

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Office of Regulatory Affairs

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Background

In the United States, Federal and State government agencies ensure the safety of ANIMAL FEED. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is responsible for ensuring that all foods and feeds moving in interstate commerce, except those under the United States Department of Agriculture jurisdiction, are safe, wholesome, and labeled properly. State agencies are responsible for conducting inspections and regulatory activities that help ensure food and feed produced, processed, and distributed within their jurisdictions are safe and in compliance with State laws and regulations. State agencies primarily perform inspections under their own regulatory authority. Some State agencies conduct inspections of feed facilities under contract with the

FDA. Because jurisdictions may overlap, FDA and States collaborate and share resources to protect ANIMAL FEED. To better facilitate a partnership among regulatory authorities, regulatory

programs should be EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT.

Maximizing resources between FDA and the States supports the ongoing work of the Partnership for Food Protection (PFP) to develop an Integrated Food Safety System (IFSS). The FDA and the Association of American Feed Control Officials (AAFCO) are members of the PFP. The vision for an IFSS was developed in 2009¹. One of the foundational principles of an IFSS is the IMPLEMENTATION and uniform application of model standards so that Federal, State, territorial, tribal, and local regulatory agencies conduct inspections under the same set of standards. Prior to 2010, the Voluntary National Retail Food Regulatory Program Standards (VNRFRPS) and the Manufactured Food Regulatory Program Standards (MFRPS) were examples of such model standards. However, the VNRFRPS and MFRPS were developed for human food only and did not apply to ANIMAL FEED. As further development on the IFSS progressed, there was a recognized need to develop standards for ANIMAL FEED regulatory programs. One of the key recommendations that came from the 2010 50-State workshop ("A United Approach to Public Health") was the development of standards for ANIMAL FEED regulatory programs. Standards provide a consistent, underlying foundation that is critical for uniformity across State and Federal agencies to ensure the credibility of all PROGRAMS under an IFSS.

The Food Safety Modernization Act (FSMA) provides further support for developing Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards (AFRPS). FSMA was signed into law in January 2011 and calls for enhanced partnerships and integration with Federal, State, local, tribal, and territorial partners. The enhanced partnerships and integration called for by FSMA will allow FDA to rely on inspections and data collected by other agencies to support regulatory activities and further the idea of an IFSS.

In 2011, FDA and AAFCO entered into a partnership to develop the AFRPS and the AFRPS were initially launched in January 2014. These standards are designed to promote uniformity and consistency among ANIMAL FEED regulatory programs. This is consistent with the principles of the FSMA and the fundamental goal of AAFCO and FDA to provide a mechanism for developing and implementing uniform and equitable statutes, regulations, and standards to enhance the protection of the nation's ANIMAL FEED supply.

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 $^{^{1}}Link\ to\ the\ current\ PFP\ vision\ documents\ available\ at\ http://www.fda.gov/downloads/ForFederalStateandLocalOfficials/ProgramsInitiatives/PartnershipforFoodProtectionPFP/UCM408081.pdf$

Introduction

- The Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards (AFRPS) establish a uniform foundation for the
- design and management of State PROGRAMS responsible for the regulation of ANIMAL FEED.
- Through implementing the AFRPS, a State PROGRAM is able to achieve and maintain
- 45 programmatic improvements that help ensure the safety and integrity of the U.S. ANIMAL FEED
- supply. IMPLEMENTATION of the AFRPS is voluntary. A State's IMPLEMENTATION of the
- 47 AFRPS helps ensure a uniform and consistent approach to ANIMAL FEED regulation among
- 48 jurisdictions including the sharing of information and the coordination of resources.

The AFRPS is composed of eleven standards that serve as an objective framework to evaluate and improve components of a State PROGRAM. The standards cover the State PROGRAM'S REGULATORY FOUNDATION, training, inspection program, auditing, feed-related illnesses or death and emergency response, enforcement program, outreach activities, budget and planning,

54 laboratory services, sampling program, and assessment and improvement of standard

55 IMPLEMENTATION.

 Each standard is laid out in the following format to ensure uniformity: purpose statement (x.1), requirement summary (x.2), description of program elements (x.3), projected outcomes (x.4), and a list of required documentation (x.5). The program elements describe the best practices of a quality regulatory program. Required elements for IMPLEMENTATION are found in the program elements (x.3) and documentation (x.5) sections for each standard. Terms in all capital letters correspond to a defined term in the Definition section of the document. The term "should" is used throughout the AFRPS. Program elements and corresponding conditions described as "should" are best practices but are optional and not required to fully implement a standard. To fully implement the AFRPS, the PROGRAM must implement all eleven standards. "Notes" are used throughout the AFRPS to provide clarification, alternatives, and guidance that the State PROGRAM may use to help implement the AFRPS. "Notes" do not contain requirements and thus will not be subject to a FDA verification audit.

Each standard has a self-assessment worksheet. The State PROGRAM uses the self-assessment worksheets to determine if the standard's requirements are, or remain, fully met, partially met, or not met. The self-assessments are used to develop an improvement plan for fully implementing the requirements of the standards.

The standards have forms, worksheets, and templates that will help the State PROGRAM assess and meet the program elements in the standard. State PROGRAMS are not obligated to use the forms provided in the AFRPS. Other manual or automated forms, worksheets, and templates may be used as long as the pertinent data elements are present. Records and other documents specified in the standards must be maintained in good order by the State PROGRAM and must be available to verify the information for the purposes of a verification audit. These program standards are not intended to address the performance appraisal processes that a State agency may use to evaluate individual employee performance.

Definitions

Animal Feed: Used to represent the definitions for: (1) food and animal feed in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) sections 201(f) and 201(w), (2) for animal food in Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations section 507.3 (21 CFR 507.3), and (3) for animal feed in the AAFCO Official Publication (AAFCO OP), and is inclusive of feed (including raw materials and other ingredients) for food-producing animals and pets.

Contact Hour(s): One contact hour equals 60 minutes.

Cross-Sector Event(s): For purposes of this standard, a "cross-sector event" is a feed-related event that impacts human food or an event involving human food that impacts ANIMAL FEED.

Emergency(ies): An unforeseen or sudden occurrence requiring immediate action to protect against substantial risk to animal and/or public health, and that involves the safety, efficacy, and security of ANIMAL FEED supply.

Enforcement Strategies: Plans of action designed to prioritize and achieve enforcement goals and are developed by the State PROGRAM based on critical and chronic violations and violators and contain guidelines for selecting enforcement tools.

Equivalent: State law directly references the relevant FD&C Act provision or Federal regulation.

Equivalent in Effect: State law has the same regulatory effect as the relevant FD&C Act provision or Federal regulation.

Implementation: Means a State PROGRAM has a particular element, system, or program as required in the Program Elements and Documentation sections of the AFRPS; and can demonstrate the use of that particular element, system, or program.

Joint Field Training Inspections: An inspection conducted jointly by the FDA and/or state personnel for the purposes of training or enforcement. A joint inspection may be used to provide training during an inspection of a firm and may either be trainer led or trainee led.

Not Equivalent: (1) There is no State law EQUIVALENT to the relevant Federal law or regulation, (2) there is such a State law but it does not apply to the State's PROGRAM, or (3) the Federal and State laws address the same matter but are inconsistent and do not have the same regulatory effect.

Outreach Activity Event: An outreach activity which the State PROGRAM hosts, co-hosts, or is an invited presenter such as seminars, workshops, conferences, trainings, or meetings that relate to feed topics and that support communication and information exchange among feed industry stakeholders, academia, other regulators, or consumers.

Definitions

127	Program(s): An operational unit(s) in a regulatory agency that is responsible for the regulatory
128	oversight of ANIMAL FEED.
129	
130	Qualified Field Inspection Auditor: An individual who is recognized by the State's PROGRAM
131	as having field experience and communication skills necessary to audit inspectors/investigators.
132	
133	Qualified Field Inspection Trainer: An individual who is recognized by the State's PROGRAM
134	as having field experience and communication skills necessary to train inspectors/investigators.
135	
136	Regulatory Foundation: The laws, regulations, rules, ordinances, or other regulatory
137	requirements that govern the operation of an ANIMAL FEED facility.
138	
4.00	

139 Regulatory Testing Laboratory(ies): A laboratory that conducts measurements and analyses on food or feed and associated physical samples, which result in qualitative or quantitative 140 141 analytical findings that may be used as a basis for regulatory action.

142

143 Start Date: Date employee is hired or reassigned in or into the ANIMAL FEED PROGRAM as the beginning date for training timelines. 144

STANDARD 1 Regulatory Foundation

145	1.1 Purpose
146 147	This standard describes the elements of the RECHI ATORY FOUNDATION used by a State PROCEAM
148	This standard describes the elements of the REGULATORY FOUNDATION used by a State PROGRAM
149	to regulate ANIMAL FEED.
150	1.2 Deguinement Summent
151	1.2 Requirement Summary
152	The State PROGRAM evaluates the scope of its legal authority and regulatory provisions to
153	perform inspections and investigations, gather evidence, collect samples, and take regulatory
154	actions under State law to ensure the safety and security of ANIMAL FEED.
155	actions under State law to ensure the safety and security of AMMALTEED.
156	The State PROGRAM evaluation includes a determination of how the State's legal authority and
157	regulatory provisions correspond to the sections of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
158	(FD&C Act) and Federal regulations specified in appendix 1.2.
159	(12 et e 11et) and 1 edetal regulations specified in appendix 1.2.
160	1.3 Program Elements
161	
162	1.3.1 The State PROGRAM conducts an evaluation to determine whether the State's legal
163	authority and regulatory provisions are EQUIVALENT, EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT, or NOT
164	EQUIVALENT to the sections of the FD&C Act and Federal regulations specified in
165	appendix 1.2.
166	
167	1.3.1.1 "EQUIVALENT" means that the State law directly references the relevant FD&C
168	Act provision or Federal regulation. For State law found EQUIVALENT, the State
169	PROGRAM:
170	
171	1.3.1.1.1 Specifies the Federal statute or regulation that is incorporated into the
172	State law;
173	1.3.1.1.2 Includes the revision date of the State statutory provision or regulation
174	as appropriate;
175	1.3.1.1.3 Identifies the date the Federal statutory provision or regulation was
176	incorporated into the State law.
177	
178	Note: In conducting such an evaluation, the State PROGRAM should consult with
179	its legal counsel when State law does not provide for incorporation of
180	subsequent revisions of the FD&C Act and CFR, the revision date of the CFR is
181	unknown, or the Federal law or regulation is partially written into State law or
182	regulation.
183	
184	

STANDARD 1 Regulatory Foundation

185	Note: "EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT" means that the State law has the same regulator
186	effect as the relevant FD&C Act provision or Federal regulation. A State law
187	may have the same regulatory effect as the Federal law or regulation if either a
188	single State law or rule has the same regulatory effect as the Federal law or
189	regulation, or when multiple laws of that State are combined and deemed
190	EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT to a single Federal law or regulation.
191	
192	Note: "NOT EQUIVALENT" means there is no State law EQUIVALENT to the
193	relevant Federal law or regulation, there is such a State law but it does not apply
194	to the State's PROGRAM, or the Federal and State laws address the same matter
195	but are inconsistent and do not have the same regulatory effect. For provisions
196	found to be "NOT EQUIVALENT", the State PROGRAM should identify which State
197	agency has authority and jurisdiction over said provisions, if there is one, in
198	appendix 1.2.
199	11
200	Note: In addition, if the State has laws and regulations pertinent to the
201	regulation of ANIMAL FEED for which there are no comparable Federal
202	provisions, these laws can be listed in appendix 1.2.
203	
204	1.3.2 The State PROGRAM has a documented process, which includes:
205	
206	1.3.2.1 Procedures to review the statutes, regulations, rules, ordinances, and other
207	prevailing regulatory requirements that:
208	
209	1.3.2.1.1 Apply to the regulation of ANIMAL FEED;
210	1.3.2.1.2 Delegate authority to the State agency;
211	1.3.2.1.3 Describe the State agency's administrative procedures for establishing
212	its authority and incorporating rules by reference.
213	· · ·
214	1.3.2.2 Timeframes for the review.
215	
216	1.4 Outcome
217	
218	The State PROGRAM has conducted an evaluation of the scope of their legal authority and has a
219	REGULATORY FOUNDATION adequate to protect the public health by ensuring the safety and
220	security of ANIMAL FEED.
221	
222	1.5 Documentation
223	
224	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
225	
226	1.5.1 Appendix 1.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet
227	1.5.2 Appendix 1.2: REGULATORY FOUNDATION Worksheet

STANDARD 1 Regulatory Foundation

228	1.5.3 Documented process for reviewing appropriate statutes, regulations, rules, ordinances,
229	and other prevailing regulatory requirements
230	1.5.4 The statutes, regulations, rules, ordinances, and other prevailing regulatory
231	requirements that: (1) apply to the regulation of ANIMAL FEED, (2) delegate authority to
232	the State agency, and (3) describe the State agency's administrative procedures for
233	establishing its authority and incorporating rules by reference

	STANDARD 2 Training
234	2.1 Purpose
235	
236	This standard describes the elements of training for inspectors in a State PROGRAM to ensure they
237	will have the knowledge, skills, and abilities to competently inspect feed facilities, conduct
238239	investigations, gather evidence, collect samples, and take enforcement actions.
239	2.2 Dogwingment Cummon:
240	2.2 Requirement Summary
242	The State PROGRAM has a training plan that ensures all inspectors are adequately trained to
243	perform their work.
244	perform their work.
245	2.3 Program Elements
246	210 Trogram Elements
247	2.3.1 Training Plan and Training Records
248	
249	2.3.1.1 The State PROGRAM uses a written training plan that ensures all inspectors
250	receive training required to adequately perform their work assignments. The
251	training plan includes course curriculum for basic and advanced inspection
252	training and continuing education.
253	2.3.1.2 The State PROGRAM provides, or otherwise makes available, inspection training
254	and continuing education for all inspectors.
255	2.3.1.3 For inspectors that conduct limited scope inspections, as defined by the State
256	PROGRAM, (e.g. such as only collecting samples or inspections at veterinary
257	clinics), the State PROGRAM specifies the curriculum required by the limited
258	scope inspectors in their documented training plan.
259	
260	Note: Curriculum includes coursework and field training.
261	
262	2.3.1.4 The State PROGRAM maintains records documenting the training completed by

- e training completed by all inspectors using appendix 2.2 or a comparable form.
- 2.3.1.5 For inspectors with greater than five years of experience at the date of the initial self-assessment, where such documentation is not available, the State PROGRAM conducts an evaluation of the inspector's previous performance and experience to determine if the inspector has completed the required training or whether additional training is needed.
- 2.3.1.6 If previous coursework is completed before the inspectors START DATE and utilized to meet coursework requirements, proper supporting documents are maintained to verify successful completion of the requirement.

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264 265

266

267 268

269 270

274 275	2.3.2 Basic Feed Inspec	ctor Training
276	2.3.2.1 Timeframe	e: The State PROGRAM requires a basic inspector to successfully
277		the basic coursework and field training within 24 months from the
278	START DAT	_
279	2.3.2.2 Coursewor	rk: The basic feed inspection training consists of coursework in the
280		subject areas:
281	<i>3</i>	
282	2.3.2.2.1	Animal and Public Health Principles: Fundamental animal and
283		public health protection principles that support the foundational roles
284		of the feed inspector.
285	2.3.2.2.2	Basic Animal Nutrition: Basic means of digestion and nutritional
286		requirements for various animal classes and ingredients that can
287		cause toxicity.
288	2.3.2.2.3	Basic Feed Ingredients, Processing, and Technology: Typical
289		ingredients, feedstuffs, processing methods, and technologies
290		commonly used to manufacture ANIMAL FEED.
291	2.3.2.2.4	Basic National Incident Management System and Incident Command
292		System (ICS): Introduction to the history, principals, and
293		organizational structure of the ICS via ICS100, ICS200, IS700, and
294		IS800.
295	2.3.2.2.5	Communication: Techniques and skills for effective oral and written
296		communication and interviewing.
297	2.3.2.2.6	Current Statutes, Regulations, and Policies: Basic knowledge of
298		Federal and State laws, regulations, and policies.
299	2.3.2.2.7	Feed Defense: Feed defense principles for the protection of feed
300		from intentional hazard contamination.
301	2.3.2.2.8	Inspections, Compliance, and Enforcement: Conduct inspections
302		applying the relevant laws and regulations to gather and document
303		evidence to support possible regulatory actions.
304	2.3.2.2.9	Labeling: Basic feed labeling requirements.
305	2.3.2.2.10	Professionalism: Character conduct, strengths, and values directed
306		toward providing high quality service to the regulated industry and
307		the State PROGRAM.
308	2.3.2.2.11	Risk Awareness: Basic principles of BSE; medicated feeds including
309		VFDs; and physical, chemical, and biological contaminants.
310	2.3.2.2.12	Safety: Appropriate personal safety and bio-security requirements
311		when conducting field activities.
312	2.3.2.2.13	Sampling: Techniques and skills for collecting various types of
313		samples using the appropriate methods for preparation, collection,
314		and shipping.
315		

316	2.3.2.3 Field training: The State PROGRAM has established basic field training to
317	complement the basic coursework. The basic field training specifies the
318	following:
319	
320 321	2.3.2.3.1 Field training checklist of competencies to be mastered and verified in
	the field by the QUALIFIED FIELD INSPECTION TRAINER;
322	2.3.2.3.2 Documented procedures for JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS;
323	2.3.2.3.3 Number of JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS that are conducted in
324	firms that represent the feed facilities in the State PROGRAM inventory
325	and the type of routine or basic work that will be performed by the
326	inspector;
327	2.3.2.3.4 The inspector completes basic field training prior to performing
328	independent inspections;
329	2.3.2.3.5 Appendix 2.3 or a comparable form must be used to list the
330	competencies and the minimum number of JOINT FIELD TRAINING
331	INSPECTIONS.
332	2.2.2. Advanced Feed Inspector Training
333	2.3.3 Advanced Feed Inspector Training
334 335	2.2.2.1 Timeframe: The State PROCEAN requires each inspector who conducts advanced
336	2.3.3.1 Timeframe: The State PROGRAM requires each inspector who conducts advanced feed inspections to successfully complete the advanced inspector coursework
337	and field training within 60 months from the START DATE.
338	2.3.3.2 Coursework: The advanced feed inspection training consists of coursework in
339	the following subject areas:
340	the following subject areas.
341	2.3.3.2.1 Advanced Feed Ingredients, Processing, and Technology: Ingredients,
342	feedstuffs, processing methods, and technologies that are complex or
343	less common and explore the major elements of modern feed
344	manufacturing and advances in feed technology.
345	2.3.3.2.2 Advanced Labeling: Knowledge and application of ANIMAL FEED
346	labeling requirements (i.e. medicated feed and pet food labeling
347	requirements).
348	2.3.3.2.3 Animal Sickness and Death Investigation: Principles of outbreak
349	investigations.
350	2.3.3.2.4 Current Statutes, Regulations, and Policies: Federal and State laws,
351	regulations, and policies for advanced feed inspections.
352	2.3.3.2.5 Epidemiology: Acquire basic knowledge of epidemiology principles
353	and concepts and apply them to animal outbreak investigations
354	2.3.3.2.6 Microbiological Pathogens: Microbial hazards in feed that could lead
355	to animal or human illnesses or death.
356	2.3.3.2.7 Traceback and Traceforward Investigations: Traceback and
357	traceforward of an implicated product and steps for conducting and
358	concluding the investigation and reporting the results.

