second; data from relevant gauge as USGS Gauge Discharge

reported at https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/rt

height in feet; data from relevant gauge as reported at USGS Gauge Height

https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/rt

free text to add description of the mussel bed boundary if Description of Mussel Bed Boundary

Species Richness number of species found in the survey area

Overall CPUE CPUE = Catch per unit effort, the number of individuals for

Overall Density number of individuals per square meter of all species

standard deviation of the Overall Density (see previous ro Standard Deviation

Habitat Data Comments free text to add additional information

Mussel Community Data Tab Fields	Field Definition or Dropdown Option
Survey ID	auto-generated unique identifier from Survey and Locatio
<u>Genus</u>	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
<u>Species</u>	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS BASED ON SELECTED GENUS)
<u>Number Live</u>	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	0
	1-5
	6-15
	16-30
	>31
Number Fresh Dead_	
	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	0

1	1-5
	6-15
	16-30
	>31
Weathered Dead Present	
<u>weathered Dead Present</u>	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	Present
	Absent
Subfossil Present	
	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	Present
	Absent
Signs of Reproduction	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	Yes
	No
	Unknown
	NA
Species Specific CPUE	CPUE = Catch per unit efort, the number of individuals fou
Species Density	mean number of individuals per square meter of identified
Species Standard Deviation	standard deviation of the Density (see previous row)
Photo Voucher File Name	Name of photo file. Recommended file name convention: "YYYY_MM_DD_GenusInitial_SpeciesName_Surveyor_Site USFWS via email.
Community Comments	free text to add additional information

Individual Mussel Data Tab Fields	Field Definition or Dropdown Option
Survey ID	auto-generated unique identifier from Survey and Locatio
<u>Specimen Latitude</u>	most precise location information where the species was found (e.g., of the transect, cell, quadrat, etc.) in decimal degrees in NAD 83 geographic coordinate system
<u>Specimen Longitude</u>	most precise location information where the species was found (e.g., of the transect, cell, quadrat, etc.) in decimal degrees in NAD 83 geographic coordinate system
Specimen Habitat	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	Pool
	Riffle
	Run
	Glide

Genus Species Length Height	Other Not Recorded (DROP DOWN OPTIONS) (DROP DOWN OPTIONS BASED ON SELECTED GENUS) Measurement in millimeters of the longest anterior to posterior dimension Measurement in millimeters of longest dorsal to ventral dimension
<u>Width</u> <u>Thickness</u>	Measurement in millimeters from valve to valve Measurement in millimeters
Age_	In years, as indicated by number of annuli counted or estimated as precisely as practicable.
Method of Aging	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS) Actual Estimated
<u>Sex</u>	Not Discernible (DROP DOWN OPTIONS) F M Unknown NA
Sign of Individual Reproduction	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS) Gravid female Full lure display Partial lure display Releases of conglutinates Releases of glochidia Not checked No - none of the above
Tag 1 Number <u>Tag 1 Type</u>	tag identification number (DROP DOWN OPTIONS) PIT
	Dot Shellfish Etching

	Other
Tag 1 Color	tag color
Tag 1 Placed During Survey	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	Yes
	No
	NA
Tag 2 Number	tag identification number
Tag 2 Type	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	PIT
	Dot
	Shellfish
	Etching
	Other
Tag 2 Color	tag color
Tag 2 Placed During Survey	(DROP DOWN OPTIONS)
	Yes
	No
	NA
Type of Reader	type of tag reader used
Photo or Video File Name	name of photo or video file
Voucher or Disposition Location	physical location where dead specimen will be housed
Genetic Sample Location or Where Analyzed	if a genetics sample was taken or analyzed, physical locati
Location Number	identifying number assigned to a particular quadrat, trans
Individual Comments	free text to add additional information

References:

Southwick, R.I., and A.J. Loftus, editors. 2018. Investigation and monetary values of fish and freshwater mo

erent than permit holder)	
3 survey is conducted in a day, use some kind of identifier here to	differentiate them.
dates should be entered separately since method and mussel sp	ecies identified may be different
, waterbody name, and date	
nat border states that border states degrees in NAD 83 geographic coordinate system I degrees in NAD 83 geographic coordinate system al degrees in NAD 83 geographic coordinate system mal degrees in NAD 83 geographic coordinate system rs	
ors names can be added here if applicable	
Dropdown Definitions (where applicable)	
n Information sheet	

ivity selection)		
ıres		
cocol		
treams		

If your survey protocol does not fall within one of these categories please specify in the comments field.

