# Multistate Financial Institution Data Match

Including background information, participation instructions, and the required form for exchanging data with the Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE).

Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families Office of Child Support Enforcement Published: August 2001 Revised: December 2020

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# 1 Background

Nationally, the number of child support cases increased from two million in 1976 to over 15.7 million in 2020. Committed to improving the lives of children, the federal Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE) worked with state and local child support programs to develop the Federal Parent Locator Service (FPLS) to help states locate individuals to establish and enforce child support orders. The Multistate Financial Institution Data Match (MSFIDM) program is part of the FPLS.

The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PRWORA), also known as Welfare Reform, went into effect on August 22, 1996. One provision requires all states and territories that operate approved child support enforcement plans to enter into agreements with financial institutions conducting business in their state. The purpose of these agreements is to identify accounts, through quarterly data matches, that belong to parents who are delinquent in their child support obligation.

Public Law 105-200, the Child Support Performance and Incentive Act of 1998 changed PRWORA to improve the data match for multistate financial institutions (MSFIs). This law authorizes OCSE to act as the conduit between the states, territories, and MSFIs to conduct a centralized quarterly data match program to identify accounts belonging to individuals who owe past-due child support.

#### 1.1 Definition of Financial Institution

Section 466(a)(17)(D)(i) of the Social Security Act (Act) states that "financial institution" has the meaning given the term in section 469A(d)(1) of the Act. Section 469A(d)(1) of the Act defines a "financial institution" as "a depository institution, as defined in Section 3(c) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(c))...an institution-affiliated party, as defined in section 3(u) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(u))...any federal credit union or state credit union, as defined in Section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752), including an institution-affiliated party of such a credit union, as defined in Section 206(r) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 1786(r))...and any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money-market mutual fund, or similar entity authorized to do business in the state."

#### 1.2 Definition of Account

Section 466(a)(17)(D)(ii) of the Act defines an "account" as "a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable withdrawal order account, savings account, time deposit account, or money-market mutual fund account."

# 1.3 Who May Match Data with OCSE?

Any financial institution operating in two or more states that maintains accounts (as defined in section 466(a)(17)(D)(ii))) for its customers is eligible to participate in the OCSE data match.

# 1.4 What Liability Will Accrue to Financial Institutions?

Section 466(a)(17)(C) of the Act states that a financial institution shall not be liable under any federal or state law to any person for any disclosure of information to the state child support agency under section 466(a)(17)(A)(i) of the Act. Similarly, financial institutions shall not be liable under any federal or state law for encumbering or surrendering any assets they hold in response to a notice of lien or levy issued by the state child support enforcement agency. In addition, financial institutions will not be held liable for other action taken in good faith to comply with the requirements of Section 466(a)(17)(A) of the Act. Section 469A(a) of the Act also provides protection from liability for MSFIs disclosing information to the FPLS through the MSFIDM.

#### 2 Data Match Process

The data match process begins when OCSE sends MSFIs a file containing information about individuals who owe past-due child support. The MSFIs compare the OCSE file with their account holders and return matches to OCSE. OCSE sends matches to the state agencies responsible for collecting the past-due support. OCSE maintains and updates the file containing all child support debtors nationwide weekly and transmits files to all participating MSFIs quarterly. Processing quarters are standard calendar quarters: the first day of January, April, July, and October.

To avoid processing peaks, MSFIs may select a preferred month and week to receive their file in each quarter. For example, if an MSFI chooses to initiate processing of its file in the first week of the second month of a quarter, it will subsequently receive all files the first week of the second month of each calendar quarter thereafter.

MSFIs have 45 days to return matches to OCSE.

# 2.1 Data Specifications

We use a reporting format developed by states, MSFIs, and OCSE. OCSE uses Method 2 – the Matched Accounts Method. You can find the record layout for this reporting format on the OCSE website at <a href="https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ocse/msfidm\_specifications\_handbook.pdf">https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ocse/msfidm\_specifications\_handbook.pdf</a>

# 2.2 Types of Transmission

OCSE exchanges data with MSFIs using electronic transmission methods, currently either Secure File Transfer Protocol or OCSE's Child Support Portal Electronic Download and Upload Process. OCSE works with the MSFI to use the most cost-effective method for the data transmission.

# 2.3 What Happens When a Match Occurs?

OCSE forwards the match information to the states and territories within 48 hours. The states and territories may use the match information to notify the MSFI to freeze or seize accounts in accordance with state laws.

#### 2.4 What about Fees?

OCSE does not reimburse MSFIs for the cost of processing the data matches. If state law allows, state child support enforcement agencies may pay reasonable fees to financial institutions for conducting the data match. These fees must not exceed the actual costs incurred by the financial institution.

If an MSFI chooses to recover the cost of processing the OCSE data, the MSFI must bill individual states. Following each quarterly match, OCSE supplies MSFIs with a statistical report containing the number of matches made for each state and the states' billing addresses. However, OCSE will only supply addresses for states that will reimburse MSFIs.

# 2.5 Security Guidelines

OCSE requires robust security and privacy controls to make sure the information on the OCSE file remains protected and that there is individual accountability in protecting and maintaining the privacy of the individuals whose information resides in the file.

This section outlines the security requirements that an MSFI must have in place before receiving the OCSE file.