359	2.3.3.3 Specialized Curriculum: Inspectors who assist in emergency response or
360	conduct specialized inspections listed below must complete relevant specialized
361	coursework specific to the type of specialized inspections that they will be
362	performing in the following subject areas.
363	
364	2.3.3.1 Advanced National Incident Management System and Incident
365	Command Systems (ICS).
366	
367	Note: Courses should be specific to the individual's responsibilities
368	but include at a minimum ICS300 and ICS400.
369	
370	2.3.3.3.2 BSE and Ruminant Feeding Ban: Complete coursework required to
371	conduct inspections of rendering facilities and feed manufactures
372	under the ruminant feed ban regulations, 21 CFR 589.2000 and 21
373	CFR 589.2001, that prohibit certain cattle materials from being
374	included in any ANIMAL FEED.
375	2.3.3.3 Medicated Feed Good Manufacturing Practices Regulations: Complete
376	coursework required to conduct inspections and differentiate between
377	the regulations that apply to FDA-licensed medicated feed mills and
378	unlicensed medicated feed mills, and the requirements under 21 CFR
379	part 225 Current Good Manufacturing Practice for Medicated Feeds,
380	and 21 CFR part 226 Current Good Manufacturing Practice for Type
381	A Medicated Articles.
382	
383	2.3.3.4 Field training: The State PROGRAM has established advanced field training to
384	complement the advanced coursework. The advanced field training specifies
385	the following:
386	
387	2.3.3.4.1 Field training checklist of competencies to be mastered and verified in
388	the field by the QUALIFIED FIELD INSPECTION TRAINER;
389	2.3.3.4.2 Documented procedures for JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS;
390	2.3.3.4.3 Number of JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS that are conducted in
391	firms that represent the feed facilities in the State PROGRAM inventory
392	and the type of advanced work that will be performed by the inspector
393	2.3.3.4.4 The inspector completes field training prior to performing independent
394	inspections requiring advanced skills;
395	2.3.3.4.5 Appendix 2.3 or a comparable form must be used to list the
396	competencies and the minimum number of JOINT FIELD TRAINING
397	INSPECTIONS.
398	

399 2.3.6 Continuing Education (CE): The State PROGRAM requires that each basic and advanced inspector participate in continuing education. 400 401 402 2.3.6.1 Each inspector is required to receive 20 CONTACT HOURS of continuing 403 education every 36 months. 404 2.3.6.2 The 36 month continuing education interval starts, as defined by the State 405 PROGRAM, when the required curriculum is complete. 406 407 Note: The inspector may accrue one CONTACT HOUR for each clock hour of 408 participation in any of the following training sources: in-house training provided 409 by a government agency; distance learning, for example, satellite downlinks or web-based training, or feed-related courses provided by colleges, schools, 410 411 associations, and research centers. 412 413 Note: Of the accumulated 20 CONTACT HOURS of continuing education, a 414 maximum of ten (10) CONTACT HOURS may be accrued from the following activities: attendance at professional seminars, symposiums, or technical 415 conferences and workshops; delivery of presentations at professional 416 conferences; providing classroom or field training to new hires; being a course 417 418 instructor in feed safety; or publishing an original article in a peer-reviewed 419 professional or trade association journal, periodical, or publication. 420 421 2.3.6.3 Documentation must accompany each activity submitted for continuing 422 education credit. 423 424 Note: Examples of acceptable documentation may include: certificates of 425 completion including the course dates(s) and number of hours attended or CE 426 credits granted; transcripts from a college or university; a letter from the

434 435 **2.4** (

2.4 Outcome

The State PROGRAM has trained inspectors with the knowledge, skills, and abilities to competently inspect feed facilities and conduct investigations, gather evidence, collect samples, and take enforcement actions with ANIMAL FEED facilities.

administrator of the continuing education program attended; a copy of the peer-

documentation to verify technical publications related to feed safety have been

read including completion of self-assessment quizzes that accompany journal

articles, written summaries of key points/findings presented in technical publications, and/or written book reports; an agenda and attendance roster; or

documentation approved by the QUALIFIED FIELD INSPECTION TRAINER.

reviewed article or presentation made at a professional conference;

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442	2.5 Documentation
443	
444	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
445	
446	2.5.1 Appendix 2.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet
447	2.5.2 Training Plan
448	2.5.3 Appendix 2.2: Inspector Training Record
449 450	2.5.4 Appendix 2.3: Field Training Competencies
450 451	2.5.5 Documents verifying successful completion of required courses
451	2.5.6 Documentation for continuing education credit

452	3.1 Purpose
453 454 455	This standard describes the elements of an effective ANIMAL FEED inspection program.
456	3.2 Requirement Summary
457 458	The State PROGRAM administers an inspection program to determine compliance with ANIMAL
459 460	FEED laws.
461 462	3.3 Program Elements
463 464	3.3.1 Risk-Based Inspection Program
465 466	3.3.1.1 The State PROGRAM has documented procedures to:
467 468	3.3.1.1.1 Define an up-to-date inventory of feed facilities whose activities fall under the State's jurisdiction and authority;
469 470	3.3.1.1.2 Maintain the inventory of feed facilities defined in 3.3.1.1.1.
470 471 472	3.3.1.2 The State PROGRAM has documented procedures for defining risk categories. The three minimum required factors for defining risk categories are:
473 474	3.3.1.2.1 Types of feed and feed products;
475 476	3.3.1.2.2 Types of processing;3.3.1.2.3 Compliance history of the facility.
477 478 479	3.3.1.3 The State PROGRAM is required to use a minimum of the three factors in 3.3.1.2 to assign risk categories to feed facilities.
480 481	3.3.1.4 Based on risk factors assigned to a facility or product, the manufacturing
482 483	processes, and the compliance history of the facility, inspections:
484 485	3.3.1.4.1 Are prioritized; 3.3.1.4.2 Have assigned frequencies;
486 487	3.3.1.4.3 Have resources allocated.
488 489	Note: The State PROGRAM should also consider optional risk factors, such as volume of feed and feed products manufactured, scope of distribution, and other
490 491	factors unique to the State's industries and practices. Appendix 3.2 provides additional information about required and optional risk factors and risk
492 493	categories.

495	3.3.2 Inspection Protoco	ol
496 497		PROGRAM has documented policies and procedures for inspecting
498 400	ANIMAL FE	EED facilities that require the inspectors to:
499 500	3.3.2.1.1	Review the feed facility's previous inspection report(s) and
501		complaint(s);
502 503	3.3.2.1.2	Present appropriate credentials and written Notice of Inspection to the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge; make
504 505		appropriate introductions; explain the purpose and scope of the inspection; and determine inspection authority;
506 507	3.3.2.1.3	Follow the safety protocols required by the feed facility and the State PROGRAM;
508 509	3.3.2.1.4	Follow the biosecurity protocols required by the feed facility and the State PROGRAM;
510	3.3.2.1.5	Use appropriate equipment and forms needed to conduct inspections:
510	3.3.2.1.6	Establish interstate jurisdiction for FDA inspections, if applicable;
512	3.3.2.1.7	Recognize the relative risk (high to low) of feed facilities based on
513	3.3.2.1.7	the State PROGRAM'S risk-based inspection program and
514		categorization assigned to a facility or product, the manufacturing
515		processes, and the inspection history of the facility;
516	3.3.2.1.8	Conduct inspection activities, appropriate for the level of risk,
517	0.0.2.110	focused on those firms, products, and processes determined to be
518		high risk;
519	3.3.2.1.9	Assess employee activities critical to the safe manufacture,
520		distribution, storage, handling, and disposition of feed;
521	3.3.2.1.10	Properly evaluate the likelihood that conditions, practices, processes,
522		components, or labeling could cause the product to become
523		adulterated or misbranded;
524 525	3.3.2.1.11	Recognize significant non-compliant conditions or practices and
525	2 2 2 1 12	document findings consistent with PROGRAM procedures;
526	3.3.2.1.12	Distinguish between significant and insignificant observations and
527	222112	isolated incidents versus trends;
528 520	3.3.2.1.13	Review and evaluate the appropriate ANIMAL FEED facility records
529 520	2 2 2 1 14	and procedures and verify that the procedures are being followed;
530 531	3.3.2.1.14	Collect adequate evidence and documentation to support inspection
531 532	2 2 2 1 15	observations in accordance with PROGRAM procedures; Verify correction of deficiencies identified during the previous
532 533	3.3.2.1.13	•
533 534	222116	inspection(s); Conduct activities in a professional manner;
53 4 535		Use effective interviewing techniques;
536		Explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection;
220	ال.ا المارين	Lapiam imunigo cicarry and adequatery unoughout the inspection,

537	3.3.2.1.19 Alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an
538	immediate corrective action is necessary;
539	3.3.2.1.20 Document findings accurately, clearly, legibly, and concisely on the
540	applicable form(s) and provide a copy to the feed facility's owner,
541	operator, or agent in charge;
542	3.3.2.1.21 Answer questions and provide information as appropriate;
543	3.3.2.1.22 Submit inspection report, sample(s), and supporting documents to
544	headquarters or supervisor in a timely manner.
545	
546	3.3.3 Recall System
547	
548	3.3.3.1 The State PROGRAM has a documented recall system. The recall system
549	includes:
550	
551	3.3.3.1.1 Written procedures for:
552	3.3.3.1.1.1 Receiving
553	3.3.3.1.1.2 Tracking
554	3.3.3.1.1.3 Evaluating recall notifications
555	3.3.3.1.1.4 Closing
556	3.3.3.1.1.5 Maintaining records
557	3.3.3.1.2 Performing recall effectiveness checks
558	8
559	3.3.4 Consumer Complaints
560	•
561	3.3.4.1 The State PROGRAM has a documented system for handling consumer
562	complaints. The system includes procedures for:
563	
564	3.3.4.1.1 Receiving
565	3.3.4.1.2 Tracking
566	3.3.4.1.3 Evaluating
567	3.3.4.1.4 Answering
568	3.3.4.1.5 Closing
569	3.3.4.1.6 Maintaining records
570	3.3.4.1.0 Maintaining records
571	3.3.5 Complaints Resulting from State PROGRAM Inspection Activities
572	3.3.3 Complaints Resulting from State 1 ROOKAW Inspection Activities
573	3.3.5.1 The State PROGRAM has a documented system to handle complaints from
574	industry about State PROGRAM inspections. The system includes procedures for:
575	industry about State PROGRAM inspections. The system includes procedures for.
576	3.3.5.1.1 Receiving
577	3.3.5.1.2 Evaluating
578	3.3.5.1.3 Maintaining records
579	
580	

3.4 Outcome
The State PROGRAM has an ANIMAL FEED inspection program that may prevent the occurrence of feed adulteration or misbranding by focusing inspection resources on high risk facilities, products, processes, and facilities with a poor compliance history; obtaining immediate corrective actions and long-term compliance improvement; and preventing distribution of ANIMAL FEED that may be adulterated or misbranded.
3.5 Documentation
The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
3.5.1 Appendix 3.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet
3.5.2 Documented procedures for defining the State's inventory of feed facilities
3.5.3 Documented procedures for updating the State's inventory of feed facilities
3.5.4 An inventory of feed facilities
3.5.5 Documented procedures used for categorizing feed facilities based on risk, including the inspection frequency assigned to each defined risk-based category
3.5.6 Documented policies and procedures for inspecting feed facilities
3.5.7 Documented recall system, which includes written recall procedures
3.5.8 Documented procedures for consumer complaints
3.5.9 Documented procedures for industry complaints about State PROGRAM inspection activities

4.1 Purpose

This standard describes the auditing procedures necessary to: (1) evaluate the effectiveness of inspections and sample collections, (2) recognize trends in the inspection and sampling programs, and (3) identify areas in need of corrective actions.

4.2 Requirement Summary

The State PROGRAM conducts audits to document and evaluate the effectiveness of the PROGRAM's inspections and sample collections. Auditing has two components: (1) a field audit component, which is an on-site performance evaluation of inspection and sample collection to verify they are consistently performed according to established performance factors and (2) a desk audit component, which is a performance review of the inspection and sample collection reports to verify the content quality and that a report was processed according to established performance factors.

4.3 Program Elements

4.3.1 The State PROGRAM has written procedures for conducting four types of audits:

4.3.1.1 Field inspection audits as specified in 4.3.3;

4.3.1.2 Field inspection report audits as specified in 4.3.4; 4.3.1.3 Sample collection audits as specified in 4.3.5;

4.3.1.4 Sample collection report audits as specified in 4.3.6.

Note: In general, each type of audit is composed of multiple performance factors. The performance factors are evaluated during an audit and then used to calculate an individual's audit score. The audit score determines the audit rating, which is recorded as "acceptable" or "needs improvement". Using all of the individual audits, the State PROGRAM calculates a performance factor score for each performance factor and a cumulative score for each type of audit. The State PROGRAM uses the audit scores, performance factor scores, and calculated scores to recognize trends in the field inspection and sample collection programs. The trends are used to identify specific areas that need improvement, and to take corrective action to improve areas.

4.3.2 A review of the performance factor scores and cumulative scores for each type of audit is completed at least every 12 months.

4.3.3 Field Inspection Audit: The State PROGRAM conducts field inspection audits using a QUALIFIED FIELD INSPECTION AUDITOR to verify that inspections are consistently performed according to the State's written procedures.

646	ž *	num of two field inspection a	<u>*</u>
647	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	ected for audits must reflect
648	<u> </u>	nments and responsibilities.	
649		s: At a minimum, performan	
650		within Standard 3: Inspection	•
651	appendix 4.2, or cor	nparable form, are evaluated	•
652			
653	<u> </u>		actions and observations that
654		n a "needs improvement" rat	ting are provided in appendix
655	4.2a.		
656			
657	4.3.3.3 Performance Docum	nentation:	
658			
659		4.2, or comparable form, is t	<u> </u>
660	=		nd audit rating for each field
661	inspection		
662		4.3, or comparable workshee	
663	performan	ce factor scores and a cumula	ative score for the State
664	PROGRAM.		
665			
666		ctions for calculating perform	
667	cumulative	e score can be found in apper	ndix 4.4.
668			
669	4.3.4 Field Inspection Report Au		-
670	<u> </u>	· -	igs are obtained and reported
671	according to the State's wri	tten procedures.	
672			
673			ion of field inspection reports to
674		the number of inspections co	ompleted during a 12 month
675	period of performan	ce using the table below:	
676			
	Number of Inspections in	Minimum Number of	Maximum Number of
	12 Months	Reports Required	Reports Required
	Less than 20 reports	All	All
	20-400 reports	20	20
	More than 400 reports	5% of reports	50
677			
678	4.3.4.2 Performance Factors	s: At a minimum, the perforr	nance factors listed in appendix

679 680

4.5, or comparable form, are evaluated.

681	4.3.4.3 Performance Documentation:
682	
683	4.3.4.3.1 Appendix 4.5, or comparable form, is used to record the rating of each
684	performance factor, audit score, and audit rating for each inspection
685	report audit;
686	4.3.4.3.2 Appendix 4.6, or comparable worksheet, is used to calculate
687	performance factor scores and a cumulative score for the State
688	PROGRAM.
689	
690	Note: Directions for calculating performance factor scores and the
691	cumulative score can be found in appendix 4.4.
692	4250 1 C 11 (A 1') TH C() program 1 (1 11 (' 1')
693	4.3.5 Sample Collection Audit: The State PROGRAM conducts sample collection audits
694	using a QUALIFIED FIELD INSPECTION AUDITOR to verify that sample collections are
695	consistently performed according to the State's written procedures.
696	4251 Francisco Ameliciano of transcription and the of soft increases in
697	4.3.5.1 Frequency: A minimum of two sample collection audits of each inspector is
698	conducted every 36 months. The sample collections selected for audits must
699 700	reflect the inspector's assignments and responsibilities.
700	4.3.5.2 Performance Factors: At a minimum, performance factors listed in the
701	sampling protocol described within Standard 11, Sampling Program and
702	listed in appendix 4.7 are evaluated.
703	Night Francis and supplied for the supplied of a time and all and the supplied of the time the supplied of the supplied of the time the supplied of the supplied of the time the supplied of the time the supplied of th
704	Note: For each performance factor, examples of actions and observations that
705	would likely result in a "needs improvement" rating are provided in appendix
706	4.7a.
707 708	4.3.5.3 Performance Documentation:
708 709	4.5.5.5 Performance Documentation:
709 710	4.3.5.3.1 Appendix 4.7, or comparable form, is used to record the rating of
710	
712	each performance factor, audit score, and audit rating for each sample collection audit;
712	4.3.5.3.2 Appendix 4.8, or comparable worksheet, is used to calculate
713 714	performance factor scores and a cumulative score for the State
71 4 715	PROGRAM.
715 716	PROURAM.
717	Note: Directions for calculating performance factor scores and the
71 <i>7</i> 718	cumulative score can be found in appendix 4.4.
719	cumulative score can be found in appendix 4.4.
720	
720 721	4.3.6 Sample Collection Report Audit: The State PROGRAM conducts periodic sample
721	collection report audits to verify that sample collection documentation is consistently
723	performed according to the State's written procedures.
143	performed according to the state's written procedures.

4.3.6.1 The State PROGRAM will review a random selection of sample collection reports audited based on the number of samples collected during a 12 month period of performance based using the table below:

Number of Samples Collected in 12 Months	Minimum Number of Reports Required	Maximum Number of Reports Required
Less than 40 reports	All	All
40 – 800 reports	40	40
More than 800 reports	5% of reports	70

- 4.3.6.2 Performance Factors: At a minimum, the performance factors listed in appendix 4.9, or comparable form, are evaluated.
- 4.3.6.3 Performance Documentation:

- 4.3.6.3.1 Appendix 4.9, or comparable form, is used to record the rating of each performance factor, audit score, and audit rating for each sample collection report audit;
- 4.3.6.3.2 Appendix 4.10, or comparable worksheet, is used to calculate performance factor scores and a cumulative score for the State PROGRAM.

Note: Directions for calculating performance factor scores and the cumulative score can be found in appendix 4.4.

4.3.7 Corrective Action Plan: The State PROGRAM has a written corrective action plan using

4.3.7.1 An inspector receives an overall audit rating of "needs improvement" (audit

score below 80 percent) for an individual audit.
4.3.7.2 A State PROGRAM has a performance factor score (as a result of all audits over 12 months) below 80 percent for a single performance factor.

appendix 4.11, or comparable form, if any of the following occur for any type of audit.

4.3.7.3 A State PROGRAM has a cumulative score (as a result of all audits over 12 months) below 80 percent.

4.4 Outcome

The State PROGRAM'S evaluation of its inspection and sample collection activities ensures that they are adequate, complete, and that corrective actions are implemented when necessary.

758	4.5 Documentation
759	
760	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
761	
762	4.5.1 Appendix 4.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet
763	4.5.2 Written procedures for conducting four types of audits
764	4.5.3 Appendix 4.2: Field Inspection Audit Form
765	4.5.4 Appendix 4.3: Field Inspection Audit Worksheet
766	4.5.5 Appendix 4.5: Field Inspection Report Audit Form
767	4.5.6 Appendix 4.6: Field Inspection Report Audit Worksheet
768	4.5.7 Appendix 4.7: Sample Collection Audit Form
769	4.5.8 Appendix 4.8: Sample Collection Audit Worksheet
770	4.5.9 Appendix 4.9: Sample Collection Report Audit Form
771	4.5.10 Appendix 4.10: Sample Collection Report Audit Worksheet
772	4.5.11 Appendix 4.11: Corrective Action Plan

STANDARD 5 Feed-Related Illnesses or Death and Emergency Response

773 774	5.1 Purpose
775	This standard describes the functions to detect, identify, and respond to alleged feed-related
776	illnesses, deaths, and EMERGENCIES, including coordinating roles and responsibilities with other
777	jurisdictions and communicating with appropriate parties.
778	January and Comments were afficient former
779	5.2 Requirement Summary
780	ı
781	The State PROGRAM has a system to conduct emergency response to feed-related illnesses,
782	deaths, and EMERGENCIES.
783	
784	5.3 Program Elements
785	
786	5.3.1 The State PROGRAM has written procedures to gather information to identify incidents
787	of feed-related illnesses, deaths, and EMERGENCIES.
788	
789	5.3.2 The State PROGRAM has written procedures to communicate with the appropriate State
790	agencies or departments that investigate animal illnesses and food-related illnesses and
791	outbreak.
792	
793	Note: These procedures facilitate sharing of information to identify potential feed-
794 795	related illnesses, deaths, EMERGENCIES, and CROSS-SECTOR EVENTS.
796	5.3.3 For feed-related illnesses, deaths, and EMERGENCIES, the State PROGRAM has a written
797	procedure with criteria to:
798	procedure with efficial to.
799	5.3.3.1 Determine the appropriate response
800	5.3.3.2 Initiate the response
801	5.3.3.3 Complete the response
802	
803	5.3.4 For feed-related EMERGENCIES, the State PROGRAM manages the event using:
804	
805	5.3.4.1 A formalized Incident Command System structure or
806	5.3.4.2 An official action plan ² that includes:
807	
808	5.3.4.2.1 Outlining containment
809	5.3.4.2.2 Communication
810	5.3.4.2.3 Control
811	5.3.4.2.4 Correction
812	5.3.4.2.5 After-action protocols

²An example of an official action plan can be found in the AAFCO Emergency Response Preparedness Guidance Document (AAFCO Official Publication).

