**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

#### **Paperwork Reduction Act Statement**

The public reporting burden to complete this information collection is estimated at 30 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering the data needed, and completing and submitting the information. The collection of information is voluntary. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information, unless it displays a current valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number and expiration date. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to <a href="mailto:sns@cisa.dhs.gov">sns@cisa.dhs.gov</a> or via mail to:

ECD – ATTN: Mark Carmel Rm 967 CISA NGR STOP 0645 Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency 1110 N. Glebe Road Arlington, VA 20598-0645

#### **Confidentiality Statement**

The U.S. Department of Homeland Security's Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) will track responses and participation; however, CISA will not collect personally identifiable information and only aggregated survey data will be made publicly available so that individual responses will not be distinguishable.



**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

#### **SAFECOM Nationwide Survey**

SAFECOM in partnership with the U.S Department of Homeland Security's (DHS) Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency is conducting the SAFECOM Nationwide Survey (SNS). The SNS focuses on public safety organizations and their emergency communications capability needs and gaps. The SNS aims to achieve the following objectives:

- Raise national awareness by reiterating how the role of emergency communications operability, interoperability, and continuity helps keep America safe, secure, and resilient;
- **Build industry knowledge** by providing stakeholders with statistically valid data and findings on the current and future state of emergency communications;
- *Influence public policy* by informing decision-makers and officials at all government levels about needed support for emergency communications, programs, and services; and
- **Drive capability improvements** by identifying nationwide progress, best practices, and gaps, and by formulating data-driven, evidence-based guidance and resources.

#### Taking the Survey:

- Plan: The estimated time to complete the SNS is 30 minutes; however, it does not need to be completed in one session.
- <u>Coordinate</u>: SNS results will represent organizational-level responses. Each organization should identify a single point of contact who is responsible for completing the survey on behalf of the organization. This person is encouraged to coordinate with the appropriate colleagues to help answer questions on technical and operational subject matter.
- **Review:** Respondents are encouraged to review the entire survey prior to starting to determine which questions may require collaboration with colleagues across the organization.

#### **Submissions:**

- SNS submissions are due by XXX.
- For questions or technical assistance, e-mail <a href="mailto:sns@cisa.dhs.gov">sns@cisa.dhs.gov</a>, or call <a href="mailto:1-800-915-5712">1-800-915-5712</a>.

#### Completed surveys can be returned via:

U.S. Postal Service to:

ECD – ATTN: Mark Carmel Rm 967 CISA NGR STOP 0645 Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency 1110 N. Glebe Road Arlington, VA 20598-0645

- A scanned copy e-mailed to: sns@cisa.dhs.gov; or
- A faxed copy transmitted to: DHS CISA, ATTN: Mark Carmel at XXX.



**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

#### **Question and Response Example**

Format: The question below illustrates one of the survey's matrix formats with hypothetical responses.

Guidance: Tips on how to answer matrix question types are listed below:

- Read the question and pay close attention to any underlined terms.
- From top to bottom, read the descriptions in the first column on the left.
- From left to right, read the descriptions in the first row across the top.
- Select <u>one</u> response <u>per</u> row (not by column) that best reflects your organization.
- Definitions of key terms ("Capital Investments") are listed below the answer options.

Funding Items	There is no funding for this item	There is funding, but it is insufficien t to meet needs	There is funding, and it is sufficient for all needs	Funding is sufficient and has been identified to address needs beyond the current budget cycle	Don't Know	Not Applicable
Network/system(s) – capital investments		ъ√				
Network/system(s) – operating costs		₩				
Network/system(s) – Maintenance			ъ∕			
Network/system(s) upgrade(s)				ъ		
Network decommissioning	ъ́d					
Applications and services development and implementation			₩			
Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP)				ъ√		

Capital Investments: Equipment and other one-time costs.

Network Decommissioning: The process of removing systems and equipment from active service.

**Telecommunications Service Priority:** A CISA program that authorizes National Security and Emergency Preparedness organizations to receive priority treatment for vital voice and data circuits or other telecommunications services. See <a href="https://www.cisa.gov/about-pts">https://www.cisa.gov/about-pts</a>

**Reminder**: The completed matrix above is only one example of SNS question types and responses. Throughout the SNS, question formats change and present other instructions. For example, other instructions include the following prompts:

- For <u>each column</u>, select <u>one</u> response;
- For each column, select all that apply; and,
- For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response <u>per column</u>.
- Please remember to closely read all questions, underlined terms, and definitions. For any
  questions or technical help, e-mail <a href="mailto:sns@cisa.dhs.gov">sns@cisa.dhs.gov</a> or call <a href="mailto:1-800-915-5712">1-800-915-5712</a>. Thank you for your
  participation!

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 Expiration date: 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

#### **Demographic Questions**

- 1. Enter your organization's formal name (no acronyms/abbreviations)
- 2. Select the response that best characterizes your organization: (Select one response)
  - Headquarters (HO)
  - Regional or Field Office
- 3. Select the response that best characterizes your organization's public safety discipline: (Select one response)
  - Fire
  - Law Enforcement
  - **Emergency Medical Services**
  - **Emergency Management**
  - Emergency Communications Center (ECC)/Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)
  - Other Emergency Response Discipline
  - If your organization is classified as "fire" answer Question 3a.
- 3a. Select the response that best characterizes your organization's fire department: (Select one response)
  - Wildland
  - Structural
  - Both
- 4. Select the response that best characterizes the role of the individual coordinating the survey response for your organization: (Select one response)
  - **Executive Leadership**
  - Senior Leadership
  - **Supervisory Personnel**
  - **Investigative Personnel**
  - Line and Support Personnel
- 5. Estimate the number of personnel in your organization: (Select one response)
  - Fewer than 50
  - 51 250
  - 251 500
  - 501 1.000
  - 1,001 5,000
- 5.001-10.000 **Emergency Communications:** The means and methods for exchanging communications and information necessary for successful incident management More than 10,000

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

- 6. Estimate the population size that your organization serves: (Select one response)
  - Fewer than 2,500
  - 2,501 4,999
  - 5,000 9,999
  - 10,000 24,999
  - 25,000 249,999
  - 250,000 1 million
  - More than 1 million



**OMB No.** 1670-0048 Expiration date: 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Governance — the following questions address your organization's involvement in decisionmaking groups.