If your removal protocol does not fall within one of these categories please specify in the comments field.

If your release protocol does not fall within one of these categories please specify in the comments field.

ivity selection)

Self contained underwater breathing apparatus
Surface supplied air equipment

surveyors used mask and snorkels; typically this is in relatively shallow water where SCUBA is not needed

Generally means collected by hand. Other regional terms may apply, such as raccooning.

visual search using a device to view mussels from the surface; typically a bucket with a plexiglass bottom

capture device that is dragged along the bottom consisting of a metal or wooden rod fitted with pronged hooks. (See Carlander 1954)

Surveys conducted on land to search for shells stockpiled by animals (e.g. muskrats) in middens or otherwise deposited on the shore.

If your survey equipment does not fall within one of these categories please specify in the comments field.

Mussels were moved from the survey area to another area or brought to a facility (specify details in the comments field).

No equipment was used.

Mussels were released in the survey area to from a different area or facility (specify details in the comments field).

List all equipment used in the comments field.

ivity selection)

surveys conducted by placing lines perpendicular to flow and sub-divided into segments. Along each to visually search a defined area for mussels and record all data separately for each segment. The entire covered.

area defined and a timed search is conducted. Timed search is limited to a specific area.

qualitative surveys consisting of visually searching throughout a larger survey area for a given period c search is used to determine if mussels are present and to generate species richness curves.

a plot of defined area where the surface is searched and/or the substrate is excavated (substrate is du sorted through for mussels)

randomly chosen quadrats; plots of defined area where the surface is searched and/or the substrate is dug up and removed to be sorted through for mussels)

systematically chosen quadrats; plots of defined area where the surface is searched and/or the substrexcavated(substrate is dug up and removed to be sorted through for mussels)

used to divide the affected area into a series of cells in which they would be completely surveyed usin

used to determine presence or absence of unionid mussels within a project area that will require in-st is intended for small wadeable streams not known to contain federally listed species. Beginning at the buffer zone, the stream substrates, stream banks, and gravel bars should be visually searched for shell mussels. All habitat should be searched, but close attention should be focused on heterogenous substrate smaller streams (10-100 square miles) should be searched for at least 60 minutes and 90 minutes (above 100 square miles).

individuals placed uniformly within the survey area (or other defined area) individuals placed randomly within the survey area

If your survey metric does not fall within one of these categories please specify in the comments field.

efault is 100%

ıtes

·S

Dropdown Definitions (where applicable)

n Information sheet

in degree Celcius, approximate temperature if not directly measured

approximate distance the surveyor(s) can see through the water

e river, small stream, large stream, intermittent, navigable,
deep with slow water shallow with fast, turbulent water running over rocks deep with fast water and little or no turbulence
slow moving, non-turbulent flow; too shallow to be a pool and too slow to be a run
most common substrate in the survey area based on the Wentw
second most common substrate in the survey area
, and the second

Gauge information is optional to include	
Gauge information is optional to include	
Gauge information is optional to include	
Gauge information is optional to include present	
und per hour of all species	
w)	
Dropdown Definitions (where applicable)	
n Information sheet	

Reference document provided for consultation: Williams et al. 2017. A revised list of the freshwater mussels (Mollusca: Bivalvia: Unionida) of the United States and Canada.

Total number of live mussels found

Total number of fresh dead mussels found; Indicators: nacre still lustrous, hinge line still intact, animal probably died within the past few months (from Southwick and Loftus 2018).

Were weathered dead mussels found? Indicators: nacre chalky, probably dead more than a few months (from Southwick and Loftus 2018).

Were Subfossil mussels found? Indicators: periostracum missing, shell chalky, probably dead for several decades (from Southwick and Loftus 2018).

