29 U.S. Code § 1108. Exemptions from prohibited transactions

U.S. Code Notes

- (a) Grant of exemptions The Secretary shall establish an exemption procedure for purposes of this subsection. Pursuant to such procedure, he may grant a conditional or unconditional exemption of any fiduciary or transaction, or class of fiduciaries or transactions, from all or part of the restrictions imposed by sections 1106 and 1107(a) of this title. Action under this subsection may be taken only after consultation and coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury. An exemption granted under this section shall not relieve a fiduciary from any other applicable provision of this chapter. The Secretary may not grant an exemption under this subsection unless he finds that such exemption is—
 - (1) administratively feasible,
 - (2) in the interests of the <u>plan</u> and of its <u>participants</u> and beneficiaries, and
 - (3) protective of the rights of <u>participants</u> and beneficiaries of such plan.

Before granting an exemption under this subsection from section 1106(a) or 1107(a) of this title, the Secretary shall publish notice in the Federal Register of the pendency of the exemption, shall require that adequate notice be given to interested persons, and shall afford interested persons opportunity to present views. The Secretary may not grant an exemption under this subsection from section 1106(b) of this title unless he affords an opportunity for a hearing and makes a determination on the record with respect to the findings required by paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection.

- **(b) ENUMERATION OF TRANSACTIONS EXEMPTED FROM SECTION 1106 PROHIBITIONS** The prohibitions provided in section 1106 of this title shall not apply to any of the following transactions:
 - (1) Any loans made by the <u>plan</u> to parties in interest who are participants or beneficiaries of the <u>plan</u> if such loans (A) are available to all such <u>participants</u> and beneficiaries on a reasonably equivalent basis, (B) are not made available to highly compensated employees (within the meaning of section 414(q) of title 26) in an amount greater than the amount made available to other <u>employees</u>, (C) are made in accordance with specific provisions regarding such loans set forth in the <u>plan</u>, (D) bear a reasonable rate of interest, and (E) are adequately secured. A loan made by a <u>plan</u> shall not fail to meet the requirements of the preceding sentence by reason of a loan repayment suspension described under section 414(u)(4) of title 26.
 - (2) Contracting or making reasonable arrangements with a party in interest for office space, or legal, accounting, or other services necessary for the establishment or operation of the plan, if no more than reasonable compensation is paid therefor.
 - (3) A loan to an employee stock ownership plan (as defined in section 1107(d)(6) of this title), if—
 - **(A)** such loan is primarily for the benefit of <u>participants</u> and beneficiaries of the plan, and
 - **(B)** such loan is at an interest rate which is not in excess of a reasonable rate.

If the plan gives collateral to a party in interest for such loan, such collateral may consist only of qualifying employer securities (as defined in section 1107(d)(5) of this title).

- **(4)** The investment of all or part of a <u>plan</u>'s assets in deposits which bear a reasonable interest rate in a bank or similar financial institution supervised by the <u>United States</u> or a <u>State</u>, if such bank or other institution is a fiduciary of such <u>plan</u> and if—
 - (A) the plan covers only employees of such bank or other institution and employees of affiliates of such bank or other institution, or
 - **(B)** such investment is expressly authorized by a provision of the plan or by a fiduciary (other than such bank or institution or affiliate

- thereof) who is expressly empowered by the <u>plan</u> to so instruct the trustee with respect to such investment.
- **(5)** Any contract for life insurance, health insurance, or annuities with one or more insurers which are qualified to do business in a <u>State</u>, if the <u>plan</u> pays no more than <u>adequate consideration</u>, and if each such insurer or insurers is—
 - (A) the employer maintaining the plan, or
 - (B) a party in interest which is wholly owned (directly or indirectly) by the employer maintaining the plan, or by any person which is a party in interest with respect to the plan, but only if the total premiums and annuity considerations written by such insurers for life insurance, health insurance, or annuities for all plans (and their employers) with respect to which such insurers are parties in interest (not including premiums or annuity considerations written by the employer maintaining the plan) do not exceed 5 percent of the total premiums and annuity considerations written for all lines of insurance in that year by such insurers (not including premiums or annuity considerations written by the employer maintaining the plan).
- **(6)** The providing of any ancillary service by a bank or similar financial institution supervised by the <u>United States</u> or a <u>State</u>, if such bank or other institution is a fiduciary of such plan, and if—
 - (A) such bank or similar financial institution has adopted adequate internal safeguards which assure that the providing of such ancillary service is consistent with sound banking and financial practice, as determined by Federal or State supervisory authority, and
 - (B) the extent to which such ancillary service is provided is subject to specific guidelines issued by such bank or similar financial institution (as determined by the <u>Secretary</u> after consultation with Federal and <u>State</u> supervisory authority), and adherence to such guidelines would reasonably preclude such bank or similar financial institution from providing such ancillary service (i) in an excessive or unreasonable manner, and (ii) in a manner that would be inconsistent with the best interests of <u>participants</u> and beneficiaries of employee benefit plans.

Such ancillary services shall not be provided at more than reasonable compensation.

