## SUPPORTING STATEMENT

#### A. Justification

1. Information to be collected and circumstances that make the collection of information necessary

The regulations codified at 16 CFR 1019, establish procedures for export of noncomplying products. These regulations implement provisions of the Consumer Product Safety Act, the Federal Hazardous Substances Act, and the Flammable Fabrics Act, as amended by the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act. Persons and firms are required to notify the Commission before exporting any product that fails to comply with an applicable standard or regulations enforced under provisions of those laws. The Commission is required to transmit the information relating to the proposed exportation to the government of the country of intended destination. In addition, for any consumer product that is not in conformity with an applicable consumer product safety rule, exports from the United States may be prohibited unless the importing country has notified the Commission that such country accepts the importation of such consumer product. 15 U.S.C. 2067.

# 2. Use and sharing of collected information

The Congressional intent of the export amendments was to assure that foreign countries would use the information to make informed choices about whether to permit the entry into their territories of products that are prohibited from commerce in this country.

Based on a review of the proposed information collection activities, staff has found the Privacy Act does not apply because no electronic information system or records subject to the Privacy Act will be created.

## 3. Use of information technology (IT) in information collection

No specific format is required for submitting the notification. Consequently, each exporter may use whatever automated, electronic, mechanical, or other form of information technology they prefer to notify the Commission.

#### 4. Efforts to identify duplication

The rules in 16 C.F.R. 1019 were published on June 12, 1996 (61 FR 29647) as a proposal with opportunity for submission of written comments. Of the comments received, none identified any other source of the information required to be submitted by the regulations in Part 1019. There is no similar information available since the information is developed only when a person or firm decides to export a non-complying product.

# 5. Impact on small businesses

The notification requirement may affect small organizations. However, no more information is requested than is necessary to satisfy the statutory requirements for notification.

6. Consequences to Federal program or policy activities if collection is not conducted or is conducted less frequently

Any reduction in the notification burden would result in the failure to comply with the appropriate statute and reduce CPSC's ability to notify the government of the country that is to receive the exported products. Foreign countries would be unable to make informed choices about whether to permit the entry into their territories of products that are prohibited from commerce in this country.

7. Special circumstances requiring respondents to report information more often than quarterly or to prepare responses in fewer than 30 days

The person or firm must notify the Commission at least 30 days before the scheduled exportation; therefore, frequency of reporting depends on a firm's or person's individual exportation plans.

8. Agency's Federal Register Notice and related information

The FR notice announcing CPSC's intent to request an extension of approval of information collection requirements was published on July 23, 2020. No substantive comments were received.

9. Decision to provide payment or gift

Not applicable.

## 10. Assurance of confidentiality

If an exporter believes any of the information submitted should be considered trade secret or privileged or confidential commercial or financial information, the exporter must request confidential treatment, in writing, at the time the information is submitted or must indicate that a request will be made within 10 working days. The Commission's regulations under the Freedom of Information Act, 16 C.F.R. 1015, govern treatment of information submitted to the Commission.

#### 11. Questions of a sensitive nature

There are no questions of a sensitive nature involved in a notification of intent to export non-complying products.

# 12. Estimate of hour burden to respondents

Based on a review of the number of export requests during the last three years, the Commission staff estimates that approximately 9 notifications will be received from an estimated 7 firms per year. The staff further estimates that the average time for each response is one hour, for a total of 9 hours of annual burden.

The annualized cost to respondents would be \$632 based on 9 hours at \$70.23/hour (based on total compensation of all private industry workers in management, professional, and related occupations in U.S. goods-producing industries, March 2020, Bureau of Labor Statistics).

# 13. Estimate of total annual cost burden to respondents

There are no costs to respondents beyond those presented in Section A.12. There are no operating, maintenance, or capital costs associated with the collection.

# 14. Estimate of annualized costs to the Federal government

The Commission staff estimates that it takes about three hours to process an export notification and enter the information in the appropriate database. The receipt and processing of notifications would require approximately 27 staff hours or approximately \$2,604. This is based on a GS-14 level salaried employee. The average hourly wage rate for a mid-level salaried GS-14 employee in the Washington, DC metropolitan area (effective as of January 2020) is \$65.88 (GS-14, step 5). This represents 68.3 percent of total compensation (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employer Costs for Employee Compensation," March 2020, Table 2, percentage of wages and salaries for all civilian management, professional, and related employees: <a href="http://www.bls.gov/ncs/">http://www.bls.gov/ncs/</a>). Adding the additional 31.7 percent for total benefits brings average hourly compensation for a mid-level salaried GS-14 employee to \$96.46. Assuming that approximately 27 hours will be required annually, this results in an annual cost of \$2,604.

## 15. Program changes or adjustments

Burden estimate has remained essentially unchanged based on Commission experience over the previous three years.

# 16. Plans for tabulation and publication

The Commission has no plans to publish this information. Because CPSC does not plan to disseminate the data collected, the requirements of the OMB and the CPSC Information Quality Guidelines do not apply.

## 17. Rationale for not displaying the expiration date for OMB approval

Not applicable.

18. Exception to the certification statement

Not applicable.

B. Statistical Methods - Collection of information will not employ statistical methods.