According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0579-0040. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

OMB Approved 0579-0040 EXP. XX/XXXX

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE VETERINARY SERVICES

INSPECTION REPORT OF ESTABLISHMENT FOR IMMEDIATE SLAUGHTER IMPORT ANIMALS

INSPECTION REPORT							
1. REPORT TYPE:	2. DATE OF INSPECTION:			3. LIVESTOCK COUNTRY OF ORIGIN:			
☐ INITIAL INSPECTION ☐ REINSPECTION							
4. NAME OF ESTABLISHMENT:	1						
5. MAILING ADDRESS:							
6. PHYSICAL ADDRESS (if different than mailing):							
0							
7. ADMINISTRATOR/MANAGER (print name):			O EMAII	ADDRESS:			
7. ADIVINISTRATOR/MANAGER (PIIII Haille).			O. EIVIAIL	ADDRESS.			
O FACILITY POINT OF CONTACT (. (/ /)							
9. FACILITY POINT OF CONTACT (print name):			10. EMAIL ADDRESS:				
11. FEDERAL ESTABLISHMENT NUMBER:		12. STATE ESTABLISHMENT NUMBER:					
13. TYPE OF CARRIER TO BE USED:							
☐ TRUCK ☐ OTHER 14. DOES CHUTE EXIST TO UNLOAD DIRECTLY	INTO DECIGNATED DENC A	T FOTADI ICUA	4ENITO				
	INTO DESIGNATED PENS A	NI ESTABLISHIN	ILINI!				
☐ YES ☐ NO (explain in box 24) 15. NUMBER AND MARKINGS OF DESIGNATED	PENS:						
16. SPECIES OF ANIMAL TO BE IMPORTED:							
☐ CATTLE ☐ BISON ☐ SHEEP ☐ GOAT ☐ 17. EMPLOYEE(S) DESIGNATED TO BREAK SEA		OTHER					
FULL NAME:		POSITION	۷٠				
FULL NAME:	POSITION:						
FULL NAME:	POSITION:		N:				
FULL NAME:	POSITION:						
18. SIGNATURE OF FEDERAL MEAT INSPECTOR	R:						
	FOR N	MEXICO ONLY					
19. DO FACILITIES EXIST AT ESTABLISHMENT F			RRIER AFT	ER UNLOADING?			
☐ YES ☐ NO (provide location of C&D equipment	t in box 25)						
	SEMI-ANNUAL R	E-INSPECTION	REPORT				
20. DATE OF LAST INSPECTION							
21. ARE RESTRICTED ANIMALS HANDLED IN DE	SIGNATED DENS AS DEOLI	IDED2					
	SIGNATED FENS AS NEQU	IINLD!					
☐ YES ☐ NO (explain in box 26) 22. ARE PROVISIONS FOR BREAKING SEALS BE	EING FOLLOWED?						
☐ YES ☐ NO (explain in box 27) 23. ARE WRITTEN RECORD AND REPORT REQUIREMENTS FOLLOWED?							
A. All livestock or carcasses are properly identified importer/ exporter, per the written procedure gu				ne load, and carcasses can be connected to the animal ID and n box 28)			
B. The facility maintains all records (i.e. weight tickets, sales slips, kill sheets, etc.) for 2 years for swine and 5 years for bovines, bison, sheep & goats, cervids and related ruminants. ☐ YES ☐ NO (explain in box 28)							