- **(7)** The exercise of a privilege to convert securities, to the extent provided in regulations of the <u>Secretary</u>, but only if the <u>plan</u> receives no less than adequate consideration pursuant to such conversion.
- **(8)** Any transaction between a <u>plan</u> and (i) a common or collective trust fund or pooled investment fund maintained by a <u>party in interest</u> which is a bank or trust company supervised by a <u>State</u> or Federal agency or (ii) a pooled investment fund of an insurance company qualified to do business in a State, if—
 - (A) the transaction is a sale or purchase of an interest in the fund,
 - **(B)** the bank, trust company, or insurance company receives not more than reasonable compensation, and
 - **(C)** such transaction is expressly permitted by the instrument under which the <u>plan</u> is maintained, or by a fiduciary (other than the bank, trust company, or insurance company, or an <u>affiliate</u> thereof) who has authority to manage and control the assets of the plan.
- **(9)** The making by a fiduciary of a distribution of the assets of the plan in accordance with the terms of the plan if such assets are distributed in the same manner as provided under section 1344 of this title (relating to allocation of assets).
- (10) Any transaction required or permitted under part 1 of subtitle E of subchapter III.
- (11) A merger of multiemployer plans, or the transfer of assets or liabilities between multiemployer plans, determined by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation to meet the requirements of section 1411 of this title.
- (12) The sale by a <u>plan</u> to a <u>party in interest</u> on or after December 18, 1987, of any stock, if—
 - (A) the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (e) are met with respect to such stock,
 - **(B)** on the later of the date on which the stock was acquired by the plan, or January 1, 1975, such stock constituted a qualifying employer security (as defined in section 1107(d)(5) of this title as then in effect), and

- (C) such stock does not constitute a qualifying employer security (as defined in section 1107(d)(5) of this title as in effect at the time of the sale).
- (13) Any transfer made before January 1, 2026, of excess pension assets from a defined benefit plan to a retiree health account in a qualified transfer permitted under section 420 of title 26 (as in effect on July 31, 2015).
- (14) Any transaction in connection with the provision of investment advice described in section 1002(21)(A)(ii) of this title to a participant or beneficiary of an individual account plan that permits such participant or beneficiary to direct the investment of assets in their individual account, if—
 - (A) the transaction is—
 - (i) the provision of the investment advice to the participant or beneficiary of the plan with respect to a security or other property available as an investment under the plan,
 - (ii) the acquisition, holding, or sale of a <u>security</u> or other property available as an investment under the <u>plan</u> pursuant to the investment advice, or
 - (iii) the direct or indirect receipt of fees or other compensation by the <u>fiduciary adviser</u> or an <u>affiliate</u> thereof (or any <u>employee</u>, agent, or registered representative of the fiduciary adviser or <u>affiliate</u>) in connection with the provision of the advice or in connection with an acquisition, holding, or sale of a <u>security</u> or other property available as an investment under the <u>plan</u> pursuant to the investment advice; and
 - **(B)** the requirements of subsection (g) are met.

(15)

- (A) Any transaction involving the purchase or sale of securities, or other property (as determined by the <u>Secretary</u>), between a <u>plan</u> and a party in interest (other than a fiduciary described in <u>section 1002(21)(A)</u> of this title) with respect to a <u>plan</u> if—
 - (i) the transaction involves a block trade,

- (ii) at the time of the transaction, the interest of the <u>plan</u> (together with the interests of any other <u>plans</u> maintained by the same <u>plan sponsor</u>), does not exceed 10 percent of the aggregate size of the block trade,
- (iii) the terms of the transaction, including the price, are at least as favorable to the plan as an arm's length [1] transaction, and
- (iv) the compensation associated with the purchase and sale is not greater than the compensation associated with an arm's length ¹ transaction with an unrelated party.
- **(B)** For purposes of this paragraph, the term "block trade" means any trade of at least 10,000 shares or with a market value of at least \$200,000 which will be allocated across two or more unrelated client accounts of a fiduciary.
- (16) Any transaction involving the purchase or sale of securities, or other property (as determined by the <u>Secretary</u>), between a <u>plan</u> and a party in interest if—
 - (A) the transaction is executed through an electronic communication network, alternative trading system, or similar execution system or trading venue subject to regulation and oversight by—
 - (i) the applicable Federal regulating entity, or
 - (ii) such foreign regulatory entity as the <u>Secretary</u> may determine by regulation,
 - (B) either-
 - (i) the transaction is effected pursuant to rules designed to match purchases and sales at the best price available through the execution system in accordance with applicable rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission or other relevant governmental authority, or
 - (ii) neither the execution system nor the parties to the transaction take into account the identity of the parties in the execution of trades,

- **(C)** the price and compensation associated with the purchase and sale are not greater than the price and compensation associated with an arm's length ¹ transaction with an unrelated party,
- **(D)** if the party in interest has an ownership interest in the system or venue described in subparagraph (A), the system or venue has been authorized by the <u>plan sponsor</u> or other independent fiduciary for transactions described in this paragraph, and
- **(E)** not less than 30 days prior to the initial transaction described in this paragraph executed through any system or venue described in subparagraph (A), a <u>plan</u> fiduciary is provided written or electronic notice of the execution of such transaction through such system or venue.