STANDARD 5

Feed-Related Illnesses or Death and Emergency Response

5.3.5 The State PROGRAM maintains a list of relevant agencies and emergency contacts.

816 817	5.3.5.1 The list is reviewed and updated based on the State defined frequency.	
818	Note: Appendix 5.2 provides a template for an emergency contact list.	
819	1 vote. Appendix 3.2 provides a template for an emergency contact list.	
820	5.3.6 The State PROGRAM establishes written procedures to rapidly notify government	
821	agencies, departments, or appropriate parties of relevant findings.	
822 823	5.2.7 The State PROCE AN has a written precedure to immediately notify law enforcement	
824	5.3.7 The State PROGRAM has a written procedure to immediately notify law enforcement agencies when intentional feed contamination or feed-related terrorism is suspected or	
825	threatened.	
826		
827	5.3.8 The State PROGRAM has a written procedure for:	
828		
829	5.3.8.1 Releasing information to the public;	
830	5.3.8.2 Coordinating media information with other jurisdictions to reduce the impact of	
831	feed-related illnesses, deaths, or EMERGENCIES.	
832	5.4 Outcome	
833 834	5.4 Outcome	
835	The State DROCD AM has written procedures for documenting and investigating feed related	
836	The State PROGRAM has written procedures for documenting and investigating feed-related	
837	illnesses, deaths, and EMERGENCIES within the PROGRAM'S authority. The State PROGRAM has established communication pathways with government agencies, departments, or appropriate	
838	parties to gather and share information to reduce feed-related illnesses, deaths, or EMERGENCIES.	
839	parties to gamer and share information to reduce reed related innesses, deaths, or EMERGEIVERS.	
840	5.5 Documentation	
841		
842	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.	
843		
844	5.5.1 Appendix 5.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet	
845	5.5.2 Documented written procedure to gather information to identify incidents of feed-	
846	related illnesses, deaths, and EMERGENCIES	
847	5.5.3 Documented procedure to communicate with Agency/Departments	
848	5.5.4 Documented written procedure to determine the appropriate response, initiate the	
849	response, and complete the response for feed-related illnesses, deaths, and	
850	EMERGENCIES	
851	5.5.5 Documented written procedures using a formalized Incident Command System	
852	structure or an official action plan	
853	5.5.6 Emergency contact list	
854	5.5.7 Documented written procedures to rapidly notify government agencies, departments, or	
855	appropriate parties of relevant findings	

STANDARD 5 Feed-Related Illnesses or Death and Emergency Response

856	5.5.8 Documented written procedure to immediately notify law enforcement agencies when
857	intentional feed contamination or feed-related terrorism is suspected or threatened
858	5.5.9 Documented procedure for releasing information to the public and coordinating media
859	information with other jurisdictions

STANDARD 6 Enforcement Program

860 861	6.1 Purpose
862 863	This standard describes the elements of an effective enforcement program.
864 865	6.2 Requirement Summary
866 867	The State PROGRAM has documented ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES. An annual evaluation of the ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES is conducted to identify potential improvements or modifications.
868869870	6.3 Program Elements
871 872 873	6.3.1 The State PROGRAM has an enforcement program that contains documented ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES.
874 875 876	6.3.2 The State PROGRAM must use the following six factors listed when selecting an appropriate enforcement tool:
877 878	6.3.2.1 Compliance history 6.3.2.2 Responsiveness
879 880	6.3.2.3 Scope 6.3.2.4 Nature of the Violation
881 882	6.3.2.5 Impact of the Violation 6.3.2.6 Resources
883 884 885 886	Note: Appendix 6.2 provides examples of common enforcement tools. When selecting enforcement tools, the State PROGRAM may consider other factors in addition to the ones listed above.
887 888 889	6.3.3 The State PROGRAM has a documented written description for all factors.
890 891	6.3.4 The State PROGRAM has documented relative conditions for all factors.
892 893	6.3.4.1 Relative conditions of each factor will be assigned a numerical weight.
894 895 896	Note: Appendix 6.3 is an example of factor descriptions, relative conditions, and the associated numerical weights.
897 898 899	6.3.5 The State PROGRAM has a documented enforcement matrix designed to incorporate the relative conditions of each factor and the application of enforcement tools.
900 901 902	Note: Appendix 6.4 is an example enforcement matrix.

STANDARD 6 Enforcement Program

904	6.3.6 The State PROGRAM has a documented process for conducting the annual evaluation
905	described in 6.3.7.
906	
907	6.3.7 The State PROGRAM conducts an annual evaluation of its ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES to:
908	
909 910	6.3.7.1 Determine if the PROGRAM'S ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES were successful in achieving compliance;
911 912	6.3.7.2 Identify potential improvements or modifications of the ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES, if any;
913 914	6.3.7.3 Determine if the enforcement priorities remain the same or require modification.
915	6.4 Outcome
916	0.4 Outcome
917 918	The State PROGRAM has an effective enforcement program with documented ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES that identify a means to appropriately select and apply enforcement tools. An annual
919	evaluation of the enforcement program is conducted to identify potential improvements or
920	modifications.
921	
922	6.5 Documentation
923	
924	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
925 926	6.5.1 Appendix 6.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet
920 927	6.5.2 Documented ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES
928	6.5.3 Documented factors including the description, relative conditions, and associated
929	numerical weight for each
930	6.5.4 Enforcement matrix
931	6.5.5 Documented process for conducting an evaluation of the ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES
932	6.5.6 Documented annual evaluation of the ENFORCEMENT STRATEGIES

STANDARD 7 Outreach Activities

933 934	7.1 Purpose
935	This standard describes the elements of outreach activities developed and provided by the State
936	PROGRAM.
937	
938	7.2 Requirement Summary
939	
940	The State PROGRAM conducts or participates in outreach activities and OUTREACH ACTIVITY
941	EVENTS to inform ANIMAL FEED industry stakeholders, academia, other regulators, or consumers
942	about ANIMAL FEED topics.
943	
944	7.3 Program Elements
945	
946	7.3.1 The State PROGRAM identifies the methods that will be used for outreach activities to
947	inform ANIMAL FEED industry stakeholders, academia, other regulators, or consumers.
948 949	7.2.2 The State PROCRAM develops on outrooch plan that supports the State PROCRAM
949	7.3.2 The State PROGRAM develops an outreach plan that supports the State PROGRAM mission and includes:
951	mission and metades.
952	7.3.2.1 Objectives of an outreach plan
953	7.3.2.2 Target populations
954	7.3.2.3 The types of outreach activities (including OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENTS)
955	7.3.2.3 The types of outcome activities (metading of the five first in the five first)
956	Note: The content and design of the plan will vary depending on the State PROGRAM
957	priorities and mission.
958	1
959	7.3.3 The templates provided in appendix 7.2, or comparable form, is used to record:
960	
961	7.3.3.1 Objectives of an outreach plan
962	7.3.3.2 Target populations
963	7.3.3.3 The types of activities (including OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENTS)
964	
965	7.3.4 The State PROGRAM documents and evaluates OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENTS. Appendix
966	7.3, or comparable form, is used to document and evaluate OUTREACH ACTIVITY
967	EVENTS.
968	
969	7.4 Outcome
970	
971	The State PROGRAM uses outreach activities to inform ANIMAL FEED industry stakeholders,
972	academia, other regulators or consumers about ANIMAL FEED topics.
973	

STANDARD 7 Outreach Activities

974	7.5 Documentation
975	
976	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
977	
978	7.5.1 Appendix 7.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet
979	7.5.2 Outreach plan
980	7.5.3 OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENTS overview and evaluation
981	7.5.4 Documents to verify the OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENTS occurred

STANDARD 8 Planning and Resources

982	8.1 Purpose
983	This standard describes the elements of workmlanning and recovered evaluation wood by a Ctata
984 985	This standard describes the elements of workplanning and resource evaluation used by a State
985 986	PROGRAM.
	9.2 Dequipment Commons
987 988	8.2 Requirement Summary
989	A State PROGRAM is required to have a documented workplan to support its inspection and
990	sample collection programs.
991	sample conection programs.
992	A State PROGRAM is required to conduct an evaluation of resource needs for completing the
993	inspection and sample collection projections identified by the workplan and additional work
994	conducted by the PROGRAM.
995	Conducted by the Trootkawi.
996	A State PROGRAM is required to conduct an evaluation of the resources needed to fully implement
997	the Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards (AFRPS).
998	the 7 minut 1 cod Regulatory 110gram Standards (7 if Rt 5).
999	8.3 Program Elements
1000	0.5 1 regrum Elements
1001	8.3.1 The State PROGRAM has a documented workplan. The workplan must include:
1002	olem The State Theodiana has a documented workplain The workplain mast include.
1003	8.3.1.1 Inspection plan
1004	
1005	8.3.1.1.1 Number of inspections
1006	8.3.1.1.2 Type of inspection
1007	8.3.1.1.3 Risk category of facility or product
1008	8.3.1.1.4 Frequency
1009	
1010	8.3.1.2 Sample plan
1011	r r
1012	8.3.1.2.1 Number of samples
1013	8.3.1.2.2 Type of samples
1014	71 1
1015	8.3.1.3 Timeframe that the workplan is applicable.
1016	
1017	8.3.2 The State PROGRAM has a documented procedure for evaluating the workplan that
1018	includes:
1019	
1020	8.3.2.1 Conducting periodic and annual evaluations of the workplan;
1021	8.3.2.2 Evaluating alignment with PROGRAM objectives and resources.
1022	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1023	Note: FDA and the State PROGRAM may meet periodically and develop a coordinated
1024	workplan.

STANDARD 8 Planning and Resources

1025 1026	8.3.3 The State PROGRAM has a documented procedure for identifying and reviewing its resources to accomplish the workplan within the applicable timeframe.
1027	resources to accompnish the workplan within the applicable difference.
1028	Note: The resource review should include staffing, equipment, and funding needed to
1029	support the inspection and sample collection activities identified in the workplan.
1030	
1031	Note: The resources needed to train and audit field staff, to support laboratory services,
1032	compliance, education and outreach, and to respond to feed-related illnesses, deaths, or
1033	EMERGENCIES should be determined by the State PROGRAM. The administrative
1034	functions needed to support all PROGRAM areas should be considered when determining
1035	PROGRAM resources.
1036	
1037	8.3.4 To validate the workplan, the State PROGRAM develops a formula that:
1038	
1039	8.3.4.1 Calculates the number of staff needed to conduct inspections of its ANIMAL FEED
1040	inventory;
1041	8.3.4.2 Calculates the number of staff needed to conduct sample collections;
1042	8.3.4.3 Uses numerical values that are based on the State PROGRAM'S data;
1043	8.3.4.4 Must be used by the State PROGRAM.
1044	
1045	Note: The State PROGRAM should have adequate staff to inspect the State PROGRAMS
1046	ANIMAL FEED inventory and to conduct sample collections, which could include
1047	ANIMAL FEED facilities and retail establishments, based on risk categorization and
1048	inspection frequency established by the PROGRAM in its workplan.
1049	
1050	Note: Appendix 8.2 provides example formulas that can be used as a baseline for a
1051	State PROGRAM'S workplan. The formulas in appendix 8.2 do not include methods for
1052	estimating staff numbers needed for sample collections, compliance activities,
1053	administrative, or other programmatic activities.
1054	
1055	8.3.5 The inspection and sample collection staff must have the equipment needed to conduct
1056	inspections and sample collections.
1057	
1058	8.3.6 A list of the equipment required for inspections and sample collections must be:
1059	
1060	8.3.6.1 Established by the State PROGRAM
1061	8.3.6.2 Maintained by the State PROGRAM
1062	
1063	Note: Appendix 8.3 provides an example list of equipment that may be used for
1064	inspections and sample collections.
1065	

STANDARD 8 Planning and Resources

1066	8.3.7 The State PROGRAM must conduct a review of the resources required to fully implement
1067	the AFRPS, including each of the program elements in the individual standards. The
1068	review recorded in appendix 8.4 must determine whether the PROGRAM has:
1069	
1070	8.3.7.1 Adequate staff
1071	8.3.7.2 Equipment
1072	8.3.7.3 Funding
1073	
1074	Note: Information technology may be considered as part of the State PROGRAM'S
1075	resource needs.
1076	
1077	8.3.8 A baseline resource review in 8.3.7 must be made concurrently with the baseline
1078	evaluation required for AFRPS Standard 9 and recorded in appendix 8.4.
1079	
1080	8.3.9 Subsequent resource evaluations to determine the resources necessary for the State
1081	PROGRAM to partially meet, fully meet, or maintain full IMPLEMENTATION of each
1082	standard's requirements must be completed within three years of the previous
1083	evaluation.
1084	
1085	8.4 Outcome
1086	
1087	The State PROGRAM has a documented workplan to support its inspection and sample collection
1088	programs and assesses the resources needed to support an ANIMAL FEED regulatory program and
1089	implement the AFRPS.
1090	
1091	8.5 Documentation
1092	
1093	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
1094	
1095	8.5.1 Appendix 8.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet
1096	8.5.2 Workplan
1097	8.5.3 Documented procedure for evaluating the workplan
1098	8.5.4 Documented procedure for identifying and reviewing its resources to accomplish the
1099	workplan within the applicable timeframe
1100	8.5.5 Formula used to calculate number of staff needed to conduct inspections and sample
1101	collections and supporting data
1102	8.5.6 List of required equipment for inspection and sample collection
1103	8 5 7 Appendix 8 4: Resources for IMPLEMENTATION of AFRPS

STANDARD 9 Assessment and Improvement

1104 1105	9.1 Purpose
1105	This standard tracks the IMPLEMENTATION of each standard and describes the requirements for an
1107	improvement plan.
1108	improvement plan.
1109	9.2 Requirement Summary
1110	
1111	The State PROGRAM conducts a baseline evaluation utilizing the self-assessments completed for
1112 1113	each standard. The results of the baseline evaluation are used to create an improvement plan that aids the PROGRAM in meeting the requirements of each standard.
1114	
1115	The State PROGRAM regularly evaluates its status in meeting the requirements of the standards.
1116	
1117	9.3 Program Elements
1118	
1119	9.3.1 The State PROGRAM uses the self-assessment worksheets from each standard to
1120	complete a baseline evaluation. The baseline evaluation is used to determine if a
1121	standard is fully met, partially met, or not met, and identify areas or functions in the
1122	State PROGRAM that need improving in order to fully meet the requirements of each
1123	standard.
1124	
1125	9.3.2 Following the baseline evaluation, the State PROGRAM develops an improvement plan
1126	for requirements of the standards that are not fully met using appendix 9.2, or
1127	comparable form. The improvement plan includes the following:
1128	0.2.2.1 The individual element on decommentation requirement for the standard that was
1129 1130	9.3.2.1 The individual element or documentation requirement for the standard that was not fully met;
1131	9.3.2.2 Improvements needed to fully meet the program element or documentation
1132	requirement(s) of the standard;
1133	9.3.2.3 Lists of individual tasks that will be used to address the improvement;
1134	9.3.2.4 A projected completion date for each task;
1135	9.3.2.5 Completion date for each task.
1136	1
1137	9.3.3 The State PROGRAM reviews and updates its improvement plan (appendix 9.2) on an
1138	annual basis.
1139	
1140	9.3.4 The State PROGRAM completes an evaluation of IMPLEMENTATION status at least every
1141	three years following the baseline evaluation to determine if each standard is fully met,
1142	partially met, or not met. This evaluation includes a review and update of the
1143	following:
1144	
1145	9.3.4.1 Self-assessment worksheets for each standard;
1146	9.3.4.2 Required documentation for each standard:

STANDARD 9 Assessment and Improvement

1147	9.3.4.3 Improvement plan (appendix 9.2);
1148	9.3.4.4 IMPLEMENTATION status (appendix 9.3).
1149	
1150	9.3.5 Appendix 9.3, or comparable form, is used to track IMPLEMENTATION status of all the
1151	standards.
1152	
1153	9.3.6 The State PROGRAM retains records required under x.5 of each standard for the three
1154	previous years, or per the State PROGRAM'S record retention policy.
1155	
1156	Note: If FDA provides a State PROGRAM with financial assistance to implement the AFRPS,
1157	FDA will conduct a verification audit of the State PROGRAM'S AFRPS IMPLEMENTATION.
1158	
1159	9.4 Outcome
1160	
1161	The State PROGRAM works to meet the requirements of all standards and continues to evaluate
1162	and improve the PROGRAM to ensure the required elements for all standards remain met.
1163	
1164	9.5 Documentation
1165	
1166	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
1167	
1168	9.5.1 Appendix 9.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet
1169	9.5.2 Appendix 9.2: Assessment and Improvement Plan
1170	9.5.3 Appendix 9.3: IMPLEMENTATION Status of Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards

STANDARD 10 Laboratory Services

1171	10.1 Purpos	se							
1172									
1173		d describes the elements of utilizing REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES)							
1174	services that support the State PROGRAM.								
1175									
1176	10.2 Requir	rement Summary							
1177	TTI C								
1178		OGRAM has access to laboratory services that provide analytical data that support							
1179	regulatory fu	unctions.							
1180	TTI C.								
1181 1182		OGRAM receives accurate, timely, reliable, and defensible data from the Y TESTING LABORATORY (IES).							
1183		·							
1184	10.3 Progra	am Elements							
1185	8								
1186	10.3.1	The State PROGRAM maintains a list of analytical services provided by REGULATORY							
1187		TESTING LABORATORY(IES). These types of services include the following:							
1188									
1189		10.3.1.1 Routine							
1190		10.3.1.2 Non-routine							
1191									
1192	10.3.2	The State PROGRAM has a documented formal agreement with the REGULATORY							
1193		TESTING LABORATORY(IES) that conduct routine analytical services, unless the							
1194		laboratory is managed within the PROGRAM.							
1195									
1196	10.3.3	The State PROGRAM prepares a sample analysis schedule based on a sampling plan ³							
1197		in cooperation with REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES) performing routine							
1198		services to ensure compatibility with laboratory capabilities and capacities. At a							
1199		minimum, the sample analysis schedule must include:							
1200									
1201		10.3.3.1 The type(s) of ANIMAL FEED to be analyzed;							
1202		10.3.3.2 Number of samples to be collected;							
1203		10.3.3.3 Estimated timeframe for collection;							
1204		10.3.3.4 Type(s) of analysis to be performed.							
1205									
1206	10.3.4	The State PROGRAM has written procedures developed by the REGULATORY TESTING							
1207		LABORATORY(IES) to maintain the integrity of the samples sent to the laboratory for							
1208		analytical testing that includes:							
1209									
1210		10.3.4.1 Sample receipt							
1211		10.3.4.2 Preservation							
1212		10.3.4.3 Storage							

³A description of a sampling plan can be found in Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standard 11: Sampling Program.

