

## **Disease Classification**

CIBMTR Use Only	Expiration Date: 10/31/2022
Sequence Number:	Public Burden Statement: The purpose of the data collection is to fulfill the legislative
Date Received:	mandate to establish and maintain a standardized database of allogeneic marrow and cord blood transplants performed in the United States or using a donor from the United States. The data collected also meets the C.W. Bill Young Cell Transplantation Program requirements to provide relevant scientific information not containing
	individually identifiable information available to the public in the form of summaries and data sets. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control number for this information collection is 0915-0310 and it is valid until 10/31/2022. This information collection is voluntary under The Stem Cell
	Therapeutic and Research Act of 2005, Public Law (Pub. L.) 109–129, as amended by the Stem Cell Therapeutic and Research Reauthorization Act of 2010, Public Law
	111–264 (the Act) and the Stem Cell Therapeutic and Research Reauthorization Act of 2015, Public Law 114-104. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.43 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, and completing and reviewing the

OMB No: 0915-0310

Maryland, 20857 or paperwork@hrsa.gov.

collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to HRSA Reports Clearance Officer, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 14N136B, Rockville,

Primary Disease for HCT / Cellular Therapy  1. Date of diagnosis of primary disease for HCT / cellular therapy:	CIBM	ATR Center Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
2. What was the primary disease for which the HCT / cellular therapy was performed?    Acute myelogenous leukemia (AML or ANLL) (10) - Go to question 3   Acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) (20) - Go to question 96   Acute leukemia of ambiguous lineage and other myeloid neoplasms (80) - Go to question 164   Chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) (40) - Go to question 168   Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS) (50) (If recipient has transformed to AML, indicate AML as the primary disease)	Prin	mary Disease for HCT / Cellular Therapy
Acute myelogenous leukemia (AML or ANLL) (10) - Go to question 3  Acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) (20) - Go to question 96  Acute leukemia of ambiguous lineage and other myeloid neoplasms (80) - Go to question 164  Chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) (40) - Go to question 168  Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS) (50) (If recipient has transformed to AML, indicate AML as the primary disease) - Go to question 179  Myeloproliferative Neoplasms (MPN) (1460) (If recipient has transformed to AML, indicate AML as the primary disease) - Go to question 260  Other leukemia (30) (includes CLL) - Go to question 373  Hodgkin lymphoma (150) - Go to question 380  Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (100) - Go to question 380  Multiple myeloma / plasma cell disorder (PCD) (170) - Go to question 398  Solid tumors (200) - Go to question 446  Severe aplastic anemia (300) (If the recipient developed MDS or AML, indicate MDS or AML as the primary disease) - Go to question 448  Inherited abnormalities of erythrocyte differentiation or function (310) - Go to question 450  Disorders of the immune system (400) - Go to question 494  Inherited abnormalities of platelets (500) - Go to question 494  Histiocytic disorders (570) - Go to question 502  Tolerance induction associated with solid organ transplant (910) - Go to question 506  Recessive dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa (920) - Go to First Name	1.	Date of diagnosis of primary disease for HCT / cellular therapy: / / /
	1.	Date of diagnosis of primary disease for HCT / cellular therapy:

וסוי	TR Center Number: CIBMTR Research ID:	
Ac	te Myelogenous Leukemia (AML)	
3.	Specify the AML classification	
	AML with t(9;11) (p22.3;q23.3); MLLT3-KMT2A (5)  AML with t(6;9) (p23;q34.1); DEK-NUP214 (6)  AML with inv(3) (q21.3;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21.3;q26.2); GATA2, MECOM (7)  AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13.3;q13.3); RBM15-MKL1 (8)  AML with tiv(3;21); (q22; q22.1); RUNX1-RUNX1T1 (281)  AML with inv(16) (p13.1;1q22) or t(16;16)(p13.1; q22); CBFB-MYH11 (282)  APL with PML-RARA (283)  AML with BCR-ABL1 (provisional entity) (3)  AML with mutated NPM1 (4)  AML with biallelic mutations of CEBPA (297)  AML with mutated RUNX1 (provisional entity) (298)  AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6;11), t(9;11), t(11;19)) (284)  AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285)  Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9)	
	AML, not otherwise specified  AML, not otherwise specified (280)  AML, minimally differentiated (286)  AML without maturation (287)  AML with maturation (288)  Acute myelomonocytic leukemia (289)  Acute monoblastic / acute monocytic leukemia (290)  Acute erythroid leukemia (erythroid / myeloid and pure erythroleukemia) (291)  Acute megakaryoblastic leukemia (292)  Acute basophilic leukemia (293)  Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis (294)  Myeloid sarcoma (295)  Myeloid leukemia associated with Down syndrome (299)	
4. 5. 6.	Did AML transform from MDS or MPN?	

BMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
Labs at diagnosis	
9. Were cytogenetics tested (karyotypin	ng or FISH)? (at diagnosis)
☐ Yes → 10. Were cytoger	netics tested via FISH?
10 Were cytoger	
	+14

dei(17q) / 17q-   dei(20q) / 20q-   dei(21q) / 21q-   m/3    m/3    m/3    m/3    m/3    m/3    m/4    15. Specify other abnormality   15. Specify other abnormality:   15. Specify other abnormality:   15. Specify other abnormality:   16. Were cytogenelics tested via karyotyping?   16. Results of tests   Abnormalities identified   Abnormalities identified   No evaluable metaphases   No abnormalities   No available metaphases   No abnormalities   No available metaphases   No abnormalities   Moreover   16. Specify cytogenetic abnormalities   (ISCN) compatible string:   19. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities   Two (2)   Three (3)   Four or more (4 or more)   20. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)   -5   -7   -7   -7   -7   -7   -7   -7	BMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
☐ +4 ☐ +8 ☐ +11	16. Were cytogeneti ☐ Yes →	del(17q) / 17q-   del(20q) / 20q-   del(21q) / 21q-   inv(3)   inv(16)   (11q23) any abnormality   12p any abnormality   15. Specify other abnormality:   15. Specify other abnormality:   Specify cytogenetic abnormalities   No evaluable metaphases   No abnormalities   No evaluable metaphases   No evaluable metaphases   18. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:   19. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities   One (1)   Two (2)   Three (3)   Four or more (4 or more)   20. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)   -5   -7   -17   -18   -X
□ +14		18. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:  19. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities  One (1) Two (2) Three (3) Four or more (4 or more)  20. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply) -5 -7 -17 -18 -X -Y +4 +8 +11

CIBINITR Center Nu	mber: CIBMTR Research ID:
CIBIVITY Center No.	+22
	22. Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. cytogenetic or FISH report)
OO Ware to te fam.	
23. Were tests for r  ☐ Yes →  ☐ No	Specify molecular markers identified at diagnosis
☐ Unknown	24. CEBPA  Positive  Negative  Not done  25. Specify CEBPA mutation  Biallelic (homozygous)  Monoallelic (heterozygous)  Unknown
	26. FLT – TKD (point mutations in D835 or deletions of codon I836)  ☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not done  27. FLT3 – ITD mutation ☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Known → ☐ Known → ☐ Unknown ☐ Unkno

	Imber:		CIBMTR Research ID:
	☐ Negative — ☐ Not done	<b>*</b>	Positive Negative Not done Positive Negative Not done Positive Negative Not done Positive Negative Not done Not done Solution Negative Not done Solution Negative Not done  35. Specify other molecular marker:  multiple molecular markers.
abs between diag	nosis and last evaluat	ion	
_	tics tested (karyotyping	or FISH)? (between di	agnosis and last evaluation)
☐ Yes → ☐ No	37. Were cytogene ☐ Yes →	tics tested via FISH?	
☐ Unknown	□ No	38. Results of tests  Abnormalitie  No abnorma	

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	☐ t(6;9)
	☐ t(8;21) ☐ t(9;11) ☐ t(9;22)
	☐ t(15;17) and variants ☐ t(16;16) ☐ del(3q) / 3q-
	☐ del(5q) / 5q- ☐ del(7q) / 7q- ☐ del(9q) / 9q-
	☐ del(11q) / 11q— ☐ del(16q) / 16q— ☐ del(17q) / 17q—
	☐ del(20q) / 20q— ☐ del(21q) / 21q— ☐ inv(3)
	☐ inv(16) ☐ (11q23) any abnormality ☐ 12p any abnormality
	Other abnormality  42. Specify other abnormality:

☐ Yes -	
☐ No	44. Results of tests
	☐ Abnormalities identified ☐ No evaluable metaphases
	☐ No abnormalities
	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified between diagnos
	and last evaluation  45. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature
	(ISCN) compatible string:
	46. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	One (1)
	☐ Two (2)
	Three (3)
	Four or more (4 or more)
	47. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
	□ -5 □ -
	☐ -7 ☐ -17
	-17
	□-Y
	□ +8
	□ +11
	□ +13
	<u></u> +14
	+21
	□ +22 □ ×2 0 0
	☐ t(3;3) ☐ t(6;9)
	□ t(6,9) □ t(8;21)
	□ t(9;11)
	□ t(9;22)
	☐ t(15;17) and variants
	☐ t(16;16)
	☐ del(3q) / 3q—
	☐ del(5q) / 5q—
	☐ del(7q) / 7q—
	☐ del(9q) / 9q—
	☐ del(11q) / 11q—
	☐ del(16q) / 16q—

	del(20q) / 20q-   del(21q) / 21q-   inv(3)   inv(16)   (11q23) any abnormality   12p any abnormality   Other abnormality
50 - Ware to de feet	49. Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. cytogenetic or FISH report)  — Yes — No  molecular markers performed? (e.g. PCR, NGS) (between diagnosis and last evaluation)
☐ Yes → No ☐ Unknown	Specify molecular markers identified between diagnosis  51. CEBPA  Positive Specify CEBPA mutation Biallelic (homozygous) Monoallelic (heterozygous) Unknown
	53. FLT3 – TKD (point mutations in D835 or deletions of codon I836) ☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not done  54. FLT3 – ITD mutation ☐ Positive ☐ S5. FLT3 – ITD allelic ratio ☐ Negative ☐ Known → ☐ Unknown ☐ Unknown ☐ S6. Specify FLT3 - ITD allelic ratio: • ☐
	57. IDH1
	Negative 62. Specify other molecular marker:  Not done  Copy and complete questions 61-62 to report multiple other molecular markers.
	Copy and Complete questions of the to report multiple other molecular markets.

re cytogenetics	tested (karyotyping or FISH)? (at last evaluation)
□ INO	4. Were cytogenetics tested via FISH?  ☐ Yes →  ☐
Unknown	□ No  65. Results of tests □ Abnormalities identified □ No abnormalities  Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at last evaluation  66. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string: □ One (1) □ Two (2) □ Three (3) □ Four or more (4 or more)  68. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
	-5 -7 -17 -18 -X -Y -4 -8 -11 -13 -14 -13 -14 -121 -122
	☐ t(3;3) ☐ t(6;9) ☐ t(8;21) ☐ t(9;11) ☐ t(9;22) ☐ t(15;17) and variants ☐ t(16;16) ☐ del(3q) / 3q- ☐ del(5q) / 5q- ☐ del(7q) / 7q- ☐ del(9q) / 9q-
	☐ del(11q) / 11q—