(17)

- (A) Transactions described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (D) of section 1106(a)(1) of this title between a plan and a person that is a party in interest other than a fiduciary (or an affiliate) who has or exercises any discretionary authority or control with respect to the investment of the plan assets involved in the transaction or renders investment advice (within the meaning of section 1002(21)(A)(ii) of this title) with respect to those assets, solely by reason of providing services to the plan or solely by reason of a relationship to such a service provider described in subparagraph (F), (G), (H), or (I) of section 1002(14) of this title, or both, but only if in connection with such transaction the plan receives no less, nor pays no more, than adequate consideration.
- **(B)** For purposes of this paragraph, the term "adequate consideration" means—
 - (i) in the case of a <u>security</u> for which there is a generally recognized market—
 - (I) the price of the <u>security</u> prevailing on a national securities exchange which is registered under section 6 of the <u>Securities Exchange Act of 1934 [15 U.S.C. 78f]</u>, taking into account factors such as the size of the transaction and marketability of the security, or
 - (II) if the <u>security</u> is not traded on such a national securities exchange, a price not less favorable to the <u>plan</u> than the

- offering price for the security as established by the current bid and asked prices quoted by persons independent of the issuer and of the party in interest, taking into account factors such as the size of the transaction and marketability of the security, and
- (ii) in the case of an asset other than a <u>security</u> for which there is a generally recognized market, the fair market value of the asset as determined in good faith by a fiduciary or fiduciaries in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary.
- (18) Foreign exchange transactions.—Any foreign exchange transactions, between a bank or broker-dealer (or any affiliate of either), and a plan (as defined in section 1002(3) of this title) with respect to which such bank or broker-dealer (or affiliate) is a trustee, custodian, fiduciary, or other party in interest, if—
 - (A) the transaction is in connection with the purchase, holding, or sale of securities or other investment assets (other than a foreign exchange transaction unrelated to any other investment in securities or other investment assets),
 - **(B)** at the time the foreign exchange transaction is entered into, the terms of the transaction are not less favorable to the <u>plan</u> than the terms generally available in comparable arm's length ¹ foreign exchange transactions between unrelated parties, or the terms afforded by the bank or broker-dealer (or any affiliate of either) in comparable arm's-length foreign exchange transactions involving unrelated parties,
 - **(C)** the exchange rate used by such bank or broker-dealer (or <u>affiliate</u>) for a particular foreign exchange transaction does not deviate by more than 3 percent from the interbank bid and asked rates for transactions of comparable size and maturity at the time of the transaction as displayed on an independent service that reports rates of exchange in the foreign currency market for such currency, and
 - **(D)** the bank or broker-dealer (or any <u>affiliate</u> of either) does not have investment discretion, or provide investment advice, with respect to the transaction.

- (19) CROSS TRADING.—Any transaction described in sections 1106(a) (1)(A) and 1106(b)(2) of this title involving the purchase and sale of a security between a plan and any other account managed by the same investment manager, if—
 - **(A)** the transaction is a purchase or sale, for no consideration other than cash payment against prompt delivery of a <u>security</u> for which market quotations are readily available,
 - **(B)** the transaction is effected at the independent current market price of the <u>security</u> (within the meaning of <u>section 270.17a-7(b)</u> of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations),
 - **(C)** no brokerage commission, fee (except for customary transfer fees, the fact of which is disclosed pursuant to subparagraph (D)), or other remuneration is paid in connection with the transaction,
 - (**D**) a fiduciary (other than the <u>investment manager</u> engaging in the cross-trades or any affiliate) for each plan participating in the transaction authorizes in advance of any cross-trades (in a document that is separate from any other written agreement of the parties) the investment manager to engage in cross trades at the <u>investment manager</u>'s discretion, after such fiduciary has received disclosure regarding the conditions under which cross trades may take place (but only if such disclosure is separate from any other agreement or disclosure involving the asset management relationship), including the written policies and procedures of the investment manager described in subparagraph (H),
 - **(E)** each <u>plan</u> participating in the transaction has assets of at least \$100,000,000, except that if the assets of a <u>plan</u> are invested in a master trust containing the assets of <u>plans</u> maintained by <u>employers</u> in the same controlled group (as defined in <u>section 1107(d)(7)</u> of this title), the master trust has assets of at least \$100,000,000,
 - **(F)** the <u>investment manager</u> provides to the <u>plan</u> fiduciary who authorized cross trading under subparagraph (D) a quarterly report detailing all cross trades executed by the <u>investment manager</u> in which the <u>plan</u> participated during such quarter, including the following information, as applicable: (i) the identity of each <u>security</u> bought or sold; (ii) the number of shares or units traded; (iii) the parties involved in the cross-trade; and (iv) trade price and the method used to establish the trade price,