Signs of reproduction include gravid females (inflated gills), juvenile mussels present, lure displays, releases of conglutinates and/or glochidia

and per hour of identified species d species

eName_Photonumber". Files should be sent separately to

Dropdown Definitions (where applicable)

n Information sheet

if numerous individuals of the same species are located in the same general area, you can use the same lat/long

if numerous individuals of the same species are located in the same general area, you can use the same lat/long

This field is not regiured

deep with slow water

shallow with fast, turbulent water running over rocks deep with fast water and little or no turbulence

slow moving, non-turbulent flow; too shallow to be a pool and too slow to be a run

Required for federally listed species

Required for federally listed species

Required for federally listed species

Describes method used to describe mussel age.

Annuli were counted with little error

Annuli were not completely discernible or age was estimated by size.

Age could not be observed or estimated Required for federally listed species

Female

Male

Unknown

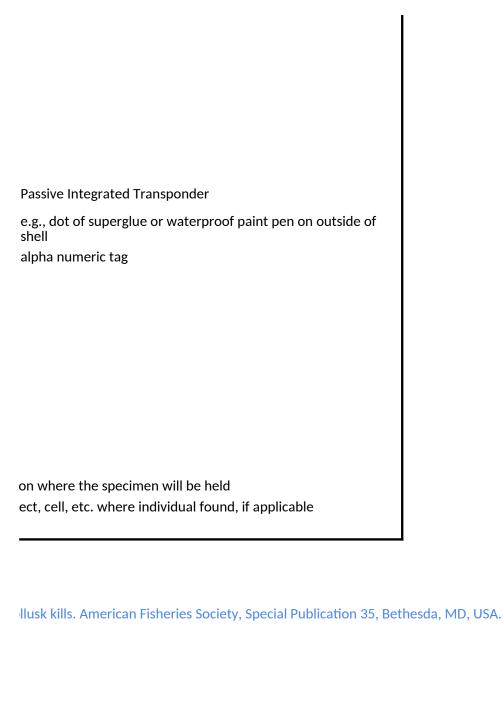
Not Applicable

Required for federally listed species

Passive Integrated Transponder

e.g., dot of superglue or waterproof paint pen on outside of shell

alpha numeric tag



ransect, surveyors shall segment must be

of time. This type of

g up and removed to be

s excavated (substrate is

ate is

g visual tactile methods.

ream work. This method e downstream end of the ls, shell fragments, or live trate. We recommend for larger streams

Federal Permit Number	Surveyor Name	Report Name or Number	Site ID

Waterbody Name	Survey Date	Survey ID	<u>Primary State</u>



Primary County	Township	Secondary State	Secondary County	<u>Latitude</u> <u>Upstream</u>	<u>Longitude</u> <u>Upstream</u>

<u>Latitude</u> <u>Downstream</u>	<u>Longitude</u> <u>Downstream</u>	Search Area	General Location Information	Watershed Drainage Area

<u>Survey ID</u>	<u>Activity</u>







<u>Quadrat Size</u>	Number of Quadrats	Percentage of Quadrats That Were Excavated	Mean Transect <u>Length</u>	<u>Mean</u> <u>Transect Area</u>

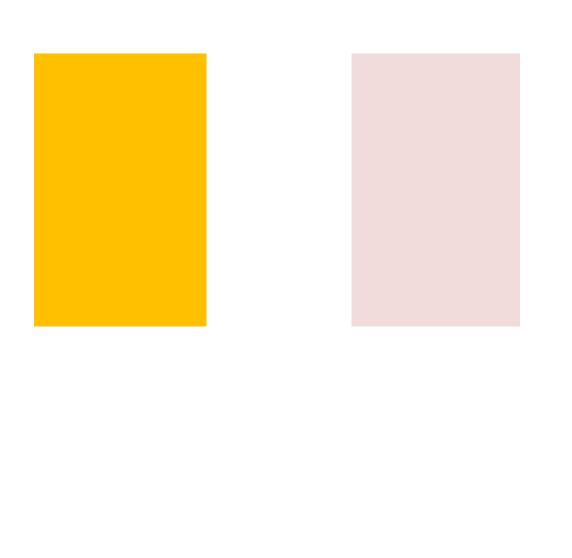


<u>Cell Size</u>	<u>Total Search Time</u>	<u>Recon Area</u>	Method Comments

<u>Survey ID</u>	<u>Water</u> <u>Temperature</u>	<u>Visibility</u>	Stream Type, Classification or River Group	<u>Habitat</u>