- 1) My organization participates in informal decision-making groups that address emergency communications that include representatives from: (Select all that apply)
  - Within my organization
  - Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction
  - Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety
  - Other federal departments/agencies
  - Tribal governments/organizations
  - State/territorial governments
  - Local governments
  - Nongovernmental organizations (NGOs)/private sector
  - International/cross-border entities
  - My organization does not participate in informal decision-making groups
- 2) My organization participates in formal decision-making groups that address emergency communications that include representatives from: (Select all that apply)
  - Within my organization
  - Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction
  - Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety

- Other federal departments/agencies
- Tribal governments/organizations

Decision-Making die (tips) in growth by body with a published agreement that designates its authority, mission, and responsibilities.

Other Public Setely Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction: Other government agencies outside your own department (e.g., police department or sheriff's office, fire department, ECCs/PSAPs, emergency management, emergency medical service agency).

Other Government organizations in the Same Jurisdiction that Support Public Safety: Other government agencies (e.g., public health,

public works interspatiational/iofoss too relandatities

Nongovernmental Osganizations (NEO) Brivate Sector: Non-orphite of Osganizations participating in public safety/emergency communications planning, use or reconstitution (e.g., utilities, auxiliary communications, communication service providers, equipment operators, transportation, food distribution, Volunteer Organizations Active in Disasters).

International/Cross-Border Entities: Foreign organizations (e.g., Canadian or Mexican organizations).

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Governance — the following questions address your organization's involvement in decision-making groups.

- 3) Do your formal decision-making groups invite and/or recruit participants beyond first responders? (Select one response)
  - Yes
  - No
  - If your organization responds with "yes" answer Question 3a.
  - o Otherwise, answer Question 4.

### 3a. What type of participants beyond first responders are invited to your organization's formal decision-making groups? (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Emergency Support Functions (ESF)\* #1 -Transportation
- ESF #2 Communications
- ESF#3 Public Works and Engineering
- ESF #4 Firefighting
- ESF #5 Information and Planning
- ESF #6 Mass Care, Emergency Assistance, Temporary Housing, and Human Resources
- ESF #7 Logistics
- ESF #8 Public Health and Medical Services
- ESF #9 Search and Rescue
- ESE#10 Oil and Hazardous Materials

- ESF #11 Agriculture and Natural Resources
- ESF #12 Energy
- ESF #13 Public Safety and Security
- ESF #14 Cross-Sectional Business and Infrastructure
- ESF #15 External Affairs
- Information Technology Advisors or Providers
- · Cybersecurity Advisors or Providers
- Non-governmental Organizations (NGO)
- Private Sector
- Λcademia

Decision-Making Groups: A group or governing body with a published agreement that designates its authority, mission, and responsibilities.

Other Public Safety Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction: Other government agencies outside your own department (e.g., police department or sheriff's office, fire department, ECCs/PSAPs, emergency management, emergency medical service agency).

Other Government Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction that Support Public Safety: Other government agencies (e.g., public health, public works, transportation, information technology).

Nongovernmental Organizations (NGO)/Private Sector: Non-profit or for-profit organizations participating in public safety/emergency communications planning, use or reconstitution (e.g., utilities, auxiliary communications, communication service providers, equipment operators, transportation, food distribution, Volunteer Organizations Active in Disasters).

International/Cross-Border Entities: Foreign organizations (e.g., Canadian or Mexican organizations).

Operability: Ability to provide and maintain reliable communications functionality throughout the area of responsibility.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Continuity: Ability to provide and maintain acceptable levels of communications during disruptions in operations.

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Governance — the following questions address your organization's agreements.

5) Select the responses that best characterize the agreements your organization has made to enable emergency communications <u>interoperability</u>: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response). Note: Reading from left to right, the first four responses are progressive (i.e., to select the fourth response, an organization must have surpassed all of the first three response criteria)

	There are informal, undocumented agreements in practice with	There are published and active agreements with some	There are published and active agreements with most	Agreements are reviewed every 3-5 years, after system upgrades, or incidents that test capabilities with	Not applicable
Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction					
Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety					
Other federal departments/agencies					
Tribal governments/organizations					
State/territorial governments		0			
Local governments					
NGOs/private sector					
International/cross-border entities					

Agreements: Formal mechanisms to govern interagency coordination and the use of interoperable emergency communications solutions.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Other Public Safety Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction: Other government agencies outside your own department (e.g., police department or sheriff's office, fire department, ECCs/PSAPs, emergency management, emergency medical service agency).

Other Government Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction that Support Public Safety: Other government agencies (e.g., public health, public works, transportation, information technology).

Published and Active Agreements: Memoranda of Understanding (MOU), Executive Orders, legislation, Intergovernmental agreements, etc.

Nongovernmental Organizations (NGO)/Private Sector: Non-profit or for-profit organizations participating in public safety/emergency communications planning, use or reconstitution (e.g., utilities, auxiliary communications, communication service providers, equipment operators, transportation, food distribution, Volunteer Organizations Active in Disasters).

International/Cross-Border Entities: Foreign organizations (e.g., Canadian or Mexican organizations).

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Governance — the following questions address your organization's agreements and funding of your organization's communications capabilities, regardless of whether the items it uses are owned, shared, or subscription-based.

6) Do your organization's agreements meet its needs to achieve: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response per column)

	For "day-to-day" situations?	For "out-of-the-ordinary" situations?
Operability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Interoperability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Continuity	o Yes o No	o Yes o No

7) Select the responses that best characterize the funding of the following items related to the network/system(s) used by your organization: (For each row, select one response)

Funding Items	There is no funding for this item	There is funding, but it is insufficient to meet needs	There is funding, and it is sufficient for all needs	Funding is sufficient and has been identified to address needs beyond the current budget cycle	Don't know	Not applicable
Network/system(s) – capital investments						
Network/system(s) – operating costs						
Network/system(s) – maintenance						
Network/system(s) upgrade(s)						
Network decommissioning						
Applications and services development and		п	П	П	П	П

Agreements: Formal mechanisms to govern interagency coordination and the use of interoperable emergency communications solutions.