- **(G)** the investment manager does not base its fee schedule on the plan's consent to cross trading, and no other service (other than the investment opportunities and cost savings available through a cross trade) is conditioned on the plan's consent to cross trading,
- **(H)** the <u>investment manager</u> has adopted, and cross-trades are effected in accordance with, written cross-trading policies and procedures that are fair and equitable to all accounts participating in the cross-trading program, and that include a description of the manager's pricing policies and procedures, and the manager's policies and procedures for allocating cross trades in an objective manner among accounts participating in the cross-trading program, and
- (I) the investment manager has designated an individual responsible for periodically reviewing such purchases and sales to ensure compliance with the written policies and procedures described in subparagraph (H), and following such review, the individual shall issue an annual written report no later than 90 days following the period to which it relates signed under penalty of perjury to the plan fiduciary who authorized cross trading under subparagraph (D) describing the steps performed during the course of the review, the level of compliance, and any specific instances of non-compliance.

The written report under subparagraph (I) shall also notify the <u>plan</u> fiduciary of the <u>plan</u>'s right to terminate participation in the investment manager's cross-trading program at any time.

(20)

- **(A)** Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), a transaction described in section 1106(a) of this title in connection with the acquisition, holding, or disposition of any security or commodity, if the transaction is corrected before the end of the correction period.
- **(B)** Subparagraph (A) does not apply to any transaction between a plan and a plan sponsor or its affiliates that involves the acquisition or sale of an employer security (as defined in section 1107(d)(1) of this title) or the acquisition, sale, or lease of employer real property (as defined in section 1107(d)(2) of this title).
- **(C)** In the case of any fiduciary or other party in interest (or any other person knowingly participating in such transaction),

- subparagraph (A) does not apply to any transaction if, at the time the transaction occurs, such fiduciary or party in interest (or other person) knew (or reasonably should have known) that the transaction would (without regard to this paragraph) constitute a violation of section 1106(a) of this title.
- **(D)** For purposes of this paragraph, the term "correction period" means, in connection with a fiduciary or party in interest (or other person knowingly participating in the transaction), the 14-day period beginning on the date on which such fiduciary or party in interest (or other person) discovers, or reasonably should have discovered, that the transaction would (without regard to this paragraph) constitute a violation of section 1106(a) of this title.
- **(E)** For purposes of this paragraph—
 - (i) The term "security" has the meaning given such term by section 475(c)(2) of title 26 (without regard to subparagraph (F) (iii) and the last sentence thereof).
 - (ii) The term "commodity" has the meaning given such term by section 475(e)(2) of title 26 (without regard to subparagraph (D) (iii) thereof).
 - (iii) The term "correct" means, with respect to a transaction—
 - (I) to undo the transaction to the extent possible and in any case to make good to the <u>plan</u> or affected account any losses resulting from the transaction, and
 - (II) to restore to the <u>plan</u> or affected account any profits made through the use of assets of the plan.
- (c) FIDUCIARY BENEFITS AND COMPENSATION NOT PROHIBITED BY SECTION 1106 Nothing in section 1106 of this title shall be construed to prohibit any fiduciary from—
 - (1) receiving any benefit to which he may be entitled as a participant or beneficiary in the plan, so long as the benefit is computed and paid on a basis which is consistent with the terms of the plan as applied to all other participants and beneficiaries;
 - (2) receiving any reasonable compensation for services rendered, or for the reimbursement of expenses properly and actually incurred, in

the performance of his duties with the plan; except that no person so serving who already receives full time pay from an employer or an association of employers, whose employees are participants in the plan, or from an employee organization whose members are participants in such plan shall receive compensation from such plan, except for reimbursement of expenses properly and actually incurred; or

(3) serving as a fiduciary in addition to being an officer, <u>employee</u>, agent, or other representative of a party in interest.

(d) OWNER-EMPLOYEES; FAMILY MEMBERS; SHAREHOLDER EMPLOYEES

- (1) Section 1107(b) of this title and subsections (b), (c), and (e) of this section shall not apply to a transaction in which a plan directly or indirectly—
 - (A) lends any part of the corpus or income of the plan to,
 - **(B)** pays any compensation for personal services rendered to the plan to, or
 - **(C)** acquires for the <u>plan</u> any property from, or sells any property to,

any person who is with respect to the plan an owner-employee (as defined in section 401(c)(3) of title 26), a member of the family (as defined in section 267(c)(4) of such title) of any such owner-employee, or any corporation in which any such owner-employee owns, directly or indirectly, 50 percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or 50 percent or more of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of the corporation.

(2)

- (A) For purposes of paragraph (1), the following shall be treated as owner-employees:
 - (i) A <u>shareholder-employee</u>.
 - (ii) A participant or beneficiary of an individual retirement plan (as defined in section 7701(a)(37) of title 26).
 - (iii) An employer or association of employees which establishes such an individual retirement plan under section 408(c) of such title.

