

Fingerprinting Instructions

Office of Refugee Resettlement

What are the steps I need to take to get fingerprinted?

1. Read the *Authorization for Release of Information* carefully and complete the form.
2. Fax or email the Case Manager the completed *Authorization for Release of Information* and a copy of your photo ID. If you are unable to fax or email the documents, please send them by express or priority mail as soon as possible.
3. After submitting the *Authorization for Release of Information* the Case Manager arranges a fingerprinting session for you, or will give you the contact information of the designated ORR Digital Fingerprinting Site to arrange your own appointment. If you are unable to travel to the designated ORR Digital Fingerprinting Site, you must discuss with your Case Manager the option to provide two sets of paper fingerprint cards.
4. Attend your fingerprinting session at the scheduled time at the designated ORR Digital Fingerprint Site. Please note that ORR DOES NOT offer fingerprinting services at ORR's Headquarters. Fingerprinting services are available at designated ORR Digital Fingerprint Sites only.
5. Contact the Case Manager after you attend your fingerprinting session to let him or her know you have been fingerprinted. The Case Manager may have further instructions for you to follow to complete other aspects of your background check.

How do I review the results of my fingerprint background checks?

You may review the results of their FBI fingerprint background checks by sending a request to the child's Case Manager. You may also contact the ORR National Call Center for assistance at (800)203-7001 or email at information@ORRNCC.com.

If the results of my fingerprint background check are wrong can I contest the findings?

Yes. If a sponsor, adult household member, or adult care giver identified in a sponsor care plan, believes the FBI criminal background check results are incorrect, he or she may challenge the accuracy or completeness of the information. The sponsor or adult household member may contact the agency that contributed the information the subject of the background check believes is incorrect. Additional details about obtaining a change, correction, or update of an FBI identification record are set forth in the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations at 28 CFR § 16.34.

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THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13) Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Please see the accompanying privacy notice / Privacy Act statement for a discussion of (1) the authority for solicitation of information, and whether disclosure is mandatory or voluntary, (2) the principal purposes for which the information is intended to be used, (3) other routine uses which may be made of the information, and (4) the effects, if any, of not providing all or any part of the requested information.

Appendix A

PURPOSE AUTHORITY and PRIVACY STATEMENT

Solicitation of this information is authorized by sections 3301, 3302, and 9101 of title 5 of the U.S. Code; Executive Orders 8781, 13467, 10577 and 12968. This information will be used to search the Federal Bureau of Investigation's fingerprint files in determining your fitness for Federal employment or a security clearance. It may also be used for searches of other law enforcement agencies' fingerprint files for the same purpose. The information on this form, and information collected during an investigation, may be disclosed without your consent, as permitted by the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a(b)) and the applicable routine uses, including disclosure to government agencies for determining qualifications, suitability, and security access.

Your Social Security Number (SSN) is being requested under the authority of Executive Order 9397. Furnishing the requested information is voluntary; however, your failure to provide requested information may delay or prevent your eligibility for employment, a clearance or a credential. An intentional misstatement or omission will negatively affect your employment, up to and including removal and debarment. In addition, knowingly providing false information may be punishable by law (title 18, U.S. Code, section 1001).

ROUTINE USES

The information collected from you may be disclosed without your consent as permitted by the Privacy Act (5 USC 522a (b)). OPM's routine uses are as follows:

- a. To designated officers and employees of agencies, offices, and other establishments in the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of the Federal Government, are having a need to evaluate qualifications, suitability, and loyalty to the United States Government and/or a security clearance or access determination.
- b. To designated officers and employees of agencies, offices, and other establishments in the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of the Federal Government, when such agency, office, or establishment conducts an investigation of the individual for purposes of granting a security clearance, or for the purpose of making a determination of qualifications, suitability, or loyalty to the United States Government, or access to classified information or restricted areas.
- c. To designated officers and employees of agencies, offices, and other establishments in the executive, judicial, or legislative branches of the Federal Government, having the responsibility to grant clearances to make a determination regarding access to classified information or restricted areas, or to evaluate qualifications, suitability, or loyalty to the United States Government, in

connection with performance of a service to the Federal Government under a contract or other agreement.

- d. To the intelligence agencies of the Department of Defense, the National Security Agency, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for use in intelligence activities.
- e. To any source from which information is requested in the course of an investigation, to the extent necessary to identify the individual, inform the source of the nature and purpose of the investigation, and to identify the type of information requested.
- f. To the appropriate Federal, State, local, tribal, foreign, or other public authority responsible for investigating, prosecuting, enforcing, or implementing a statute, rule, regulation, or order where OPM becomes aware of an indication of a violation or potential violation of civil or criminal law or regulation.
- g. To an agency, office, or other establishment in the executive, legislative, or judicial branches of the Federal Government, in response to its request, in connection with the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the conducting of a security or suitability investigation of an individual, the classifying of jobs, the letting of a contract, or the issuance of a license, grant, or other benefit by the requesting agency, to the extent that the information is relevant and necessary to the requesting agency's decision on the matter.
- h. To provide information to a congressional office from the record of an individual in response to an inquiry from the congressional office made at the request of that individual. However, the investigative file, or parts thereof, will only be released to a congressional office if OPM receives a notarized authorization or signed statement under 28 U.S.C. 1746 from the subject of the investigation.
- i. To the Office of Management and Budget at any stage in the legislative coordination and clearance process in connection with private relief legislation as set forth in OMB Circular No. A-19.
- j. To disclose information to contractors, grantees, experts, consultants, or volunteers performing or working on a contract, service, or job for the Federal Government.
- k. For agencies that use adjudicative support services of another agency, at the request of the original agency, the results will be furnished to the agency providing the adjudicative support.
- l. To provide criminal history record information to the FBI, to help ensure the accuracy and completeness of FBI and OPM records.