Operability: Ability to provide and maintain reliable communications functionality throughout the area of responsibility.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Continuity: Ability to provide and maintain acceptable levels of communications during disruptions in operations.

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

Capital Investments: Equipment and other one-time costs.

Network Decommissioning: The process of removing systems and equipment from active service.

**Telecommunications Service Priority:** A CISA program that authorizes National Security and Emergency Preparedness organizations to receive priority treatment for vital voice and data circuits or other telecommunications services.

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Expiration	date:	11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Governance — the following questions address the funding of your organization's communications capabilities, regardless of whether the items it uses are owned, shared, or subscription-based.

8) Select the responses that best characterize the funding for the following items related to the equipment used by your organization: (For each row, select one response)

Funding Items	There is no funding for this item	There is funding, but it is insufficien t to meet needs	There is funding, and it is sufficient for all needs	Funding is sufficient and has been identified to address needs beyond the current budget cycle	Don't know	Not applicable
Equipment management						
Equipment upgrades						
Equipment disposal						

9) Select the responses that best characterize the funding of the following related to the <u>interoperability solutions</u> used by your organization: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response)

Funding Items	There is no funding for this item	There is funding, but it is insufficient to meet needs	There is funding, and it is sufficient for all needs	Funding is sufficient and has been identified to address needs beyond the current budget cycle	Don't know	Not applicable
Interoperability solutions – capital investments						
Interoperability solutions – operating costs						
Interoperability solutions – maintenance costs						
Interoperability solutions – research and development						

10) Select the responses that best characterize the funding of the following items related to cybersecurity within your organization: (For each row, select one response)

	funding for this insufficient		There is funding, and it is sufficient	Funding is sufficient and has been identified to address needs	Don't know	Not applicable	
Items	item	to meet needs	for all needs	beyond the current budget cycle			
Cuborecourity capital				l			
Interoperability Solution: Any method, process, or system used to enable interoperability (e.g., radio swaps, channel or console cross-patching, shared system or channels).							
costs							

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Governance — the following questions address the funding of your organization's emergency communications capabilities.

- 11) Select the response that best characterizes your organization's <u>strategic planning process</u> for <u>emergency communications</u>: (Select <u>one</u> response)
  - No planning process for emergency communications is in place
  - Informal planning process for emergency communications occurs periodically
  - Formalized planning process for emergency communications is in place
  - Multi-agency strategic planning process for emergency communications is institutionalized
- **12)** Does your organization's strategic planning process sufficiently meet its need for: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response <u>per column</u>)

	For "day-to-day" situations?	For "out-of-the-ordinary" situations?
Operability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Interoperability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Continuity	o Yes o No	o Yes o No

**Strategic Planning:** A planning process that establishes organizational goals and identifies, scopes, and establishes requirements for the provisioning of capabilities and resources to achieve them.

Operability: Ability to provide and maintain reliable communications functionality throughout the area of responsibility.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Continuity: Ability to provide and maintain acceptable levels of communications during disruptions in operations.

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

**Standard Operating Procedures (SOP):** Generally, refers to a reference document or an operations manual that provides the purpose, authorities, duration, and details for the preferred method of performing a single function or a number of interrelated functions in a uniform manner.

Standard Operating Guidelines (SOG): A document that outlines best practices. They are not mandatory, but help personnel follow the rules while allowing for flexibility.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Standard Operating Procedures/Guidelines (SOPs/SOGs) – the following questions address your organization's SOPs/SOGs.

- o If "no communications SOPs/SOGs currently exist" for your organization, skip to Question 14 on the next page.
- Otherwise, answer Questions 13a-b.

### 13a) Select the national/federal sources, guidelines, or standards that have influenced your organization's communications SOPs/SOGs: (Select all that apply)

- Communications Security, Reliability, and Interoperability Council's (CSRIC) guidance
- Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) guidance
- DHS Communications Sector-Specific Plan (CSSP)
- DHS Project 25 (P25) Compliance Assessment Program Approved (Grant Eligible) Equipment List
- Federal Partnership for Interoperable Communications (FPIC)
- Federal Plain Language Guidelines
- Information Sharing and Analysis Centers (ISAC)
- Information Sharing and Analysis Organizations (ISAO)
- National Emergency Communications Plan (NECP)
- National Infrastructure Protection Plan (NIPP)
- National Interoperability Field Operations Guide (NIFOG)

- National Incident Management System (NIMS)/Incident Command System (ICS) quidance
- National Information Exchange Model (NIEM) guidance
- National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Cybersecurity Framework
- National Response Framework (NRF)
- NIMS/ICS Communications Unit
- SAFECOM Approach for Developing an Interoperable Information Sharing Framework (ISF)
- SAFECOM Guidance on Emergency Communications Grants
- SAFECOM Interoperability Continuum
- Other joint SAFECOM/National Council of Statewide Interoperability Coordinators (NCSWIC) guidance (e.g., Guidelines for Encryption in Land Mobile Radio [LMR] Systems, Next Generation 911 [NG911] Cybersecurity Primer)
- Other
- None of the above

Standard Operating Procedures (SOP): Generally, refers to a reference document or an operations manual that provides the purpose, authorities, duration, and details for the preferred method of performing a single function or a number of interrelated functions in a uniform manner.

Standard Operating Guidelines (SOG): A document that outlines best practices. They are not mandatory, but help personnel follow the rules while allowing for flexibility.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Standard Operating Procedures/Guidelines (SOPs/SOGs) – the following question addresses your organization's SOPs/SOGs.

#### 13b) Select the topics that are included in your organization's SOPs/SOGs: (Select all that apply)

- Land Mobile Radio (LMR)
- Broadband
- Project 25 (P25) encryption
- Social media
- Cybersecurity
- · Priority Telecommunications Services
- Next Generation 911 (NG911)
- **Standard Operating Procedures (SOP):** Generally, refers to a reference document or an operations manual that provides the purpose, authorities, duration, and details for the preferred method of performing a single function or a number of interrelated functions in a uniform manner.

Standard Operating Guidelines (SOG): A document that outlines best practices. They are not mandatory, but help personnel follow the rules while allowing for flexibility.