- **(B)** Paragraph (1)(C) shall not apply to a transaction which consists of a sale of <u>employer</u> securities to an <u>employee</u> stock ownership plan (as defined in section 1107(d)(6) of this title) by a shareholder-employee, a member of the family (as defined in section 267(c)(4) of such title) of any such owner-employee, or a corporation in which such a shareholder-employee owns stock representing a 50 percent or greater interest described in paragraph (1).
- **(C)** For purposes of paragraph (1)(A), the term "owner-employee" shall only include a person described in clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (A).
- (3) For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "shareholder-employee" means an employee or officer of an S corporation (as defined in section 1361(a)(1) of such title) who owns (or is considered as owning within the meaning of section 318(a)(1) of such title) more than 5 percent of the outstanding stock of the corporation on any day during the taxable year of such corporation.
- (e) Acquisition or sale by Plan of Qualifying EMPLOYER SECURITIES; Acquisition, sale, or lease by Plan of Qualifying EMPLOYER REAL PROPERTY Sections 1106 and 1107 of this title shall not apply to the acquisition or sale by a plan of qualifying employer securities (as defined in section 1107(d)(5) of this title) or acquisition, sale or lease by a plan of qualifying employer real property (as defined in section 1107(d)(4) of this title)—
 - (1) if such acquisition, sale, or lease is for adequate consideration (or in the case of a marketable obligation, at a price not less favorable to the plan than the price determined under section 1107(e)(1) of this title),
 - (2) if no commission is charged with respect thereto, and
 - (3) if—
 - (A) the plan is an eligible individual account plan (as defined in section 1107(d)(3) of this title), or
 - **(B)** in the case of an acquisition or lease of qualifying <u>employer</u> real property by a <u>plan</u> which is not an eligible <u>individual account plan</u>, or of an acquisition of qualifying employer securities by such a plan,

the lease or acquisition is not prohibited by <u>section 1107(a) of this</u> title.

(f) Applicability of Statutory Prohibitions to Mergers or transfers

Section 1106(b)(2) of this title shall not apply to any merger or transfer described in subsection (b)(11).

(g) Provision of investment advice to participant and beneficiaries

(1) IN GENERAL

The prohibitions provided in section 1106 of this title shall not apply to transactions described in subsection (b)(14) if the investment advice provided by a <u>fiduciary adviser</u> is provided under an <u>eligible investment</u> advice arrangement.

- **(2) ELIGIBLE INVESTMENT ADVICE ARRANGEMENT** For purposes of this subsection, the term "eligible investment advice arrangement" means an arrangement—
 - (A) which either—
 - (i) provides that any fees (including any commission or other compensation) received by the <u>fiduciary adviser</u> for investment advice or with respect to the sale, holding, or acquisition of any <u>security</u> or other property for purposes of investment of <u>plan</u> assets do not vary depending on the basis of any investment option selected, or
 - (ii) uses a computer model under an investment advice program meeting the requirements of paragraph (3) in connection with the provision of investment advice by a <u>fiduciary adviser</u> to a participant or beneficiary, and
 - **(B)** with respect to which the requirements of paragraph (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) are met.

(3) INVESTMENT ADVICE PROGRAM USING COMPUTER MODEL

(A) In general

An investment advice program meets the requirements of this paragraph if the requirements of subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) are met.

- **(B) Computer model** The requirements of this subparagraph are met if the investment advice provided under the investment advice program is provided pursuant to a computer model that—
 - (i) applies generally accepted investment theories that take into account the historic returns of different asset classes over defined periods of time,
 - (ii) utilizes relevant information about the <u>participant</u>, which may include age, life expectancy, retirement age, risk tolerance, other assets or sources of income, and preferences as to certain types of investments,
 - (iii) utilizes prescribed objective criteria to provide asset allocation portfolios comprised of investment options available under the plan,
 - **(iv)** operates in a manner that is not biased in favor of investments offered by the <u>fiduciary adviser</u> or a <u>person</u> with a material affiliation or contractual relationship with the <u>fiduciary</u> adviser, and
 - (v) takes into account all investment options under the <u>plan</u> in specifying how a <u>participant</u>'s account balance should be invested and is not inappropriately weighted with respect to any investment option.

(C) Certification

(i) In general

The requirements of this subparagraph are met with respect to any investment advice program if an eligible investment expert certifies, prior to the utilization of the computer model and in accordance with rules prescribed by the <u>Secretary</u>, that the computer model meets the requirements of subparagraph (B).

(ii) Renewal of certifications

If, as determined under regulations prescribed by the <u>Secretary</u>, there are material modifications to a computer model, the requirements of this subparagraph are met only if a certification described in clause (i) is obtained with respect to the computer model as so modified.

- (iii) Eligible investment expert The term "eligible investment expert" means any person—
 - (I) which meets such requirements as the <u>Secretary</u> may provide, and
 - (II) does not bear any material affiliation or contractual relationship with any investment adviser or a related <u>person</u> thereof (or any <u>employee</u>, agent, or <u>registered representative</u> of the investment adviser or related person).
- **(D) Exclusivity of recommendation** The requirements of this subparagraph are met with respect to any investment advice program if—
 - (i) the only investment advice provided under the program is the advice generated by the computer model described in subparagraph (B), and
 - (ii) any transaction described in subsection (b)(14)(A)(ii) occurs solely at the direction of the participant or beneficiary.