<u>Dominant Substrate</u>	Percent Dominant Substrate	Secondary Substrate	Percent Secondary Substrate



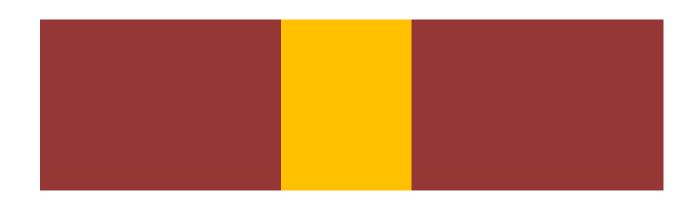
<u>Dissolved</u> <u>pH</u> <u>Conductivity</u> <u>Mean Water</u> <u>Velocity</u> <u>Relevant</u> <u>USGS Gauge</u> <u>Date</u> <u>Location</u>

USGS Gauge
DischargeUSGS Gauge
HeightDescription of Mussel Bed
BoundarySpecies
Richness

Overall CPUE

<u>Overall Density</u> <u>Overall Standard</u> <u>Deviation</u> Habitat Data Comments

<u>Survey ID</u>	<u>Genus</u>	<u>Species</u>



Number Live	<u>Number</u> <u>Fresh Dead</u>	<u>Weathered</u> <u>Dead Present</u>	Subfossil Present	Signs of Reproduction	Species Specific CPUE



Species Density	Species Standard Deviation	Photo Voucher File Name	Community Comments

<u>Survey ID</u>	Specimen Latitude	Specimen Longitude	<u>Specimen</u> <u>Habitat</u>	<u>Genus</u>



<u>Species</u>	<u>Length</u>	<u>Height</u>	<u>Width</u>	<u>Thickness</u>

Sign of Individual Reproduction Tag 1 Number Method of Aging Tag 1 Type <u>Sex</u> <u>Age</u>

Tag 1 Color	Tag 1 placed during this survey	Tag 2 Number	Tag 2 Type	Tag 2 Color	Tag 2 placed during this survey	Type of Reader

Photo or Video File Name	Voucher or Disposition Location	Genetic Sample Location or Where Analyzed	Location Number	Individual Comments

Mussels with name changes are highlighted in pink for quick reference.				
Common Name	Current genus	Current Species		
Mucket	Actinonaias	ligamentina		
Elktoe	Alasmidonta	marginata		
Triangle floater	Alasmidonta	undulata		
Slippershell mussel	Alasmidonta	viridis		
Threeridge	Amblema	plicata		
Cylindrical Papershell	Anodontoides	ferussacianus		
Rock Pocketbook	Arcidens	confragosus		
Asian clam	Corbicula	fluminea		
Wartyback	Cyclonaias	nodulata		
Wartyback	Cyclonaias	nodulata		
Pimpleback	Cyclonaias	pustulosa		
Pimpleback	Cyclonaias	pustulosa		
Purple Wartyback	Cyclonaias	tuberculata		
Western Fanshell	Cyprogenia	aberti		
Fanshell	Cyprogenia	stegaria		
Quagga mussel	Dreissena	bugensis		
Zebra mussel	Dreissena	polymorpha		
Butterfly	Ellipsaria	lineolata		
Eastern elliptio	Elliptio	complanata		
Elephantear	Elliptio	crassidens		
Ohio riffleshell	Epioblasma	cincinnatiensis		
Curtis pearlymussel	Epioblasma	curtisii		
Leafshell	Epioblasma	flexuosa		
Catspaw	Epioblasma	obliquata		
White catspaw	Epioblasma	perobliqua		
Round combshell	Epioblasma	personata		
Tennessee riffleshell	Epioblasma	propinqua		
Northern riffleshell	Epioblasma	rangiana		
Wabash riffleshell	Epioblasma	sampsonii		
Tubercled Blossom	Epioblasma	torulosa		
Snuffbox	Epioblasma	triquetra		
Spike	Eurynia	dilatata		
Wabash pigtoe	Fusconaia	flava		
Ozark pigtoe	Fusconaia	ozarkensis		
Longsolid	Fusconaia	subrotunda		
Cracking Pearlymussel	Hemistena	lata		
Pink mucket	Lampsilis	abrupta		
Northern brokenray	Lampsilis	brittsi		
Plain pocketbook	Lampsilis	cardium		
Wavyrayed lampmusse	Lampsilis	fasciola		