Appendix B

Authority: The FBI's acquisition, preservation, and exchange of fingerprints and associated information are generally authorized under 28 U.S.C. 534. Depending on the nature of your application, supplemental authorities include Federal statutes, State statutes pursuant to Pub. L. 92-544, Presidential Executive Orders, and federal. Providing your fingerprints and associated information is voluntary; however, failure to do so may affect completion or approval of your application.

Social Security Account Number (SSAN): Your SSAN is needed to keep records accurate because other people may have the same name and birth date. Pursuant to the Federal Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a), the requesting agency is responsible for informing you whether disclosure is mandatory or voluntary, by what statutory or other authority your SSAN is solicited, and what uses will be made of it. Executive Order 9397 also asks Federal agencies to use this number to help identify individuals in agency records.

Principal Purpose: Certain determinations, such as employment, licensing, and security clearances, may be predicated on fingerprint-based background checks. Your fingerprints and associated information/biometrics may be provided to the employing, investigating, or otherwise responsible agency, and/or the FBI for the purpose of comparing your fingerprints to other fingerprints in the FBI's Next Generation Identification (NGI) system or its successor systems (including civil, criminal, and latent fingerprint repositories) or other available records of the employing, investigating, or otherwise responsible agency. The FBI may retain your fingerprints and associated information/biometrics in NGI after the completion of this application and, while retained, your fingerprints may continue to be compared against other fingerprints submitted to or retained by NGI.

Routine Uses: During the processing of this application and for as long thereafter as your fingerprints and associated information/biometrics are retained in NGI, your information may be disclosed pursuant to your consent, and may be disclosed without your consent as permitted by the Privacy Act of 1974 and all applicable Routine Uses as may be published at any time in the Federal Register, including the Routine Uses for the NGI system and the FBI's Blanket Routine Uses. Routine uses include, but are not limited to, disclosures to: employing, governmental or authorized non-governmental agencies responsible for employment, contracting licensing, security clearances, and other suitability determinations; local, state, tribal, or federal law enforcement agencies; criminal justice agencies; and agencies responsible for national security or public safety.

Additional Information: The requesting agency and/or the agency conducting the application-investigation will provide you additional information pertinent to the specific circumstances of this application, which may include identification of other authorities, purposes, uses, and consequences of not providing requested information. In addition, any such agency in the Federal Executive Branch has also published notice in the Federal Register describing any systems(s) of records in which that agency may also maintain your records, including the authorities, purposes, and routine uses for the system(s).

Appendix C

As an applicant who is the subject of a national fingerprint-based criminal history record check for a noncriminal justice purpose (such as an application for a job or license, an immigration or naturalization matter, security clearance, or adoption), you have certain rights which are discussed below.

- You must be provided written notification¹ that your fingerprints will be used to check the criminal history records of the FBI.
- If you have a criminal history record, the officials making a determination of your suitability for the job, license, or other benefit must provide you the opportunity to complete or challenge the accuracy of the information in the record.
- The officials must advise you that the procedures for obtaining a change, correction, or updating of your criminal history record are set forth at Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Section 16.34.
- If you have a criminal history record, you should be afforded a reasonable amount of time to correct or complete the record (or decline to do so) before the officials deny you the job, license, or other benefit based on information in the criminal history record.²

You have the right to expect that officials receiving the results of the criminal history record check will use it only for authorized purposes and will not retain or disseminate it in violation of federal statute, regulation or executive order, or rule, procedure or standard established by the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact Council.³

If agency policy permits, the officials may provide you with a copy of your FBI criminal history record for review and possible challenge. If agency policy does not permit it to provide you a copy of the record, you may obtain a copy of the record by submitting fingerprints and a fee to the FBI. Information regarding this process may be obtained at <http://www.fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/background-checks>.

If you decide to challenge the accuracy or completeness of your FBI criminal history record, you should send your challenge to the agency that contributed the questioned information to the FBI. Alternatively, you may send your challenge directly to the FBI. The FBI will then forward your challenge to the agency that contributed the questioned information and request the agency to verify or correct the challenged entry. Upon receipt of an official communication from that agency, the FBI will make any necessary changes/corrections to your record in accordance with the information supplied by that agency. (See 28 CFR 16.30 through 16.34.)

¹ Written notification includes electronic notification, but excludes oral notification.

² See 28 CFR 50.12(b).

³ See 5 U.S.C. 552a (b); 28 U.S.C. 534(b); 42 U.S.C. 14616, Article IV(c); 28 CFR 20.21(c), 20.33(d) and 906.2(d).