Nothing in the preceding sentence shall preclude the participant or beneficiary from requesting investment advice other than that described in subparagraph (A), but only if such request has not been solicited by any person connected with carrying out the arrangement.

(4) EXPRESS AUTHORIZATION BY SEPARATE FIDUCIARY

The requirements of this paragraph are met with respect to an arrangement if the arrangement is expressly authorized by a <u>plan</u> fiduciary other than the <u>person</u> offering the investment advice program, any <u>person</u> providing investment options under the <u>plan</u>, or any <u>affiliate</u> of either.

- **(5) Annual AUDIT** The requirements of this paragraph are met if an independent auditor, who has appropriate technical training or experience and proficiency and so represents in writing—
 - (A) conducts an annual audit of the arrangement for compliance with the requirements of this subsection, and
 - **(B)** following completion of the annual audit, issues a written report to the fiduciary who authorized use of the arrangement which

presents its specific findings regarding compliance of the arrangement with the requirements of this subsection.

For purposes of this paragraph, an auditor is considered independent if it is not related to the <u>person</u> offering the arrangement to the <u>plan</u> and is not related to any <u>person</u> providing investment options under the plan.

- (6) **DISCLOSURE** The requirements of this paragraph are met if—
 - **(A)** the <u>fiduciary</u> adviser provides to a participant or a beneficiary before the initial provision of the investment advice with regard to any <u>security</u> or other property offered as an investment option, a written notification (which may consist of notification by means of electronic communication)—
 - (i) of the role of any party that has a material affiliation or contractual relationship with the <u>fiduciary adviser</u> in the development of the investment advice program and in the selection of investment options available under the plan,
 - (ii) of the past performance and historical rates of return of the investment options available under the plan,
 - (iii) of all fees or other compensation relating to the advice that the <u>fiduciary adviser</u> or any <u>affiliate</u> thereof is to receive (including compensation provided by any third party) in connection with the provision of the advice or in connection with the sale, acquisition, or holding of the <u>security</u> or other property,
 - (iv) of any material affiliation or contractual relationship of the fiduciary adviser or affiliates thereof in the security or other property,
 - (v) [2] the manner, and under what circumstances, any participant or beneficiary information provided under the arrangement will be used or disclosed,
 - (vi) of the types of services provided by the <u>fiduciary adviser</u> in connection with the provision of investment advice by the <u>fiduciary adviser</u>,
 - (vii) that the adviser is acting as a fiduciary of the <u>plan</u> in connection with the provision of the advice, and

- (viii) that a recipient of the advice may separately arrange for the provision of advice by another adviser, that could have no material affiliation with and receive no fees or other compensation in connection with the security or other property, and
- **(B)** at all times during the provision of advisory services to the participant or beneficiary, the fiduciary adviser—
 - (i) maintains the information described in subparagraph (A) in accurate form and in the manner described in paragraph (8),
 - (ii) provides, without charge, accurate information to the recipient of the advice no less frequently than annually,
 - (iii) provides, without charge, accurate information to the recipient of the advice upon request of the recipient, and
 - (iv) provides, without charge, accurate information to the recipient of the advice concerning any material change to the information required to be provided to the recipient of the advice at a time reasonably contemporaneous to the change in information.
- (7) OTHER CONDITIONS The requirements of this paragraph are met if
 - **(A)** the <u>fiduciary adviser</u> provides appropriate disclosure, in connection with the sale, acquisition, or holding of the <u>security</u> or other property, in accordance with all applicable securities laws,
 - **(B)** the sale, acquisition, or holding occurs solely at the direction of the recipient of the advice,
 - **(C)** the compensation received by the <u>fiduciary adviser</u> and <u>affiliates</u> thereof in connection with the sale, acquisition, or holding of the <u>security</u> or other property is reasonable, and
 - **(D)** the terms of the sale, acquisition, or holding of the <u>security</u> or other property are at least as favorable to the <u>plan</u> as an arm's length ¹ transaction would be.
- (8) STANDARDS FOR PRESENTATION OF INFORMATION
 - (A) In general

The requirements of this paragraph are met if the notification required to be provided to <u>participants</u> and beneficiaries under paragraph (6)(A) is written in a clear and conspicuous manner and in a manner calculated to be understood by the average <u>plan</u> <u>participant</u> and is sufficiently accurate and comprehensive to reasonably apprise such <u>participants</u> and beneficiaries of the information required to be provided in the notification.

(B) Model form for disclosure of fees and other compensation The <u>Secretary</u> shall issue a model form for the disclosure of fees and other compensation required in paragraph (6)(A)(iii) which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A).