Higgins eye	Lampsilis	higginsii
Lousiana fatmucket	Lampsilis	hydiana
Pocketbook	Lampsilis	ovata
Eastern lampmussel	Lampsilis	radiata
Neosho mucket	Lampsilis	rafinesqueana
Arkansas brokenray	Lampsilis	reeveiana
Fatmucket	Lampsilis	siliquoidea
Yellow sandshell	Lampsilis	teres
Yellow sandshell		
	Lampsilis	teres
White heelsplitter	Lasmigona	complanata
Creek heelsplitter	Lasmigona 	compressa
Fluted shell	Lasmigona	costata
Fragile papershell	Leptodea	fragilis
Scaleshell	Leptodea	leptodon
Eastern pondmussel	Ligumia	nasuta
Black sandshell	Ligumia	recta
Pondmussel	Ligumia	subrostrata
Spectaclecase	Cumberlandia	monodonta
Washboard	Megalonaias	nervosa
Lake fingernailclam	Musculium	lacustre
	Musculium	partumenium
Pond fingernailclam	Musculium	securis
Long fingernailclam	Musculium	transversum
Threehorn wartyback	Obliquaria	reflexa
Southern hickorynut	Obovaria	arkansasensis
Hickorynut	Obovaria	olivaria
Ring pink	Obovaria	retusa
Round hickorynut	Obovaria	subrotunda
Adam peaclam	Pisidium	adamsi
Ubiquitous peaclam	Pisidium	casertanum
Ridgedbeak peaclam	Pisidium	compressum
Alpine peaclam	Pisidium	conventus
Ornamented peaclam	Pisidium	cruciatum
peaclam	Pisidium	dubium
Round peaclam	Pisidium	equilaterale
River peaclam	Pisidium	fallax
Rusty peaclam	Pisidium	ferrugineum
peaclam	Pisidium	idahoense
Lilljeborg peaclam	Pisidium	lilljeborgi
Shiny peaclam	Pisidium	nitidum
Perforated peaclam	Pisidium	punctatum
I CHOIGICU DEACIGID	Pisialum	Dunctatum

Fat peaclam	Pisidium	rotundatum
Triangular peaclam	Pisidium	variabile
Walker peaclam	Pisidium	walkeri
Bankclimber	Plectomerus	
		dombeyanus cicatricosus
White wartyback	Plethobasus	
Orangefoot pimpleback		cooperianus
Sheepnose	Plethobasus	cyphyus
Clubshell	Pleurobema	clava
Round pigtoe	Pleurobema	coccineum
Ohio pigtoe	Pleurobema	cordatum
Rough pigtoe	Pleurobema	plenum
Pyramid pigtoe	Pleurobema	rubrum
Round pigtoe	Pleurobema	sintoxia
Pink heelsplitter	Potamilus	alatus
Fat pocketbook	Potamilus	сарах
Pink papershell	Potamilus	ohiensis
Bleufer	Potamilus	purpuratus
Kidneyshell	Ptychobranchus	fasciolaris
Ouachita Kidneyshell	Ptychobranchus	occidentalis
Eastern floater	Pyganodon	cataracta
Giant floater	Pyganodon	grandis
Lake floater	Pyganodon	lacustris
Round lake floater	Pyganodon	subgibbosa
Winged mapleleaf	Quadrula	fragosa
Gulf mapleleaf	Quadrula	nobilis
Mapleleaf	Quadrula	quadrula
Ebonyshell	Reginaia	ebenus
Salamander mussel	Simpsonaias	ambigua
River fingernailclam	Sphaerium	fabale
fingernailclam	Sphaerium	occidentale
fingernailclam	Sphaerium	rhomboideum
Grooved fingernailclam	Sphaerium	simile
Striated fingernailclam	Sphaerium	striatinum
Creeper	Strophitus	undulatus
Rabbitsfoot	Theliderma	cylindrica
Monkeyface	Theliderma	metanevra
Purple lilliput	Toxolasma	lividum
Lilliput	Toxolasma	parvum
Texas lilliput	Toxolasma	texasiense
Pistolgrip	Tritogonia	verrucosa
Fawnsfoot	Truncilla	donaciformis
Deertoe	Truncilla	truncata
שבכו נטכ	TUTCHIU	пинсиц