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	del(17q) / 17q-   del(20q) / 20q-   del(21q) / 21q-   inv(3)   inv(16)   (11q23) any abnormality   12p any abnormality   Other abnormality   69. Specify other abnormality:
	re cytogenetics tested via karyotyping?    Yes

CIBMTR Center Num	ber: CIBMTR Research ID:
77. Were tests for mo ☐ Yes → ☐ No ☐ Unknown	( 3,3)   ( 6,9)   (

CIBMTR Center No	umber:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	84. IDH1 85. IDH2 86. KIT 87. NPM1 88. Other molecular marker  Positive Negative Not done  Copy and complete questions 88-89 to	Positive Negative Not done Specify other molecular marker:
CNS Leukemia		
	nt have central nervous system leukemia at No  Unknown	any time prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion?
Status at transplar	ntation / infusion	
☐ Primary inc ☐ 1st comple or extrame - Go to qu ☐ 2nd comple	disease status? (based on hematological to duction failure - Go to question 95 te remission (no previous bone marrow — edullary relapse) (include CRi) estion 92 ete remission - Go to question 92  blete remission - Go to question 92	02. How many evalue of induction thereby were required to achieve
		- Go to question 95
☐ 2nd relapse☐ ≥ 3rd relapse	e - Go to question 94  se - Go to question 94  set - Go to question 94  ent - Go to question 95	94. Date of most recent relapse:
95. Date assessed	d:/ Go to sign	nature line

CIBMTR Center Nu	umber: CIBMTR Research ID:
Acute Lymphoblas	stic Leukemia (ALL)
96. Specify ALL cla	assification
B-lymphoble B-lymphoble B-lymphoble B-lymphoble B-lymphoble B-lymphoble B-lymphoble B-lymphoble	astic leukemia / lymphoma, NOS (B-cell ALL, NOS) (191) astic leukemia / lymphoma with t(9;22)(q34.1;q11.2); BCR-ABL1 (192) astic leukemia / lymphoma with t(v;11q23.3); KMT2A rearranged (193) astic leukemia / lymphoma with t(1;19)(q23;p13.3); TCF3-PBX1 (194) astic leukemia / lymphoma with t(12;21) (p13.2;q22.1); ETV6-RUNX1 (195) astic leukemia / lymphoma with t(5;14) (q31.1;q32.3); IL3-IGH (81) astic leukemia / lymphoma with Hyperdiploidy (51-65 chromosomes) (82) astic leukemia / lymphoma with Hypodiploidy (<46 chromosomes) (83) astic leukemia / lymphoma, BCR-ABL1-like (provisional entity) (94) astic leukemia / lymphoma, with iAMP21 (95)
T-cell lymph	blastic leukemia / lymphoma noblastic leukemia/lymphoma (Precursor T-cell ALL) (196) precursor lymphoblastic leukemia (96)
	blastic leukemia/lymphoma er (NK) - cell lymphoblastic leukemia / lymphoma (97)
97. Did the recipier  ☐ Yes → ☐ No ☐ Unknown	98. Specify condition  Aplastic anemia – Also complete CIBMTR Form 2028 — APL  Bloom syndrome  Down syndrome Fanconi anemia – Also complete CIBMTR Form 2029 — FAN  Other condition  99. Specify other condition:
	kinase inhibitors given for therapy at any time prior to start of the preparative regimen / infusion? Yes No mesylate, dasatinib, etc.)

poratory studies	at diagnosis			
1 Were cytogene	tics tested (karvotyping	or FISH)? (at diagnosis)		
	☐ Yes →			
□ No	102. Were cytogenetics tested via FISH? (at diagnosis)			
Unknown	☐ Yes →	103. Results of tests (at diagnosis)		
	☐ No	☐ Abnormalities identified ──		
		☐ No abnormalities		
		Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at diagnosis		
		104. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:		
		105. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities		
		☐ One (1)		
		☐ Two (2)		
		☐ Three (3)		
		☐ Four or more (4 or more)		
		106. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)		
		□ -7		
		□ +4		
		□ +8		
		□ +17		
		☐ +21		
		☐ t(1;19)		
		☐ t(2;8)		
		☐ t(4;11)		
		☐ t(5;14) ☐ t(8;14)		
		☐ t(8;22)		
		☐ t(9;22)		
		☐ t(10;14)		
		□ t(11;14)		
		☐ t(12;21)		
		☐ del(6q) / 6q-		
		☐ del(9p) / 9p—		
		☐ del(12p) / 12p—		
		☐ add(14q)		
		(11q23) any abnormality		
		☐ 9p any abnormality		
		☐ 12p any abnormality		
		Hyperdiploid (> 50) 107. Specify other		
		☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) abnormality:		
		iAMP21		
		☐ Other abnormality → L		

□ No □ Abno	frests (at diagnosis) rmalities identified valuable metaphases conormalities  Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at diagnosis  110. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
☐ Abno	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at diagnosis  110. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at diagnosis  110. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
No a	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at diagnosis  110. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
	110. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
	(ISCN) compatible string:  111. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities  One (1) Two (2) Three (3) Four or more (4 or more)  112. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply) -7 +4 +8 +17 +21 t(1;19) t(2;8) t(4;11)
	☐ One (1) ☐ Two (2) ☐ Three (3) ☐ Four or more (4 or more)  112. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply) ☐ -7 ☐ +4 ☐ +8 ☐ +17 ☐ +21 ☐ t(1;19) ☐ t(2;8) ☐ t(4;11)
	☐ Two (2)         ☐ Three (3)         ☐ Four or more (4 or more)         112. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)         ☐ -7         ☐ +4         ☐ +8         ☐ +17         ☐ +21         ☐ t(1;19)         ☐ t(2;8)         ☐ t(4;11)
	☐ Three (3) ☐ Four or more (4 or more)  112. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply) ☐ -7 ☐ +4 ☐ +8 ☐ +17 ☐ +21 ☐ t(1;19) ☐ t(2;8) ☐ t(4;11)
	☐ Four or more (4 or more)  112. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply) ☐ -7 ☐ +4 ☐ +8 ☐ +17 ☐ +21 ☐ t(1;19) ☐ t(2;8) ☐ t(4;11)
	112. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)  -7  +4  +8  +17  +21  t(1;19)  t(2;8)  t(4;11)
	☐ -7 ☐ +4 ☐ +8 ☐ +17 ☐ +21 ☐ t(1;19) ☐ t(2;8) ☐ t(4;11)
	☐ +4 ☐ +8 ☐ +17 ☐ +21 ☐ t(1;19) ☐ t(2;8) ☐ t(4;11)
	☐ +8 ☐ +17 ☐ +21 ☐ t(1;19) ☐ t(2;8) ☐ t(4;11)
	☐ +17 ☐ +21 ☐ t(1;19) ☐ t(2;8) ☐ t(4;11)
	<ul> <li></li></ul>
	☐ t(1;19) ☐ t(2;8) ☐ t(4;11)
	☐ t(2;8) ☐ t(4;11)
	☐ t(4;11)
	T t(5:14)
	☐ t(8;14)
	☐ t(8;22)
	☐ t(9;22)
	☐ t(10;14)
	☐ t(11;14)
	☐ t(12;21)
	☐ del(6q) / 6q-
	☐ del(9p) / 9p—
l l	☐ del(12p) / 12p-
	☐ add(14q)
	☐ (11q23) any abnormality
	☐ 9p any abnormality
	☐ 12p any abnormality
	☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50)
	☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) 113. Specify other
	iAMP21 abnormality:
	☐ Other abnormality ————————————————————————————————————

CIBM I R Center Nu	mber:	<del></del>	CIBMTR Research ID:
115. Were tests for n	nolecular markers perf	ormed? (e.g. PCR, NG	S) (at diagnosis)
☐ Yes →	Specify molecular	markers identified at o	diagnosis
☐ No☐ Unknown	446 DCD / ADI		☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not done
CHRIOWII	116. BCR / ABL 117. TEL-AML / AMI	I 1	☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not done☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not done☐ Negative ☐ Not done☐ Not done
	118. Other molecula		
	☐ Positive —	<b></b>	
	☐ Negative <del>—</del>	<b></b>	119. Specify other molecular marker:
	☐ Not done		
	Copy and complete	e questions 118 - 119 f	for additional molecular markers
Laboratory studies	between diagnosis a	nd last evaluation	
120. Were cytogenet	tics tested (karyotyping	or FISH)? (between d	liagnosis and last evaluation)
☐ Yes ——> ☐ No	121. Were cytogene	tics tested via FISH? (b	petween diagnosis and the last evaluation)
☐ Unknown	☐ Yes →	122 Posults of tosts	s (between diagnosis and the last evaluation)
	□ No	Abnormalitie	·
		☐ No abnorma	alities •
			Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified between diagnosis
			and last evaluation
			123. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
			124. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
			☐ One (1)
			☐ Two (2)
			☐ Three (3)
			Four or more (4 or more)
			125. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
			☐ +4
			□ +8
			☐ +17
			☐ +21 ☐ (4.4.40)
			☐ t(1;19) ☐ t(2;8)
			☐ t(4;11)
			☐ t(5;14)
			☐ t(8;14)
			☐ t(8;22)
			☐ t(9;22) ☐ t(10;14)
			☐ t(11;14)
			☐ t(12;21)
			<u> </u>