**Priority Telecommunications Services:** Three services (Government Emergency Telecommunications Service, Wireless Priority Services, Telecommunications Service Priority) that enable essential personnel to communicate when networks are degraded or congested (Government Emergency Telecommunications Service, Wireless Priority Services, Telecommunications Service Priority).

Continuity of Communications: The ability of emergency response agencies to maintain communications capabilities when primary infrastructure is damaged or destroyed.

Operability: Ability to provide and maintain reliable communications functionality throughout the area of responsibility.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Continuity: Ability to provide and maintain acceptable levels of communications during disruptions in operations.

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.



**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Technology — the following question addresses your organization's technology solutions.

### 15) Select the <u>interoperability solutions</u> your organization employs, regardless of whether the systems in use are owned, shared, or subscription-based: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Channel/console cross-patching
- Cloud-based environment
- Commercial wireless equipment (e.g., bring-yourown-device)
- Commercial wireless equipment (e.g., government furnished equipment)
- Commercial wireless service offering (e.g., mission critical push-to-talk [MCPTT], direct mode)
- Common applications (e.g., use of same or compatible applications to share data)
- Console-to-console intercom interconnections (e.g., center-to-center voice and data)
- Crossband repeaters
- Custom-interfaced applications (e.g., custom linking of proprietary applications or use of middleware to share data)
- Data exchange hubs (e.g., computer-aided dispatch [CAD]-to-CAD, integrated message switching systems [MSS])
- · Deployable audio/gateway switch
- Deployable site infrastructure (e.g., cell on wheels [COW]/cell on light truck [COLT], transportable land-mobile radio)

- Established channel sharing agreements
- Fixed audio/gateway switch
- Inter-Radio Frequency (RF) Subsystem Interface (ISSI)/Console Subsystem Interface (CSSI)
- Mobile command post/mobile communications center
- Mutual aid channels/talkgroups (e.g., shared channels/talkgroups)
- Nationwide Public Safety Broadband Network (NPSBN)/FirstNet
- National Information Exchange Model (NIEM)based data exchange
- National Public Safety Planning Advisory Committee (NPSPAC) channels
- One-way standards-based sharing of data (e.g., applications to "broadcast/push" or "receive/pull" data from systems)
- · Radio cache/radio exchange
- Radio reprogramming
- Shared system (conventional or trunked)
- Standards-based shared systems (e.g., Project 25 bile [P25])
- None of the above

### 16) Select the <u>types</u> of information that are exchanged between your organization and others: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Voice
- Video
- Geographic Information System (GIS) data
- Evacuee/patient tracking data
- Accident/crash (telematics) data
- Resource data (available equipment, teams, shelter/hospital beds)
- Biometric data
- Computer-Aided Dispatch (CAD) data
- Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL) data
- Common Operating Picture data/Situational awareness
- Records Management System (RMS)
- Threat intelligence data

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Technology — the following question addresses your organization's technology solutions, regardless of whether the systems in use are owned, shared, or subscription-based.

### 17) Select the extent to which the following factors have impacted your organization's ability to communicate: (For each row, select one response)

Factors	None	Little extent	Some extent	Great extent	Not applicable
Unplanned system/equipment failure					
Excessive planned downtime					
Frequency interference					
System congestion (e.g., limited spectrum capacity, insufficient frequencies)					
Cybersecurity disruption or breach					
Poor coverage (in-building)					
Poor coverage (outdoors)					
Poor subscriber unit quality					
Insufficient site hardening					
Insufficient system/equipment redundancy					
Insufficient route diversity					
Insufficient wireless voice application interoperability					
Insufficient wireless data application interoperability					
Deferred maintenance					
Deferred capital expenditures					
Diminished service due to adding users from beyond our organization					
System/equipment failure beyond the ownership or control of our organization					
Incompatibility of proprietary systems, modes, and algorithms					

#### 10) Dans varie arganization have the annualists infractivistive systems equipment and facilities

**Insufficient System/Equipment Redundancy:** Inability of additional or duplicate communications assets to share the load or provide backup to the primary asset.

**Insufficient Route Diversity:** A single point of failure or dependence on a single provider causing diminished ability to communicate (e.g., backhaul servers buried cable and causes outage).

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

Continuity of Communications: The ability of emergency response agencies to maintain communications capabilities when primary infrastructure is damaged or destroyed.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Technology — the following questions address the <u>sufficiency</u> of your organization's technology solutions.

19) Does your organization have the appropriate fixed, portable, mobile, deployable, and/or temporary solutions to support interoperability? (For each row, select one response)

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly agree
For "day-to-day" situations?					
For "out-of-the-ordinary" situations?					

- 20) Select the response that best characterizes how well your organization's communications systems meet its mission requirements: (Select one response)
  - Systems do not currently meet mission requirements
  - · Systems meet only basic mission requirements
  - Systems meet mission requirements of day-to-day situations, but not out-of-the-ordinary situations
  - Systems meet all mission requirements of day-to-day and most out-of-the-ordinary situations

Cybersecurity — the following questions address your organization's approach to cybersecurity.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

**Day-to-Day Situations:** Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Cybersecurity — the following questions address your organization's approach to cybersecurity.

- o If your organization "has engaged in cybersecurity planning or implementation," <u>answer</u> Ouestions 21a-c.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 22 on page 20.

#### 21a) Select the cybersecurity planning measures your organization uses: (Select all that apply)

- Risk assessment
- Incident response plans/policies
- Vulnerability response plans/policies
- Coordination lead (e.g., incident manager)
- Incident Response Team (IRT)
- Integration of Cyber Threat Intelligence (CTI) sources
- Means for collecting digital forensics and other data or evidence
- Agreement with another entity that provides cybersecurity services (e.g., commercial vendor, internal IT department or function)
- Cybersecurity insurance
- Recovery exercises (e.g., use of failover systems, backup recovery)
- None of the above

### **21b) Select the cybersecurity measures that your organization has** <u>implemented</u>: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Single factor authentication (e.g., passwords)
- Multi-factor authentication (e.g., smart cards, personal identification verification [PIV] cards, tokens)
- Continuous monitoring (e.g., antivirus, intrusion detection)
- Backups
- Automated updates
- Failover system
- · Hardened workstations for monitoring and response activities
- Disk and active memory imaging
- · Coordinated response and restoration activities with internal and external parties
- Post-incident lessons learned analysis (e.g., hotwash, after-action report)
- None of the above

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Cybersecurity — the following questions address your organization's approach to cybersecurity.