Pondhorn	Uniomerus	tetralasmus
Paper pondshell	Utterbackia	imbecillis
Flat floater	Utterbackiana	suborbiculata
Ellipse	Venustaconcha	ellipsiformis
Bleedingtooth mussel	Venustaconcha	pleasii
Rayed bean	Villosa	fabalis
Rainbow	Villosa	iris
Little spectaclecase	Villosa	lienosa

Names in Green were Unionids not found in W	illiams et al 2017.	
Current Full Name	Old genus	Old Species
Actinonaias ligamentina (Lamarck, 1819)		
Alasmidonta marginata Say, 1818		
Alasmidonta undulata (Say, 1817)		
Alasmidonta viridis (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Amblema plicata (Say, 1817)		
Anodontoides ferussacianus (Lea, 1834)		
Arcidens confragosus (Say, 1829)		
Cyclonaias nodulata	Quadrula (previou	ıslynodulata
Cyclonaias nodulata	Quadrula	nodulata
Cyclonaias pustulosa	Quadrula (previou	ıslypustulosa
Cyclonaias pustulosa (Lea, 1831)	Quadrula	pustulosa pustulosa
Cyclonaias tuberculata (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Cyprogenia aberti (Conrad, 1850)		
Cyprogenia stegaria (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Ellipsaria lineolata (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Elliptio complanata (Lightfoot, 1786)		
Elliptio crassidens (Lamarck, 1819)		
Epioblasma cincinnatiensis	Epioblasma	phillipsii
Epioblasma curtisii	Epioblasma	florentina curtisii
Epioblasma flexuosa (Rafinesque, 1820)	Еріодіазіна	porentina cartisii
Epioblasma obliquata	Epioblasma	obliquata obliquata
Epioblasma perobliqua	Epioblasma	obliquata perobliqua
Epioblasma personata (Say, 1829)	Еріодіазтіа	obliquata perobliqua
Epioblasma propinqua (Lea, 1857)		
Epioblasma rangiana (Lea, 1838)	Epioblasma	torulosa rangiana
Epioblasma sampsonii (Lea, 1861)	Еріоліазіна	torulosa rangiana
Epioblasma torulosa (Rafinesque, 1820)	Epioblasma	torulosa torulosa
Epioblasma triquetra (Rafinesque, 1820)	Еріоліазіна	เป็นเปรน เป็นเปรน
Eurynia dilatata	Elliptio	dilatata
Fusconaia flava (Rafinesque, 1820)	LIIIPUO	diatata
Fusconaia pava (kalinesque, 1620) Fusconaia ozarkensis (Call, 1887)		+
Fusconaia subrotunda (Lea, 1831)		
Hemistena lata (Rafinesque, 1820)		+
Lampsilis abrupta (Say, 1831)		
Lampsilis brittsi (Simpson, 1900)		
Lampsilis cardium (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Lampsilis fasciola (Rafinesque, 1820)		