EXPLANATION						
24. IF "NO" IS CHECKED IN BOX 14 EXPLAIN WHY CHUTE DOES NOT EXIST TO UNLOAD DIRECTLY INTO DESIGNATED PENS AT ESTABLISHMEN						
25. IF "NO" IS CHECKED IN BOX 19 PROVIDE LOCAT	ION OF CLEAN	ING AND DISINFECTION EQUIPMENT.		☐ NA		
26. IF "NO" IS CHECKED IN BOX 21 EXPLAIN WHY RE	ESTRICTED AN	IMALS ARE NOT HANDLED IN DESIGNATED PENS AS REQUIRED.		☐ NA		
OZ JE "NO" JO OLJECKED IN DOV 22 EVDI AIN WILV DE	201/101010 501	D DDE AKING CEALC WEDE NOT FOLLOWED				
27. IF "NO" IS CHECKED IN BOX 22 EXPLAIN WHY PF	ROVISIONS FOR	R BREAKING SEALS WERE NOT FULLOWED.		□ NA		
28 IF "NO" IS CHECKED IN BOX 23 EXPLAIN WHY RE	CORD AND RE	PORT REQUIREMENTS WERE NOT FOLLOWED		□NA		
28. IF "NO" IS CHECKED IN BOX 23 EXPLAIN WHY RECORD AND REPORT REQUIREMENTS WERE NOT FOLLOWED.						
A.						
В.						
29. IF 'NO" IS CHECKED IN BOX 34 EXPLAIN WHY PL	29. IF 'NO" IS CHECKED IN BOX 34 EXPLAIN WHY PLANT IS NOT RECOMMEND FOR APPROVAL.					
		STATEMENT				
The management has been advised of the ·responsibilities to provide for breaking seals, and agrees to the proper unloading, handling and verified/ reconciled						
identification of import animals until inspected and releas	sed by the assign	ned Government inspector. The management also agrees to slaughter	or render all livestoc	:k		
within 14 days of entry or will obtain permission from the any purpose.	rederai Animai	Health Officials before releasing any livestock other than imported lives	stock from the premi	ises for		
30. RESPONSIBLE ESTABLISHMENT OFFICIAL		31. SIGNATURE OF ESTABLISHMENT OFFICIAL:	32. DATE:			
			02.27.12.			
NAME:						
TITLE:						
33. SIGNATURE OF VS INSPECTOR COMPLETING THIS REPORT:		34. RECOMMEND PLANT BE APPROVED:	35. DATE:			
		UVES UNO (avalain in how 20)				
☐ YES ☐ NO (explain in box 29) CERTIFICATION						
This is to certify that the establishment has full time veterinary supervision and should otherwise be approved to receive restricted import animals for immediate slaughter						
				ugriter		
36. FEDERAL VETERINARIAN (print name):	31. FEDERAL	. VETERIIVARIAN (SIGNALUIE).	30. DATE:			
	1		I			

VS FORM 17-36 (Reverse)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR VS FORM 17-36

INSPECTION REPORT OF ESTABLISHMENT FOR IMMEDIATE SLAUGHTER IMPORT ANIMALS

Box 2: List the physical address of the plant, and the mailing address, if different.

Provide the name of the administrator/ manager of the facility and email address.

Provide the name of the point of contact for this facility and an email address.

Box 10: If the correct livestock species is not listed, please write in.

Box 11: If more than two plant employees are designated to break the vehicle seals, the added information (name and position) should be listed in Box 25.

Box 18: ARE RECORD AND REPORT REQUIREMENTS FOLLOWED?

- 1. <u>All</u> livestock or carcasses are properly identified and verified by the export health certificate provided for the load; the carcasses must be connected to the animal ID and importer/ exporter. A written SOP must be developed for these procedures and provided to the USDA APHIS VS inspector for review.
- 2. The facility maintains all records (i.e. weight tickets, sales slips, kill sheets, etc.) for 2 years for swine and 5 years for bovines, bison, sheep & goats, cervids and related ruminants. The records must be made available to the USDA APHIS VS inspector, on request.

GENERAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

1. Who is required to do the verification? FSIS or the plant?

It is the responsibility of the plant to verify imported animal IDs and reconcile them with the export health certificates. FSIS has agreed to monitor this part of the Immediate Slaughter Program for APHIS VS.