- o If your organization has implemented "continuous monitoring" answer Question 21b1.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 21b2.

## **21b1)** Indicate which <u>continuous monitoring</u> capabilities your organization uses: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Antivirus (AV) software
- Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR) solutions
- Data Loss Prevention (DLP) capabilities
- Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems (IDPS)
- Authorization, host, application, and cloud logs
- Network flows
- Packet Capture (PCAP)
- Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) systems
- Other
- o If your organization has implemented "backups," answer Question 21b2.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 22 on the page 20.

## 21b2) Indicate which <u>backup</u> capabilities and practices your organization uses: (Select $\underline{all}$ that apply)

- Manual backups
- Automated backups
- Offline backups
- Frequent training on backups
- Exercises on restoring from backups
- Other

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Cybersecurity — the following questions address your organization's approach to

cybersecurity.

- o If your organization "has engaged in cybersecurity planning or implementation," answer Questions 21a-c.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 22 on the next page.

### 21c) Select the CISA cybersecurity resources your organization uses in its cybersecurity planning and implementation: (Select all that apply)

- Advanced Malware Analysis Center (AMAC) Services
- Assessment Evaluation and Standardization Program (AES)
- CISA Central
- Cyber Essentials
- Cyber Infrastructure Survey
- Cyber Resiliency Review (CRR)
- Cybersecurity Advisory (CSA) Program
- Cybersecurity Assessment and Risk Management Approach
- Cybersecurity Evaluation Tool (CSET®)
- Continuous Diagnostics and Mitigation (CDM)
- Enhanced Cybersecurity Services (ECS)

- External Dependencies Management (EDM)
   Assessment
- Federal Virtual Training Environment (FedVTE)
- Hunt and Incident Response Team (HIRT) Services
- ICTAP 9-1-1/PSAP/LMR Cyber Assessment
- ICTAP 9-1-1/PSAP/LMR Cyber Awareness Course
- Joint Cyber Defense Collaborative (JCDC)
- Public Safety Communications and Cyber Resiliency Toolkit
- Remote Penetration Testing (RPT)
- Vulnerability/Cyber Hygiene Scanning
- Web Application Scanning
- None of the above



**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Cybersecurity — the following questions address your organization's approach to cybersecurity.

### 22) In the event of a cyber incident, which entities are <u>alerted or engaged</u> by your organization? (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Agency's own Information Technology (IT) resources
- Parent organization or agency's IT resources
- IT cybersecurity vendor
- Organizations with interconnected networks (e.g., equipment vendors, partner agencies)
- Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) (e.g., CISA Central, Automated Indicator Sharing [AIS])
- Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) (e.g., field offices, Internet Crime Complaint Center [IC3], InfraGard)
- Multi-State Information Sharing and Analysis Center (MS-ISAC)®
- United States Secret Service
- Region-based support
- State-based support (e.g., National Guard, fusion center, state-sponsored cyber unit)
- Tribal-based support
- Local-based support
- Other
- None of the above

## **23)** Indicate the types of <u>cyber attacks</u> that your organization has experienced: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Phishing/email spoofing attack
- Ransomware attack
- Password or credential attack (i.e., unauthorized use of password or credential)
- Denial of service attack
- Telephony Denial of Service (TDoS) attack
- Jamming
- Domain Name Service (DNS) tunneling attack
- Doxing attack (i.e., data access with information threatened to be sold or revealed)
- Other malware (e.g., viruses, trojans)
- Internet of Things (IoT)-based attack (i.e., attacker entered network through "smart" devices or systems)
- Other types of attack (e.g., SQL injection, cross-scripting, eavesdropping)
- Attacks of unknown type
- Our organization has not identified any cyber attacks
- Don't know

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Cybersecurity — the following questions address your organization's approach to cybersecurity.

- **24) Complete this sentence:** "Our organization is \_\_\_\_\_\_ in our ability to detect and respond to cybersecurity threats and vulnerabilities." (Select <u>one</u> response)
  - Not confident
  - Somewhat confident
  - Confident
  - Very confident
- **25) Complete this sentence:** "Since 2018, cybersecurity incidents have had \_\_\_\_\_\_ on the ability of our organization to communicate." (Select <u>one</u> response)
  - Severe impact
  - Some impact
  - Minimal impact
  - No impact
  - Don't know

Physical Security — the following question addresses your organization's physical security posture.

**26)** Select the response that best characterizes your organization's physical security for facilities and communications infrastructure: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response). Note: Reading from left to right, responses are progressive (i.e., to select the third response, an organization must have surpassed <u>both</u> of the first two response criteria)

Physical security is present only as a consequence of other requirements (e.g., building codes, zoning requirements, architectural recommendations/guidance, SOPs/SOGs) and what may be found in a similar commercial building or facility

Solution sets designed and implemented for the intended occupancy, purpose, and use of the building/facility

Mitigation, response, and recovery procedures identified through the formal risk assessment(s) are regularly trained and exercised, incorporating the physical security

**Facilities:** Structures and premises staffed on a day-to-day or around-the-clock basis, including Emergency Communications Centers/Public Safety Answering Points, police, fire, and emergency medical stations, and emergency operations centers.

Communications Infrastructure: Fixed structures and deployable platforms that shelter communications equipment, including tower and repeater sites, data centers, network hubs, and console systems.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Training – the following question addresses your organization's <u>end user</u> training practices for emergency communications.

- 27) Select the responses that best characterize your organization's emergency communications training: (Select one response)
  - No personnel have received training
  - Personnel have received informal training, at most
  - · Some personnel have received formal training
  - Substantially all personnel have received formal and regular training
  - o If "no personnel have received training" in your organization, <u>skip</u> to Question 28 on the next page.
  - o Otherwise, answer Questions 27a-c.
- 27a) <u>Evaluations</u> of training are documented and assessed along with the changing operational environment, to adapt future training to address gaps and needs. (Select <u>one</u> response)
  - Yes
  - No
- 27b) Select the <u>topics</u> that are included in your organization's emergency communications training: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)
  - National Incident Management System (NIMS) Incident Command System (ICS)
  - Software training/refresher
  - Communications Unit (COMU)
  - Commonly used frequencies
  - Frequency jamming detection/location
  - Equipment training/refresher
  - Backup systems
  - Cybersecurity

End User: Individuals receiving or transmitting information.