STANDARD 10 Laboratory Services

1213	10.3.4.4 Retention
1214	10.3.4.5 Disposal
1215	10.3.4.6 Chain of custody
1216	10.3.4.7 Report of analysis
1217	10.3.4.8 Method(s) used to communicate information between the State PROGRAM
1218	and REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES)
1219	
1220	10.3.5 State PROGRAM utilizes REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES) that:
1221	Totale State Trootalist and Estation Testing Eliboration (les) that
1222	10.3.5.1 Are accredited by a recognized accreditation body to ISO/IEC
1223	17025:2005 ⁴ , or
1224	10.3.5.2 Implement and comply with the AAFCO Quality Assurance/Quality
1225	Control guidelines, or
1226	10.3.5.3 Implement and comply with the ISO/IEC 17025:2005.
1227	10.5.5.5 Implement and compty with the 150/12C 17025.2005.
1228	10.4 Outcome
1229	10.4 Outcome
1229	The State BROCK AND utilized walled and defensible laboratory testing data to ensure their mission in
1230	The State PROGRAM utilizes valid and defensible laboratory testing data to ensure their mission in
1231	protecting animal and public health and enforcing feed regulations.
1232	10.5 Documentation
1233	10.5 Documentation
1234	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
	The State Program maintains the records fisted here.
1236	10.5.1. Amondiv 10. Calf Assassment Workshoot
1237	10.5.1 Appendix 10: Self-Assessment Worksheet
1238	10.5.2 A list of routine and non-routine analytical services provided by the REGULATORY
1239	TESTING LABORATORY(IES)
1240	10.5.3 An agreement with REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES) that provide routine
1241	analytical services unless the laboratory is managed within the PROGRAM
1242	10.5.4 A current sample analysis schedule
1243	10.5.5 Written procedures to maintain the integrity of the samples sent to the REGULATORY
1244	TESTING LABORATORY(IES)
1245	
1246	
1247	
1248	
1249	
1250	
1251	
1252	

⁴ A recognized accreditation body must be signatory to the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC) Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA).

STANDARD 11 **Sampling Program**

1253	11.1 Purpos	e
1254 1255	This standard	describes the elements of an effective ANIMAL FEED sampling program.
1256 1257	11.2 Requir	ement Summary
1258	11.2 Requii	
1259 1260	The State PR	OGRAM has a sampling program to support an ANIMAL FEED regulatory program.
1261 1262	11.3 Progra	am Elements
1263 1264	11.3.1	The State PROGRAM has a documented annual sampling plan for collecting surveillance, compliance, investigational, regulatory samples, or other samples. ⁵
1265 1266 1267 1268 1269		11.3.1.1 The annual sampling plan is jointly developed and amended by the State PROGRAM and REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES) performing routine analytical services to allow for advanced planning and scheduling of work.
1209 1270 1271		11.3.1.2 The sampling plan outlines the State PROGRAM'S:
1272 1273		11.3.1.2.1 Sampling priorities 11.3.1.2.2 Sample analysis schedule
1274 1275		11.3.1.2.3 Availability or coordination of analytical support
1276 1277		Note: The sampling plan may include estimates of analytical costs.
1278 1279	11.3.2	The State PROGRAM has documented sampling procedures for collecting, storing, and transporting samples that includes:
1280 1281		11.3.2.1 Following safety precautions on feed labels;
1282 1283		11.3.2.2 Following the State PROGRAM's safety protocol for collecting samples; 11.3.2.3 Using appropriate method and equipment to collect the sample;
1284 1285		11.3.2.4 Sealing the sample to initiate chain of custody; 11.3.2.5 Maintaining and documenting sample integrity, security, and chain of
1286 1287		custody; 11.3.2.6 Issuing receipt ⁶ for sample(s);
1288 1289		11.3.2.7 Handling ⁷ , packaging, and shipping sample using procedures appropriate to prevent compromising the condition of sample;
1290 1291		11.3.2.8 Delivering or shipping sample to the appropriate laboratory within acceptable timeframes.
1292		

⁵Regulatory samples may be used to support inspection observations.
⁶Receipt could include cost of sample and method of payment.
⁷Includes storing sample.

STANDARD 11 Sampling Program

1293	11.3.3 The State PROGRAM has documented instructions for the Sample Collection Report
1294	that includes:
1295	
1296	11.3.3.1 Date of the sample collection;
1297	11.3.3.2 Product identification including:
1298	
1299	11.3.3.2.1 Name
1300	11.3.3.2.2 Lot numbers or any other codes referencing manufacture
1301	identification
1302	
1303	11.3.3.3 Description of product;
1304	11.3.3.4 Method of collection and any special techniques used to collect sample;
1305	11.3.3.5 Lot sampled;
1306	11.3.3.6 Lot size;
1307	11.3.3.7 Location where sample was collected;
1308	11.3.3.8 Name and address of responsible party, guarantor, possessor, or
1309	distributor;
1310	11.3.3.9 Sample type (surveillance, compliance, investigational, regulatory, or other);
1311	11.3.3.10 Analysis requested, if applicable;
1312	11.3.3.11 Collection or reproduction of product labels, including customer-formula
1313	feed labels;
1314	11.3.3.12 Receiving and distribution information.
1315	
1316	11.4 Outcome
1317	
1318	The State PROGRAM has a sampling program that aligns sampling resources with State PROGRAM
1319	priorities. The annual sampling plan will facilitate efficient use and coordination of resources to
1320	obtain timely information. Samples are collected, stored, transported, and documented to
1321	support regulatory actions.
1322	
1323	11.5 Documentation
1324	
1325	The State PROGRAM maintains the records listed here.
1326	
1327	11.5.1 Appendix 11: Self-Assessment Worksheet
1328	11.5.2 Documented annual sampling plan
1329	11.5.3 Documented sampling procedures
1330	11.5.4 Documented sample collection report instructions

Appendix 1.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet

Instructions: The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified component then evaluate if it includes the associated components. If the State PROGRAM has the main component and associated components check 'Yes', if not, check 'No'. Yes No The State PROGRAM conducts as evaluation to determine whether the State's legal authority and are EQUIVALENT, EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT, or NOT EQUIVALENT to the sections of the FD&C Act and Federal regulations specified in appendix 1.2. Notes: Yes No If a State law or regulation is determined to be "EQUIVALENT" to a Federal law or regulation, the State PROGRAM: Check "Not Applicable" box to the left if requirement is not applicable because no State law or Not Applicable: regulation was determined to be EQUIVALENT. Yes No Specifies the Federal statute or regulation that is incorporated into the State law; Includes the revision date of the State statutory provision or regulation; Identifies the date the Federal statutory provision was incorporated into the State law. Notes: Yes No The State PROGRAM has a documented process, which includes: Yes No Procedure for reviewing the statutes, regulations, rules, ordinances and other prevailing regulatory requirements that: Apply to the regulation of ANIMAL FEED; Delegate authority to the State Agency; Describe the State agency's administrative procedures for establishing its authority and incorporating rules by reference. Timeframes for the review. Notes: **Assessment Completed By:**

Name

Date

Appendix 1.2: REGULATORY FOUNDATION Worksheet

Instructions: Determine if State laws and regulations are "EQUIVALENT", "EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT", or "NOT EQUIVALENT" to Federal statutes and regulations. If there is no State law or regulation that is EQUIVALENT or EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT, mark the NOT EQUIVALENT column; otherwise list the State law or regulation citation in the State citation column and complete the columns for either EQUIVALENT or EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT as appropriate. The Notes section should be used in part to detail differences between State and Federal laws and regulations. If regulatory responsibility for State laws relating to provisions in a particular row of this worksheet fall under the jurisdiction of another State agency, the State PROGRAM should mark "NOT EQUIVALENT" and it is recommended that the State PROGRAM identify the agency who has authority and jurisdiction in the Notes column.

		State	EQUIV	ALENT	EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT		
			Revision Date of Federal Law/Regulation	Date Incorporated into State Law	Review Date	NOT EQUIVALENT	Notes
		Fe	ederal Food,	Drug & Cos	metic Act		
<u>201</u>	Definitions (f), (g), (k), (m), (s), (v) and (w)						
<u>301</u>	Prohibited acts (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (k)						
<u>303*</u>	Penalties						
<u>304**</u>	Seizure						
<u>401</u>	Definitions and standards for food						
<u>402</u>	Adulterated food (a)-(c)						
<u>403</u>	Misbranded food (a)-(n)						
<u>404</u>	Emergency permit control						
<u>406</u>	Tolerances for poisonous ingredients in food						
408	Tolerances and exemptions for pesticide chemical residues						

^{*}Penalties may vary from Federal statute.

^{**}Although the State PROGRAM may not have authority for seizure, the State PROGRAM could have other legal authority to stop violative products from moving in commerce, for example, detention, stop-sale orders, withdrawal from distribution, and embargoes.

			EQUIVA	ALENT	EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT		
		State Citation	Revision Date of Federal Law/Regulation	Date Incorporated into State Law	Review Date	NOT EQUIVALENT	Notes
409	Food additives						
<u>501</u>	Adulterated drugs and devices (ONLY: 501(a)(2)(B) and 501(a)(6))						
<u>504</u>	Veterinary feed directive drugs						
<u>512</u>	New animal drugs (ONLY: 512(a)(2))						
<u>701</u>	Regulations and hearings						
<u>704</u>	Factory inspection						
	Title 2	21 Code	of Federal Re	egulations: H	Food and Dru	ıgs (2016)	
1	General enforcement regulations (ONLY §§ 1.20-1.23, Subpart L (§§1.500-1.514), Subpart M (§§1.600-1.695), and Subpart O (§§1.900-1.934))						
7	Enforcement policy (ONLY §§ 7.1-7.13 and §§ 7.40-7.59)						
<u>70</u>	Color additives (ONLY §§ 70.20-70.25)						
<u>73</u>	Listing of colors exempt from certification (ONLY §§ 73.1-73.615)						
<u>74</u>	Listing of color additives subject to certification (ONLY §§ 74.101-74.706)						

			EQUIVA	ALENT	EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT		
		State Citation	Revision Date of Federal Law/Regulation	Date Incorporated into State Law	Review Date	NOT EQUIVALENT	Notes
<u>81</u>	General specifications and general restrictions for provisional color additives for use in foods, drugs, and cosmetics						
<u>82</u>	Listing of certified provisionally listed colors and specifications (ONLY §§ 82.3-82.706)						
<u>225</u>	Current good manufacturing practice for medicated feeds						
<u>226</u>	Current good manufacturing practice for Type A medicated articles						
500.23	Thermally processed low-acid foods packaged in hermitically sealed containers (refers to regulations in 21 CFR 113 and 21 CFR 507)						
500.24	Emergency permit control (refers to regulations in 21 CFR 108 - ONLY §§ 108.25 - 108.35)						
500.29	Gentian violet for use in animal feed						
500.45	Use of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) in the production, handling, and storage of animal feed						
<u>500.50</u>	Propylene glycol in or on cat food						
<u>500.80 -</u> <u>500.92</u>	Regulation of carcinogenic compounds used in food-producing animals						
<u>501</u>	Animal food labeling						

Appendix 1.2: REGULATORY FOUNDATION Worksheet (continued)

			EQUIV	ALENT	EQUIVALENT IN EFFECT		
		State Citation	Revision Date of Federal Law/Regulation	Date Incorporated into State Law	Review Date	NOT EQUIVALENT	Notes
<u>502</u>	Common or usual name for nonstandardized animal foods						
<u>507</u>	Current good manufacturing practice, hazard analysis, and risk-based preventive controls for food for animals						
509	Unavoidable contaminants in animal food and food-packaging material						
<u>510</u>	New animal drugs (ONLY Subpart D - Records and Reports)						
<u>558</u>	New animal drugs for use in animal feeds						
<u>570</u>	Food additives (EXCEPT § 570.6, § 570.15, and §570.17)						
<u>573</u>	Food additives permitted in feed and drinking water of animals						
<u>579</u>	Irradiation in the production, processing, and handling of animal feed and pet food						
<u>582</u>	Substances generally recognized as safe						
<u>584</u>	Food substances affirmed as generally recognized as safe in feed and drinking water of animals			_			
<u>589</u>	Substances prohibited from use in animal food or feed						

Appendix 1.2: REGULATORY FOUNDATION Worksheet (continued)

Additional State Authorities (optional): Instructions: List any State Authorities used by the State PROGRAM that are pertinent to the regulation of ANIMAL FEED but do not have a comparable Federal statute or regulation (examples: tolerance for mycotoxins, fluorine, or noxious weeds in feed).						
Additional notes and comments:						
Assessment Completed By:						
Name	Date					

Appendix 2.1: Self-Assessment

Instructions: The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified component then evaluate if it includes the associated components. If the State PROGRAM has the main component and associated components check 'Yes', if not, check 'No'.

Training

Yes	No	
		The State PROGRAM uses a written training plan that includes:
		Basic curriculum
		Advanced curriculum
		Continuing education
		For inspectors that conduct limited scope inspections (e.g. such as only collecting samples or inspections at veterinary
		clinics), the State PROGRAM specifies the curriculum required by the limited scope inspectors in their documented
		training plan.
		The State PROGRAM maintains records documenting the training completed by all inspectors using appendix 2.2 or
		comparable form.
		For inspectors with greater than 5 years of experience that do not have documentation of previous training, the State
		PROGRAM conducts an evaluation of the inspector's previous performance and experience to determine if the inspector
		has completed the required training or whether additional training is needed. (This is only permitted at the date of the
		initial self-assessment and not subsequent self-assessments.)
		If previous coursework is completed before the inspectors START DATE and utilized to meet coursework requirements,
		proper supporting documents are maintained to verify successful completion of the requirement.

Basic Feed Inspector Training

Yes	No	
		The State PROGRAM requires an inspector to successfully complete coursework and field training within 24 months from
		the START DATE.
		The basic feed inspection training consists of coursework in the following subject areas:
		Animal and Public Health Principles
		Basic Animal Nutrition
		Basic Feed Ingredients, Processing and Technology
		Basic National Incident Management System and Incident Command System (ICS)
		Communication
		Current Statutes, Regulations, and Policies
		Feed Defense
		Inspections, Compliance, and Enforcement
		Labeling
		Professionalism
		Risk Awareness
		Safety
		Sampling
		The State PROGRAM has established basic field training to complement the basic coursework.
		Field training checklist of competencies to be mastered and verified in the field by the QUALIFIED FIELD
		INSPECTION TRAINER;
		Documented procedures for JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS;

Appendix 2.1: Self-Assessment (continued) Yes No Number of JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS that are conducted in firms that represent the feed facilities in the State PROGRAM inventory and the type of routine or basic work that will be performed by the inspector; The inspector completes basic field training prior to performing independent inspections; Appendix 2.3 or comparable form must be used to list the competencies and record the JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS. **Advanced Feed Inspector Training** Yes No The State PROGRAM requires an inspector to successfully complete coursework and field training within 60 months from the START DATE. The advanced feed inspection training consists of coursework in the following subject areas: Advanced Feed Ingredients, Processing, and Technology Advanced Labeling Animal Sickness and Death Investigation Current Statutes, Regulations, and Policies Epidemiology Microbiological Pathogens Traceback and Traceforward Investigations Specialized Curriculum: Inspectors who assist in emergency response or conduct specialized inspections listed below must complete relevant specialized coursework specific to the type of specialized inspections that they will be performing in the following subject areas. Advanced National Management Systems and Incident Command Systems BSE and Ruminant Feeding Ban Medicated Feed Good Manufacturing Practices Regulations The State PROGRAM has established advanced field training to complement the advanced coursework. Field training checklist of competencies to be mastered and verified in the field by the QUALIFIED FIELD INSPECTION TRAINER; Documented procedures for JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS: Number of JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS that are conducted in firms that represent the feed facilities in the State PROGRAM inventory and the type of advanced work that will be performed by the inspector; The inspector completes advanced field training prior to performing independent inspections; Appendix 2.3 or comparable form must be used to list the competencies and record JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPECTIONS. **Continuing Education** Yes No The State PROGRAM requires that each basic and advanced inspector participate in continuing education. Each inspector is required to receive 20 CONTACT HOURS of continuing education every 36 months. The 36 month continuing education interval starts, as defined by the State PROGRAM, when the training curriculum

Assessment Completed By:

Name	Date	

is complete.

Appendix 2.2: Inspector Tra	aining Record					
Inspector Name:		Emplo	yment STAR	г Dате:		
A. Basic Feed Inspector Train	ing					
Instructions: If the inspector has greater than five years of experience and an evaluation of the inspector's previous performance and experience shows adequate training has been completed, mark the Name and Location of Training Column, with "Met via Evaluation."						
Subject Areas	Name and Location of Training	Completion Date	Inspector Initials	Supervisor Initials	Documentation Verifying Completion (Y/N)	
Animal and Public Health Principles						
Basic Animal Nutrition						
Basic Feed Ingredients, Processing, and Technology						
Basic National Incident Management System and Incident Command System						
Communication						
Current Statues, Regulations, and Policies						
Feed Defense						
Inspections, Compliance, and Enforcement						
Labeling						
Professionalism						
					ļ	

Risk Awareness

Safety

Sampling

Appendix 2.2: Inspector Training Record (continued)					
Inspector Name:		_ Employmen	nt START DAT	E:	
Instructions: Record the name of covered.	the firm where the joint train	ning inspection	took place as	well as the c	ompetencies
Basic Field Training (Name and Location of Firm)	Competencies Covered	Completion Date	Inspectors Initials	Supervisor Initials	Mastered (Y/N)

B. Advanced Feed Inspector T	raining				
Instructions: If the inspector has performance and experience has Location of Training Column, w	s found that no additional tr				
Subject Areas	Name and Location of Training	Completion Date	Inspector Initials	Supervisor Initials	Documentation Verifying Completion (Y/N)
Advanced Feed Ingredients, Processing, and Technology					
Advanced Labeling					
Animal Sickness and Death Investigation					
Current Statues, Regulations, and Policies					
Epidemiology					
Microbiological Pathogens					
Traceback and Traceforward Investigations					
	Specialize	ed Advanced			
Advanced National Incident Management System and Incident Command Systems					
BSE and Ruminant Feeding Ban					
Medicated Feed Good Manufacturing Practices Regulations					

Employment START DATE:

Appendix 2.2: Inspector Training Record (continued)

Inspector Name:

Inspector Name:			Employment START DATE:				
f the firm where the joint tro	uining inspectio	n took place	as well as the	2			
Competencies Covered	Completion Date	Inspectors Initials	Supervisor Initials	Mastered (Y/N)			
		f the firm where the joint training inspection Competencies Covered Completion	f the firm where the joint training inspection took place Competencies Covered Completion Inspectors	f the firm where the joint training inspection took place as well as the Competencies Covered Completion Inspectors Supervisor			

Appendix 2.2: Inspector Training Record (continued)

Inspector Name:		Employment START DATE:				
Instructions: Record the continui	ng education activity as we	ell as the name	and location	of the activity	у.	
C. Continuing Education						
Type of Activity	Name and Location of Activity	Completion Date	Inspectors Initials	Supervisor Initials	CONTACT HOURS Earned	
					<u> </u>	

Appendix 2.2: Inspector Training Record (continued)

Appendix 2.3: Field Training Competencies			
Inspector Name:	Employment START DATE:		
A. Basic Feed Competencies			
Instructions: List the competencies to be covered in t description.	the State PROGRAM'S basic field training and provide a short		
Competency	Description		
	I		
Minimum Number of JOINT FIELD TRAINING INSPI	ECTIONS Required:		

Appendix 2.3: Field Training Competencies (continued)						
Inspector Name: Employment START DATE:						
A. Advanced Field Competencies						
Instructions: List the competencies to be cover short description.	red in the State PROGRAM'S advanced field training and provide a					
Competency	Description					
Minimum Number of JOINT FIELD TRAINING INS	PECTIONS Required:					

Appendix 3.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet

Instructions: The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified component then evaluate if it includes the associated components. If the State PROGRAM has the main component and associated components answer 'Yes', if not, answer 'No'.