BMTR Center Nu	mber:	CIBMTR Research ID:
		del(6q) / 6q-   del(9p) / 9p-   del(12p) / 12p-   add(14q)   (11q23) any abnormality   9p any abnormality   12p any abnormality   Hyperdiploid (> 50)   Hypodiploid (< 46)   iAMP21
	127. Were cytogene ☐ Yes ☐ No ——	Other abnormality  tics tested via karyotyping? (between diagnosis and the last evaluation)  128. Results of tests (between diagnosis and the last evaluation)  Abnormalities identified  No evaluable metaphases  No abnormalities  Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified between diagnosis and last evaluation  129. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
		130. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities  One (1) Two (2) Three (3) Four or more (4 or more)  131. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply) -7 +4 +8 +17 +21 (1;19)
		□ t(2;8)         □ t(4;11)         □ t(5;14)         □ t(8;14)         □ t(8;22)         □ t(9;22)

	t(10;14)
	☐ t(11;14)         ☐ t(12;21)         ☐ del(6q) / 6q-         ☐ del(9p) / 9p-         ☐ del(12p) / 12p-         ☐ add(14q)         ☐ (11q23) any abnormality         ☐ 9p any abnormality         ☐ 12p any abnormality         ☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50)         ☐ Hypodiploid (< 46)
	☐ t(11;14)         ☐ t(12;21)         ☐ del(6q) / 6q-         ☐ del(9p) / 9p-         ☐ del(12p) / 12p-         ☐ add(14q)         ☐ (11q23) any abnormality         ☐ 9p any abnormality         ☐ 12p any abnormality         ☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50)         ☐ Hypodiploid (< 46)
	☐ t(12;21)         ☐ del(6q) / 6q-         ☐ del(9p) / 9p-         ☐ del(12p) / 12p-         ☐ add(14q)         ☐ (11q23) any abnormality         ☐ 9p any abnormality         ☐ 12p any abnormality         ☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50)         ☐ Hypodiploid (< 46)
	□ del(6q) / 6q-         □ del(9p) / 9p-         □ del(12p) / 12p-         □ add(14q)         □ (11q23) any abnormality         □ 9p any abnormality         □ 12p any abnormality         □ Hyperdiploid (> 50)         □ Hypodiploid (< 46)
	□ del(9p) / 9p-         □ del(12p) / 12p-         □ add(14q)         □ (11q23) any abnormality         □ 9p any abnormality         □ 12p any abnormality         □ Hyperdiploid (> 50)         □ Hypodiploid (< 46)
	☐ del(12p) / 12p— ☐ add(14q) ☐ (11q23) any abnormality ☐ 9p any abnormality ☐ 12p any abnormality ☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50) ☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) ☐ iAMP21
	☐ add(14q) ☐ (11q23) any abnormality ☐ 9p any abnormality ☐ 12p any abnormality ☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50) ☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) ☐ iAMP21
	☐ (11q23) any abnormality ☐ 9p any abnormality ☐ 12p any abnormality ☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50) ☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) ☐ iAMP21
	☐ 9p any abnormality ☐ 12p any abnormality ☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50) ☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) ☐ iAMP21
	☐ 12p any abnormality ☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50) ☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) ☐ iAMP21
	☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50) ☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) ☐ iAMP21
	☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) ☐ iAMP21
	☐ iAMP21
	_
	132. Specify other abnormality:
/as documentation submitted	to the CIBMTR? (e.g. cytogenetic or FISH report)
markers performed? (e.g. PC	CR, NGS) (between diagnosis and last evaluation)
y molecular markers identii	med between diagnosis and last evaluation
CR / ABL	☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not dor
EL-AML / AML1	☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not dor
ther molecular marker	
Positive ———	138. Specify other molecular marker:
-	
Negative ———	→
Negative ————————————————————————————————————	
f	r markers performed? (e.g. P  fy molecular markers identi  BCR / ABL  EL-AML / AML1  Other molecular marker  Positive

Tyes —	ping or FISH)? (at last evaluation) enetics tested via FISH?
□ No □ Unknown □ Yes □ No	141. Results of tests  Abnormalities identified  No abnormalities  Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at last evaluation  142. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:  143. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities  One (1)
	☐ Two (2) ☐ Three (3) ☐ Four or more (4 or more)
	144. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)    -7
	☐ del(9p) / 9p— ☐ del(12p) / 12p— ☐ add(14q) ☐ (11q23) any abnormality
	☐ 9p any abnormality ☐ 12p any abnormality ☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50)
	☐ Hypodiploid (< 46) ☐ iAMP21 ☐ Other abnormality ————————————————————————————————————

☐ Yes — No	147. Results of tests  Abnormalities identified  No evaluable metaphases  No abnormalities
	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at last evaluation  148. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
	☐ Two (2) ☐ Three (3) ☐ Four or more (4 or more)
	150. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)  -7 -+4 -+8 -+17 -+21
	□ del(6q) / 6q-         □ del(9p) / 9p-         □ del(12p) / 12p-         □ add(14q)         □ (11q23) any abnormality         □ 9p any abnormality         □ 12p any abnormality         □ Hyperdiploid (> 50)         □ Hypodiploid (< 46)
	iAMP21 abnormality:

JBMTR Center Nu	mber:	CIBMTR Research ID:
153. Were tests for n	nolecular markers performed? (e.g. PCR, NG	S) (at last evaluation)
☐ Yes →	Specify molecular markers identified at	last evaluation
∐ No ☐ Unknown	154. BCR / ABL 155. TEL-AML / AML1 156. Other molecular marker	☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not done ☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not done
	☐ Positive ────────────────────────────────────	157. Specify other molecular marker:
	Copy and complete questions 156 - 157	for additional molecular markers
CNS Leukemia		
158. Did the recipien	_	ny time prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion?
Status at transplant	tation / infusion	
_	isease status? (based on hematological tes	et results)
☐ 1st complete	uction failure - Go to question 163 e remission (no previous marrow or ————————————————————————————————	160. How many cycles of induction therapy were required to achieve 1st complete remission? (includes CRi)  ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ ≥ 3
	te remission - Go to question 160  ete remission - Go to question 160	161. Was the recipient in remission by flow cytometry? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Not applicable
		- Go to question 163
☐ 2nd relapse☐ ≥ 3rd relaps	- Go to question 162	162. Date of most recent relapse:////////////////////
163. Date assessed:	//// Go to sign	ature line

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
Acute Leukemias of Ambiguous Lineage and Other N	lyeloid Neoplasms
164. Specify acute leukemias of ambiguous lineage and  Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (29)  Acute undifferentiated leukemia (31)  Mixed phenotype acute leukemia (MPAL) with t(v; 11q23)  Mixed phenotype acute leukemia with t(v; 11q23)  Mixed phenotype acute leukemia, B/myeloid, NC  Mixed phenotype acute leukemia, T/myeloid, NC  Other acute leukemia of ambiguous lineage or m	9;22)(q34.1;q11.2); BCR-ABL1 (84) 3.3); KMT2A rearranged (85) OS (86) OS (87)
Status at transplantation	
Primary induction failure   Ist complete remission (no previous bone mark)   2nd complete remission   ≥ 3rd complete remission   Ist relapse   2nd relapse   ≥ 3rd relapse   No treatment   167. Date assessed:	

CIBMTR Center Number: CIBMTR Resea	arch ID:			
Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia (CML)				
168. Was therapy given prior to this HCT?				
□ Yes → □ No  169. Combination chemotherapy 170. Hydroxyurea (Droxia, Hydrea) 171. Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (e.g.imatinib mesylate, dasatinib, II 172. Interferon-α (Intron, Roferon) (includes PEG) 173. Other therapy □ Yes → □ No  174. Specify other therapy:	☐ Yes ☐ No			
175. What was the disease status?  Complete hematologic response (CHR) preceded only by chronic phase  Complete hematologic response (CHR) preceded by accelerated phase and/or blast phase  Chronic phase  Accelerated phase - Go to question 177  Blast phase - Go to question 177	176. Specify level of response  No cytogenetic response (No CyR)  Minimal cytogenetic response  Minor cytogenetic response  Partial cytogenetic response (PCyR)  Complete cytogenetic response (CCyR)  Major molecular remission (MMR)  Complete molecular remission (CMR)			
177. Number	☐ 1st ☐ 2nd ☐ 3rd or higher			
178. Date assessed:				

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
Myelodysplastic Syndrom	ne (MDS)
Classification questic  Atypical chronic my Chronic myelomone Juvenile myelomone Myelodysplastic syr MDS / MPN with rin Myelodysplastic syr Myelodysplastic syr Myelodysplastic syr Myelodysplastic syr	btype at diagnosis? – If transformed to AML, indicate AML as primary disease; also complete AML Disease peloid leukemia (aCML), BCR-ABL1 (1440) - Go to question 377 pocytic leukemia (CMMoL) (54) - Go to question 182 procytic leukemia (JMML) (36) - Go to question 218 primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (JMML) (36) - Go to question 181 primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) (acml) (acml) - Go to question 181 primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) (acml) - Go to question 181 primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) (acml) - Go to question 181 primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) - Go to question 181 primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) - Go to question 182 primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) - Go to question 182 primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) - Go to question 182 primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) - Go to question 182 primary disease; also complete AML Disease primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) - Go to question 182 primary disease; also complete AML Disease primary disease; also complete AML Disease preloid leukemia (acml) - Go to question 182 primary disease primar
☐ MDS with excess bi☐ MDS with excess bi☐ MDS with excess bi☐ Myelodysplastic synd☐ MDS-RS with single	drome with excess blasts (MDS-EB)  lasts-1 (MDS-EB-1) (61) - Go to question 182  lasts-2 (MDS-EB-2) (62) - Go to question 182  drome with ring sideroblasts (MDS-RS)  e lineage dysplasia (MDS-RS-SLD) (1453) - Go to question 182  lineage dysplasia (MDS-RS-MLD) (1454) - Go to question 182
	Specify Myelodysplastic syndrome, unclassifiable (MDS-U)  MDS-U with 1% blood blasts  MDS-U with single lineage dysplasia and pancytopenia  MDS-U based on defining cytogenetic abnormality  Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. pathology report used for diagnosis)  Yes
182. Was the disease MDS	therapy related?
□ No □ Unknown	a predisposing condition?  Specify condition  Aplastic anemia  DDX41-associated familial MDS  Diamond-Blackfan Anemia  Fanconi anemia  GATA2 deficiency (including Emberger syndrome, MonoMac syndrome, DCML deficiency)  Li-Fraumeni Syndrome  Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria  RUNX1 deficiency (previously "familial platelet disorder with propensity to myeloid malignancies")  SAMD9- or SAMD9L-associated familial MDS  Shwachman-Diamond Syndrome  Telomere biology disorder (including dyskeratosis congenita)  Other condition  185. Specify other condition:

Laboratory Studies at Diagnosis of MDS		
186. Date CBC drawn://	/	
187. WBC		
☐ Known →	188 x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L (x 10 <sup>3</sup> /mm <sup>3</sup> )	
Unknown		
190 Noutrophila		
189. Neutrophils		
Unknown	190%	
☐ Olikilowii		
191. Blasts in blood		
☐ Known ———		
Unknown	192 %	
193. Hemoglobin		
☐ Known →	194 • g/dL	
Unknown		
	195. Were RBCs transfused ≤ 30 days before date of test?	
196. Platelets		
☐ Known ———	197 x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L (x 10 <sup>3</sup> /mm³)	
Unknown	198. Were platelets transfused ≤ 7 days before date of test?  ☐ Yes ☐ No	
	100. Well place it allocated a ready solution and of rest.	
199. Blasts in bone marrow		
☐ Known ———		
☐ Unknown	200 %	
☐ Olikilowii		
201. Were cytogenetics tested (karyotyping	g or FISH)?	
☐ Yes → 202. Were cytogene	itics tasted via EISH?	
□ No □ Yes →	titos tested via Fiori:	
☐ Unknown ☐ No	203. Sample source Blood Bone Marrow	
	204. Results of tests	
	☐ Abnormalities identified ────	
	☐ No abnormalities	
	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via FISH at diagnosis	
	205. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:	
	206. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities	
	One (1)	
	☐ Two (2)	
	Three (3)	
	Four or more (4 or more)	