(9) Maintenance for 6 years of evidence of compliance

The requirements of this paragraph are met if a <u>fiduciary adviser</u> who has provided advice referred to in paragraph (1) maintains, for a period of not less than 6 years after the provision of the advice, any records necessary for determining whether the requirements of the preceding provisions of this subsection and of subsection (b)(14) have been met. A transaction prohibited under section 1106 of this title shall not be considered to have occurred solely because the records are lost or destroyed prior to the end of the 6-year period due to circumstances beyond the control of the fiduciary adviser.

(10) EXEMPTION FOR PLAN SPONSOR AND CERTAIN OTHER FIDUCIARIES

- (A) In general Subject to subparagraph (B), a plan sponsor or other person who is a fiduciary (other than a <u>fiduciary adviser</u>) shall not be treated as failing to meet the requirements of this part solely by reason of the provision of investment advice referred to in section 1002(21)(A)(ii) of this title (or solely by reason of contracting for or otherwise arranging for the provision of the advice), if—
 - (i) the advice is provided by a fiduciary adviser pursuant to an eligible investment advice arrangement between the plan sponsor or other fiduciary and the fiduciary adviser for the provision by the fiduciary adviser of investment advice referred to in such section,

- (ii) the terms of the eligible investment advice arrangement require compliance by the <u>fiduciary adviser</u> with the requirements of this subsection, and
- (iii) the terms of the eligible investment advice arrangement include a written acknowledgment by the fiduciary adviser that the fiduciary adviser is a fiduciary of the plan with respect to the provision of the advice.

(B) Continued duty of prudent selection of adviser and periodic review

Nothing in subparagraph (A) shall be construed to exempt a plan sponsor or other person who is a fiduciary from any requirement of this part for the prudent selection and periodic review of a fiduciary adviser with whom the plan sponsor or other person enters into an eligible investment advice arrangement for the provision of investment advice referred to in section 1002(21)(A)(ii) of this title. The plan sponsor or other person who is a fiduciary has no duty under this part to monitor the specific investment advice given by the fiduciary adviser to any particular recipient of the advice.

- (C) Availability of plan assets for payment for advice Nothing in this part shall be construed to preclude the use of <u>plan</u> assets to pay for reasonable expenses in providing investment advice referred to in section 1002(21)(A)(ii) of this title.
- (11) **DEFINITIONS** For purposes of this subsection and subsection (b) (14)—
 - (A) Fiduciary adviser The term "fiduciary adviser" means, with respect to a plan, a person who is a fiduciary of the plan by reason of the provision of investment advice referred to in section 1002(21) (A)(ii) of this title by the person to a participant or beneficiary of the plan and who is—
 - (i) registered as an investment adviser under the <u>Investment</u> Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-1 et seq.) or under the laws of the <u>State</u> in which the fiduciary maintains its principal office and place of business,
 - (ii) a bank or similar financial institution referred to in subsection (b)(4) or a savings association (as defined in section 1813(b)(1) of title 12), but only if the advice is provided through

a trust department of the bank or similar financial institution or savings association which is subject to periodic examination and review by Federal or State banking authorities,

- (iii) an insurance company qualified to do business under the laws of a <u>State</u>,
- (iv) a person registered as a broker or dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.),
- (v) an <u>affiliate</u> of a <u>person</u> described in any of clauses (i) through (iv), or
- (vi) an employee, agent, or registered representative of a person described in clauses (i) through (v) who satisfies the requirements of applicable insurance, banking, and securities laws relating to the provision of the advice.

For purposes of this part, a person who develops the computer model described in paragraph (3)(B) or markets the investment advice program or computer model shall be treated as a person who is a fiduciary of the plan by reason of the provision of investment advice referred to in section 1002(21)(A)(ii) of this title to a participant or beneficiary and shall be treated as a fiduciary adviser for purposes of this subsection and subsection (b)(14), except that the Secretary may prescribe rules under which only 1 fiduciary adviser may elect to be treated as a fiduciary with respect to the plan.

(B) Affiliate

The term "affiliate" of another entity means an affiliated person of the entity (as defined in section 80a-2(a)(3) of title 15).

(C) Registered representative

The term "registered representative" of another entity means a person described in section 3(a)(18) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(18)) (substituting the entity for the broker or dealer referred to in such section) or a person described in section 202(a)(17) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-2(a)(17)) (substituting the entity for the investment adviser referred to in such section).

(h) Provision of Pharmacy Benefit Services

- (1) In GENERAL Provided that all of the conditions described in paragraph (2) are met, the restrictions imposed by subsections (a), (b) (1), and (b)(2) of section 1106 of this title shall not apply to—
 - (A) the offering of pharmacy benefit services to a group health plan that is sponsored by an entity described in section 1002(37)(G)(vi) of this title or to any other group health plan that is sponsored by a regional council, local union, or other labor organization affiliated with such entity;
 - **(B)** the purchase of pharmacy benefit services by <u>plan participants</u> and beneficiaries of a group health plan that is sponsored by an entity described in <u>section 1002(37)(G)(vi)</u> of this title or of any other group health plan that is sponsored by a regional council, local union, or other labor organization affiliated with such entity; or
 - **(C)** the operation or implementation of pharmacy benefit services by an entity described in section 1002(37)(G)(vi) of this title or by any other group health plan that is sponsored by a regional council, local union, or other labor organization affiliated with such entity,

in any arrangement where such entity described in section 1002(37)(G)(vi) of this title or any related organization or subsidiary of such entity provides pharmacy benefit services that include prior authorization and appeals, a retail pharmacy network, pharmacy benefit administration, mail order fulfillment, formulary support, manufacturer payments, audits, and specialty pharmacy and goods, to any such group health plan.