P	¥7 /NI -	Specific	NI - 4
Program Elements	Yes/No	Reference ⁸	Notes
Section I. Risk-Based Inspection Program			
The State PROGRAM has documented procedures to:			
Define an up-to-date inventory of feed facilities			
whose activities fall under the State's jurisdiction			
and authority;			
• Maintain the inventory of feed facilities defined in 3.3.1.1.1.			
The State PROGRAM has documented procedures for			
defining risk categories. The three minimum			
required factors for defining risk categories are:			
Types of feed and feed products; Types of processings.			
Types of processing;Compliance history of the facility.			
The State PROGRAM is required to use a minimum of			
the three factors in 3.3.1.2 to assign risk categories to feed facilities.			
Based on risk factors assigned to a facility or product, the manufacturing processes, and the inspection			
history of the facility, inspections:			
Are prioritized;			
 Have assigned frequencies; 			
Have resources allocated.			
Section II. Inspection Protocol			
The State PROGRAM has documented policies and			
procedures for inspecting feed facilities that require			
inspectors to:			
1. Review the feed facility's previous inspection			
report(s) and complaint(s);			
2. Present appropriate credentials and written			
Notice of Inspection to the feed facility's			
owner, operator, or agent in charge; make			
appropriate introductions; explain the purpose			
and scope of the inspection; and determine			
inspection authority;			
3. Follow the safety protocols required by the			
feed facility and the State PROGRAM;			
4. Follow the biosecurity protocols required by			
the feed facility and the State PROGRAM;			
5. Use appropriate equipment and forms needed			
to conduct inspections;			
6. Establish interstate jurisdiction for FDA			
inspections, if applicable;			

⁸Cite the reference (title and date of publication, section, and page number) to demonstrate the program element has been met.

Appendix 3.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet (continued)

Program Elements	Yes/No	Specific Reference	Notes
7. Recognize the relative risk (high to low) of feed facilities based on the State PROGRAM'S risk-based inspection program and categorization assigned to a facility or product, the manufacturing processes, and the inspection history of the facility;			
8. Conduct inspection activities focused on those firms, products, and processes determined to be high risk;			
 Assess employee activities critical to the safe manufacture, distribution, storage, handling, and disposition of feed; 			
10. Properly evaluate the likelihood that conditions, practices, processes, components, or labeling could cause the product to become adulterated or misbranded;			
11. Recognize significant non-compliant conditions or practices and document findings consistent with PROGRAM procedures;			
 Distinguish between significant and insignificant observations and isolated incidents versus trends; 			
13. Review and evaluate the appropriate feed facility records and procedures and verify that the procedures are being followed;			
14. Collect adequate evidence and documentation to support inspection observations in accordance with PROGRAM procedures;			
15. Verify correction of deficiencies identified during the previous inspection(s);			
16. Conduct activities in a professional manner;17. Use effective interviewing techniques;			
18. Explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection;			
19. Alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action is necessary;			
20. Document findings accurately, clearly, legibly, and concisely on the applicable form(s) and provide a copy to the firm's owner, operator, or agent in charge;			
21. Answer questions and provide information as appropriate;			
22. Submit inspection report, sample(s), and supporting documents to headquarters or supervisor in a timely manner.			

Program Elements	Yes/No	Specific Reference	Notes
Section III. Recall System			
The State PROGRAM has a documented recall system.			
• The recall system includes written procedures for:			
 Receiving 			
 Tracking 			
 Evaluating recall notifications]		
o Closing			
 Maintaining records 			
The recall system includes performing recall effectiveness checks			
Section IV. Consumer Complaints			
The State PROGRAM has a documented system for			
handling consumer complaints.	I		
The consumer complaint system includes			
procedures for:	1		
o Receiving]		
 Tracking 			
 Evaluating 			
o Answering]		
 Closing]		
 Maintaining records 			
Section V. Complaints Resulting from State Inspec	tion Activit	ies	
The State PROGRAM has a documented system to			
handle complaints from industry about State	I		
PROGRAM inspections.	1		
The industry complaint system includes procedures for:			
o Receiving			
o Evaluating			
	i		

Determining Risk Factors for Feed Facilities

Standard 3 requires a State PROGRAM to categorize feed facilities based on risk and to allocate resources and establish inspection frequencies based upon that categorization. State PROGRAMS should document their categorization and inspection frequencies. Differences between State PROGRAMS will exist for many reasons including variable resources, legislative mandates, localized industries and practices, and competing priorities.

A key requirement of this standard is that the State PROGRAM uses a risk-based method for categorizing feed facilities with a baseline inspection frequency specified for each category.

State PROGRAMS must categorize feed facilities based on at least the following three factors: (1) types of feed and feed products, (2) type of processing, and (3) compliance history of the feed facility.

The State PROGRAM should consider optional risk factors such as volume of product manufactured, scope of distribution, or other factors unique to the State's industries and practices.

The risk associated with each factor may be scored with numerical values that are tabulated to rank the feed facilities and prioritize inspections.

Risk Categorization Factors for Feed Facilities

A. Required Factors

1. Type of Processing

The following types of processing should be considered.

- Rendering
- Pelleting
- Extrusion
- Roasting
- Steam Flaking
- Refrigeration
- Mixing
- Milling
- Salvaging
- Thermal processing
- Heating

2. Type of Feed

The following types of feed should be considered.

- Mixes species
- Raw pet food
- Pet food
- Medicated feed
- Customer formula feed
- Feed containing prohibited mammalian tissue
- Feed ingredients subject to adulterants such as mycotoxins, pesticides, or industrial chemicals
- Single specie feed
- Non-medicated feed

Appendix 3.2: Risk Categorization for Feed Facilities (continued)

3. Compliance History

The following types of compliance history should be considered.

- Poor history
- No history
- Inconsistent history
- Good history

The following is an example of a risk associated with a required factor.

Risk	Score	Compliance History	
High	3	Feed facility with poor history of compliance or no compliance history with feed laws and regulations	
Medium	2	Feed facility with an inconsistent history of compliance	
Low	1	Feed facility is routinely in compliance with feed laws and regulations	

B. Optional Factors

1. Volume of Product Manufactured

- Greater than 500 tons/day
- 50 to 500 tons/day
- Less than 50 tons/day

2. Scope of Distribution

- Global
- National
- Interstate
- Regional
- Intrastate
- County
- Local

Appendix 4.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet

Auditing

Instructions: The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified component then evaluate if it includes the associated components. If the State PROGRAM has the main component and associated components check 'Yes', if not, check 'No'.

Yes No

	The State program has written procedures for conducting four types of audits:
	Field inspection audits
	Field inspection report audits
	Sample collection audits
	Sample collection report audits
	A review of the performance factor scores and cumulative scores for each type of audit is completed
	at least every 12 months.

Field Inspection Audit

Yes No

Ī	PROGRAM conducts field inspection audits		
ŀ	-		
	12-month period of performance		
	Number of audits conducted		
	Number of corrective action plans required		
	Inspectors are audited at a minimum against the performance factors found in appendix 4.2		
	Audits reflect inspector's assignments and responsibilities		
	Two audits per inspector completed every 36 months		
	Audit score calculated for each individual audit		
	Audit rating recorded for each individual audit		
	Performance factor score calculated for each performance factor		
ĺ	Cumulative score calculated for the PROGRAM		

Field Inspection Report Audit

Yes No

	PROGRAM conducts random inspection report audits
	12- month period of performance:
	Number of inspection reports completed:
	Number of inspection reports audited:
	Number of corrective action plans required:
	Inspection reports were audited according to frequency chart in the standard
	Inspection reports are audited at a minimum against the performance factors found in appendix 4.5
	Audit score calculated for each individual audit
	Audit rating recorded for each individual audit
	Performance factor score calculated for each performance factor
	Cumulative score calculated for the PROGRAM

Sample Collection Audit Yes No PROGRAM conducts sample collection audits 12-month period of performance: Number of audits conducted: Number of corrective action plans required: Inspectors are audited at a minimum against the performance factors found in appendix 4.7 Audits reflect inspector's assignments and responsibilities Two audits per inspector completed every 36 months Audit score calculated for each individual audit Audit rating recorded for each individual audit Performance factor score calculated for each performance factor Cumulative score calculated for the PROGRAM **Sample Collection Report Audit** Yes No PROGRAM conducts random sample collection report audits 12-month period of performance: Number of sample collections reports reviewed: Number of sample collection reports audited: Number of corrective action plans required: Sample collection reports were audited according to frequency chart in the standard Sample collection reports are audited at a minimum against performance factors found in appendix 4.9 Audit score calculated for each individual audit Audit rating recorded for each individual audit Performance factor score calculated for each performance factor Cumulative score calculated for the PROGRAM **Corrective Action Plan** Yes No PROGRAM develops corrective action plans using appendix 4.11 when: An inspector has an audit score below 80 percent for an individual audit The PROGRAM has a performance factor score below 80 percent for a single performance factor The PROGRAM has a cumulative score below 80 percent **Assessment Completed By:** Date Name

Appendix 4.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet (continued)

Appendix 4.2: Field Inspection Audit Form

Field Inspection Audit				
Inspector:		Auditor: Date of Audit:		
Firm Name:		Type of Inspection:		
Firm Address:		☐ BSE ☐ GMP ☐ Tissue Residue ☐ Complaint ☐ Other:		
Total Number of:	Acceptable Needs Improvement	Audit Rating: Acceptable Needs Improvement		
Audit Score:				
Instructions to the Auditor: All performance factors must be rated 'Acceptable' or 'Needs Improvement'. The total number of 'Acceptable' and 'Needs Improvement', as well as the audit score and audit rating, must be recorded in the space above. To calculate the audit score: Audit Score = [# Acceptable/ (# Acceptable + # Needs Improvement)] x 100.				
If the audit score is below	v eighty percent, the audit rati	ing must be marked as 'Needs Improvement'.		
I.		ion Assessment		
 Did the inspector review the feed facility's previous inspection report(s) and complaint(s)? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) 				
2. Did the inspector use appropriate equipment and forms to conduct the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)				
II.	Inspection Observa	ations and Performance		
Did the inspector present appropriate credentials and written Notice of Inspection to the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge? Make appropriate introductions, explain the purpose and scope of the inspection, and determine inspection authority? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)				
2. Did the inspector fol Acceptable	low safety protocols required Needs Improveme	by the feed facility and the state program?		
Comments (required	for Needs Improvement)			

Appendix 4.2: Field Inspection Audit Form (continued)

3.	Did the inspector follow the bio-security protocols required by the feed facility and the state program? Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
4.	Did the inspector establish interstate jurisdiction for FDA inspections, if applicable? Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
	Did the inspector recognize relative risk (high to low) of the feed facility based on the state program's risk-based inspection program and categorization assigned to a facility or a product, the manufacturing processes, and the inspection history of the facility? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
6.	Did the inspector conduct inspection activities focused on the feed facility's products and processes determined to be high risk? Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
7.	Did the inspector assess feed facility employee activities critical to the safe manufacture, distribution, storage, handling, and disposition of feed? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
8.	Did the inspector properly evaluate the likelihood that conditions, practices, processes, components, or labeling could cause the product to become adulterated or misbranded? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
9.	Did the inspector recognize significant non-compliant conditions or practices and document findings consistent with program procedures? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
10.	Did the inspector distinguish between significant and insignificant observations and isolated incidents versus trends? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)

Appendix 4.2: Field Inspection Audit Form (continued)

11.	Did the inspector review and evaluate the appropriate feed facility records and procedures and verify that the
	procedures are being followed?
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
	Comments (required for receds improvement)
12.	Did the inspector collect adequate evidence and documentation to support inspection observations in accordance
	with program procedures?
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
13.	Did the inspector verify correction of deficiencies identified during the previous inspection(s)?
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
	Comments (required for receds improvement)
14.	Did the inspector conduct activities in a professional manner?
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
III	
1.	Did the inspector use effective interviewing techniques?
1.	Did the inspector use effective interviewing techniques? Acceptable Needs Improvement
1.	Acceptable Needs Improvement
1.	
	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection?
	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection?
	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement
2.	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action
2.	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary?
2.	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action
2.	☐ Acceptable ☐ Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) ☐ Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? ☐ Acceptable ☐ Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) ☐ Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary? ☐ Acceptable ☐ Needs Improvement
2.	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary?
2.	☐ Acceptable ☐ Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) ☐ Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? ☐ Acceptable ☐ Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) ☐ Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary? ☐ Acceptable ☐ Needs Improvement
3.	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
3.	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector document findings accurately, clearly, legibly, and concisely on the applicable form(s) and provide
3.	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector document findings accurately, clearly, legibly, and concisely on the applicable form(s) and provide a copy to the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge?
3.	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector document findings accurately, clearly, legibly, and concisely on the applicable form(s) and provide
3.	Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary? Acceptable Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) Did the inspector document findings accurately, clearly, legibly, and concisely on the applicable form(s) and provide a copy to the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge?
3.	□ Acceptable □ Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) □ Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection? □ Acceptable □ Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) □ Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary? □ Acceptable □ Needs Improvement Comments (required for Needs Improvement) □ Did the inspector document findings accurately, clearly, legibly, and concisely on the applicable form(s) and provide a copy to the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge? □ Acceptable □ Needs Improvement

Appendix 4.2: Field Inspection Audit Form (continued)

Did the inspector answer questions and provide information as appropriate? Acceptable Needs Improvement				
Comments (required for Needs	s Improvement)			
IV.	General Comments			
Enter any general comments or rec	ommendations as a result of this audit.			
Name of Auditor	Signature of Auditor	Date		

Appendix 4.2a: Completing the Field Inspection Audit Form

For each performance factor, examples of actions and observations that would likely result in a "needs improvement" rating are provided.

Pre-Inspection Assessment

1. Did the inspector review the previous feed facility's inspection report(s) and complaint(s)?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not review the previous inspection report and complaints.
- b. The inspector does not review a firm's response letter to the previous establishment inspection in which corrective actions were promised.

2. Did the inspector use appropriate equipment and forms to conduct the inspection?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not have a copy or have electronic access to the pertinent laws and regulations.
- b. During a medicated feed mill inspection, the inspector does not have a current copy of Title 21 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* Parts 225 and 558 (or a current Feed Additive Compendium) or access on line.
- c. The inspector does not have a calculator.
- d. The inspector does not have a camera to document violations.
- e. The inspector does not have a flashlight to examine poorly lit raw material storage areas.
- f. The inspector uses outdated, improper, or inappropriate forms for the type of inspection conducted.

Inspection Observations and Performance

1. Did the inspector present appropriate credentials and written Notice of Inspection to the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge? Make appropriate introductions, explain the purpose and scope of the inspection, and determine inspection authority?

Example of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. Inspector fails to present credentials to the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the establishment.
- b. Inspector fails to make appropriate introductions, explain the purpose and scope of the inspection, and determine inspection authority.
- c. Inspector enters the firm through the rear entrance and immediately begins the inspection without issuing a Notice of Inspection.
- d. Upon entering the firm, the inspector fails to issue the Notice of Inspection to the appropriate person.
- e. Inspector uses only a business card as identification.

2. Did the inspector follow safety protocols required by the feed facility and the State program?

Example of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not ask if any particular safety protocols are mandated at the facility.
- b. The inspector does not follow the State PROGRAM'S safety protocol or use personal protective equipment appropriately.
- c. The inspector does not follow the safety protocols mandated by a particular facility.

3. Did the inspector follow the bio-security protocols required by the feed facility and the State program?

Example of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not inquire if any particular bio-security protocols are mandated at the facility.
- b. The inspector does not follow the State PROGRAM'S bio-security protocol.
- c. The inspector does not follow the bio-security protocols mandated by the feed facility.

4. Did the inspector establish interstate jurisdiction for FDA inspections, if applicable?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector fails to confirm the interstate movement of product or ingredients.
- b. The inspector conducts an inspection of a licensed feed mill. The inspector fails to determine that product or ingredients have been received or shipped in interstate commerce by the manufacturer since the last inspection.
- 5. Did the inspector recognize relative risk (high to low) of the feed facility based on the State program's risk-based inspection program and categorization assigned to a facility or a product, the manufacturing processes, and the inspection history of the facility?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not recognize the relative risk of the facility because the inspector is not knowledgeable with the manufacturing process involved at this facility and does not inquire with facility personnel.
- b. The inspector organizes inspection activities focused on low risk items and ignores high risk products and processes.

6. Did the inspector conduct inspection activities focused on the feed facility's products and processes determined to be high risk?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not prioritize high risk inspection activities.
- b. The inspector concentrates inspection activities on low risk items and not high risk products and processes.

7. Did the inspector assess feed facility employee activities critical to the safe manufacture, distribution, storage, handling, and disposition of feed?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector conducts the inspection without input from employees responsible for critical activities.
- b. The inspector does not review employee training records when required.
- c. The inspector observes a trash bin and a reclaim bin in the same area, but he fails to evaluate practices sufficiently to identify an employee placing trash in the reclaim bin, which subsequently re-enters the process flow.
- d. The inspector fails to recognize distressed dog food being placed into a re-grinder bin containing regrinds for ruminant feed.
- e. The inspector fails to note an employee using medication in a feed when the formula does not call for the addition of this medication.

8. Did the inspector properly evaluate the likelihood that conditions, practices, processes, components, or labeling could cause the product to be adulterated or misbranded?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not observe critical activities during the inspection and does not discuss procedures in place to prevent distribution when an error has occurred.
- b. The inspector does not review labeling protocols and verify a system was in place to assure proper labeling.
- c. The inspector does not recognize possible adulterants (pesticides) that are stored above bagged feeds.
- d. The inspector does not investigate a pallet of stacked bags that lack labeling and identification.
- e. The inspector fails to investigate feed containing an unapproved drug combination.

9. Did the inspector recognize significant non-compliant conditions or practices and document findings consistent with program procedures?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector concentrates on one item and does not recognize other significant non-compliant conditions.
- b. The inspector notices non-compliant products but fails to adequately address them at the time of the inspection or at the end of the inspection.
- c. Inspector fails to identify a feed containing an unapproved drug combination.
- d. The inspector fails to note the significance of "back hauling" prohibited materials in a bulk truck used to transport cattle feed.

10. Did the inspector distinguish between significant and insignificant observations and isolated incidents versus trends?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector keeps reviewing documents until he finds an insignificant violation.
- b. The inspector does not emphasize the severity or outcome of significant observations and the need for immediate action.
- c. The inspector does not discuss patterns or trends that were observed.
- d. The inspector does not recognize significant pest infestations.
- e. The inspector identifies and objects to record keeping deficiencies without considering that corrective action plans have been implemented by the firm and the deficiency has not reoccurred.

11. Did the inspector review and evaluate the appropriate feed facility records and procedures and verify the procedures are being followed?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector asks for the invoices for customer formula feeds for labeling information and does not realize that the facility's procedures use the facility's mix ticket as the label.
- b. The inspector notices drugs are being added to the mixer before any other ingredient when the facility's SOP for addition of medications states that medications will be added at five minutes into the mix time.
- c. The inspector fails to question alarm notifications and the resulting required procedures.
- d. The inspector encounters out of limit drug assays and does not look for follow up actions.
- e. The inspector reviews mixer cleanout records but fails to note cleanouts were not done according to the facility's SOP.

12. Did the inspector collect adequate evidence and documentation to support inspection observations in accordance with program procedures?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector reviews the drug inventory and notes that the drug inventory is not accurate but does not collect documents to support the finding.
- b. The inspector notices dead rodents around the mixer hand add area and does not provide supporting evidence such as photographs, detailed narrative, or affidavits.
- c. The inspector mentions that proper caution statements are missing from medicated feed labels yet does not provide copies of the labeling involved.
- d. The inspector simply notes that "housekeeping needs improved" and does not provide documentation to support the observation.