	207. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
	Monosomy
	□ -5
	□ -7
	□ -13
	□ -20
	□ -Y
	Trisomy
	□ +8
	□ +19
	Translocation
	☐ t(1;3)
	☐ t(2;11)
	□ t(3;3)
	☐ t(3;21)
	☐ t(6;9)
	☐ t(11;16)
	Deletion
	☐ del(3q) / 3q-
	☐ del(5q) / 5q-
	☐ del(7q) / 7q-
	☐ del(9q) / 9q-
	☐ del(11q) / 11q- ☐ del(12p) / 12p-
	☐ del(13q) / 13q-
	☐ del(20q) / 20q-
	Inversion
	☐ inv(3)
	Other
	☐ i17q
	☐ Other abnormality ————
	208. Specify other abnormality:
209.	Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. FISH report)

☐ Yes —		
☐ No	211. Sample source	☐ Blood ☐ Bone Marro
	212. Results of tests  Abnormalitie	on identified
	☐ No evaluable	
	☐ No abnorma	
		Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via conventional cytogenetics at diagnosis
		International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
		214. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
		☐ One (1) ☐ Two (2)
		☐ Three (3)
		Four or more (4 or more)
		215. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
		Monosomy
		□ -5
		□ –13 □ –20
		□ -Y
		Trisomy
		□ +8
		☐ <b>+</b> 19
		Translocation
		☐ t(1;3)
		☐ t(2;11)
		☐ t(3;3)
		☐ t(3;21) ☐ t(6;9)
		☐ t(11;16)
		Deletion ☐ del(3q) / 3q-
		☐ del(5q) / 5q-
		☐ del(7q) / 7q-
		☐ del(9q) / 9q-
		☐ del(11q) / 11q-

	Number: CIBMTR Research	ID:
	del(12p) / 12p-   del(13q) / 13q-   del(20q) / 20q-   Inversion   inv(3)   Other   i17q   Other abnormalii	ty
	2	16. Specify other abnormality:
	217. Was documentation submitted to the CIBM	TR? (e.g. karyotyping report)
preparative re ☐ Yes →	219. Specify the MDS subtype or AML after transformation  Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMMoL) (54) - Go to question 221  Myelodysplastic syndrome / myeloproliferative neoplasm, uncla  MDS / MPN with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS /  Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), unclassifiable (50) - Go to question 200  Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) (66) - Go to question 221  Refractory cytopenia of childhood (68) - Go to question 222	Assifiable (69) - Go to question 221  MPN-RS-T) (1452) - Go to question 221  Question 220  Question 221  MLD) (64) - Go to question 221
	Myelodysplastic syndrome with excess blasts (MDS-EB)  MDS with excess blasts-1 (MDS-EB-1) (61) - Go to question and MDS with excess blasts-2 (MDS-EB-2) (62) - Go to question and MDS with	
	Myelodysplastic syndrome with excess blasts (MDS-EB)  MDS with excess blasts-1 (MDS-EB-1) (61) - Go to question	221 - Go to question 221

	221. Specify the date of the most recent transformation:		
	/// Go to question 223		
	222. Date of MDS diagnosis:		
	/// Go to signature line		
Laboratory studies at last evaluation	prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion		
223. Date CBC drawn:	_//		
224. WBC			
☐ Known ———————————————————————————————————	225•		
226. Neutrophils			
☐ Known ☐ Unknown	<b>227</b> %		
228. Blasts in blood			
☐ Known ☐ Unknown	229 %		
230. Hemoglobin			
☐ Known ☐ Unknown	231 • □ g/dL □ g/L □ mmol/L 232. Were RBCs transfused ≤ 30 days before date of test?	☐ Yes	□No
233. Platelets			
☐ Known ☐ Unknown	234 x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L (x 10 <sup>3</sup> /mm <sup>3</sup> )	☐ Yes	□No
OOC Blocks in home manner.			
236. Blasts in bone marrow  Known  Unknown	237 %		

☐ Yes —▶ [	000 111		
□ No □ Yes → □ 239. Were cytogenetics tested via FISH?			
Unknown	☐ No	240. Sample source	☐ Blood ☐ Bone Marrow
		241. Results of tests	
		☐ Abnormalitie	
		☐ No abnorma	lities
			Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via FISH at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion
			242. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
			243. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
			☐ One (1)
			☐ Two (2)
			☐ Three (3)
			☐ Four or more (4 or more)
			244. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
			Monosomy
			□ <b>-</b> 5
			☐ <b>–</b> 13
			☐ -20
			□ -Y
			Trisomy
			☐ +8 —
			☐ <b>+</b> 19
			Translocation
			☐ t(1;3)
			☐ t(2;11)
			☐ t(3;3) —
			☐ t(3;21)
			☐ t(6;9)
			☐ t(11;16)
			Deletion
			del(3q) / 3q-
			☐ del(5q) / 5q-
			☐ del(7q) / 7q-
			☐ del(9q) / 9q-
			☐ del(11q) / 11q-
			☐ del(12p) / 12p-

IBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR RE	esearch ID:
247 Were cytogene	del(13q)   del(20q)   Inversion   inv(3)   Other   i17q   Other at   del(20q)   del(20	onormality
☐ Yes → ☐ No	248. Sample source  249. Results of tests  Abnormalities identified  No evaluable metaphases  No abnormalities  Specify cytoger cytogenetics at regimen / infusion compatible  250. International compatible  251. Specify num  One (1)  Two (2)  Three (3)	al System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) string:  mber of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities  B)  more (4 or more)  normalities (check all that apply)

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	Trisomy   +8
	253. Specify other abnormality:
	Go to question 256 (SD) - Go to question 259 provement (Prog from HI) - Go to question 259 (Rel from CR) - Go to question 259

BMTR Center N	Number:	CIBMTR Rese	earch ID:
	256. Specify the cell  HI-E  HI-P  HI-N	line examined to determine HI status (check  257. Specify transfusion dependence  ☐ Non transfused (NTD)  ☐ Low transfusion burden (LTB)  ☐ High transfusion burden (HTB)→	258. Specify the response achieved
	259. Date assessed:		☐ Minor response

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
Myeloproliferative Neoplasms (MPN)	
260. What was the MPN subtype at diagnosis? – If transformed to Classification questions  Chronic neutrophilic leukemia (165)  Chronic eosinophilic leukemia, not otherwise specified (NC Essential thrombocythemia (58)  Myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), unclassifiable (60) — Myeloid / lymphoid neoplasms with PDGFRA rearrangement Myeloid / lymphoid neoplasms with PDGFRB rearrangement Myeloid / lymphoid neoplasms with FGFR1 rearrangement Myeloid / lymphoid neoplasms with PCM1-JAK2 (1464)  Polycythemia vera (PCV) (57)  Primary myelofibrosis (PMF) (167)	262. Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR?  (e.g. pathology report used for diagnosis)  I Yes No
Mastocytosis  ☐ Cutaneous mastocytosis (CM) (1465) ☐ Systemic mastocytosis (1470) ☐ Mast cell sarcoma (MCS) (1466)	261. Specify Systemic mastocytosis  Indolent systemic mastocytosis (ISM)  Smoldering systemic mastocytosis (SSM)  Systemic mastocytosis with an associated hematological neoplasm (SM-AHN)  Aggressive systemic mastocytosis (ASM)  Mast cell leukemia (MCL)
Assessment at diagnosis  263. Did the recipient have constitutional symptoms in six months is unexplained fever higher than 37.5 °C)  Yes No Unknown  Laboratory studies at diagnosis of MPN  264. Date CBC drawn:  YYYY MM DD	before diagnosis? (symptoms are >10% weight loss in 6 months, night sweats,
265. WBC    Known	• x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L (x 10 <sup>3</sup> /mm³)
268%  269. Blasts in blood  Known  Unknown  270%	

BMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
271. Hemoglobin  ☐ Known ———————————————————————————————————	272•
74. Platelets  Known  Unknown	275
7. Blasts in bone marrow  Known  Unknown	278 %
9. Were tests for driver mutations per  Yes	280. JAK2
	283. CALR  Positive Negative Not done  284. CALR type 1 Positive Negative Not done  285. CALR type 2 Positive Negative Not done 286. Not defined Positive Negative Not done
	287. MPL
	287. MPL

Yes →	291. Were cytogene	tics tested via FISH?	
] No ] Unknown	☐ Yes →	292. Sample source	☐ Blood ☐ Bone Marr
	□ NO	293. Results of tests	
		☐ Abnormalitie	es identified
		☐ No abnorma	lities
			Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via FISH at diagnosis
			294. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN compatible string:
			295. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
			☐ One (1)
			☐ Two (2)
			☐ Three (3) ☐ Four or more (4 or more)
			296. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
			Monosomy
			□ -5
			□ -7
			□ -Y
			Trisomy
			□ +8
			☐ <b>+</b> 9
			Translocation
			☐ t(1;any)
			☐ t(3q21;any)
			☐ t(11q23;any) ☐ t(12p11.2;any)
			☐ t(6;9)
			Deletion
			☐ del(5q) / 5q-
			☐ del(7q) / 7q-
			☐ del(11q) / 11q-
			☐ del(12p) / 12p-
			☐ del(13q) / 13q-
			☐ del(20q) / 20q-
			Inversion
			☐ dup(1)
			☐ inv(3)

IBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Researc 	:h ID:
	Other   i17q   Other abnorma	297. Specify other abnormality:
299. Were cytogeneti ☐ Yes → ☐ ☐ No	cs tested via karyotyping?  300. Sample source  301. Results of tests  Abnormalities identified  No evaluable metaphases	☐ Blood ☐ Bone Marrow
	Specify cytogenetic al cytogenetics at diagnormalities  302. International Syste compatible string:  303. Specify number of One (1)  Two (2)  Three (3)  Four or more (4)	em for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN)  f distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	Monosomy	

CIBM IR Center I	Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
	Deletion  del(5q) / 5q- del(7q) / 7q- del(11q) / 11q- del(12p) / 12p- del(13q) / 13q- del(20q) / 20q-
	Inversion  dup(1)  inv(3)
	Other  i17q  Other abnormality  305. Specify other abnormality:
	306. Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. karyotyping report) ☐ Yes ☐ No
307. Did the recipi infusion?	ent progress or transform to a different MPN subtype or AML between diagnosis and the start of the preparative regimen /
☐ Yes <b>→</b>	308. Specify the MPN subtype or AML after transformation  ☐ Post-essential thrombocythemic myelofibrosis (1467) → ☐ Post-polycythemic myelofibrosis (1468) → 309. Specify the date of the most recent transformation:
	Transformed to AML (70)  310. Date of MPN diagnosis:
Assessment at la	est evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion
311. Specify trans	fusion dependence at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion fused (NTD) – (0 RBCs in 16 weeks) fusion burden (LTB) – (3-7 RBCs in 16 weeks in at least 2 transfusion episodes; maximum of 3 in 8 weeks) sfusion burden (HTB) – (≥ 8 RBCs in 16weeks; ≥ 4 in 8 weeks)
(symptoms a	ent have constitutional symptoms in six months before last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion?  are >10% weight loss in 6 months, night sweats, unexplained fever higher than 37.5 °C)  No  Unknown