Personnel: Individuals responsible for communications installations, operations, and maintenance.

**Informal Training:** Training with no lesson plans or assessments of student performance; may be on-the-job training or educational materials. **Formal Training:** Training that includes a lesson plan and an assessment of student performance, change or behavior; may be in a classroom or on-the-job.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

**Priority Telecommunications Services:** Three services (Government Emergency Telecommunications Service, Wireless Priority Services, Telecommunications Service Priority) that enable essential personnel to communicate when networks are degraded or congested (Government Emergency Telecommunications Service, Wireless Priority Services, Telecommunications Service Priority).

None of the above

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Training – the following question addresses your organization's <u>end user</u> training practices for emergency communications.

- o If "no personnel have received training" in your organization, skip to Question 28.
- o Otherwise, answer Questions 27c.

### 27c) Select the <u>external groups</u> that are included in your organization's emergency communications training: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction
- Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety
- Local governments
- State/territorial governments
- Tribal governments/organizations
- Other federal departments/agencies
- NGOs/private sector
- International/cross-border entities
- None of the above

## **28)** Are your organization's personnel <u>adequately trained</u> in: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response <u>per column</u>)

	For "day-to-day" situations?	For "out-of-the-ordinary" situations?
Operability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Interoperability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Continuity	o Yes o No	o Yes o No

Other Public Safety Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction: Other government agencies outside your own department (e.g., police department or sheriff's office, fire department, ECCs/PSAPs, emergency management, emergency medical service agency).

Other Government Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction that Support Public Safety: Other government agencies (e.g., public health, public works, transportation, information technology).

Nongovernmental Organizations (NGO)/Private Sector: Non-profit or for-profit organizations participating in public safety/emergency communications planning, use or reconstitution (e.g., utilities, auxiliary communications, communication service providers, equipment operators, transportation, food distribution, Volunteer Organizations Active in Disasters).

International/Cross-Border Entities: Foreign organizations (e.g., Canadian or Mexican organizations).

Personnel: Individuals responsible for communications installations, operations, and maintenance.

Operability: Ability to provide and maintain reliable communications functionality throughout the area of responsibility.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Continuity: Ability to provide and maintain acceptable levels of communications during disruptions in operations.

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Exercises – the following questions address your organization's exercises.

- 29) Does your organization participate in or conduct exercises? (Select one response)
  - Yes
  - No
  - o If your organization DOES "participate in or conduct exercises," answer Questions 29a-c.
  - o If your organization DOES NOT "participate in or conduct exercises," <u>skip</u> to Question 29d on the next page.
- 29a) Select the types of <u>capabilities</u> included as part of the exercises in which your organization either participates or conducts: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)
  - Communications operability (voice)
  - Communications operability (data)
  - Communications interoperability (voice)
  - Communications interoperability (data)
  - Communications continuity (voice)

- Communications continuity (data)
- Cyber incident response and recovery
- Radio/device encrypted interoperability
- Social media
- None of the above
- 29b) Select the types of <u>roles</u> included as part of the exercises in which your organization either participates or conducts: (Select all that apply)
  - Auxiliary Communications (AUXCOMM)
  - Incident Tactical Dispatch (INTD)
  - Communications Unit Leader (COML)
  - Communications Unit Technician (COMT)
- Communications Coordinator (COMC)
- IT Service Unit Leader (ITSL)
- Mobile Command Post/Mobile Communications Center
- None of the above
- 29c) Select the statement that best characterizes how your organization <u>evaluates</u> <u>communications</u> as an <u>exercise objective</u>: (Select <u>one</u> response)
  - Communications is not an exercise objective
  - Communications is not evaluated
  - Communications is evaluated but not documented
  - Communications is evaluated and documented
  - Communications is evaluated and documented in accordance with the Homeland Security Exercise Evaluation Program (HSEEP)

**Interoperability:** Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Continuity: Ability to provide and maintain acceptable levels of communications during disruptions in operations.

**Auxiliary Communications (AUXCOMM)**: Backup emergency radio communications provided by volunteers who support public safety and emergency response professionals and their agencies.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Exercises – the following questions address your organization's exercises.

- o If your organization DOES NOT "participate in or conduct exercises," <u>answer</u> Question 29d.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 30.

#### 29d) My organization does not participate in exercises because it has: (Select all that apply)

- No personnel for exercise coordination
- Chronically low staffing levels
- No funding available to participate in exercises sponsored by other organizations
- No funding available to backfill personnel attending exercises
- Insufficient overtime funding to allow staff to participate in exercises conducted by my organization
- Insufficient overtime funding to allow staff to participate in exercises conducted by other organizations
- Limited exercises opportunities
- Competing organizational priorities
- None of the above

30) Complete this sentence: "My organization	emergency communications-focused
exercises." (Select <u>one</u> response)	

- Does not participate in or conduct
- Participates in
- Conducts
- Participates in and conducts

### 30a) Select the types of emergency communications-focused exercises your organization participates in or conducts: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Simulations
- Equipment tests and/or drills
- Seminars/workshops
- Tabletops
- Functional
- Full-scale

Personnel: Individuals responsible for communications installations, operations, and maintenance.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Exercises – the following questions address your organization's <u>emergency communications</u>focused exercises.

- o If your organization does not "participate in or conduct <u>emergency communications-focused</u> exercises," <u>skip</u> to Question 31 on page 29.
- o Otherwise, answer Questions 30b-g.

## 30b) The emergency communications-focused <u>simulations</u> our organization participates in or conducts include: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction
- Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety
- Other federal departments/agencies
- Tribal governments/organizations
- State/territorial governments
- Local governments
- NGOs/private sector
- International/cross-border entities
- My organization does not participate in or conduct simulations

## 30c) The emergency communications-focused <u>equipment tests and/or drills</u> our organization participates in or conducts include: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction
- Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety
- Other federal departments/agencies
- Tribal governments/organizations
- State/territorial governments
- Local governments
- NGOs/private sector
- International/cross-border entities
- My organization does not participate in or conduct equipment tests and/or drills

Other Public Safety Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction: Other government agencies outside your own department (e.g., police department or sheriff's office, fire department, ECCs/PSAPs, emergency management, emergency medical service agency).