13. Did the inspector verify correction of deficiencies identified during the previous inspection(s)?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The previous inspection of the facility listed inaccurate drug levels on labeling of several feeds. During the current inspection, the manager informs the inspector that the problem has been corrected. The inspector simply notes in the report the management's statement and does not verify that the labels have been changed.
- b. The previous inspection noted improper cleanout procedures for all handling equipment. The inspector verifies that the mixer is being adequately cleaned out but does not verify proper procedures are being used for other handling equipment.
- c. The previous inspection noted that production records were not being checked at the end of the day. The inspector notes there are initials on some of the records, but the inspector does not further inquire about their procedures.

14. Did the inspector conduct activities in a professional manner?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not dress appropriately for the inspection. Upon arrival, clothes were torn and dirty.
- b. The inspector fails to wear protective safety equipment that is required by the firm or the State.
- c. The firm asks the inspector to use the boot bath before entering the production area, but the inspector ignores the firm's request and enters the production area.
- d. The inspector is rude and demanding

Oral and Written Communications

1. Did the inspector use effective interviewing techniques?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector's requests for information are ambiguous; consequently, the firm provides documents that are not relevant to the inspection.
- b. The inspector's requests contain jargon unfamiliar to the firm causing confusion in the facility personnel responses to inspector.
- c. The inspector is confrontational.
- d. The inspector asks pointed and directed questions in order to solicit a desired response.
- e. The inspector is not a good listener and kept interrupting the facility personnel in their responses.

2. Did the inspector explain findings clearly and adequately throughout the inspection?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not discuss a significant deficiency observed in the shelled corn storage or conveyor system before proceeding to the hammer mill area although the general manager was present at the time.
- b. At the conclusion of the inspection, the inspector's discussion of the deficiencies is vague; therefore, management is unclear of the significance of the observations and that corrective action should be taken by the firm.
- c. At the conclusion of the inspection, the inspector does not discuss a significant deficiency observed during the inspection.

3. Did the inspector alert the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge when an immediate corrective action was necessary?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector fails to advise the firm manager that ruminant feed products containing prohibited material are being packaged and shipped.
- b. The inspector fails to notify the firm manager that he witnessed direct contamination of bagged feed ingredients with used motor oil.
- c. After witnessing direct product contamination with a toxic chemical, the inspector immediately notifies an employee who was not the most responsible person in the feed facility.

4. Did the inspector document findings accurately, clearly, legibly, and concisely on the applicable form(s) and provide a copy to the feed facility's owner, operator, or agent in charge?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector fails to list significant inspectional observations.
- b. An inspectional observation states, "Firm did not control hazards," but no further explanation is provided.
- c. The report is illegible or contains several spelling and grammatical errors.
- d. Inspector does not leave a summary of inspectional observations with the firm's owner, operator, or agent in charge.

5. Did the inspector answer questions and provide information as appropriate?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector reveals specific information about a pending compliance action against a competitor.
- b. The inspector provides a competitor's formulation to the facility manager.
- c. The inspector falsely answers a policy question that leads the firm to take an inappropriate corrective action.

Appendix 4.3: Field Inspection Audit Worksheet

State Prog	gram:	ram:												Revie	wed By:						
Performance Pe	eriod:														Date:						
Cumulative	Score																				
	` _																				
			_	•		Aud	ditor Ini	tials and	l Date o	f Audit	(1)										
Initials																			$\mathbf{A_{t}}$	NIt	Performance
Date																			(3)	(3)	Factor Score
Performance Factors (2)		•				1	•	Pe	rformai	nce Rati	ngs						•		(-)	(-)	(3)
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(6) Use this space	e to ide	ntify and	l make n	otes abo	ut trends	and sine	ole nerfo	rmance	factors r							0, (0	, 5	<i>y > / •</i>	ı	ı	
		<u> </u>					3 11					1									

Appendix 4.3: Field Inspection Audit Worksheet (continuation sheet)

State Prog	gram:												Reviev	wed By:	:					
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Initials																		$\mathbf{A_t}$	NIt	Performance
Date																		(3)	(3)	Factor Score
Performance Factors (2)							Pe	rformar	ice Ratii	ngs										(3)
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Audit Score (2)																				
· /				I	I		ı		Sub	total - i	Enter th	e sum of	the tota	ls from	all conti	nuation	sheets.			
									Total ((4) - En	ter the f	inal sun	ns (subto	tal + su	ms of (3) on this	form).			
(6) Use this space	e to identi	ify and m	ake note	s about tren	ds and sing	gle perfo	rmance 1	actors ra									,	•		
•											_		-							

Appendix 4.4: Instructions for Completing Audit Worksheets

The four audit worksheets allow the State PROGRAM to recognize trends and identify specific areas in the inspection and sample collection programs that may need improvement.

Worksheets found in appendices 4.3, 4.6, 4.8, and 4.10 are used to calculate performance factor scores and a cumulative score for a twelve month performance period. A performance factor score or cumulative score below eighty percent indicates the need for improvement and requires corrective action.

Instructions: The numbers listed in parentheses on each of the worksheets correspond to the numbered instructions below (e.g. Auditor Initials and Date of Audit (1) on the worksheet is number 1. below).

- 1. For each audit, record the auditor's initials and date of audit.
- 2. For each audit, record the rating for each performance factor (A = Acceptable; NI = Needs Improvement) as well as the audit score.
- 3. Count the number of A and NI for each performance factor (row), and record the total number of acceptable and needs improvements ratings, as well as calculate the performance factor score.

 A_t = Total Number of Acceptable Ratings

NI_t = Total Number of Needs Improvement Ratings

Performance Factor Score = $[A_t / (A_t + NI_t)] \times 100$

4. Sum the Total Number of Acceptable and Total Number of Needs Improvement ratings for all audits.

 $\begin{array}{l} \sum A_t = Sum \ of \ Total \ Number \ of \ Acceptable \ Ratings \\ \sum NI_t = Sum \ of \ Total \ Number \ of \ Needs \ Improvement \ Ratings \end{array}$

Note: \sum is the statistical symbol for the sum of all numbers

5. Calculate the cumulative score for all audits. Record the cumulative score in the space provided in the box located at the top of the Worksheet.

Cumulative Score =
$$\left[\sum A_t / \left(\sum A_t + \sum NI_t\right)\right] \times 100$$

6. Identify and make notes about trends and single performance factors rated as Needs Improvement in multiple audits.

Appendix 4.5: Field Inspection Report Audit Form

		Field Inch	ection Report Audit
Α	1.4	riciu inspe	T =
Au	ditor:		Date of Audit:
			Date of Inspection:
Fir	m Name:		Type of Inspection:
			☐ BSE ☐ GMP ☐ Tissue Residue
Fir	m Address:		☐ Complaint ☐ Other:
Tot	tal Number of:	Acceptable	Audit Rating: Acceptable
		Needs Improvement	☐ Needs Improvement
		Trooms Improvement	
Au	dit Score:		
Ins	tructions to the Audi	tor:	
			Needs Improvement'. The total number of 'Acceptable' and
			dit rating, must be recorded in the space above.
- ' '	, con improvement,		are running, must be recorded in the space we see
То	calculate the audit so	core: Audit Score = [# Acceptable	le/(# Acceptable + # Needs Improvement)] x 100.
If t	he audit score is belo	ow eighty percent, the audit ratin	g must be marked as 'Needs Improvement'.
			8
I.		Organizatio	on of the Report
1.	Format of the inspe	ction report followed the State p	rogram's current policies and procedures.
	Acceptable Acceptable	☐ Needs Improvemen	t
	Comments (require	d for Needs Improvement)	
2.	Paguired fields on i	inspection report or related repor	t forms are completed
۷.	Acceptable	Needs Improvemen	
	Песершые		•
	Comments (require	d for Needs Improvement)	
		r	
3.		ns were clear and concise.	
	Acceptable	☐ Needs Improvemen	t
		16 N 1 T	
	Comments (require	d for Needs Improvement)	
4.	Submitted report wi	ithin timeframes.	
	Acceptable	Needs Improvemen	t
	Comments (require	d for Needs Improvement)	
		-	

Appendix 4.5: Field Inspection Report Audit Form (continued)

II.	Record of Findings
1.	Recorded name and title of facility managers and key personnel. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
2.	Recorded name and title of personnel interviewed during the inspection. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
3.	Recorded findings not in compliance with laws and regulations. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
4.	Recorded significant findings (if any). Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
5.	Recorded the collection of all samples, exhibits, photographs, or photocopies to support findings. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
6.	Recorded any refusals encountered during the inspection. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
III	. Communication with Facility Personnel
	Provided a summary of findings. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
2.	Recorded responses, replies, or corrective action commitments. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)

Appendix 4.5: Field Inspection Report Audit Form (continued)

IV.	General Comments		
Enter any general comments or rec	commendations as a result of this audit.		
Name of Auditor	Signature of Auditor	Date	

Appendix 4.6: Field Inspection Report Audit Worksheet

State Prog	State Program:												Revie	wed By:								
Performance Pe	riod: _														Date							
Cumulative S	Score																					
	(5): _																					
						Aud	litor Ini	tials and	l Date of	Audit (1)											
Initials																			$\mathbf{A_t}$	NIt	Performance	
Date														$\begin{pmatrix} A_t \\ (3) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{N}_t \\ (3) \end{pmatrix}$ Fac								
Performance Factors (2)	'		•	,				Pe	rforman	ce Ratir	ngs			•		•	•		(-)	(-)	(3)	
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Audit Score																					-	
(2)																						
										Sub	total -	Enter th	e sum o	f the tota	ils from	all conti	nuation	sheets.				
										Total	(4) - E	nter the j	final sur	ns (subte	otal + su	ms of (3) on this	form).				
(6) Use this space	e to iden	tify and r	nake not	tes about	t trends a	and singl	le perfor	mance fa	actors rat	ed as "N	leeds Im	proveme	nt" in m	ultiple a	udits.	-						

Appendix 4.6: Field Inspection Report Audit Worksheet (continuation sheet)

State Prog	gram: _													Revie	wed By:						
						Au	ditor In	itials and	d Date o	f Audit	(1)										
Initials																				NI _t	Performance
Date																			A_t (3)	(3)	Factor Score
Performance Factors (2)								Pe	erforma	nce Rati	ngs										(3)
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										Sut	ototal -	Enter th	e sum o	f the tota	ils from	all conti	nuation	sheets.			
																ms of (3) on this	form).			
(6) Use this space	e to iden	tify and	make no	otes abou	it trends	and sing	le perfoi	rmance f	actors ra	ted as "N	Needs Im	proveme	ent" in m	ultiple a	udits.						

Appendix 4.7: Sample Collection Audit Form

	Sampl	e Collection Audit
Inspector:		Auditor:
		Date of Audit:
Firm Name:		Type of Sample Collection:
1 11111 1 (01110)		Surveillance Compliance
Firm Address:		☐ Investigational ☐ Regulatory
		Other:
Total Number of	f: Acceptable	Audit Rating: Acceptable
	Needs Improvement	☐ Needs Improvement
A 114 G		
Audit Score:	ha Andisan	
Instructions to t		r 'Needs Improvement'. The total number of 'Acceptable' and
		audit rating, must be recorded in the space above.
m 1 1	The state of the s	
To calculate the	audit score: Audit Score = [# Accepto	uble/(# Acceptable + # Needs Improvement)] x 100.
If the audit scor	e is below eighty percent, the audit rat	ing must be marked as 'Needs Improvement'.
_		-
I. 1. Did the inst	Sample Collection Coector follow safety precautions on the	Observations and Performance
Accepta		
Comments	(required for Needs Improvement)	
	pector follow the State program's safet	
Accepta	ble Needs Improvement	ent
Comments	(required for Needs Improvement)	
	-	
3. Did the inst	pector use the appropriate method and	equipment to collect the sample?
☐ Accepta		
Comments	(required for Needs Improvement)	
Comments	(required for Needs Improvement)	
4 D:44 :	and the second to the second	of sustadis?
4. Did the insp	bector seal the sample to initiate chain like Needs Improvement	or custody? ent
Птесери		
Comments	(required for Needs Improvement)	

Appendix 4.7: Sample Collection Audit Form (continued)

5.	Did the inspector maintain and document sample integrity, security, and chain of custody?
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
6.	Did the inspector issue a receipt for sample(s)?
0.	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
7.	Were the samples handled, packaged, and shipped using procedures appropriate to prevent compromising the
	condition of the sample?
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
	Comments (required for receds improvement)
8.	Was the sample delivered or shipped to the appropriate laboratory within acceptable timeframes?
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
	r
II.	General Comments
En	er any general comments or recommendations as a result of this audit.
Nan	e of Auditor Signature of Auditor Date

Appendix 4.7a: Completing the Sample Collection Audit Form

For each performance factor, examples of actions and observations that would likely result in a "needs improvement" rating are provided.

Sample Collection Observations and Performance

1. Did the inspector follow safety precautions on the feed label?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not review all labeling that accompanies the feed prior to sampling.
- b. The inspector does not have a label available prior to sampling.
- c. The inspector does not review the whole container or back of label.
- d. The inspector is not knowledgeable about the nature and use of the product they are sampling.

2. Did the inspector follow the State program's safety protocol for collecting samples?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not have a copy or have electronic access to the State PROGRAM'S safety protocol.
- b. Inspector does not have proper personal protective equipment that may be needed.
- c. The inspector takes bulk samples out of a bulk vehicle and does not use appropriate fall protection equipment.

3. Did the inspector use the appropriate method and equipment to collect the sample?

Example of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. Inspector simply hand grabs three or four handfuls out of the top of one bag.
- b. Inspector collects a sample of a Type A medicated article and then collects a complete feed for a different species without cleaning sampling equipment in between samples to prevent cross-contamination.
- c. Inspector pours half of his collected sample into the firm's container because the firm requested they have a portion of his sample.
- d. Inspector collects ten probes from ten fifty pound bags but does not seal the probe holes or left the product in an unsalable condition.
- e. The inspector does not have a copy or have electronic access to the State PROGRAM'S sampling procedures.
- f. The inspector collects ten probes for a lot of feed. Eight of the sample cores are white in color and two are green. The inspector does not note this on the sample collection form or investigate it further.
- g. A sample is to be tested for microbial activity, but the inspector does not follow proper aseptic protocols.
- h. Inspector calls ahead to the facility and requests they have samples collected by the facility's personnel and ready for pickup.

4. Did the inspector seal the sample to initiate chain of custody?

Example of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector collects three samples in the facility but does not document and seal the open samples until returning to his car.
- b. The inspector seals the container in such a manner whereby it can be opened without breaking the official custody seal.

Appendix 4.7a: Completing the Sample Collection Audit Form (continued)

5. Did the inspector maintain and document sample integrity, security, and chain of custody?

Example of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector does not complete the required information (e.g. lot identification number, date of collection, or guarantees) on the sample collection report.
- b. The inspector collects a sample of feed and seals the sample with the wrong official custody seal.
- c. High fat samples are placed in containers where the fat may leach into the container (e.g. paper bags).
- d. The label on a sampled feed says to store in a cool dry place, but during a period of high temperature, the collected sample is left in a car trunk for several days prior to shipment to the laboratory.

6. Did the inspector issue a receipt for sample(s)?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The inspector collects a sample and does not issue a receipt describing the sample to the owner, operator, or agent in charge.
- b. The inspector tells the owner he would mail him the receipt later in the week.

7. Were the samples handled, packaged, and shipped using procedures appropriate to prevent compromising the condition of the sample?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The feed samples are packaged along with other substances (e.g. pesticides or fertilizers) that might contaminate the sample during shipment.
- b. The samples are not packaged to prevent breakage, spillage, crushing, or other detrimental actions that may be encountered in shipping the samples.

8. Was the sample delivered or shipped to the appropriate laboratory within acceptable timeframes?

Examples of a "needs improvement" rating

- a. The samples are not shipped or delivered according to the State PROGRAM'S protocols.
- b. A feed sample containing urea is shipped to the fertilizer laboratory instead of the feed laboratory.
- c. A sample of corn, intended to be tested for aflatoxin contamination, is delivered to the State's seed testing laboratory instead of the proper feed laboratory.

Appendix 4.8: Sample Collection Audit Worksheet

State Prog Performance Pe Cumulative S	eriod: _ Score													Revie							
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(6) Use this space	e to iden	tify and	make no	otes abou	t trends	and singl	e perform	ance fa	actors ra	ted as "N	leeds Im	proveme	nt" in m	ultiple a	udits.						
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Appendix 4.8: Sample Collection Audit Worksheet (continuation sheet)

State Prog	gram: _													Revie	wed By:						
						Aud	litor Init	ials and	Date of	f Audit (1)										
Initials																				NI_t	Performance
Date																			A_t (3)	(3)	Factor Score
Performance Factors (2)								Pe	rforman	ce Ratir	ngs								, ,	, ,	(3)
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(6) Use this space	e to iden	tify and	make no	tes abou	t trends	and sing	le perfori	nance fa	ctors rat	ed as "N	eeds Im	proveme	nt" in m	ultiple a	ıdits.						
		•					•							•							

Appendix 4.9: Sample Collection Report Audit Form

Sample Col	lection Report Audit
Auditor:	Date of Audit:
	Date of Sample Collection:
Firm Name:	Type of Sample Collection:
Elma Adda a	Surveillance Compliance
Firm Address:	Investigational Regulatory
	Other:
Number of: Acceptable	Audit Rating: Acceptable
Needs Improvement	☐ Needs Improvement
Audit Score:	
Instructions to the Auditor:	
All performance factors must be rated 'Acceptable' or 'Needs Improvement', as well as the audit score and au	Needs Improvement'. The total number of 'Acceptable' and dit rating, must be recorded in the space above.
To calculate the audit score: <i>Audit Score</i> = [# <i>Acceptab</i>	le/(# Acceptable + # Needs Improvement)] x 100.
TC4 12	
If the audit score is below eighty percent, the audit ratin	g must be marked as 'Needs Improvement'.
I. Organizatio	n of the Report
1. Date of sample collection was recorded.	
Acceptable Needs Improvemen	it
Comments (required for Needs Improvement)	
2. Product identification including name and lot code Acceptable Needs Improvement	or any other referencing manufacture information was recorded.
Comments (required for Needs Improvement)	
3. Description of product was recorded. Acceptable Needs Improvement	f
Acceptable Needs Improvement	ı
Comments (required for Needs Improvement)	
· ·	on, lot sampled, lot size, and any special techniques used to
collect sample was recorded. Acceptable Needs Improvement	t t
Comments (required for Needs Improvement)	

Appendix 4.9: Sample Collection Report Audit Form (continued)

5.	Location where sample was collected was recorded. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
6.	Name and address of responsible party, guarantor, possessor, or distributor were recorded.
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
7.	Sample type (surveillance, compliance, investigational, regulatory, or other) was recorded. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
8.	Analysis requested was recorded, if applicable.
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
9.	Product labels, including customer-formula feed labels, are collected or reproduced. Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
10.	Receiving and distribution information was recorded.
	Acceptable Needs Improvement
	Comments (required for Needs Improvement)
II.	General Comments
	ter any general comments or recommendations as a result of this audit.
Na	me of Auditor Signature of Auditor Date

Appendix 4.10: Sample Collection Report Audit Worksheet

State Prog Performance Pe Cumulative	eriod: _													Revie							
						Au	ditor In	itials an	d Date o	of Audit ((1)										
Initials																				NIT	Performance
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Audit Score (2)																					
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(6) Use this space	e to iden	tify and	make n	otes abo	ut trends	and sing	gle perfo	rmance	factors ra							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,	•		

Appendix 4.10: Sample Collection Report Audit Worksheet (continuation sheet)

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ı																					

Appendix 4.11: Corre	ctive Action Plan		
	Field Inspection Report Audit Sample ive action for each deficiency, whether an individual		orted during an audit will be described in
the table below. The cor	rective action plan should be maintained with the ort	iginating audit documents.	
Performance Factor (record number from audit form)	Description of Deficiency	Corrective Action(s)	Verification that Corrective Action Implemented
Completed By:			
Name			Date

Appendix 5.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet

compo	nents.	If the State PROGRAM has the main component and associated components check 'Yes', if not, check 'No'.
X 7	N.T	
Yes	No	The State PROGRAM has written precedures to gother information to identify incidents of food related
		The State PROGRAM has written procedures to gather information to identify incidents of feed-related
		illnesses, deaths, and EMERGENCIES. Notes:
		Notes:
X 7	N.T	
Yes	No	1
		The State PROGRAM has written procedures to communicate with the appropriate State agencies or
		departments that investigate animal illnesses and food-related illnesses and outbreak.
		Notes:
Yes	No	
		For feed-related illnesses, deaths, and EMERGENCIES, the State PROGRAM has a written procedure with
		criteria to:
		Yes No
		Determine the appropriate response
		Initiate the response
		Complete the response
		Notes:
		Notes.
Yes	No	
165	110	For find related EMERGENCIES, the Ctate PROCE AM manages the quant voice.
		For feed-related EMERGENCIES, the State PROGRAM manages the event using:
		Yes No
		A formalized Incident Command System structure or
		An official action plan that includes:
		Outlining containment
		Communication
		Control
		Correction
		After-action protocols
		Notes:
Yes	No	
1 63	110	The State PROGRAM maintains a list of relevant agencies and emergency contacts.
		Notes:

Instructions: The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified component then evaluate if it includes the associated

Appendix 5.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet (continued) Yes No The State PROGRAM establishes written procedures to rapidly notify government agencies, departments, or appropriate parties of relevant findings. Notes: Yes No The State PROGRAM has a written procedure to immediately notify law enforcement agencies when intentional feed contamination or feed-related terrorism is suspected or threatened. Notes: Yes No The State PROGRAM has a written procedure for: Yes No Releasing information to the public; Coordinating media information with other jurisdictions to reduce the impact of feed-related illnesses, deaths, or EMERGENCIES. Notes: **Assessment Completed By:** Name Date

Appendix 5.2: Emergency Contact List

This template may be used to develop an emergency contact list. The content, design, and frequency of update are determined by the State PROGRAM.