IBMTR Center Number:		arch ID:	
313. Did the recipient have splenomegaly	at last evaluation prior to the start of the prepare	ative regimen/ infusion?	
☐ Yes —	314. Specify the method used to measure s	pleen size	
<ul><li>☐ No</li><li>☐ Unknown</li><li>☐ Not applicable (splenectomy)</li></ul>	☐ Physical assessment ———	315. Specify the spleen size: centimete below left costal margin	ers
	☐ Ultrasound — → CT/ MRI →	316. Specify the spleen size:centimeter	rs
317. Did the recipient have hepatomegaly	Last evaluation prior to the start of the prepar	ative regimen/infusion?	
☐ Yes →	318. Specify the method used to measure li	ver size	
☐ No ☐ Unknown	☐ Physical assessment ———	319. Specify the liver size: centimeters below left costal margin	
	☐ Ultrasound — → CT/ MRI →	320. Specify the liver size: centimeters	
321. Date CBC drawn:/_  YYYY  322. WBC  Known		400H ( 402( 3)	
Unknown	323 · 🗆 x	10°/L (x 10°/mm°)	
324. Neutrophils    Known  Unknown	325%		
326. Blasts in blood  Known	207		
Unknown	327 %		
328. Hemoglobin			
☐ Known ☐ Unknown	329• □ g/dL 330. Were RBCs transfused ≤ 30 days befo	g/L mmol/L are date of test?	□No
331. Platelets			
☐ Known ☐ Unknown	332 x 1 333. Were platelets transfused ≤ 7 days bet	09/L (x 103/mm3)	□No
334. Blasts in bone marrow			
☐ Known ☐ Unknown	335 %		

336. Were tests for dr	ver mutations perforr	med?		
☐ Yes ———	<b>*</b>	337. JAK2		
☐ No ☐ Unknown		☐ Positive —— ☐ Negative ☐ Not done	<b>\</b>	338. JAK2 V617F  Positive Negative Not done  339. JAK2 Exon 12  Positive Negative Not done
		340. CALR		
		☐ Negative	ŕ	341. CALR type 1  Positive Negative Not done
				342. CALR type 2  Positive Negative Not done  343. Not defined
				Positive Negative Not done
		344. MPL 345. CSF3R 346. Was documentat	ion submitted to the C	☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not do ☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not do ☐ SIBMTR? ☐ Yes ☐ N
17. Were cytogenetic	s tested (karyotyping	or FISH)?		
☐ Yes →	348. Were cytogene	tics tested via FISH?		
☐ Unknown	☐ Yes →	349. Sample source		☐ Blood ☐ Bone Marrow
	□ No	350. Results of tests  Abnormalities  No abnormal		
		□ No abnormal	Specify cytogenetic	c abnormalities identified via FISH at last the start of the preparative regimen / infusion
			351. International Sy compatible strin	ystem for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) ng:
			352. Specify number	r of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
			☐ Two (2) ☐ Three (3) ☐ Four or mor	e (4 or more)
			353. Specify abnorm	nalities (check all that apply)
			Monosomy  ☐ -5	
			□ =3 □ =7	

BMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	Trisomy  ☐ +8 ☐ +9
	Translocation  ☐ t(1;any) ☐ t(3q21;any) ☐ t(11q23;any)
	☐ t(12p11.2;any) ☐ t(6;9)
	Deletion  del(5q) / 5q- del(7q) / 7q- del(11q) / 11q- del(12p) / 12p- del(13q) / 13q- del(20q) / 20q-
	Inversion  dup(1)  inv(3)
	Other  i17q  Other abnormality
	354. Specify other abnormality:
	355. Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. FISH report)
	etics tested via karyotyping?
☐ Yes →	357. Sample source Blood Bone Marrow  358. Results of tests
	☐ Abnormalities identified ☐ No evaluable metaphases ☐ No abnormalities
	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via conventional cytogenetics at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion
	359. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:

	360. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	☐ One (1)
	☐ Two (2)
	☐ Three (3)
	☐ Four or more (4 or more)
	361. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
	Monosomy
	_5
	□ <b>-</b> 7
	□ -Y
	Trisomy
	□ +8
	□ <b>+</b> 9
	Translocation
	☐ t(1;any)
	☐ t(3q21;any)
	☐ t(11q23;any)
	☐ t(12p11.2;any)
	☐ t(6;9)
	Deletion
	☐ del(5q) / 5q-
	☐ del(7q) / 7q-
	☐ del(11q) / 11q-
	☐ del(12p) / 12p-
	☐ del(13q) / 13q-
	☐ del(20q) / 20q-
	Inversion
	☐ dup(1)
	☐ inv(3)
	Other
	☐ i17q
	☐ Other abnormality ─── <b>→</b>
	362. Specify other abnormality:
363	B. Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. karyotyping report) ☐ Yes ☐ No

CIBINITR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
Status at transplantation / infusion	
364. What was the disease status?  ☐ Complete clinical remission (CR) - Go to question 368 ☐ Partial clinical remission (PR) - Go to question 368 ☐ Clinical Improvement (CI) ☐ Stable disease (SD) - Go to question 368 ☐ Progressive disease - Go to question 368 ☐ Relapse - Go to question 368 ☐ Not assessed	365. Was an anemia response achieved?
☐ Not assessed	YYYY MM DD
369. Specify the cytogenetic response  ☐ Complete response (CR): Eradication of pre-existing ab ☐ Partial response (PR): ≥ 50% reduction in abnormal met ☐ Re-emergence of pre-existing cytogenetic abnormality — ☐ Not assessed ☐ Not applicable ☐ None of the above (Does not meet the CR or PR criterial)	370. Date assessed:
371. Specify the molecular response  ☐ Complete response (CR): Eradication of pre-existing ab ☐ Partial response (PR): ≥50% decrease in allele burden = ☐ Re-emergence of a pre-existing molecular abnormality — ☐ Not assessed - Go to First Name ☐ Not applicable - Go to First Name ☐ None of the above (Does not meet the CR or PR criteria	372. Date assessed:

CIBM I R Center Number: CIBM I R Research ID:		
Other Leukemia (OL)		
Chronic lymphocy Hairy cell leukemia Hairy cell leukemia Monoclonal B-cell Prolymphocytic let PLL, B-cell (73) - 0 PLL, T-cell (74) - 0	kemia classification  ytic leukemia (CLL), NOS (34) - Go to question 375  ytic leukemia (CLL), B-cell / small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) (71) - Go to question 375  ia (35) - Go to question 378  ia variant (75) - Go to question 378  I lymphocytosis (76) - Go to signature line  eukemia (PLL), NOS (37) - Go to question 375  Go to question 375  Go to question 375  NOS (30) - Go to question 377  39) - Go to question 374	
374	4. Specify other leukemia:	- Go to question 377
375	5. Was any 17p abnormality detected?  ☐ Yes - If disease classification is CLL, go to question 376. If PLL, go to question 378.	
	□ No	
376	6. Did a histologic transformation to diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (Richter syndrome) occur at ar CLL diagnosis?	ny time after
	Yes - Go to question 380 – Also complete NHL Disease Classification questions	
	☐ No - Go to question 378	
Sta	atus at transplantation / infusion	
377	7. What was the disease status? (Atypical CML)	
	☐ Primary induction failure - Go to question 379	
	☐ 1st complete remission (no previous bone marrow or extramedullary relapse) - <i>Go to ques</i>	stion 379
	☐ 2nd complete remission - <i>Go to question 379</i>	
	☐ 1st relapse - Go to question 379	
	☐ 2nd relapse - Go to question 379	
	☐ ≥ 3rd relapse - Go to question 379	
	☐ No treatment - Go to signature line	
378	8. What was the disease status? (CLL, PLL, Hairy cell leukemia)	
	☐ Complete remission (CR) - Go to question 379	
	☐ Partial remission (PR) - Go to question 379	
	☐ Stable disease (SD) - Go to question 379	
	☐ Progressive disease (Prog) - Go to question 379	
	☐ Untreated - Go to question 379	
	☐ Not assessed - Go to signature line	
379. Date assessed:Y	/ / Go to signature line	

CIBN	MTR Center Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
Но	dgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma
20/	O Chaoife the lumphame histology (at infusion)
301	0. Specify the lymphoma histology (at infusion)
	Hodgkin Lymphoma Codes
	☐ Hodgkin lymphoma, not otherwise specified (150)
	Lymphocyte depleted (154)
	Lymphocyte-rich (151)
	☐ Mixed cellularity (153)
	☐ Nodular lymphocyte predominant Hodgkin lymphoma (155)
	☐ Nodular sclerosis (152)
	Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Codes
	B-cell Neoplasms
	☐ ALK+ large B-cell lymphoma (1833)
	B-cell lymphoma, unclassifiable, with features intermediate between DLBCL and classical Hodgkin lymphoma (149)
	☐ Burkitt lymphoma (111)
	Burkitt-like lymphoma with 11q aberration (1834)
	☐ Diffuse, large B-cell lymphoma - Activated B-cell type (non-GCB) (1821) - Go to question 382
	☐ Diffuse, large B-cell lymphoma - Germinal center B-cell type (1820) - Go to question 382
	☐ Diffuse large B-cell Lymphoma (cell of origin unknown) (107)
	☐ DLBCL associated with chronic inflammation (1825)
	☐ Duodenal-type follicular lymphoma (1815)
	☐ EBV+ DLBCL, NOS (1823)
	☐ EBV+ mucocutaneous ulcer (1824)
	Extranodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma of mucosal associated lymphoid tissue type (MALT) (122)
	☐ Follicular, mixed, small cleaved and large cell (Grade II follicle center lymphoma) (103)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIA follicle center lymphoma) (162)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIB follicle center lymphoma) (163)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIA vs IIIB not specified) (1814)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly small cleaved cell (Grade I follicle center lymphoma) (102)
	☐ Follicular (grade unknown) (164)
	HHV8+ DLBCL, NOS (1826)
	☐ High-grade B-cell lymphoma, with MYC and BCL2 and/or BCL6 rearrangements (1831)
	☐ High-grade B-cell lymphoma, NOS (1830)
	☐ Intravascular large B-cell lymphoma (136)
	☐ Large B-cell lymphoma with IRF4 rearrangement (1832)
	Lymphomatoid granulomatosis (1835)
	☐ Mantle cell lymphoma (115)
	☐ Nodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (± monocytoid B-cells) (123)
	Pediatric nodal marginal zone lymphoma (1813)
	Pediatric-type follicular lymphoma (1816)
	☐ Plasmablastic lymphoma (1836)
	Primary cutaneous DLBCL, leg type (1822)
	☐ Primary cutaneous follicle center lymphoma (1817)
	Primary diffuse, large B-cell lymphoma of the CNS (118)
	☐ Primary effusion lymphoma (138)
	Primary mediastinal (thymic) large R-cell lymphoma (125)