- 2. Which ID is to be verified? The Official ID RFID only, bangle tag only or both or either? In some cases an RFID may be missing (lost in transit), could the bangle tag (not unique) suffice for the verification?
 - In the event the official ID is missing, the plant shall hold the animal back and contact APHIS (the Norther Border Port Veterinarian in Charge / NBP VIC), who has the authority to release it for slaughter.
- 3. When the Minimal Risk Rule #1 was implemented, APHIS VS Strategy & Policy (S&P) officials stated in a conference call, prior to implementation of that rule, that not all tags were expected to be

retained from the time of loading until the time of slaughter, Therefore if 5-10% were missing identification, that would not be a problem. Are you saying that 100% of cattle must arrive with an official identification tag?

Studies by the Canadian Food Inspection Service (CFIA) have reported a much higher retention rate of the official RFID tag, averaging 98%. However, losses are still expected to occur. Those animals without official ID are not eligible for slaughter until the NBP VIC releases them based on information given by the plant (clerical error, secondary ID, etc.) or after S&P Staff and CFIA Staff has verified the eligibility of the undocumented animal.

The NBP VIC is the point of contact for the plant on ID issues. Most instances of missing IDs and ID verification issues are resolved quickly, without involving S&P or the CFIA.

3. If an animal arrives that is either not listed on the Health Certificate or is missing identification, should that animal be retained?

Yes, this is required. If an animal isn't on the Canadian export health certificate, it is not eligible for slaughter. If it is part of a larger group that "could have been" on the certificate (i.e. eligible), it is S&P Staff and CFIA Staff's procedures to verify those conditions and verify the animal is eligible for import and immediate slaughter by U.S. regulations.

4. Is APHIS VS saying that some Canadian origin cattle are not eligible to be exported to the United States for "Immediate Slaughter"?

Yes. Some have not been inspected or do not meet the import requirements.

5. We understand the need for the ability to trace diseased cattle back in Canada, but how does verifying these animal identification devices helps that process?

Unless there is some way to identify each specific animal, full traceback is not possible for diseases of concern. The United States also has specific import guidelines for bovines imported from Canada, a region recognized by APHIS as controlled risk for Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE). Our trade agreements with other nations are based on these import standards, and are evaluated regularly by audits from these countries. The auditors specifically ask for verification that these procedures are in actively followed and arrange visits to U.S. slaughter facilities to verify this information.

4. Do the plants involved in the Direct Slaughter Program contact Northern Border Ports directly to report discrepancies?

Yes. Seals and paperwork issues can be handled at the port level; animal ID issues/unresolved port issues are handled by the NBP VIC.

