

Supporting Statement Outline – Sample

**NOTE: Complete Part B for Survey ICR Requests**

SUPPORTING STATEMENT – PART B

**B. COLLECTIONS OF INFORMATION EMPLOYING STATISTICAL METHODS**

If the collection of information employs statistical methods, the following information should be provided in this Supporting Statement:

1. Description of the Activity

Sampling will not apply for this questionnaire. The questionnaire will be sent to all DoD COVID-19 Vaccine beneficiaries who do not, at the time of the questionnaire distribution, have documented COVID-19 vaccination receipt, in any MHS electronic record source.

2. Procedures for the Collection of Information

Describe any of the following if they are used in the collection of information:

- a. Statistical methodologies for stratification and sample selection;

As stated above, this is a Census of all beneficiaries who do not have documentation of a COVID-19 vaccination in any MHS electronic record.

- b. Estimation procedures;
- c. Degree of accuracy needed for the Purpose discussed in the justification;
- d. Unusual problems requiring specialized sampling procedures; and
- e. Use of periodic or cyclical data collections to reduce respondent burden.

All data collection efforts will take place within a one-time specified window (depending on when approval is granted).

3. Maximization of Response Rates, Non-response, and Reliability

Response rates will be maximized by using a mixed-method approach to surveying: an e-mail will initially be sent, followed by an automated phone call.

Non-Response analysis will not be conducted; there is not reason to believe there is a systematic difference between those who respond and those who do not respond.

#### 4. Tests of Procedures

This questionnaire initially will be sent to personnel associated with the EIDS PMO, including active duty, civilian and contractor support staff to test system load.

#### 5. Statistical Consultation and Information Analysis

Brian Zutter (bzutter@spinsys) will assist with the data and updating the Population Risk Assessment Tool (PRAT).