ITR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
☐ Splenic B-cell lymphoma/leukemia, unclassifi	iable (1811)
☐ Splenic diffuse red pulp small B-cell lymphon	
☐ Splenic marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (124	
☐ T-cell / histiocytic rich large B-cell lymphoma	
☐ Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia / Lymphopla	
Other B-cell lymphoma (129) - Go to question	
T-cell and NK-cell Neoplasms	
☐ Adult T-cell lymphoma / leukemia (HTLV1 ass	sociated) (134)
☐ Aggressive NK-cell leukemia (27)	
☐ Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK	positive (143)
☐ Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK	
☐ Angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma (131)	nogative (111)
☐ Breast implant–associated anaplastic large-c	rell lymphoma (1861)
☐ Chronic lymphoproliferative disorder of NK ce	
☐ Enteropathy-type T-cell lymphoma (133)	3115 (1000)
Extranodal NK / T-cell lymphoma, nasal type	(427)
_	(137)
Follicular T-cell lymphoma (1859)	
Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma (145)	(1) (1) (4)(050)
Indolent T-cell lymphoproliferative disorder of	
Monomorphic epitheliotropic intestinal T-cell I	lymphoma (1857)
Mycosis fungoides (141)	
Nodal peripheral T-cell lymphoma with TFH p	
Peripheral T-cell lymphoma (PTCL), NOS (13	30)
Primary cutaneous acral CD8+ T-cell lympho	ma (1853)
Primary cutaneous CD4+ small/medium T-ce	
☐ Primary cutaneous CD8+ aggressive epidern	notropic cytotoxic T-cell lymphoma (1852)
Primary cutaneous CD30+ T-cell lymphoproli papulosis] (147)	ferative disorders [Primary cutaneous anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (C-ALCL), lympho
☐ Primary cutaneous γδ T-cell lymphoma (1851	I)
☐ Sezary syndrome (142)	
☐ Subcutaneous panniculitis-like T-cell lymphor	ma (146)
☐ Systemic EBV+ T-cell lymphoma of childhood	d (1855)
☐ T-cell large granular lymphocytic leukemia (1	26)
Other T-cell / NK-cell lymphoma (139) - Go to	o question 381
Posttransplant lymphoproliferative disorders	(PTLD)
☐ Classical Hodgkin lymphoma PTLD (1876)	
☐ Florid follicular hyperplasia PTLD (1873)	
☐ Infectious mononucleosis PTLD (1872)	
☐ Monomorphic PTLD (B- and T-/NK-cell types	) (1875)
☐ Plasmacytic hyperplasia PTLD (1871)	
☐ Polymorphic PTLD (1874)	
381. Specify other lymphoma h	nistology: - Go to question
	erminal center B-cell type vs. activated B-cell type) subtype was based on:
	y (e.g. Han's algorithm)

☐ Yes —	<b>———</b>
□ No	384. Was any 17p abnormality detected?
s the lympho	oma histology reported at transplant a transformation from a different lymphoma histology? (Not CLL)
□ Yes <del></del> □ No	386. Specify the original lymphoma histology (prior to transformation)
	Hodgkin Lymphoma Codes
	☐ Hodgkin lymphoma, not otherwise specified (150)
	Lymphocyte depleted (154)
	☐ Lymphocyte-rich (151)
	☐ Mixed cellularity (153)
	□ Nodular lymphocyte predominant Hodgkin lymphoma (155)
	□ Nodular sclerosis (152)
	Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Codes
	B-cell Neoplasms
	☐ ALK+ large B-cell lymphoma (1833)
	B-cell lymphoma, unclassifiable, with features intermediate between DLBCL and classical Hodgkin lymphoma (149)
	☐ Burkitt lymphoma (111)
	☐ Burkitt-like lymphoma with 11q aberration (1834)
	☐ Diffuse, large B-cell lymphoma - Activated B-cell type (non-GCB) (1821) - Go to question 387
	☐ Diffuse, large B-cell lymphoma - Germinal center B-cell type (1820) - Go to question 387
	☐ Diffuse large B-cell Lymphoma (cell of origin unknown) (107)
	DLBCL associated with chronic inflammation (1825)
	☐ Duodenal-type follicular lymphoma (1815)
	☐ EBV+ DLBCL, NOS (1823)
	☐ EBV+ mucocutaneous ulcer (1824)
	Extranodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma of mucosal associated lymphoid tissue type (MALT) (122)
	☐ Follicular, mixed, small cleaved and large cell (Grade II follicle center lymphoma) (103)
	Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIA follicle center lymphoma) (162)
	Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIA follicle center lymphoma) (163)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIA vs IIIB not specified) (1814)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly small cleaved cell (Grade I follicle center lymphoma) (102)
	☐ Follicular (grade unknown) (164)
	☐ HHV8+ DLBCL, NOS (1826)
	☐ High-grade B-cell lymphoma, with MYC and BCL2 and/or BCL6 rearrangements (1831)
	☐ High-grade B-cell lymphoma, NOS (1830)
	☐ Intravascular large B-cell lymphoma (136)
	☐ Large B-cell lymphoma with IRF4 rearrangement (1832)
	☐ Lymphomatoid granulomatosis (1835)
	☐ Mantle cell lymphoma (115)
	☐ Nodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (± monocytoid B-cells) (123)
	☐ Pediatric nodal marginal zone lymphoma (1813)
	☐ Pediatric-type follicular lymphoma (1816)

IBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:	
	☐ Plasmablastic lymphoma (1836)	
	☐ Primary cutaneous DLBCL, leg type (1822)	
	☐ Primary cutaneous follicle center lymphoma (1817)	
	☐ Primary diffuse, large B-cell lymphoma of the CNS (118)	
	☐ Primary effusion lymphoma (138)	
	☐ Primary mediastinal (thymic) large B-cell lymphoma (125)	
	☐ Splenic B-cell lymphoma/leukemia, unclassifiable (1811)	
	☐ Splenic diffuse red pulp small B-cell lymphoma (1812)	
	☐ Splenic marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (124)	
	☐ T-cell / histiocytic rich large B-cell lymphoma (120)	
	☐ Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia / Lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma (173)	
	Other B-cell lymphoma (129) - Go to question 387	
	T-cell and NK-cell Neoplasms	
	Adult T-cell lymphoma / leukemia (HTLV1 associated) (134)	
	☐ Aggressive NK-cell leukemia (27)	
	☐ Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK positive (143)	
	☐ Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK negative (144)	
	☐ Angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma (131)	
	☐ Breast implant–associated anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (1861)	
	☐ Chronic lymphoproliferative disorder of NK cells (1856)	
	☐ Enteropathy-type T-cell lymphoma (133)	
	☐ Extranodal NK / T-cell lymphoma, nasal type (137)	
	☐ Follicular T-cell lymphoma (1859)	
	☐ Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma (145)	
	☐ Indolent T-cell lymphoproliferative disorder of the GI tract (1858)	
	☐ Monomorphic epitheliotropic intestinal T-cell lymphoma (1857)	
	☐ Mycosis fungoides (141)	
	☐ Nodal peripheral T-cell lymphoma with TFH phenotype (1860)	
	Peripheral T-cell lymphoma (PTCL), NOS (130)	
	☐ Primary cutaneous acral CD8+ T-cell lymphoma (1853)	
	Primary cutaneous CD4+ small/medium T-cell lymphoproliferative disorder (1854)	
	☐ Primary cutaneous CD8+ aggressive epidermotropic cytotoxic T-cell lymphoma (1852) ☐ Primary cutaneous CD30+ T-cell lymphoproliferative disorders [Primary cutaneous anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (C-ALCL), lymphoid papulosis] (147)	
	□ Primary cutaneous γδ T-cell lymphoma (1851)	
	☐ Sezary syndrome (142)	
	Subcutaneous panniculitis-like T-cell lymphoma (146)	
	☐ Systemic EBV+ T-cell lymphoma of childhood (1855)	
	☐ T-cell large granular lymphocytic leukemia (126)	
	☐ Other T-cell / NK-cell lymphoma (139) - Go to question 387	
	Posttransplant lymphoproliferative disorders (PTLD)	
	Classical Hodgkin lymphoma PTLD (1876)	
	☐ Florid follicular hyperplasia PTLD (1873)	
	☐ Infectious mononucleosis PTLD (1872)	

CIBINITA Center Nu	TIDET: CIBINITR Research ID:
	<ul> <li>☐ Monomorphic PTLD (B- and T-/NK-cell types) (1875)</li> <li>☐ Plasmacytic hyperplasia PTLD (1871)</li> <li>☐ Polymorphic PTLD (1874)</li> </ul>
	387. Specify other lymphoma histology:
	388. Date of original lymphoma diagnosis:///////////
	(roport and date of diagnosis of original symphosical date, per
<u></u>	PET/CT) scan performed? (at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion)
☐ Yes —— ☐ No	390. Was the PET (or PET/CT) scan positive for lymphoma involvement at any disease site?
	391. Date of PET scan  ☐ Known → 392. Date of PET (or PET/CT) scan://///
	393. Deauville (five-point) score of the PET (or PET/CT) scan
	☐ Known → ☐ Unknown ☐ 394. Scale ☐ 1- no uptake or no residual uptake ☐ 2- slight uptake, but below blood pool (mediastinum) ☐ 3- uptake above mediastinal, but below or equal to uptake in the liver
	4- uptake slightly to moderately higher than liver
	5- markedly increased uptake or any new lesion
Statue at transplan	ntion / infusion
Status at transplan	
395. What was the o	eated - Go to signature line
	nary induction failure – resistant: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with stable or progressive disease on treatment.
	1 - Primary induction failure – sensitive: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with partial remission on treatment.
_	mary induction failure – sensitivity unknown <b>- Go to question 396</b>
☐ CR1 - 1st c	mplete remission: no bone marrow or extramedullary relapse prior to transplant - Go to question 396
☐ CR2 - 2nd o	emplete remission - Go to question 396
☐ CR3+ - 3rd	r subsequent complete remission - Go to question 396
☐ REL1 unt -	st relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow or extramedullary relapse - Go to question 396
REL1 res -	st relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment - Go to question 396
REL1 sen -	st relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission was achieved, classify as CR2) - Go to question 396
REL1 unk -	st relapse – sensitivity unknown - Go to question 396
_	nd relapse – untreated: includes either bone marrow or extramedullary relapse - Go to question 396
☐ DEI 2 ***	nd relance - recistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment - Co to question 306

	se – sensitivity unknown - <i>Go to question 396</i> bsequent relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow or extramedullary relapse - <i>Go to question 396</i>
	bsequent relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment - <i>Go to question 396</i> bsequent relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission achieved, classify as CR3+)
- Go to question 396	se or greater – sensitivity unknown <i>- Go to question 396</i>
3 NEED AIN OR TOTAL	396. Total number of lines of therapy received (between diagnosis and HCT / infusion)
	☐ 1 line ☐ 2 lines ☐ 3+ lines
	397. Date assessed://///

