Health Professionals Survey

Form Approved OMB No. 0920-1129 Exp. Date xx/xx/xxxx

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You are invited to take part in a survey for health professionals. The purpose of this survey is to understand the opinions and practices of health professionals around their patients'/clients' alcohol use and on the prevention, identification, and treatment of fetal alcohol spectrum disorders. Your feedback is important as it will help us identify the needs of health professionals to better address the services they provide to patients/clients around alcohol consumption and/or the effects of alcohol use during pregnancy.

<u>Instructions</u>: Please answer the questions below. Your responses will be kept secure, and will be summarized only in aggregate with those of other respondents. Individual, identifiable responses will NOT be shared.

1.	My practice	e has a protocol to	screen all patients/clients f	or risky alcohol use.
	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Don't Know	☐ Does not apply to my practice setting
	IF YES	CONTINUE, ELSI	E GO TO Q3.	
2.	What ages	do you screen for	risky alcohol use? to	
3.	In your curi ☐ Yes	rent position, do yo	u provide services to wom	en of childbearing age?
IF	NO, GO TO	Q10		
4.	How often		our patients/clients of chi	Idbearing age or their parents/caregivers
		Never		
		Occasionally		
	٥	About half the tim	e	
		Frequently		
		Always		
		Not applicable		

5. When making a decision about whether to discuss patient's alcohol use, how important is each of the following considerations?

	Not Important	Somewhat Important	Moderately Important	Very Important	Extremely Important
a. Discussing patient/client's alcohol use could help reduce risky drinking.	1	2	3	4	5
b. I am too busy to have time to talk to patient/clients about their alcohol use.	1	2	3	4	5
c. Discussing their alcohol use could improve my patient/clients' health.	1	2	3	4	5
d. Helping patients/clients overcome problem drinking creates a stronger doctor-patient relationship.	1	2	3	4	5
e. I do not have adequate training to deal with patient/clients' who are at-risk drinkers.	1	2	3	4	5
f. Discussing their alcohol use could improve my patients'/clients' work productivity.	1	2	3	4	5
g. Discussing alcohol issues is uncomfortable for me.	1	2	3	4	5
h. Discussing their alcohol use could improve patients'/clients' family and personal relationships.	1	2	3	4	5
i. I will upset my patient/clients if I talk to them about their alcohol use.	1	2	3	4	5
j. My talking with a patient/client about alcohol use is unlikely to make a difference in his/her drinking.	1	2	3	4	5

6. Rate the importance of providing counseling to your patients/clients on risky alcohol use:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Not at all important									Extremely important
a. Pregnant women.										
b. Mothers after giving birth.										
c. Women of childbearing age.										

7. Rate your <u>confidence</u> in providing counseling to your patients/clients on risky alcohol use:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Not at all confiden t									Extremely confident
a. Pregnant women.										
b. Mothers after giving birth.										

	c. Wo	men of childbearing age.										
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8. Rate the <u>importance</u> of discussing the following topics with your patients/clients:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
With all women of childbearing age:	Not at all important									Extremely important
a. Contraception / family planning										
b. Risky drinking										
c. Risks of alcohol use during pregnancy										
With women likely to conceive in the near future	1 Not at all important	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 Extremely important
d. Risky drinking										
e. Risks of alcohol use during pregnancy										

9. Rate your <u>confidence</u> in discussing the following topics with your patients/clients:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
With all women of childbearing age:	Not at all confident									Extremely confident
a. Contraception / family planning										
b. Risky drinking										
c. Risks of alcohol use during pregnancy										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
With women likely to conceive in the near future:	Not at all confident									Extremely confident
d. Risky drinking										
e. Risks of alcohol use during pregnancy										

10.	Which	one c	of these	is NOT	considered	a standard	drink?
							•

Ц	12 ounces of beer
	12 ounces of wine cooler

	3 ounces of vodka
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☐ 5 ounces of wine

11.	-	ing for nonpregnant women ages 21 and older is defined as more thanstandard day or more than standard drinks per week on average:
		2, 6
		3, 7
		3, 8
		4, 7
		4, 8
12.	Fetal alcoh	ol spectrum disorders (FASDs) are:
		Disorders a pregnant woman experiences when she drinks alcohol
		Disorders that affect the ability of a pregnant woman who drinks alcohol to go full term
		Physical disorders that affect a fetus when a pregnant woman drinks alcohol
		The range of effects that can occur in an individual who was exposed prenatally to alcohol.
13.	-	rare of the CDC training website on FASD and risky alcohol use v.cdc.gov/fasdtraining?
	Yes	NO
14.	-	aken a training on the CDC website on FASD and risky alcohol use v.cdc.gov/fasdtraining?
	Yes	NO

☐ All of the above are standard drinks