- **(2) CONDITIONS** The conditions described in this paragraph are the following:
 - (A) The terms of the arrangement are at least as favorable to the group health plan as such group health plan could obtain in a similar arm's length arrangement with an unrelated third party.
 - **(B)** At least 50 percent of the providers participating in the pharmacy benefit services offered by the arrangement are unrelated to the contributing <u>employers</u> or any other <u>party in interest</u> with respect to the group health plan.
 - **(C)** The group health plan retains an independent fiduciary who will be responsible for monitoring the group health plan's consultants, contractors, subcontractors, and other service providers for

purposes of pharmacy benefit services described in paragraph (1) offered by such entity or any of its related organizations or subsidiaries and monitors the transactions of such entity and any of its related organizations or subsidiaries to ensure that all conditions of this exemption are satisfied during each plan year.

- **(D)** Any decisions regarding the provision of pharmacy benefit services described in paragraph (1) are made by the group health plan's independent fiduciary, based on objective standards developed by the independent fiduciary in reliance on information provided by the arrangement.
- (E) The independent fiduciary of the group health plan provides an annual report to the Secretary and the congressional committees of jurisdiction attesting that the conditions described in subparagraphs (C) and (D) have been met for the applicable plan year, together with a statement that use of the arrangement's services are in the best interest of the participants and beneficiaries in the aggregate for that plan year compared to other similar arrangements the group health plan could have obtained in transactions with an unrelated third party.
- **(F)** The arrangement is not designed to benefit any party in interest with respect to the group health plan.

(3) VIOLATIONS

In the event an entity described in section 1002(37)(G)(vi) of this title or any affiliate of such entity violates any of the conditions of such exemption, such exemption shall not apply with respect to such entity or affiliate and all enforcement and claims available under this chapter shall apply with respect to such entity or affiliate.

(4) Rule of construction

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to modify any obligation of a group health plan otherwise set forth in this chapter.

(5) GROUP HEALTH PLAN

In this subsection, the term "group health plan" has the meaning given such term in section 1191b(a) of this title.

(Pub. L. 93–406, title I, § 408, Sept. 2, 1974, 88 Stat. 883; Pub. L. 96–364, title III, § 308, Sept. 26, 1980, 94 Stat. 1295; Pub. L. 97–354, § 5(a)(43),

Oct. 19, 1982, 96 Stat. 1697; Pub. L. 99–514, title XI, § 1114(b)(15)(B), title XVIII, § 1898(i)(1), Oct. 22, 1986, 100 Stat. 2452, 2957; Pub. L. 101-239, title VII, §§ 7881(/)(5), 7891(a), 7894(e)(4)(A), Dec. 19, 1989, 103 Stat. 2443, 2445, 2450; Pub. L. 101-508, title XII, § 12012(b), Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 1388-571; Pub. L. 103-465, title VII, § 731(c)(4)(C), Dec. 8, 1994, 108 Stat. 5004; Pub. L. 104–188, title I, § 1704(n)(2), Aug. 20, 1996, 110 Stat. 1886; Pub. L. 105-34, title XV, § 1506(b)(2), Aug. 5, 1997, 111 Stat. 1066; Pub. L. 106–170, title V, § 535(a)(2)(C), Dec. 17, 1999, 113 Stat. 1934; Pub. L. 107–16, title VI, § 612(b), June 7, 2001, 115 Stat. 100; Pub. L. 108–218, title II, § 204(b)(3), Apr. 10, 2004, 118 Stat. 609; Pub. L. 108-357, title VII, § 709(a)(3), Oct. 22, 2004, 118 Stat. 1551; Pub. L. 109–280, title I, § 108(a) (11), formerly $\S 107(a)(11)$, title VI, $\S \S 601(a)(1)$, (2), $\S 611(a)(1)$, (c)(1), (d) (1), (e)(1), (g)(1), 612(a), Aug. 17, 2006, 120 Stat. 819, 952, 953, 967–969, 971, 972, 975, renumbered Pub. L. 111-192, title II, § 202(a), June 25, 2010, 124 Stat. 1297; Pub. L. 110-458, title I, § 106(a)(1), (b)(1), Dec. 23, 2008, 122 Stat. 5106; Pub. L. 112-141, div. D, title II, § 40241(b), July 6, 2012, 126 Stat. 859; Pub. L. 114-41, title II, § 2007(b), July 31, 2015, 129 Stat. 459; Pub. L. 116-94, div. P, title XIII, § 1302(a), Dec. 20, 2019, 133 Stat. 3204.)

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