CIBMTR Center No	umber: CIBMTR Research ID:
Multiple Myeloma	Plasma Cell Disorder (PCD)
Multiple my Multiple my Multiple my Plasma cell Solitary pla: Smoldering Amyloidosis Osteosclero	Itiple myeloma / plasma cell disorder (PCD) classification: eloma (178) - Go to questions 400 eloma-light chain only (186) - Go to questions 400 eloma-non-secretory (187) - Go to questions 406 lleukemia (172) - Go to questions 408 smacytoma (no evidence of myeloma) (175) - Go to questions 405 myeloma (180) - Go to questions 408 st (174) - Go to questions 401 otic myeloma / POEMS syndrome (176) - Go to question 408 ll gammopathy of renal significance (MGRS) (1611) - Go to question 402 ma cell disorder (179) - Go to question 399
	399. Specify other plasma cell disorder:

IDIVITA Center No	umber: CIBMTR Research ID:
	<ul> <li>□ Proliferative glomerulonephritis with monoclonal immunoglobulin G deposits (PGNMID)         <ul> <li>Go to question 404</li> </ul> </li> <li>□ C3 glomerulopathy with monoclonal gammopathy - Go to question 404</li> <li>□ Unknown - Go to question 404</li> </ul>
	403. Select monoclonal immunoglobulin deposition disease (MIDD) subtype  Light chain deposition disease (LCDD)  Light and heavy chain deposition disease (LHCDD)  Heavy chain deposition disease (HCDD)
	404. Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. pathology report)  See - Go to question 408  No - Go to question 408
	405. Solitary plasmacytoma was  □ Extramedullary - Go to question 408 □ Bone derived - Go to question 408
Stage I (All solitary be on electro) Stage II (Fi Stage III (C	Durie-Salmon staging? (at diagnosis)  I of the following: Hgb > 10g/dL; serum calcium normal or <10.5 mg/dL; bone x-ray normal bone structure (scale 0), one plasmacytoma only; low M-component production rates IgG < 5g/dL, IgA < 3g/dL; urine light chain M-component phoresis <4g/24h) - Go to question 407  Itting neither Stage I or Stage III) - Go to question 407  One of more of the following: Hgb < 8.5 g/dL; serum calcium > 12 mg/dL; advanced lytic bone lesions (scale 3); high nent production rates IgG >7g/dL, IgA > 5g/dL; Bence Jones protein >12g/24h) - Go to question 407  Go to question 408
	407. What was the Durie-Salmon sub classification? (at diagnosis)  ☐ A - relatively normal renal function (serum creatinine < 2.0 mg/dL)  ☐ B - abnormal renal function (serum creatinine ≥ 2.0 mg/dL)
408. Did the recipier  ☐ Yes →	nt have a preceding or concurrent plasma cell disorder?
□ No	409. Specify preceding / concurrent disorder  Multiple myeloma Multiple myeloma-light chain only Multiple myeloma-non-secretory Plasma cell leukemia Solitary plasmacytoma (no evidence of myeloma) Smoldering myeloma Amyloidosis

12. Serum β2-microglobulin	
☐ Known — → ☐ Unknown	413. Serum β2-microglobulin: • μg/dL
14. Serum albumin	
☐ Known ———————————————————————————————————	415. Serum albumin: • □ g/dL □ g/L
S.S. at diagnosis	
16. Stage	
☐ Known ———————————————————————————————————	417. Stage  ☐ 1 (β2-mic < 3.5, S. albumin ≥ 3.5) ☐ 2 (not fitting stage 1 or 3) ☐ 3 (β2-mic ≥ 5.5; S. albumin —)
- I.S.S. at diagnosis	
18. Stage ☐ Known ————— ☐ Unknown	419. Stage  1 (ISS stage I and standard-risk chromosomal abnormalities by iFISH and normal LDH levels)  2 (Not R-ISS stage I or III)  3 (ISS stage III and either high-risk chromosomal abnormalities by iFISH or high LDI
20. Plasma cells in blood by flow cytom ☐ Known →	netry 421. • %
☐ Unknown	422•
23. Plasma cells in blood by morpholog	gic assessment
☐ Known — → ☐ Unknown	424%
	425 •
26. LDH  ☐ Known →	
Unknown	427 • □ U/L □ μkat/L

	s tested (karyotypin	g or FISH)? (at diagnosis)	
1	430. Were cytogenetics tested via FISH?		
Yes → No Unknown	430. Were cytogend Yes	431. Results of tests Abnormalities identified — No abnormalities	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via FISH at diagnosis  432. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:  433. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply Trisomy
			☐ t(14;16) ☐ t(14;20)  Deletion ☐ del (13)/13q- ☐ del (17)/17p-  Monosomy ☐ - 13 ☐ - 17
			Other  Hyperdiploid (>50) Hypodiploid (<46) MYC rearrangement Any abnormality at 1q Any abnormality at 1p Other abnormality  434. Specify other abnormality:

	435. Was documentation submitted to th	ne CIBMTR? (e.g. FISH report)
436. Were cy	togenetics tested via karyotyping?	
☐ Yes -	437. Results of tests	
	☐ Abnormalities identified ☐ No evaluable metaphases	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via conventional cytogenetics at diagnosis
	☐ No abnormalities	438. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
		439. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply
		Trisomy
		+3 
		☐ +5 
		☐ +7
		☐ <b>+</b> 9
		☐ +11
		☐ +15
		<u></u> +19
		Translocation
		☐ t(4;14)
		☐ t(6;14)
		☐ t(11;14)
		☐ t(14;16)
		☐ t(14;10)
		Deletion
		☐ del (13)/13q-
		☐ del (17)/17p-
		Monosomy
		☐ - 13
		☐ - 17
		Other
		☐ Hyperdiploid (>50)
		☐ Hypodiploid (<46)
		MYC rearrangement
		☐ Any abnormality at 1q
		☐ Any abnormality at 1p
		Other abnormality
		440. Specify other
		abnormality:

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	441. Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. karyotyping report)  ☐ Yes ☐ No
Status at transplantation / infusion	
442. What is the hematologic disease status  Stringent complete response (sCR)  Complete response (CR)  Very good partial response (VGPR)  Partial response (PR)  No reponse (NR) / Stable disease (PD)  Relapse from CR (Rel) (untreated)  Unknown	(SD)
	443. Date assessed://// <b>Go to signature line</b>
<ul> <li>☐ Complete response (CR)</li> <li>☐ Very good partial response (VGPR)</li> <li>☐ Partial response (PR)</li> <li>☐ No reponse (NR) / Stable disease (PD)</li> <li>☐ Progressive disease (PD)</li> <li>☐ Relapse from CR (Rel) (untreated)</li> <li>☐ Unknown</li> </ul>	(SD)
	445. Date assessed:/// Go to signature line

	CIBMTR Research ID:
Solid Tumors	
446. Specify the solid tumor classification	
☐ Bone sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (273)	
☐ Breast cancer (250)	
☐ Central nervous system tumor, including CNS PNET (220)	
☐ Cervical (212)	
☐ Colorectal (228)	
☐ Ewing family tumors of bone (including PNET) (275)	
☐ Ewing family tumors, extraosseous (including PNET) (276)	
External genitalia (211)	
☐ Fibrosarcoma (244)	
☐ Gastric (229)	
☐ Germ cell tumor, extragonadal (225)	
☐ Head / neck (201)	
☐ Hemangiosarcoma (246)	
☐ Hepatobiliary (207)	
☐ Leiomyosarcoma (242)	
☐ Liposarcoma (243)	
☐ Lung, non-small cell (203)	
☐ Lung, not otherwise specified (230)	
Lung, small cell (202)	
☐ Lymphangio sarcoma (247)	
☐ Mediastinal neoplasm (204)	
☐ Medulloblastoma (226)	
☐ Melanoma (219)	
☐ Neuroblastoma (222)	
☐ Neurogenic sarcoma (248)	
Ovarian (epithelial) (214)	
☐ Pancreatic (206)	
Prostate (209)	
Renal cell (208)	
Retinoblastoma (223)	
☐ Rhabdomyosarcoma (232)	
☐ Soft tissue sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (274)	
☐ Synovial sarcoma (245)	
☐ Testicular (210)	
☐ Thymoma (231)	
Uterine (213)	
☐ Vaginal (215)	
☐ Wilm tumor (221)	
☐ Solid tumor, not otherwise specified (200)	
☐ Other solid tumor (269) →	447. Specify other solid tumor:
	- Go to signature line
	- Go to Signature line

	ımber:	CIBMTR Research ID:	
Inherited Abnorma	lities of Erythrocyte D	Differentiation or Function	
450. Specify the inhe	erited abnormalities of	erythrocyte differentiation or function classification	
☐ Paroxysmal	nocturnal hemoglobinu	uria (PNH) (56) - Go to signature line	
☐ Shwachmar	n-Diamond (305) <b>- Go</b> t	to question 453	
☐ Diamond-Bl	ackfan anemia (pure re	ed cell aplasia) (312) - Go to question 453	
☐ Other const	itutional anemia (319) -	- Go to question 451	
☐ Fanconi and	emia (311) (If the recip	ient developed MDS or AML, indicate MDS or AML as the primary dis	sease) - Go to question 453
☐ Sickle thala	ssemia (355) <b>- Go to q</b>	uestion 453	
☐ Sickle cell d	lisease (356) <b>- Go to q</b>	uestion 453	
☐ Beta thalas	semia major (357) <b>- Go</b>	to question 453	
Other hemo	globinopathy (359) - <b>G</b>	to to question 452	
	451. Specify other co	onstitutional anemia:	- Go to question 453
	452. Specify other h	emoglobinopathy:	- Go to question 453
	453. Did the recipier	nt receive gene therapy to treat the inherited abnormalities of erythrocyte	differentiation or function?
		complete Cellular Therapy Product and Infusion forms 4003 and 400	
	_	ia, go to question 454. If beta thalassemia, go to question 457, else g	_
	to signatur	le cell or sickle thalassemia, go to question 454. If beta thalassemia, re line	go to question 457, else go
		egurgitant jet velocity (TRJV) measured by echocardiography pre-HCT? (nd beta thalassemia major only)	sickle cell, sickle
	☐ Yes →	455. TRJV measurement	
	□ No	☐ Known →	
	☐ Unknown	Unknown 456. TRJV measurement: m/sec	
	457. Was liver iron o	content (LIC) tested within 6 months prior to infusion? (sickle cell, sickle najor only)	thalassemia, beta
	☐ Yes—→	458. Liver iron content mg iron / g liver dry weight	
	□No	458. Liver iron content mg iron / g liver dry weight	
		459. Method used to estimate LIC?	_
		☐ T2*MRI ☐ SQUID MRI ☐ FerriScan ☐ Liver bio	psy