#### The MSFI must:

- Maintain an audit trail of activities pertaining to the OCSE file and its contents until destroying it.
- Destroy electronic files, regardless of the delivery medium, after conducting the data match, but no longer than 60 days afterward. Deletion is not acceptable. You must overwrite the file and save with nulls before erasing the file.
- Do not make hard copies of the file.
- Establish and maintain a security incident response capability. You must report all security or
  privacy incidents, or suspected incidents, involving the file to OCSE no later than one hour
  after discovery.
- Implement logical access controls that supply protection from unauthorized access, alteration, loss, or disclosure.
- Limit physical and logical access to the OCSE file and the information contained within to authorized personnel only. Make sure to maintain a list of the persons authorized to access the information.
- Prohibit downloading information on the OCSE file to portable media.

- Provide security awareness training to communicate the security policies associated with the OCSE file as well as the civil and criminal penalties for misuse.
- Secure the OCSE file during transmission in a manner that safeguards the data and prohibits unauthorized access.

#### 3 Data Match Timelines

# 3.1 Operational Agreements

• OCSE distributes one operational agreement to each MSFI identified by states or other sources. The agreement allows MSFIs to select their data transmission method and reporting period dates and designate service providers if appropriate. The agreement also allows MSFIs to opt out of the OCSE process in favor of participating with individual states.

**Note:** MSFIs only need to update agreements when they elect to change the data transmission method or change a service provider.

• MSFIs return agreements to OCSE.

#### 3.2 Fee Assessment Information

On a quarterly basis, OCSE supplies:

- MSFIs with the number of matches per state.
- States with the number of matches for each MSFI.
- MSFIs with a state-by-state description of the fee structure, fee amounts allowed, and billing addresses for those states that will reimburse MSFIs for the data match.

#### 4 Election Form Instructions

The Election Form is on pages 6 and 7. When completed and signed by an officer or executive of the MSFI, the Election Form will serve as the official operational agreement between the MSFI and OCSE.

#### 4.1 Due Date

The Election Form must be completed, signed, and returned to OCSE within 30 days of receipt, even if the MSFI chooses not to participate.

## 4.2 Election to Participate

MSFIs may elect to participate in the OCSE match process by checking the appropriate box in the Action Box on the Election Form and completing the form as directed.

MSFIs may also use the Election Form to choose not to participate in the OCSE process, deciding instead to conduct the required quarterly match with all the states where they do business. In these cases, MSFIs are still required to complete the Election Form and attach a list of states where they do business. OCSE will notify the affected states of the decision.

# 4.3 Election to Use Reporting Agents

Many MSFIs contract with reporting agents for the MSFIDM program. If an MSFI chooses to contract with a service provider to report information for the MSFIDM, the MSFI must sign the Election Form, not the service provider, and the MSFI remains responsible for complying with the law.

MSFIs that choose to use a reporting agent or transmitter must inform OCSE by completing the appropriate section on the Election Form. Signing the Election Form allows OCSE to request and receive MSFI contact information from the reporting agent or transmitter. Similarly, if an MSFI wants OCSE to send the data match file to a recipient whose Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) is different from that of the MSFI, the MSFI must notify OCSE.

#### 4.4 Election Form

Mail, fax, or email your completed election form to:

Office of Child Support Enforcement Multistate Financial Institution Data Match PO Box 509

Baltimore, Maryland 21133-0509

For assistance call: 800-258-2736 Fax: 410-277-9325

Email: fidm@ssa.gov

Website: https://www.acf.hhs.gov/css/partners/financial-institutions

OMB Control No: 0970-0196 Expiration Date: 01/31/2024

Office of Child Support Enforcement PO Box 509 Baltimore, Maryland 21133-0509

# **Election Form**

Financial institutions must use this form to (1) elect to participate in the multistate financial data match with the federal Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE) and select an electronic data exchange option, or (2) elect not to participate in the OCSE process. Refer to the attached instructions for more information. When completed and signed by an authorized representative of your organization, this form will serve as the official operational agreement with OCSE.

<b>Multistate Financial Institution (MSFI)</b>				
MSFI Name:*	FEIN:*			
	Phone:*			
	Fax:			
Contact:* Street Address:*	Email:*			
Street Address:**	Mailing Address (if different			
	from street address):			
Action (New elections must attach a list of states	and territories where you do business*)			
Elect not to participate in OCSE process.				
Elect to participate in the OCSE process. You authorize OCSE to disclose matched information to any state IV-D agency that submitted debtors to OCSE.				
Add or change transmitter or change file exc	Add or change transmitter or change file exchange option.			
File Exchange Options				
OCSE's Child Support Portal Electronic Do Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP)	wnload and Upload Process			
Dates				
Select the preferred month and week for the initial receipt of OCSE files.				
Name one month:*	Select one week:* 1 2 3 4			

I ransmitter Information	
If you plan to use a transmitter to excinformation about your transmitter:	change data with OCSE, please supply the following
Name:	FEIN:
Street Address:	
Contact:	Fax:
Do you want the data match file sen	Email: t directly to your authorized transmitter? Yes No
Authorized Representative *	
Name (please print): Signature:	
under any state or state law to any person Enforcement Agency under section 466( be liable under any state or state law for a notice of lien or levy issued by the Chi	arity Act provides that a financial institution shall not be liable in for any disclosure of information to the Child Support (a)(17)(A)(i) of the Act. Similarly, financial institutions shall not encumbering or surrendering any assets they hold in response to ld Support Enforcement Agency. In addition, financial y other action taken in good faith to comply with the f the Act.
institutions (or their designated agents) f such institutions or agents for any other	ocial Security Act, the information provided to multistate financial for purposes of conducting the data matches may not be used by purposes and may not be redisclosed to any person except to the oches. There may also be additional prohibitions or penalties,
	cipate in the OCSE multistate financial institution data match er of jurisdiction nor will it be construed as consent to participate
	t a state from requiring any financial institution doing business in irectly to the state for purposes other than child support