Agency	Contact Name	Phone Number	Email
	Intr	a-Agency	
Supervisor		(w)	
Supervisor		(c)	
Laboratory		(w)	
246 6744627		(c)	
Office of General Counsel		(w)	
		(c)	
Office of the Director or Administration		(w)	
		(c)	
Office of Legislative Affairs		(w)	
		(c)	
Office of Public Information		(w) (c)	
	Fodoral	Government	
	rederar	(w)	
Department of Homeland Security		(w) (c)	
		(w)	
Food and Drug Administration		(c)	
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		(w)	
Department of Health and Human Services		(c)	
		(w)	
Center for Disease Control and Prevention		(c)	
Environmental Dustration Against		(w)	
Environmental Protection Agency		(c)	
U.S. Department of Agriculture		(w)	
O.S. Department of Agriculture		(c)	
Energy Department		(w)	
Energy Department		(c)	
Department of Defense		(w)	
Department of Defense		(c)	
N. d. 10		(w)	
National Security Administration		(c)	

Appendix 5.2: Emergency Contact List (continued)

Agency	Contact Name	Phone Number	Email
Federal Bureau of Investigation		(w)	
		(c)	
Trade Commission		(w)	
		(c)	
Health Department		(w) (c)	
		(w)	
Customs Service		(c)	
		(w)	
Justice Department		(c)	
W. C. W. P. I.D.		(w)	
Veterinary Medical Diagnostic Lab		(c)	
	State/Provincial/Lo	cal Government Offices	
Department of Conservation, Natural		(w)	
Resources, or Environmental Protection		(c)	
Agency			
Department of Agriculture, Plant Board, or		(w)	
Forestry		(c)	
Board of Pharmacy		(w)	
Board of Filannacy		(c)	
State Chemist		(w)	
State Chemist		(c)	
Department of Public Safety		(w)	
		(c)	
Department of Public Health Human Services,		(w)	
Social Services		(c)	
State Veterinarian, Animal Health, Livestock		(w)	
Commission		(c)	
Attorney General		(w)	
,		(c)	
Department of Commerce		(w)	
· F · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(c)	

Appendix 5.2: Emergency Contact List (continued)

Agency	Contact Name	Phone Number	Email
Department of Wildlife and Fisheries		(w) (c)	
Department of Marine Resources		(w) (c)	
Department of Professional Regulation/Inspection		(w) (c)	
Veterinary Medical Diagnostic Laboratory		(w) (c)	
Land Grant University/Extension Service		(w) (c)	
Police, Sheriff, Constable		(w) (c)	
Fire Department		(w) (c)	
Hospital (local or regional)		(w) (c)	
Utilities: Gas, Electric, Water, Sewage		(w) (c)	
	Industry (Organizations	
Producer Associations (ex: cattle feeders, pork producers, poultry producers)		(w) (c)	
National Grain and Feed Associations		(w) (c)	
American Feed Industry Association		(w) (c)	
Pet Food Institute		(w) (c)	
Feed Advisory Committee (Board) Members		(w) (c)	
Equipment Suppliers Association		(w) (c)	

Appendix 5.2: Emergency Contact List (continued)

Agency	Contact Name	Phone Number	Email							
Additional Assistance										
Forensics Laboratory		(w)								
•		(c)								
Poison Control Center		(w)								
Tolson Condor Contor		(c)								
Toxicology		(w)								
Toxicology		(c)								
Pathology		(w)								
rathology		(c)								
Universities/University "Content"		(w)								
Universities/University "Centers"		(c)								
Federal, State, and Local Emergency		(w)								
Management Agencies		(c)								

Completed By:	
Name	Date

Appendix 6.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet

es	No					
		The State PROGRAM ha	as an enforcement pro	gram that contains docur	mented ENFORCEMENT ST	TRATEGIES.
		Notes:	•			
es	No] m;			1	6 1
		<u></u>		six factors listed when se		
				whether each factor was condition(s), and a numer		
		condition.	aocumentea retative c	onamon(s), ana a numer	icai weigni assignea jor	each relative
		Factor	Factor Used	Factor Description	Relative Conditions	Numerical Weight
		Compliance history	Tuctor Osca	Tucior Description	Retailve Conditions	Tumericai Weight
		Responsiveness				
		Scope				
		Nature of Violation				
		Impact of Violation				
		Resources				
		Notes:				
		Notes:				
ne.	No					
es	No		as documented proces	s for conducting an annu	al evaluation of ENFORCI	EMENT STRATEGIES
es	No	The State PROGRAM ha	as documented proces	s for conducting an annu	al evaluation of ENFORCI	EMENT STRATEGIES.
es	No		as documented proces	s for conducting an annu	al evaluation of ENFORCI	EMENT STRATEGIES.
es	No	The State PROGRAM ha	as documented proces	s for conducting an annu	al evaluation of ENFORCI	EMENT STRATEGIES.
es	No	The State PROGRAM ha	as documented proces	s for conducting an annu	al evaluation of ENFORCI	EMENT STRATEGIES.
	No No	The State PROGRAM ha				EMENT STRATEGIES.
		The State PROGRAM han Notes: The State PROGRAM co		s for conducting an annu		EMENT STRATEGIES.
es		The State PROGRAM ha	onducts an annual eva	luation of its ENFORCEME	ENT STRATEGIES to:	
		The State PROGRAM han Notes: The State PROGRAM co	onducts an annual eva		ENT STRATEGIES to:	
		The State PROGRAM han Notes: The State PROGRAM co	onducts an annual eva Determine if the PRO Compliance;	luation of its ENFORCEME GRAM'S ENFORCEMENT S	ENT STRATEGIES to: TRATEGIES were success	ful in achieving
		The State PROGRAM han Notes: The State PROGRAM co	Determine if the PRO Compliance;	luation of its ENFORCEME	ENT STRATEGIES to: TRATEGIES were success	ful in achieving
		The State PROGRAM han Notes: The State PROGRAM co	Determine if the PRO Compliance; Identify potential impany;	luation of its ENFORCEME GRAM'S ENFORCEMENT S provements or modificati	ENT STRATEGIES to: TRATEGIES were success ons of the ENFORCEMEN	ful in achieving
		The State PROGRAM has Notes: The State PROGRAM conversed by the State PROGRAM conversed by the State Program of t	Determine if the PRO Compliance; Identify potential impany;	luation of its ENFORCEME GRAM'S ENFORCEMENT S	ENT STRATEGIES to: TRATEGIES were success ons of the ENFORCEMEN	ful in achieving
		The State PROGRAM han Notes: The State PROGRAM co	Determine if the PRO Compliance; Identify potential impany;	luation of its ENFORCEME GRAM'S ENFORCEMENT S provements or modificati	ENT STRATEGIES to: TRATEGIES were success ons of the ENFORCEMEN	ful in achieving
		The State PROGRAM has Notes: The State PROGRAM conversed by the State PROGRAM conversed by the State Program of t	Determine if the PRO Compliance; Identify potential impany;	luation of its ENFORCEME GRAM'S ENFORCEMENT S provements or modificati	ENT STRATEGIES to: TRATEGIES were success ons of the ENFORCEMEN	ful in achieving
		The State PROGRAM has Notes: The State PROGRAM conversed by the State PROGRAM conversed by the State Program of t	Determine if the PRO Compliance; Identify potential impany;	luation of its ENFORCEME GRAM'S ENFORCEMENT S provements or modificati	ENT STRATEGIES to: TRATEGIES were success ons of the ENFORCEMEN	ful in achieving

Appendix 6.2: Enforcement Tools

This appendix is a list of common enforcement tools that may be used by State PROGRAMS. An explanation of each tool has been provided.

Advisory or informational letter – can be used as a form for both compliance assistance and education and would usually apply to non-repetitive violations of no risk to health, safety, or the environment. Administrative violations involving licensing, product registration, and payment of fees are examples.

Warning letters with or without a required response – usually used to clearly outline the violation and require corrective action(s). The letter might or might not request a written response upon correction. This tool would be appropriate for violations that have or could present risk to health, safety, or the environment. Further, it could be appropriate for repetitive administrative violations.

Withdrawal from distribution orders – used when health, safety, or the environment would be put at risk from distribution of a feed. It might also be used when other tools have failed to achieve compliance for serious administrative violations or gross labeling violations.

Informal hearings or meetings – used to provide an opportunity to bring together parties to discuss and understand the nature of a violation. It may lead to an agreed order or consent decree. Use of this tool would be appropriate for many violations including those that may be chronic; threats to health, safety or the environment; civil penalties, license denials, revocation, or other serious administrative actions. This tool may be used in conjunction with others to facilitate compliance.

Mediation – meeting of all parties that produces a consent decree or compliance agreement.

Civil penalty – monetary penalty assessed for a violation. Civil penalty fines are based on a numeric point matrix determined by the severity of the violation and the repeat nature of the offense. A notice shall be given and an opportunity for an administrative (formal) hearing must be provided. This tool should be used in addition to other tools to prevent chronic violations or to address illegal acts when other tools are not available. Where appropriate, an informational letter, warning letter, informal hearing or meeting, or administrative hearing should precede the use of civil penalties.

Cancellation, probation, or conditional status – actions that can be taken against a license, permit, or registration due to repeat violations, including reporting of distributions, payment of fees, or chronic analytical deficiencies.

Administrative hearing – opportunity for an administrative (formal) hearing is provided to the regulated establishment prior to the issuance of a civil penalty, license denial, or license revocation. An administrative hearing may result in a consent decree with the regulated establishment. This tool should be used in chronic violations or when threats to health or safety exist.

Condemnation and confiscation – may be applied to any lot of non-compliant feed and may involve a court in the local area. A feed found violative by the court may be subject to condemnation and disposition after first allowing the claimant or manufacturer an opportunity to seek release of the feed or request opportunity to reprocess or re-label the feed for compliance. This tool would be appropriate for use when a practice or product presents a risk to health, safety, or the environment. It may also be applicable in other cases such as chronic violations.

Injunction – may be used to restrain a firm from any or all violations. The tool would be used in case of a serious threat of immediate or irreparable harm. Use may also be appropriate to restrain a firm from operation in wanton violation of a chronic nature involving administrative aspects of the law.

Criminal prosecution – may be pursued against a firm or person that impedes, obstructs, hinders, or otherwise prevents or attempts to prevent enforcement of commercial feed regulation. This tool can be used for any violation, but other tools may be appropriate.

Appendix 6.3: Factors, Descriptions, and Numerical Weights for Consideration When Selecting an Enforcement Tool

The following six factors must be used by the State PROGRAM to develop an enforcement matrix: compliance history, responsiveness, scope, nature of the violation, impact of the violation, and resources.

Below are example descriptions of these six factors, including numerical weights⁹ and assigned relative conditions. The descriptors, numerical weights, and relative conditions listed below are examples. The State PROGRAM may consider these examples when developing the descriptors, numerical weight, and relative conditions that will be utilized by the State PROGRAM for the six factors that must be included in an enforcement matrix. The State PROGRAM may consider additional factors.

The sum of the numerical values for all of the factors can be used to help select the appropriate enforcement tool from an enforcement matrix (see appendix 6.4 for an example).

Factor 1 – Compliance History

The compliance history of the firm or individual can be indicative of their commitment to assuring they are operating in compliance. Compliance history can include inspections, sample analysis, label reviews, and previous enforcement actions. It should include consideration of whether corrections were promised and completed, whether corrections were made promptly, and whether the same or similar problems occur repeatedly. The following relative weights can be used in assessing the firm's compliance history:

- (0) firm has extensive history and is always found in compliance
- (1) no history on file for this firm
- (2) firm's history shows only minor violations, always corrected
- (3) firm's history shows instances of significant violations or repeated minor violations
- (4) firm's history shows instances of significant violations and promised corrections are rarely made

Factor 2 – Responsiveness

The responsiveness of the firm or individual can also be used to help assess their commitment to assuring they are operating in compliance and the level of enforcement action needed to encourage commitment. Does the firm promise correction and follow through? Are they aware of laws, regulations, and requirements for their operation? Do they have quality assurance or training programs? Do they accept responsibility for problems that are uncovered? Are corrections made promptly? Do they make corrections while an inspector is there but do not maintain the correction? When appropriate, do they examine similar systems and/or products to make overall correction? The following relative weights can be used in assessing the responsiveness of the firm:

- (0) accept responsibility for assuring compliance; aware of the requirements or have quality assurance or training programs; corrections are promised and made promptly; when appropriate, extend corrections to similar products or systems
- (1) accept responsibility for assuring compliance; aware of the requirements; corrections promised but not made in a timely manner or corrections are not sustained
- (2) do not accept responsibility for assuring compliance; not aware of the requirements; no promise of correction; no correction

Factor 3 – Scope

Scope of the firm's business as well as the scope of the violation can be an important factor in choosing an appropriate enforcement action. Is the distribution of violative products limited to local distribution, multiple counties, Statewide, multiple States, nationwide, or worldwide? What is the quantity of violative product involved? How many animals are affected? Are the violative products intended for a limited or unique population, or are they for a broader population? Does the violation involve a single product or multiple products? Is the violation specific to a single lot? Is the violation a process violation? Is this an industry practice? The following relative weights can be used in assessing the scope of the violation:

⁹Source of the factors, descriptions, and numerical weights is the AAFCO Enforcement Guidelines-Factor Application section of the AAFCO.

Appendix 6.3: Factors, Descriptions, and Numerical Weights for Consideration When Selecting an Enforcement Tool (continued)

- (1) very limited distribution, quantity, or limited purchaser; violation is limited to a single lot
- (2) distribution is limited to Statewide or bordering States; violation is limited to one or two products; quantity of product distributed is relatively small or the number of animals effected is relatively small; non critical process violation
- (3) distribution is unlimited and may involve large quantities of product or affect a large number of animals; violation involves critical processes or multiple products

Factor 4 – Nature of the Violation

The nature of the violation has an impact on the type of enforcement action and may influence whether the action focuses on the product, process, or individual. Consider whether the violations are minor or significant; whether they are sporadic or continuous; whether they involve only record keeping or control issues or they include product defects or contaminations; whether they are the result of human error; whether they were the result of lack of knowledge and understanding of the firm or individual's responsibility or the legal requirements; or whether the violations were done knowingly or deliberately. When determining whether the violation is significant or not as significant, or whether it would be a major or minor violation, available and current science and policy should be considered. The following relative weights can be used in assessing the nature of the violation:

- (1) minor labeling violations or minor sporadic record keeping violations
- (2) violations are not minor but they are isolated incidents, the result of human error, or the result of lack of knowledge about requirements
- (4) significant GMP or labeling violations; contaminations; fraud
- (8) deliberate, knowing violations that result in hazard to public health

Factor 5 – Impact of the Violation

Selecting the most appropriate enforcement tool is strongly tied to the impact the violation has on the user of the product (economic impact or fraud), the safety of the animal, and human health safety. The State PROGRAM should consider whether the violations affect food producing or non-food producing animals. Are the violations economic or fraudulent in nature? Do the violations compromise animal safety? Do the violations pose a risk to human health safety? Is there a particular population at risk such as children, immuno-compromised, or the elderly? The following relative weights can be used in assessing the impact of the violation:

- (1) minor economic or fraud violations
- (4) animal safety concerns
- (8) human health safety concern but limited population
- (10) human health safety concern with a risk to all populations

Factor 6 - Resources

Consider what resources the State PROGRAM has to devote to the violative findings. Has the State PROGRAM established overall compliance goals and objectives? Are the State PROGRAM'S enforcement efforts prioritized? Are the resources devoted in part to special initiatives? Has the State PROGRAM established communication networks to determine if the violations have been encountered elsewhere? Are there other agencies that may be able to pursue action consistent with the State PROGRAM'S compliance goals? The following relative weights can be used in assessing the impact of the violation:

- (1) no resources are available
- (2) limited resources are available
- (3) ample resources are available

Appendix 6.4: Enforcement Matrix

Instructions: This is <u>an example</u> that can be used to develop the State PROGRAM'S enforcement matrix. The enforcement matrix should be designed to incorporate the relative conditions of each factor (with a minimum of the six factors listed in Standard 6: Enforcement Program) identified by the State PROGRAM. The enforcement matrix can be used to aid the State PROGRAM in determining which enforcement tool to apply. The content, design, and frequency of update are determined by the State PROGRAM.

Directions for Use of the Enforcement Matrix:

- 1. Determine the violation categories. The Example Enforcement Matrix on page 103 provides five examples of major violation categories: labeling, GMPs, sample results, contaminations, and administrative.
- 2. For each violation category, identify the enforcement tools that are appropriate for the violation category and the factor value range from minor to major. Examples of enforcement tools for each violation category from minor violations (factor value range 4 to 8) to major violations (factor value range 20 to 29) are provided in the Example Enforcement Matrix.
- 3. Calculate the sum of the numerical values assigned to each factor. See below for an example calculation:

Factor	Relative Condition Noted	Numerical Value
1. Compliance History	Firm's history shows only minor violations, always corrected (2)	2
2. Responsiveness	Accept responsibility for assurance compliance (0)	0
3. Scope	Distribution is limited to Statewide and/or border states (2)	2
4. Nature of the Violation	Minor labeling violations (1)	1
5. Impact of the Violation	Minor economic or fraud violations (1)	1
6. Resources	Limited resources are available (2)	2
	Sum of Numerical Values for Each Factor =	8

- 4. Locate the "Factor Value Range" that corresponds with the calculated sum of the numerical value for all factors. The matrix can be modified to different amounts of factor value ranges and values within each factor range. Using the example calculation in item 3, the sum of the numerical values is 8. The available enforcement tools for factor value range from 4 to 8 are "no action" and "information letter." The State could choose between these two enforcement tools for the violations reported.
- 5. Choose the appropriate enforcement tool for the violation category based on the factor value range.