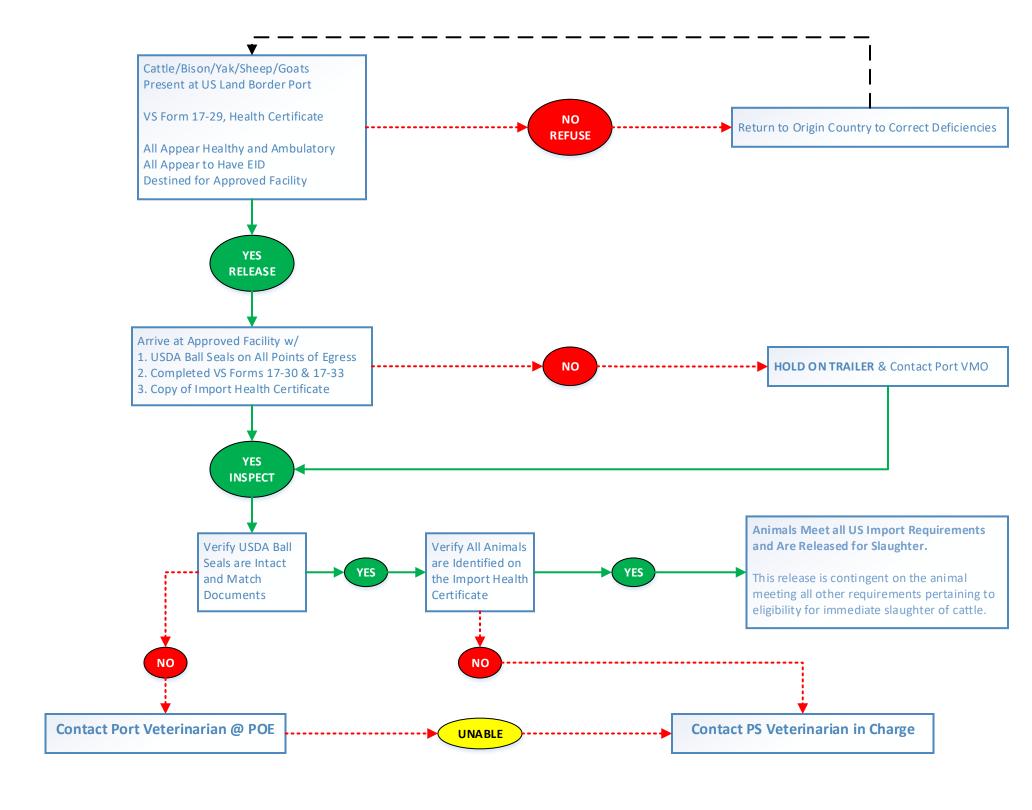
5. The flow chart indicates that identification is to be verified before the animals are released to slaughter. Is that correct?

This is a recommendation The ID verification can be done after slaughter. However, if the animal is found to be ineligible, all components are ineligible. If the plant can't segregate component parts, they will have to landfill/incinerate large quantities of unidentifiable components. The intact animal is the easiest way to keep all parts in one place. Each plant is required to develop a written SOP to define how this process with be followed for each facility.

6. Most of the Canadian imported cattle arrive around 10 pm at the immediate slaughter plants. If the seals are not intact, the flow chart has them being held on the truck until the port is contacted (not open until 8:00 am).

Many Port VMOs carry a cell phone and the NBP VIC has his cell number included on the chart. The facility also has the option to offload and segregate the imported animals, especially if the transport load is approaching the 28 Hour Law limit (https://www.nal.usda.gov/awic/twenty-eight-hour-law).

(FLOW CHART ATTACHMENT)



	_	Acting Veterinarian in Charge for the Northern Border Ports						
Bismarck ND Office 7	701.250.4210 option 2		vs.nbp@aphis.usda.gov					
Tim Rector 7	701.355.3338 office 701.400.0206 cell		timothy.s.rector@aphis.usda.gov					
Ports of Entry for the Northern Border Ports								
Sumas WA 3	60.988.5715	VS.Sumas.POE@aphis.t	usda.gov					
Oroville WA 5	09.476.2635	VS.Oroville.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Eastport ID 2	08.267.2396	VS.Eastport.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Sweetgrass MT 4	06.335.2142	VS.Sweetgrass.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Raymond MT 4	06.895.2258	VS.Raymond.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Portal ND 7	701.926.4281	VS.Portal.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Dunseith ND 7	701.263.3364	VS.Dunseith.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Pembina ND 7	701.825.6262	VS.Pembina.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Port Huron MI 8	310.985.5433	VS.Port.Huron.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Detroit MI 3	313.226.4428	VS.Detroit.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Niagara NY 7	16.297.0240	VS.Niagara.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Alexandria Bay NY 3	315.482.2601	VS.Alexandria.Bay.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Champlain NY 5	518.298.2191	VS.Highgate.Springs.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Highgate Springs VT 8	802.868.2556	VS.Highgate.Springs.POE@aphis.usda.gov						
Derby Line VT 8	802.766.4523	VS.Highgate.Springs.PC	DE@aphis.usda.gov					
Houlton ME 2	207.532.6099	VS.Houlton.POE@aphis	s.usda.gov					