Other Government Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction that Support Public Safety: Other government agencies (e.g., public health, public works, transportation, information technology).

Nongovernmental Organizations (NGO)/Private Sector: Non-profit or for-profit organizations participating in public safety/emergency communications planning, use or reconstitution (e.g., utilities, auxiliary communications, communication service providers, equipment operators, transportation, food distribution, Volunteer Organizations Active in Disasters)

International/Cross-Border Entities: Foreign organizations (e.g., Canadian or Mexican organizations).

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Exercises – the following questions address your organization's <u>emergency communications</u>focused exercises.

- o If your organization does not "participate in or conduct <u>emergency communications-focused</u> exercises," <u>skip</u> to Question 31 on page 29.
- o Otherwise, answer Questions 30d-g.

## 30d) The emergency communications-focused <u>seminars/workshops</u> our organization participates in or conducts include: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction
- Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety
- · Other federal departments/agencies
- · Tribal governments/organizations
- State/territorial governments
- Local governments
- NGOs/private sector
- International/cross-border entities
- My organization does not participate in or conduct seminars/workshops

## **30e)** The emergency communications-focused <u>tabletop</u> exercises our organization participates in or conducts include: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction
- Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety
- Other federal departments/agencies
- Tribal governments/organizations
- State/territorial governments
- Local governments
- NGOs/private sector
- International/cross-border entities
- My organization does not participate in or conduct tabletop exercises

Other Public Safety Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction: Other government agencies outside your own department (e.g., police department or sheriff's office, fire department, ECCs/PSAPs, emergency management, emergency medical service agency).

Other Government Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction that Support Public Safety: Other government agencies (e.g., public health, public works, transportation, information technology).

Nongovernmental Organizations (NGO)/Private Sector: Non-profit or for-profit organizations participating in public safety/emergency communications planning, use or reconstitution (e.g., utilities, auxiliary communications, communication service providers, equipment operators, transportation, food distribution, Volunteer Organizations Active in Disasters)

International/Cross-Border Entities: Foreign organizations (e.g., Canadian or Mexican organizations).

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Exercises – the following question addresses your organization's <u>emergency communications-focused</u> exercises.

- o If your organization does not "participate in or conduct <u>emergency communications-focused</u> exercises," <u>skip</u> to Question 31 on the next page.
- o Otherwise, answer Questions 30f-g.

### **30f)** The emergency communications-focused <u>functional</u> exercises our organization participates in or conducts include: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction
- Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety
- Other federal departments/agencies
- · Tribal governments/organizations
- State/territorial governments
- Local governments
- NGOs/private sector
- International/cross-border entities
- My organization does not participate in or conduct functional exercises

### 30g) The emergency communications-focused <u>full-scale</u> exercises our organization participates in or conducts include: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Other public safety organizations in the same jurisdiction
- Other government organizations in the same jurisdiction that support public safety
- Other federal departments/agencies
- Tribal governments/organizations
- State/territorial governments
- Local governments
- NGOs/private sector
- International/cross-border entities
- My organization does not participate in or conduct full-scale exercises

Other Public Safety Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction: Other government agencies outside your own department (e.g., police department or sheriff's office, fire department, ECCs/PSAPs, emergency management, emergency medical service agency).

Other Government Organizations in the Same Jurisdiction That Support Public Safety: Other government agencies (e.g., public health, public works, transportation, information technology).

Nongovernmental Organizations (NGO)/Private Sector: Non-profit or for-profit organizations participating in public safety/emergency communications planning, use or reconstitution (e.g., nongovernmental organizations, utilities, auxiliary communications, communication service providers, equipment operators, transportation, food distribution, Volunteer Organizations Active in Disasters)

 $\textbf{International/Cross-Border Entities:} \ \ \textbf{For eign organizations (e.g., Canadian or Mexican organizations)}.$ 

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Exercises – the following questions address your organization's exercises.

**31)** Have exercises adequately prepared your organization's <u>personnel</u> to achieve: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response <u>per column</u>)

	For "day-to-day" situations?	For "out-of-the-ordinary" situations?
Operability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Interoperability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Continuity	o Yes o No	o Yes o No

Usage — the following questions address the usage of your organization's emergency communications capabilities.

**32)** Select the emergency communications capabilities that are <u>used</u> or <u>tested</u>: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>all</u> that apply)

Capabilities	For "day-to- day" situations	For "out-of-the- ordinary" situations	With personnel beyond our organization	In accordance with SOPs/SOGs
Primary voice				
Primary data				
Voice interoperability				
Data interoperability				
Backup voice				
Backup data				
Alerts and warnings				

Personnel: Individuals responsible for communications installations, operations, and maintenance.

Operability: Ability to provide and maintain reliable communications functionality throughout the area of responsibility.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Continuity: Ability to provide and maintain acceptable levels of communications during disruptions in operations.

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

**Standard Operating Procedures (SOP):** Generally, refers to a reference document or an operations manual that provides the purpose, authorities, duration, and details for the preferred method of performing a single function or a number of interrelated functions in a uniform manner.

Standard Operating Guidelines (SOG): A document that outlines best practices. They are not mandatory, but help personnel follow the rules while allowing for flexibility.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Usage — the following questions address the usage of your organization's emergency communications capabilities.