Lampsilis higginsii (Lea, 1857)		
Lampsilis hydiana (Lea, 1838)		
Lampsilis ovata (Say, 1817)		
Lampsilis radiata (Gmelin, 1791)		
Lampsilis rafinesqueana (Frierson, 1927)		
Lampsilis reeveiana (Lea, 1852)		
Lampsilis siliquoidea (Barnes, 1823)		
Lampsilis teres (Parmalee and Brogan, 1998)	Lampsilis	teres anodontoides
Lampsilis teres (Parmalee and Brogan, 1998)	Lampsilis	teres teres
Lasmigona complanata (Barnes, 1823)		
Lasmigona compressa (Lea, 1829)		
Lasmigona costata (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Leptodea fragilis (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Leptodea leptodon (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Ligumia nasuta (Say, 1817)		
Ligumia recta (Lamarck, 1819)		
Ligumia subrostrata (Say, 1831)		
Cumberlandia monodonta (Say, 1829)		
Megalonaias nervosa (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Musculium lacustre (Müller, 1774)		
Musculium partumenium		
Musculium securis (Prime, 1852)		
Musculium transversum (Say, 1829)		
Obliquaria reflexa (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Obovaria arkansasensis (Lea, 1862)	Obovaria	jacksoniana
Obovaria olivaria (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Obovaria retusa (Lamarck, 1819)		
Obovaria subrotunda (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Pisidium adamsi (Stimpson, 1851)		
Pisidium casertanum (Poli, 1791)		
Pisidium compressum (Prime, 1852)		
Pisidium conventus (Clessin, 1877)		
Pisidium cruciatum (Sterki, 1895)		
Pisidium dubium (Say, 1817)		
Pisidium equilaterale (Prime, 1852)		
Pisidium fallax (Sterki, 1896)		
Pisidium ferrugineum (Prime, 1852)		
Pisidium idahoense (Roper, 1890)		
Pisidium lilljeborgi (Clessin, 1886)		
Pisidium nitidum (Jenyns, 1832)		
split into P. moitessierianum (Paladilhe, 1866) and	P. simplex (Sterki,	1905)
Pisidium punctiferum (Guppy, 1867)		

Pisidium rotundatum (Prime, 1852)		
Pisidium variabile (Prime, 1852)		
Pisidium walkeri (Sterki, 1895)		
Plectomerus dombeyanus (Valenciennes, 1827)		
Plethobasus cicatricosus (Say, 1829)		
Plethobasus cooperianus (Lea, 1834)		
Plethobasus cyphyus (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Pleurobema clava (Lamarck, 1819)		
Pleurobema coccineum (Conrad, 1836)		
Pleurobema cordatum (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Pleurobema plenum (Lea, 1840)		
Pleurobema rubrum (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Pleurobema sintoxia (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Potamilus alatus (Say, 1817)		
Potamilus capax (Green, 1832)		
Potamilus ohiensis (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Potamilus purpuratus (Lamarck, 1819)		
Ptychobranchus fasciolaris (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Ptychobranchus occidentalis (Conrad, 1836)		
Pyganodon cataracta (Say, 1817)		
Pyganodon grandis (Say, 1829)		
Pyganodon lacustris (Lea, 1857)		
Pyganodon subgibbosa		
Quadrula fragosa (Conrad, 1835)		
Quadrula nobilis		
Quadrula quadrula (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Reginaia ebenus	Fusconaia	ebena
Simpsonaias ambigua (Say, 1825)		
Sphaerium fabale (Prime, 1852)		
Sphaerium occidentale (Lewis, 1856)		
Sphaerium rhomboideum (Say, 1822)		
Sphaerium simile (Say, 1817)		
Sphaerium striatinum (Lamarck, 1818)		
Strophitus undulatus (Say, 1817)		
Theliderma cylindrica	Quadrula	cylindrica cylindrica
Theliderma metanevra	Quadrula	metanevra
Toxolasma lividum	Toxolasma	lividus
Toxolasma parvus	Toxolasma	parvus
Toxolasma texasiense	Toxolasma	texasiensis
Tritogonia verrucosa (Rafinesque, 1820)		
Truncilla donaciformis (Lea, 1828)		
Truncilla truncata (Rafinesque, 1820)		

Uniomerus tetralasmus (Say, 1831)		
Utterbackia imbecillis (Say, 1829)		
Utterbackiana suborbiculata	Anodonta	suborbiculata
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis (Conrad, 1836)		
Venustaconcha pleasii (Marsh, 1891)		
Villosa fabalis (Lea, 1831)		
Villosa iris (Lea, 1829)		
Villosa lienosa (Conrad, 1834)		