Beta thalassem	nia major	
460. Is the recipi	ient red blood cell transfusio	on dependent? (requiring transfusion to maintain HGB >7g/dL)
☐ Yes —	→ 461 Vear of first trans	sfusion (since diagnosis):
☐ No	401. Todi of mot train	YYYY
	462. Was iron chelati	ion therapy given at any time since diagnosis?
	☐ Yes →	462 Did iron abolation the represent the following evitaries initiated
	☐ No ☐ Unkown	463. Did iron chelation therapy meet the following criteria: initiated within 18 months of the first transfusion and administered for a least 5 days / week? (either oral or parenteral iron chelation medication)
		Yes, iron chelation therapy given as specified - Go to question 466
		☐ No, iron chelation therapy given, but not meeting criteria listed - <i>Go to question 464</i>
		☐ Iron chelation therapy given, but details of administration unknown - <b>Go to question 466</b>
		464. Specify reason criteria not met
		☐ Non-adherence - Go to question 4
		☐ Toxicity due to iron chelation therap - Go to question 466
		Other, specify —
		465. Specify other reason criteria not met:
		466. Year iron chelation therapy started
		☐ Known →
		Unknown 467. Year started:
	l l	
468. Did the reci	pient have hepatomedalv?	(≥ 2 cm below costal margin)
☐ Yes —	•	
□ No	infusion:	easured below the costal margin at most recent evaluation prior to cm
Unknow		na sinca diagnosis?
Yes —	biopsy performed at any tim	ne anne ulagnusis :
☐ No	471. Date assessed ☐ Known →	
	Unknown	472. Date assessed: / / Date estin
	l	
	473. Liver cirrhosis	☐ Present ☐ Absent ☐ Ur
	474. Bridging fibrosis	_
	475. Chronic hepatitis	s

CIBMTR Center Nu	mber:		CIBM	IR Research ID:			
	477. Is there evidend		ac iron deposi	ion based on MRI of the hea	rt at time of in	nfusion?	
	478. Did patient have	e a splenectomy at a	ny time prior to	o infusion?	☐ Yes	□ No	Unknown
	Laboratory studies	at last evaluation p	orior to start o	f preparative regimen			
	479. Serum Iron						
	☐ Known →	480	□ µg / dL	☐ µmol / L			
	481. Total iron bindin						
	☐ Known →	482	□ µg / dL	☐ µmol / L			
	483. Was serum bilir	rubin less than two tii	mes the upper	limit of normal?	☐ Yes	□No	Unknown
l							
ı							

CIBM IR Center Numb	er:	CIBMTR Research ID:	
Disorders of the Immu	ne System		
Absence of T an Absence of T, no Absence of T, no Omenn syndron Reticular dysgel Bare lymphocyte Other SCID (419 SCID, not othen Ataxia telangiec HIV infection (49 DiGeorge anom Common variab Leukocyte adhe Kostmann agrar Neutrophil actin Cartilage-hair hy CD40 ligand def Other immunode Immune deficier Chediak-Higash Griscelli syndron Hermansky-Pud - Go to questio Other pigmentan - Go to questio Chronic granulo	minase (ADA) deficiend B cells SCID (402) ormal B cell SCID (402) ormal B cell SCID (402) ormal B cell SCID (403) or a consistency (405) or a consistency (406) or a consistency (405) or a consistency (40	ency / severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) (401) - Go to question 488 (2) - Go to question 488 (203) - Go to question 488 (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form - Go (204) - Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disord	Go to question 488 to question 488 Form
· · ·	, ,	me (458) - Go to question 488	
4:	86. Specify other im	munodeficiency:	- Go to question 488

 CIBMTR Research ID:		
□ 326 Enterovirus (polio) □ 328 Enterovirus NOS □ 318 Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) □ 306 Hepatitis A Virus □ 307 Hepatitis B Virus □ 308 Hepatitis C Virus □ 340 Hepatitis E □ 301 Herpes Simplex Virus (HSV) □ 317 Human herpesvirus 6 (HHV-6) □ 309 Human Immunodeficiency Virus 1 or 2 □ 343 Human metapneumovirus □ 322 Human Papillomavirus (HPV) □ 349 Human T-lymphotropic Virus 1 or 2 □ 310 Influenza, NOS □ 323 Influenza A Virus □ 324 Influenza B Virus □ 342 JC Virus (Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy (PML)) □ 311 Measles Virus (Rubeola) □ 312 Mumps Virus □ 345 Norovirus □ 316 Human Parainfluenza Virus (all species) □ 314 Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) □ 321 Rhinovirus (all species) □ 320 Rotavirus (all species) □ 315 Rubella Virus □ 302 Varicella Virus		
the recipient ever been infected with PCP/PJB? s the recipient have GVHD due to maternal cell engraftment pre-HCT? (SCID only)	☐ Yes	N

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
Inherited Abnormalities of Platelets	
492. Specify inherited abnormalities of platelets classification  Congenital amegakaryocytosis / congenital thrombocytope Glanzmann thrombasthenia (502)  Other inherited platelet abnormality (509)	enia (501)  493. Specify other inherited platelet abnormality:  - Go to signature line

CIBMTR Center Number: C	IBMTR Research ID:
Inherited Disorders of Metabolism	
494. Specify inherited disorders of metabolism classification	
☐ Osteopetrosis (malignant infantile osteopetrosis) (521)	
Leukodystrophies	
☐ Metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD) (542)	
Adrenoleukodystrophy (ALD) (543) 496	. Loes composite score: Adrenoleukodystrophy (ALD) only
☐ Krabbe disease (globoid leukodystrophy) (544)	- Go to signature line
Lesch-Nyhan (HGPRT deficiency) (522)	
☐ Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis (Batten disease) (523)	
Mucopolysaccharidoses	
☐ Hurler syndrome (IH) (531)	
☐ Scheie syndrome (IS) (532)	
☐ Hunter syndrome (II) (533)	
☐ Sanfilippo (III) (534)	
☐ Morquio (IV) (535)	
☐ Maroteaux-Lamy (VI) (536)	
$\square$ $\beta$ -glucuronidase deficiency (VII) (537)	
☐ Mucopolysaccharidosis (V) (538)	
☐ Mucopolysaccharidosis, not otherwise specified (530)	
Mucolipidoses	
Gaucher disease (541)	
☐ Niemann-Pick disease (545)	
☐ I-cell disease (546)	
☐ Wolman disease (547)	
☐ Glucose storage disease (548)	
☐ Mucolipidoses, not otherwise specified (540)	
Polysaccharide hydrolase abnormalities	
Aspartyl glucosaminidase (561)	
☐ Fucosidosis (562)	
☐ Mannosidosis (563)	
Polysaccharide hydrolase abnormality, not otherwise specified (5	(60)
Other inherited metabolic disorder (529)	495. Specify other inherited metabolic disorder:
☐ Inherited metabolic disorder, not otherwise specified (520)	
	- Go to signature line

IBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:	
Histiocytic disorders		
☐ Langerhans cell his ☐ Hemophagocytosis ☐ Malignant histiocyto	mphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) - <b>Go to question 499</b> stiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) (reactive or viral associated) (573)	
	Specify other histiocytic disorder:	- Go to signature lin
499.	Did the recipient have an active or recent infection with a viral pathogen within Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) only	
	Yes	alopathy (PML))

CIBMTR Center Nu	ımber:		CIBMTR Research	ID:		
		☐ 320 Rotavirus (al ☐ 315 Rubella Virus ☐ 302 Varicella Viru ☐ 348 West Nile Vir	s			
	501. Has the recipier	nt ever been infected with Period in the line	CP/PJB?		☐ Yes	□No

2	CIBMTR C	Center Number: CIBMTR	Research ID:
	Autoimmu	une Diseases	
	E02 Cnoo	if cutaimmuna diagona algorification	
	502. Spec	ify autoimmune disease classification	
	Arthr	ritis	
	□R	heumatoid arthritis (603)	
	☐ P	soriatic arthritis/psoriasis (604)	
		uvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): systemic (Stills disease) (640)	
		uvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): oligoarticular (641)	
		uvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): polyarticular (642)	
		uvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): other (643)	
	По	other arthritis (633)	
	Multi	iple sclerosis	
	□м	lultiple sclerosis (602)	
	Conn	nective tissue diseases	
		ystemic sclerosis (scleroderma) (607)	
		ystemic lupus erythematosis (SLE) (605)	
		jögren syndrome (608)	
	-	olymyositis/dermatomyositis (606)	
		ntiphospholipid syndrome (614)	
		other connective tissue disease (634)	
	Vana		
		culitis	
		Vegener granulomatosis (610) Classical polyarteritis nodosa (631)	
		licroscopic polyarteritis nodosa (632)	
		churg-Strauss (635)	
		iant cell arteritis (636)	
		akayasu (637)	
		ehcet syndrome (638)	
		overlap necrotizing arteritis (639)	
		Other vasculitis (611)	
	Othe		
		r neurological autoimmune diseases Iyasthenia gravis (601)	
		nyastrierila gravis (601) other autoimmune neurological disorder (644)	
		atological autoimmune diseases	
		liopathic thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) (645)	
		lemolytic anemia (646)	
		van syndrome (647)	
		other autoimmune cytopenia (648) - Go to question 503	
	Bowe	el diseases	
	□с	rohn's disease (649)	
	U	Icerative colitis (650)	
	По	other autoimmune bowel disorder (651) - Go to auestion 504	

CIBMTR Center Nu	ımber:	CIBMTR Research ID:	
Metabolic  ☐ Diabetes me	ellitus type 1 (660)		
Other			
Other autoir	mmune disease (629) -	Go to question 505	
	503. Specify other a	utoimmune cytopenia:	
	504. Specify other a	utoimmune bowel disorder:	
	505. Specify other a - <b>Go to signat</b> i	utoimmune disease: ure line	
Tolerance Induction	n Associated with Sol	lid Organ Transplant	
506. Specify transpla  Kidney  Liver  Pancreas  Other organ	anted organ (check all	that apply)  507. Other organ, specify:  - Go to signature line	
Other Disease			
508. Specify other di	isease:		- Go to signature line
508. Specify other di	isease:		- Go to signature line
508. Specify other di	isease:		- Go to signature line
			- Go to signature line
First Name:			- Go to signature line
First Name:			- Go to signature line
First Name:			- Go to signature line
First Name: Last Name: E-mail address:			- Go to signature line
First Name: Last Name: E-mail address:			- Go to signature line
First Name: Last Name: E-mail address:			- Go to signature line
First Name: Last Name: E-mail address:			- Go to signature line
First Name: Last Name: E-mail address:			- Go to signature line
First Name: Last Name: E-mail address:			- Go to signature line
First Name: Last Name: E-mail address:			- Go to signature line
First Name: Last Name: E-mail address:			- Go to signature line
First Name: Last Name: E-mail address:			- Go to signature line