Example Enforcement Matrix¹⁰

Violation	Factor Value Range				
Category	4 to 8	9 to 12	13 to 19	20 to 29	
			Condemnation/Seizure	Prosecution	
	No Action	Warning Letter	Informal Hearing/Meeting	Formal Hearing	
Labeling	Information Letter	Stop Sale	Injunction	Injunction	
		Informal Hearing/Mediation	Refer to Other Agency	Refer to Other Agency	
			Civil Penalty	Civil Penalty	
			Condemnation/Seizure	Prosecution	
	No Action	Warning Letter	Informal Hearing/Meeting	Formal Hearing	
GMPs	Information Letter	Stop Sale	Injunction Injunction	Injunction	
	Informal Hearing/Mediation Refer to Other Agency Civil Penalty	Informal Hearing/Mediation	Refer to Other Agency	Refer to Other Agency	
		Civil Penalty			
			Condemnation/Seizure	Prosecution	
	No Action	Warning Letter	Informal Hearing/Meeting	Formal Hearing	
Sample Results	Information Letter	Stop Sale Injunction	Injunction		
		Informal Hearing/Mediation	Refer to Other Agency	Refer to Other Agency	
			Civil Penalty	Civil Penalty	
			Condemnation/Seizure	Prosecution	
	No Action	Warning Letter	Informal Hearing/Meeting	Formal Hearing	
Contaminations	Information Letter	Stop Sale	Injunction	Injunction	
		Informal Hearing/Mediation	Refer to Other Agency	Refer to Other Agency	
			Civil Penalty	Civil Penalty	
			Condemnation/Seizure	Prosecution	
	No Action	Warning Letter	Informal Hearing/Meeting	Formal Hearing	
Administrative	Information Letter	Stop Sale	Injunction	Injunction	
		Informal Hearing/Mediation	Refer to Other Agency	Refer to Other Agency	
			Civil Penalty	Civil Penalty	

¹⁰The example enforcement matrix was derived from the Example Violation Chart found in the AAFCO Enforcement Guidelines-Factor Application section of the AAFCO Official Publication.

Appendix 7.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet

		The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified component then evaluate if it includes the associated If the State PROGRAM has the main component and associated components check 'Yes', if not, check 'No'.
Yes	No	The State PROGRAM has identified methods used for outreach activities to inform ANIMAL FEED industry stakeholders, academia, other regulators, or consumers. Notes:
Yes	No	The State PROGRAM has an outreach plan: Yes No The outreach plan includes: Objectives of an outreach plan Target populations
		Types of outreach activities (including OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENTS) Notes:
Yes	No	The State PROGRAM documents outreach activities: Yes No Documentation includes: Objectives of an outreach plan Target populations Types of outreach activities (including OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENTS) Notes:
Yes	No	The State PROGRAM documents and evaluates OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENTS. Notes:
Asses		t Completed By: Date

Appendix 7.2: Outreach Plan

Either of the templates below can be used to develop an outreach plan. The content, design, and frequency of update should be determined by the State PROGRAM.

			Effective Dates:					
Objective	Target Population	Type of Outreach Activity	Delivery Method					
Completed By:								
Name			Date					
3. Outreach Plan	in Paragraph Format							
Effective Dates:								
Outreach Objective		in that will be one if to be be seen as the						
	t will be reached and the meth	ies that will be used to help support this od of delivery.	s objective, including the					
outure sh Objective	n.							
	vide details of outreach activiti	ies that will be used to help support this	s objective, including the					
audience tha	t will be reached and the meth	od of delivery.						
Outreach Objective 3								
•	vide details of outreach activiti	ies that will be used to help support this	s objective, including the					
List and pro	t will be reached and the meth	od of delivery.						
List and pro		od of delivery.						

Appendix 7.3: OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENT Overview and Evaluation Instructions: Attach documents such as agendas, meeting summaries, and program evaluations to this form. Section I. Overview of OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENT A. Type of **OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENT** (select all that apply) Meeting Workshop Task Force/Committee **Extension Event** Other: B. Date of OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENT: C. Subject or name of **OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENT**: D. Objective of **OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENT**: E. Target population for **OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENT**: Section II. Evaluation of OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENT **Program Elements** Yes/No If no, please explain A. The purpose and objectives were clearly defined B. The context of the training activity was consistent with the objectives C. An evaluation was completed by attendees D. State PROGRAM reviewed and discussed comments from attendees Describe what went well, what could be done better, and what more could be done to improve the OUTREACH ACTIVITY EVENT. **Completed By:**

Name

Date

Appendix 8.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet

Instructions: The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified component then evaluate if it includes the associated components. If the State PROGRAM has the main component and associated components check 'Yes', if not, check 'No'. Yes The State PROGRAM has a documented workplan. Workplan Details: Inspection plan Sample plan Timeframe that the workplan is applicable Notes: Yes The State PROGRAM has a documented procedure for evaluating the workplan. Procedure Details How: Yes No PROGRAM conducts periodic and annual evaluations of the workplan; PROGRAM evaluates alignment with PROGRAM objectives and resources. Notes: Yes No The State PROGRAM has a documented procedure for identifying and reviewing its resources to accomplish the workplan within the applicable timeframe. Notes: Yes No To validate the workplan, the State PROGRAM must develop a formula that: Yes Calculates the number of staff needed to conduct inspections of its ANIMAL FEED inventory; Calculates the number of staff needed to conduct sample collections; Uses numerical values that are based on the State PROGRAM'S data; Must be used by the State PROGRAM. Notes: Yes No The inspection and sample collection staff must have the equipment needed to conduct inspections and sample collections.

Notes:

Yes No A list of the equipment required for inspections and sample collections must be: Yes No Established by the State PROGRAM Maintained by the State PROGRAM Notes: Yes No The State PROGRAM must conduct a review of the resources required to fully implement the AFRPS, including each of the program elements in the individual standards. The review recorded in appendix 8.4 must determine whether the PROGRAM has: Adequate staff Equipment **Funding** Notes: Yes No A baseline resource review must be made concurrently with the baseline evaluation required for AFRPS Standard 9 and recorded in appendix 8.4. Date Completed: Notes: Yes No Subsequent resource evaluations to determine the resources necessary for the State PROGRAM to partially meet, fully meet, or maintain full IMPLEMENTATION of each standard's requirements must be completed within three years of the previous evaluation. Notes: **Assessment Completed By:** Name Date

Appendix 8.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet (continued)

Appendix 8.2: Example Formula for Calculating the Number of Inspectors Required to Conduct Inspections of Feed Facilities

This appendix is <u>an example</u> of how to calculate the number of field staff required to conduct inspections of feed facilities. A State PROGRAM may use this example to develop a formula that is suitable for the PROGRAM'S needs and based on data that can be verified by the PROGRAM. This formula is specific to calculating the number of inspectors needed to conduct inspections of the establishment inventory according to the workplan and is not applicable to staff needs for other PROGRAM areas including sample collection, response, laboratory services, or administration.

Calculating the Number of Inspectors:

- 1. The following data must be collected. Records must be maintained to verify the data used in the calculations.
 - Risk categorization of feed facilities (example categorization: high risk, medium risk, and low risk)
 - Number of feed facilities in each risk category
 - Percent of facilities to be inspected each year in each risk category (in percent)
 - Percent of facilities to be re-inspected each year in each risk category (in percent)
 - Average inspection time, including travel time, of feed facilities in each risk category (in hours)
 - Note: The following formulas do not account for sample collections. For State PROGRAMS that utilize inspectors to collect samples, the State PROGRAM should consider adding additional time to the average inspection time, if appropriate, to account for sample collection.
- 2. Calculate the available annual inspection time, in hours, per inspector (AIT)

The State PROGRAM should determine the average number of hours an inspector has available to conduct inspections each year after accounting for annual leave, sick leave, holidays, training, and other State PROGRAM activities.

3. Calculate the number of hours required to inspect feed facilities in each risk category

The example below utilizes three risk categories: high risk, medium risk, and low risk.

• For High Risk Feed Facilities:

$[(\#HR \times \%HRF) + (\#HR \times \%HRRF)] \times HRaIT = hHRI per year$

Key	Description		
#HR	Number of High Risk Facilities		
%HRF	Percent of High Risk Facilities to be Inspected per Year (%)		
%HRRF	Percent of High Risk Facilities to be Re-Inspected per Year (%)		
HRaIT	High Risk Facility Average Inspection Time (h)		
hHRI per year	Total Hours of High Risk Inspections per Year		

• For Medium Risk Feed Facilities:

$[(\#MR\ x\ \%MRF) + (\#MR\ x\ \%MRRF)]\ x\ MRaIT = hMRI\ per\ year$

Key	Description			
#MR	Number of Medium Risk Facilities			
%MRF	F Percent of Medium Risk Facilities to be Inspected per Year (%)			
%MRRF Percent of Medium Risk Facilities to be Re-Inspected per Year MRaIT Medium Risk Facility Average Inspection Time (h)				
		hMRI per year	Total Hours of Medium Risk Inspections per Year (h)	

• For Low Risk Feed Facilities:

 $[(\#LR \times \%LRF) + (\#LR \times \%LRRF)] \times LRaIT = hLRI per year$

Key	Description		
#LR	Number of Low Risk Facilities		
%LRF	Percent of Low Risk Facilities to be Inspected per Year (%)		
%LRRF	Percent of Low Risk Facilities to be Re-Inspected per Year (%)		
LRaIT	Low Risk Facility Average Inspection Time (h)		
hLRI per year	Total Hours of Low Risk Inspections per year (h)		

4. Using the data calculated in 2 and 3, calculate the number of inspectors required to ensure coverage of PROGRAM'S establishment inventory.

(hHRI per year + hMRI per year + hLRI per year) / AIT = Number of Inspectors Needed

Appendix 8.3: Example List of Equipment Used for Inspections and Sample Collections

Standard 8 requires a State PROGRAM to develop a list of equipment needed to conduct inspections and sample collections. The list provided below is an example equipment list for inspections and sample collections. A State PROGRAM may add and remove equipment from the table in developing the PROGRAM'S list of equipment. After the State PROGRAM finalizes its list, the State PROGRAM can use the chart below to record whether the equipment is assigned, available to inspectors, or not available.

Equipment	Assigned	Available	Not Available
Alcohol swabs and wipes			
Blacklight			
Calculator			
Camera			
Cell phone			
Clipboard			
Computer and printer			
Coolant (ice and freezer packs)			
Credentials			
Dust mask			
Eye protection			
Flashlight and holder			
Hard hat			
Hearing protection			
Knife and scissors			
Light meter			
Official seals			
Paper, pen, masking tape, and marker			
Protective clothing (lab coat, gloves, and shoe covers)			
Putty knife and scraper			
Regulations, policies, and designated reference material			
Required forms			
Respirator			
Safety shoes			
Sampling devices (sieves, triers, scoops, or probes)			
Sampling equipment (sterile containers, bags, or swabs)			
Shipping containers			
Test weights			
Thermometer			
Vehicle			

Appendix 8.4: Resources for IMPLEMENTATION of Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards

This table provides an overview of a State PROGRAM's evaluation of the resources needed to implement the Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards. Based on the evaluation, indicate for each standard whether the State PROGRAM has the resources needed for funding, staffing, and equipment by inserting 'Yes' or 'No' in the corresponding block. If 'No', please explain. Resources not related to funding, staffing, and equipment needed for IMPLEMENTATION should be in the "Other Resources Needed" column.

	Standard	Funding	Staffing	Equipment	Other resources needed
1	REGULATORY FOUNDATION				
2	Training				
3	Inspection Program				
4	Auditing				
5	Feed-Related Illnesses or Death and Emergency Response				
6	Compliance and Enforcement				
7	Outreach Activities				
8	Planning and Resources				
9	Assessment and Improvement				
10	Laboratory Services				
11	Sampling Program				

Appendix 9.1: Self-Assessment Worksheet

Instructions: The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified component then evaluate if it includes the associated components. If the State PROGRAM has the main component and associated components check 'Yes', if not, check 'No'.

Yes	No	_						
		The State PROGRAM uses the self-assessment worksheets from each standard to complete a baseline						
		evaluation to:						
		Yes No						
		Determine if a standard is fully met, partially met, or not met,						
		Identify areas or functions that need improving in order to fully meet the						
		requirements of each standard.						
		Notes:						
Yes	No							
		The State PROGRAM develops an improvement plan for requirements of the standards that are not						
		fully met that includes:						
Not		Check "Not Applicable" box to left if requirement is not applicable because all requirements of the standard are						
Applic	able:	fully met						
		<u>Yes No</u>						
		Individual element or documentation requirement for the standard that was not						
		fully met;						
		Improvements needed to fully meet the program element or documentation						
		requirement(s) of the standard;						
		List of individual tasks that will be used to address the improvement;						
		Projected completion date for each task;						
		Completion date for each task.						
		Notes:						
Yes	No	-						
		The State PROGRAM reviews and updates its improvement plan (appendix 9.2) annually.						
		Date Completed:						
		Notes:						
Yes	No							
		The State PROGRAM completes an evaluation of IMPLEMENTATION status at least						
		every three years following the baseline evaluation that includes reviewing and updating:						
		Date Completed:						
		Yes No						
		Self-assessment worksheets for each standard;						
		Required documentation for each standard;						
		Improvement plan (appendix 9.2);						
		IMPLEMENTATION status (appendix 9.3).						
		Notes:						

Apper	ndix 9	1: Self-Assessment Worksheet (continued)
Yes	No	
		Appendix 9.3, or comparable form, is used to track IMPLEMENTATION status of all the standards. Notes:
		Ivotes.
Yes	No	
		The State PROGRAM retains records under x.5 of each standard for the three previous years, or per the
		State PROGRAM'S record retention policy. Date Completed:
		Notes:
Asses	ssment	Completed By:
Name)	Date

Appendix 9.2: Assessment and Improvement Plan						
Instructions: This appendix, or a co	mparable form, is completed for each stand	ard.				
Standard Number and Title:						
	ompleted:					
Subject Matter Expert(s):						
IMPLEMENTATION Status						
Fully Met Partia	lly Met Not Met					
Instructions: For elements of the sta	andard that are not fully met, the information	n listed below is completed.				
Element(s) of Standard Not Fully Met	Improvement(s) Needed to Meet Element	Task(s) to Complete Identified Improvement	Projected Completion Date for Task	Date Task Completed		
Assessment Completed By:						
Name		Date				

Appendix 9.3: IMPLEMENTATION Status of Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards

This table provides an overview of a State PROGRAM'S evaluation of its IMPLEMENTATION of the Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards. The self-assessment worksheets and appendix 9.2: Assessment and Improvement Plan should be used to complete this appendix.

Standard		Self-Assessme	ent		IMPLEMENTATION St	atus
1. REGULATORY FOUNDATION	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
2. Training	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
3. Inspection Program	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
4. Auditing	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
5. Feed-Related Illnesses or Death and Emergency Response	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
6. Enforcement Program			Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met	
7. Outreach Activities	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
8. Planning and Resources	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
9. Assessment and Improvement	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
10. Laboratory Services	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
11. Sampling Program	Complete Incomplete	Date:		Fully Met	Partially Met	Not Met
Evaluation Completed By:						
Name					Date	

Appendix 10: Self-Assessment Worksheet

Instructions: The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified documented procedure then evaluate the procedure to determine if it includes the associated components. If the State PROGRAM has the procedure and associated components check 'Yes', if not, check 'No'.

Yes	No	7							
		The State PROGRAM has a list of routine and non-routine analytical services.							
		Notes:							
₹7	NT								
Yes	No								
		The State PROGRAM has documented formal agreement with REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES)							
		managed outside the PROGRAM that conduct routine analytical services. Notes:							
		Notes:							
Yes	No								
105	110	The State PROGRAM prepares a sample analysis schedule based on a sampling plan in cooperation with							
		REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES) performing routine services to ensure compatibility with							
		laboratory capabilities and capacities.							
		Notes:							
Yes	No								
		The State PROGRAM has a sample analysis schedule with each REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES)							
		performing routine services.							
		Yes No The sample analysis schedule includes:							
		Type(s) of ANIMAL FEED to be analyzed;							
		Number of samples to be collected;							
		Estimated timeframe for collection;							
		Type(s) of analysis to be performed.							
		Notes:							
₹7	NT								
Yes	No	The State PROCE AN has written mused during developed by the RECHI ATORY TESTING LARON ATORY (TS) to							
		The State PROGRAM has written procedures developed by the REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES) to maintain the integrity of the samples sent to the laboratory for analytical testing that includes:							
		Yes No							
		Sample receipt							
		Preservation							
		Storage							
		Retention							
		Disposal							
		Chain of custody							
		Report of analysis							
		TESTING LARORATORY(IES)							
		Method(s) used to communicate information between the State PROGRAM and REGULATORY							
		TESTING LARORATORY(IES)							

Append	dix 1	10: Self-Assessment Worksheet (continued)				
		Notes:				
Yes I	No					
		The State PROGRAM utilizes REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES) that are accredited by a recognized				
		accreditation body to ISO/IEC 17025:2005, or implement and comply with the AAFCO Quality Assurance/Quality Control guidelines, or implement and comply with the ISO/IEC 17025:2005.				
		Notes:				
Assessment Completed By:						
Nome		Doto				
Name		Date				

Instructions: The State PROGRAM identifies if they have a specified documented procedure then evaluate the procedure to determine if it includes the associated components. If the State PROGRAM has the procedure and associated components check 'Yes', if not, check 'No'.

	Program Elements	Yes/No	Specific Reference ¹¹	Notes
Sec	ction I. Sampling Plan			
a.	The State PROGRAM has a documented annual			
	sampling plan.			
b.	The sampling plan is jointly developed and			
	amended by the State PROGRAM and			
	REGULATORY TESTING LABORATORY(IES)			
	performing routine services. The sampling plan outlines the State PROGRAM'S:			
c.	 Sampling priorities 			
	Sampling prioritiesSample analysis schedule			
	ž			
	Availability or coordination of analytical support			
Soc	support ction II. Sampling Procedure for Collecting, Stori	ing and Tra	nenorting Sample	ne e
	e State PROGRAM'S has a documented sampling proce			
	ludes:	edure jor co.	neenng, storing, at	ia transporting samples that
a.	Following safety precautions on feed labels;			
b.	Following the State PROGRAM'S safety protocol			
	for collecting samples;			
c.	Using appropriate method and equipment to			
	collect the sample;			
d.	<u>U</u> 1			
e.	Maintaining and documenting sample integrity,			
	security, and chain of custody;			
f.	Issuing receipt for sample;			
g.	Handling, packaging, and shipping sample using			
	procedures appropriate to prevent compromising			
1.	condition of sample;			
h.	Delivering or shipping sample to the appropriate laboratory within acceptable timeframes.			
Sac	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>		
	ction III. Instructions for Sample Collection Repo			
The	e State PROGRAM provides instructions for the sample	e collection .	report, including:	
a.	Date of the sample collection;			
b.	Product identification including:			
	• Name			
	 Lot numbers or other codes referencing 			
	manufacture identification			
c.	Description of product;			
d.	Method of collection and any special techniques			
	used to collect sample;			
e.	Lot sampled;			

¹¹Reference the document (include section and page number) in which the program element is found.

Appendix 11: Self-Assessment Worksheet (continued)

	Program Elements	Yes/No	Specific Reference	Notes
Instructions for Sampling Collection Report (continued)				
f. Lot size;				
g. Location w	here sample was collected;			
	address of responsible party, guarantor, or distributor;			
	be (surveillance, compliance, onal, regulatory, or other);			
j. Analysis re	equested, if applicable;			
	or reproduction of product labels, ustomer-formula feed labels;			
1. Receiving	and distribution information.			
Assessment Completed By:				
Name				Date