Old Full Name	Citation
Quadrula nodulata (Rafinesque, 1820)	Williams et al. 2017
Quadrula nodulata (Rafinesque, 1820)	Williams et al. 2017
Quadrula pustulosa (Lea, 1831)	Williams et al. 2017
Quadrula pustulosa pustulosa (Lea, 1831)	Williams et al. 2017
Epioblasma phillipsii (Conrad, 1836)	Williams et al. 2017
Epioblasma florentina curtisii (Frierson and Utterback, 1916)	Williams et al. 2017
Epioblasma obliquata obliquata (Rafinesque, 1820)	Williams et al. 2017
Epioblasma obliquata obliquata (Rafinesque, 1820)	Williams et al. 2017
Epioblasma torulosa rangiana (Lea, 1838)	Williams et al. 2017
Epioblasma torulosa torulosa (Rafinesque, 1820)	Williams et al. 2017
Elliptio dilatata (Rafinesque, 1820)	Williams et al. 2017

Lampsilis teres anadontoides (Lea, 1834)	
Lampsilis teres teres (Rafinesque, 1820)	
Obovaria jacksoniana (Frierson, 1912)	Williams et al. 2017
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	http://explorer.natureserve

	Williams et al. 2017
	Williams et al. 2017
Fusconaia ebena (Lea 1831)	Williams et al. 2017
Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica (Say, 1817)	Williams et al. 2017
Quadrula metanevra (Rafinesque, 1820)	Williams et al. 2017
Toxolasma lividus (Rafinesque, 1831)	Williams et al. 2017
	Williams et al. 2017
Toxolasma parvum (Barnes, 1823)	Williams et al. 2017
Toxolasma texasiensis (Lea, 1857)	vviillams et al. 2017

Anodonta suborbiculata (Say, 1831)	Williams et al. 2017

Notes	Final listing FR	Federally TE?
reassigned from Quadrula		
Reassigned to Cyclonaias		
reassigned from Quadrula		
Nominotypical subspecies not required; r	eassigned to Cyclonaias	
elevated from synonymy		
Subspecies elevated to species		
No weight weight and some size weath we strike d		
Nominotypical subspecies not required		
Subspecies elevated to species		
Species elevated from subspecies		Yes
species elevated from subspecies		165
Nominotypical subspecies not required		
Reassigned to Eurynia		
,		

		Yes
?? only teres named in Williams et al. n		
?? only teres named in Williams et al. n	o teres teres or teres ano	dontoides
	77 FR 14914	Yes
Synonym of Obovaria arkansasensis		
e.org/servlet/NatureServe?searchName	=Pisidium+simplex	

		Yes
		Yes
publication date corrected		
publication date corrected		
		Yes
publication date corrected Elevated from synonymy		Yes
Elevated from synonymy		Yes
		Yes
Elevated from synonymy Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling		Yes
Elevated from synonymy Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling		Yes
Elevated from synonymy Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling		Yes
Elevated from synonymy Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling		Yes
Elevated from synonymy Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling		Yes
Elevated from synonymy Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling		Yes
Elevated from synonymy Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling		Yes
Elevated from synonymy Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling		Yes
Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling Reassigned from Quadrula		
Elevated from synonymy Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling Reassigned from Quadrula Reassigned to Theliderma	enthesis not needed	
Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling Reassigned from Quadrula Reassigned to Theliderma Incorrect spelling of species name; pare	enthesis not needed	
Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling Reassigned from Quadrula Reassigned to Theliderma Incorrect spelling of species name; pare	enthesis not needed	
Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling Reassigned from Quadrula Reassigned to Theliderma Incorrect spelling of species name; pare	enthesis not needed	
Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling Reassigned from Quadrula Reassigned to Theliderma Incorrect spelling of species name; pare	enthesis not needed	
Reassigned to Reginaia, spelling Reassigned from Quadrula Reassigned to Theliderma Incorrect spelling of species name; pare	enthesis not needed	

Reassigned to Utterbackiana	
	Yes