Supporting Statement Entry of Articles for Exhibition 1651-0037

A. Justification

1. Explain the circumstances that make the collection of information necessary. Identify any legal or administrative requirements that necessitate the collection. Attach a copy of the appropriate section of each statute and regulation mandating or authorizing the collection of information.

Goods entered for the purpose of exhibit at fairs, or for use in constructing, installing, or maintaining foreign exhibits at a fair may be free of duty under 19 U.S.C. 1752. In order to substantiate that goods qualify for duty-free treatment, the consignee of the merchandise must provide information about the imported goods, which is specified in 19 CFR 147.11(c).

2. Indicate how, by whom, and for what purpose the information is to be used. Except for a new collection, indicate the actual use the agency has made of the information received from the current collection.

CBP uses this information to verify that the goods are eligible for duty-free treatment. The Secretary of Commerce reviews, approves or disapproves each request for Trade Fair status. The Secretary also designates the name of the fair, the place where the fair will be held, the date when the fair will open and close, and the name of the operator. If the request is approved, the Secretary notifies the Commissioner of CBP, authorizing the designation of the Trade Fair, and naming the operator of the Trade Fair prior to Trade Fair entries being filed. This Trade Fair Notification from Commerce is an additional element available to CBP.

3. Describe whether, and to what extent, the collection of information involves the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g. permitting electronic submission of responses, and the basis for the decision for adopting this means of collection. Also, describe any consideration of using information technology to reduce burden.

Discussions have been held within CBP to allow for electronic submission but due to the low volume, the paper process is still in place. CBP entry personnel will manually create a Non-ABI lineless Trade Fair entry summary in ACE and input lineless type 24 entry summaries with header data information only. There is only an average of 125 responses submitted annually, so it would not be cost effective to automate this submission. 4. Describe efforts to identify duplication. Show specifically why any similar information already available cannot be used or modified for use for the purposes described in Item 2 above.

This information is not duplicated in any other place or any other form.

5. If the collection of information impacts small businesses or other small entities, describe any methods used to minimize burden.

This information collection does not have an impact on small businesses or other small entities.

6. Describe consequences to Federal program or policy activities if the collection is not conducted or is conducted less frequently.

The consequence to the Federal program if this information were not collected would cause a loss of control over the imported merchandise.

7. Explain any special circumstances.

This information is collected in a manner consistent with the guidelines of 5 CFR 1320.5(d) (2).

8. If applicable, provide a copy and identify the date and page number of publication in the Federal Register of the agency's notice, required by 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on the information collection prior to submission to OMB. Summarize public comments received in response to that notice and describe actions taken by the agency in response to these comments. Specifically address comments received on cost and hour burden.

Public comments were solicited through two Federal Register notices, a 60 day notice published on August 7, 2020 (Volume 85, Page 47976) on which no comments were received, and on October 21, 2020 (Volume 85, Page 67005) on which no comments have been received.

9. Explain any decision to provide any payment or gift to respondents, other than remuneration of contractors or grantees.

There is no offer of a monetary or material value for this information collection.

10. Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for the assurance in statute, regulation, or agency policy.

This collection is not affected by the Privacy Act and is not impacted by a PIA or SORN. No assurances of confidentiality are provided.

11. Provide additional justification for any questions of a sensitive nature, such as sexual behavior and attitudes, religious beliefs, and other matters that are commonly considered private. This justification should include the reasons why the agency considers the questions necessary, the specific uses to be made of the information, the explanation to be given to persons from whom the information is requested, and any steps to be taken to obtain their consent.

There are no questions of a sensitive nature.

12.	Provide estimates of the hour burden of the collection of information.
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INFORMATIO N COLLECTION	TOTAL ANNUAL BURDEN HOURS	NO. OF RESPONDENTS	NO. OF RESPONSES PER RESPONDENT	TOTAL RESPONSES	TIME PER RESPONSE
Articles for Exhibition	832	50	50	2,500	20 minutes (.333 hours)

Approximately 5 percent (125) of these responses are actually submitted to CBP. CBP requests submission only in cases in which additional documentation is needed to verify duty-free treatment.

Public Cost

The estimated cost to the respondents is \$26,017. This is based on the estimated burden hours (832) multiplied by the average loaded hourly wage rate for importers (\$31.27). CBP calculated this loaded wage rate by first multiplying the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) 2019 median hourly wage rate for Cargo and Freight Agents (\$21.03), which CBP assumes best represents the wage for importers, by the ratio of BLS' average 2019 total compensation to wages and salaries for Office and Administrative Support occupations (1.4869), the assumed occupational group for importers, to account for non-salary employee benefits.¹

¹ Source of median wage rate: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics, "May 2019 National Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates United States." Updated March 31, 2020. Available at https://www.bls.gov/oes/2019/may/oes_nat.htm. Accessed June 12, 2020. The total compensation to wages and salaries ratio is equal to the calculated average of the 2019 quarterly estimates (shown under Mar., June, Sep., Dec.) of the total compensation cost per hour worked for Office and Administrative Support occupations (\$28.1550) divided by the calculated average of the 2019 quarterly estimates (shown under Mar., June, Sep., Dec.) of wages and salaries cost per hour worked for the same occupation category (\$18.9350). Source of total compensation to wages and salaries ratio data: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Employer Costs for Employee Compensation Historical Listing March 2004 – December 2019, "Table 3. Civilian workers, by occupational group: employer costs per hours worked for employee compensation and costs as a percentage of total compensation, 2004-2019." March 2020. Available at https://www.bls.gov/web/ecce/ecceqrtn.pdf. Accessed June 12, 2020.

This figure is in 2019 U.S. dollars and CBP assumes an annual growth rate of 0 percent; the 2019 U.S. dollar value is equal to the 2020 U.S. dollar value.

13. Provide an estimate of the total annual cost burden to respondents or record keepers resulting from the collection of information.

There are no record keeping, capital, start-up or maintenance costs associated with this information collection.

14. Provide estimates of annualized cost to the Federal Government. Also provide a description of the method used to estimate cost, which should include quantification of hours, operational expenses (such as equipment overhead, printing, and support staff), and any other expense that would not have been incurred without this collection of information.

The estimated annual cost to the Federal Government associated with the review of these records is \$1,554. This is based on the number of responses that must be reviewed (125) multiplied by the time burden to review and process each response (10 minutes or .166 hours) = 21 hours multiplied by the average hourly loaded rate for a CBP Trade and Revenue employee ($(74.00)^2 = (1,554)$.

15. Explain the reasons for any program changes or adjustments reported in Items 12 or 13.

There are no increases or decreases to the burden hours and no changes to the information collected.

16. For collection of information whose results will be published, outline plans for tabulation, and publication.

This information collection will not be published for statistical purposes.

17. If seeking approval to not display the expiration date, explain the reasons that displaying the expiration date would be inappropriate.

CBP will display the expiration date for OMB approval of this information collection.

18. "Certification for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions."

CBP does not request an exception to the certification of this information collection.

² CBP bases this wage on the FY 2020 salary and benefits of the national average of CBP Trade and Revenue positions, which is equal to a GS-13, Step 5. Source: Email correspondence with CBP's Office of Finance on July 2, 2020.

B. Collection of Information Employing Statistical Methods

No statistical methods were employed.