- 33) Select the response that best characterizes whether your organization uses
  Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) for <u>restoration</u> or <u>priority provisioning</u> of critical telecommunications services: (Select <u>one</u> response)
  - No policy for use has been established
  - No, as our organization is unaware of this program
  - · No, the fees are cost prohibitive
  - No, will only use this service for priority provisioning of new services
  - Yes, but only some critical circuits/services are registered for priority restoration
- Yes, all critical voice, video, and data circuits/services are registered for priority restoration
- Yes, all critical voice, video, and data circuits/services are registered for priority restoration and the organization is aware and proficient in priority provisioning
- None of the above
- 34) Select the responses that best characterize whether your organization uses Government Emergency Telecommunications Service (GETS)/Wireless Priority Service (WPS) for priority call processing: (Select all that apply)
  - No, as our organization is unaware of these programs
  - No, as it is too cumbersome to sign up for these programs
  - No, as these programs do not improve our call success
  - Yes, but it is challenging/cumbersome to make calls with this program

- Yes, but only during periods of network congestion and/or degradation (e.g., weather event, cyber event, infrastructure damage)
- Yes, for most calls, including normal business/operations
- Yes, and our organization makes regular test calls
- None of the above
- **35)** Select the responses that best characterize your organization's emergency communications resource capacity: (For each row, select one response)

Communication s Resource	Insufficient for day-to- day situations	situations but to-day and most		Sufficient for almost all situations, including those requiring resources beyond our organization	organization does not have this resource
Primary voice					
Primary data					
Voice interoperability					
Data interoperability					
Backup voice					
Backup data					
Alerts and warnings					

**Telecommunications Service Priority:** A CISA program that authorizes National Security/Emergency Preparedness organizations to receive priority treatment for vital voice and data circuits or other telecommunications services.

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

Cufficient for

Capacity: Upper bound on the rate at which information can be reliably transmitted over a communications channel.

N / 1 /

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Usage — the following questions address the usage of your organization's emergency communications capabilities.

### **36)** Select the responses that best characterize how often your organization <u>uses</u> or <u>deploys</u> the following: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response)

	Never	As needed	Semi- annually	Quarterly	Monthly	Daily
Interoperability solutions – voice						
Interoperability solutions – data						
Communications Unit Leader (COML)						
Communications Unit Technician (COMT)						
IT Service Unit Leader (ITSL)						
Incident Tactical Dispatcher (INTD)						
Auxiliary Communications (AUXCOMM)						
Operator (e.g., Amateur Radio Operator,						
Auxiliary Communications Operator)						
Incident Communications Manager (INCM)						

### 37) Are your organization's <u>end users</u> proficient in using emergency communications capabilities to achieve: (For <u>each row</u>, select <u>one</u> response <u>per column</u>)

	For "day-to-day" situations?	For "out-of-the-ordinary" situations?
Operability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Interoperability	o Yes o No	o Yes o No
Continuity	o Yes o No	o Yes o No

**Auxiliary Communications (AUXCOMM)**: Backup emergency radio communications provided by volunteers who support public safety and emergency response professionals and their agencies.

End User: Individuals receiving or transmitting information.

Operability: Ability to provide and maintain reliable communications functionality throughout the area of responsibility.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Continuity: Ability to provide and maintain acceptable levels of communications during disruptions in operations.

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

**SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD** 

Equipment — the following questions address the technology systems your organization uses.

- 38) Select the responses that characterize the technology systems your organization uses, regardless of whether the systems are owned, shared, or subscription-based: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)
  - Land Mobile Radio (LMR) system
  - 4G/Long-Term Evolution (LTE) system
  - 5G system
  - Satellite system
  - High Frequency (HF) Radio (Auxiliary Communications [AUXCOMM]/SHAred RESources [SHARES]/ FEMA National Radio System [FNARS])
  - · Paging system
  - WiFi
  - Legacy cellular system (2nd Generation/3rd Generation)
  - Wireline/landline (e.g., fiber, copper, cable, optical)
  - Microwave backhaul
  - 911 telephony (e.g., basic, enhanced, Next Generation 911 [NG911])
  - Ad-hoc networks (e.g., wireless mesh network, MANET, personal area networks, wide-area networks)
  - o If your organization uses a Land Mobile Radio (LMR) system, regardless of whether the system is owned, shared, or subscription-based, <u>answer</u> Questions 38a1-9 based on the LMR system your organization uses most often for interoperability.
  - o If not, skip to Question 38b1 on page 36.

#### **38a1) The primary LMR system used by my organization is:** (Select all that apply)

- Used for voice
- Used for video
- Used for data
- · Used for voice interoperability
- Used for data interoperability

#### **38a2)** The primary LMR system used by my organization supports: (Select <u>all</u> that apply):

- Day-to-day situations with intervention
- Day-to-day situations without intervention
- Out-of-the-ordinary situations with intervention
- Out-of-the-ordinary situations without intervention

Primary: The system your organization uses most often for interoperability.

**Intervention:** The system requires assistance beyond first responder operating procedures (e.g., must get patch through dispatcher/telecommunicator, must be authorized by a third party).

**Day-to-Day Situations:** Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations **Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations:** Situations that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Equipment — the following questions address the technology systems your organization uses.

- o If your organization uses a Land Mobile Radio (LMR) system, regardless of whether the system is owned, shared, or subscription-based, <u>answer</u> Questions 38a3-9 based on the LMR system your organization uses most often for interoperability.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 38b1 on page 36.

#### **38a3)** The primary LMR system used by my organization is: (Select one response)

- Independently owned and operated (e.g., single jurisdiction system) and used exclusively by our organization
- Part of a communications system that serves multiple public safety and/or public service organizations in our jurisdiction
- Part of a multi-jurisdictional shared system
- Part of a statewide shared system
- A commercial, subscription-based service
- o If your organization's primary LMR system is "a commercial, subscription-based service," skip to Question 38a6 on the next page.
- o Otherwise, answer Questions 38a4-5.

#### 38a4) The primary LMR system used by my organization is: (Select one response)

- 0-1 year old
- 2 5 years old
- 6 10 years old
- Over 10 years old
- Don't know

### 38a5) The primary LMR system used by my organization is planned to be replaced or significantly upgraded: (Select one response)

- Within 1 year
- Within 5 years
- Within 6 10 years
- In more than 10 years
- Don't know

Primary: The system your organization uses most often for interoperability.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Equipment — the following questions address the technology systems your organization uses.

38a6) Select the response that best characterizes the network architecture of your organization's primary LMR system: (Select one response)

- Conventional (not trunked)
- Trunked
- Both
- o If your organization's primary LMR system network architecture is "conventional (not trunked)," <a href="mailto:skip">skip</a> to Question 38a8.
- o Otherwise, answer Question 38a7.

38a7) Does your organization's primary LMR system comply with Project 25 (P25) standards (i.e., a P25-compliant system)? (Select one response)

- Yes, Phase 1 (frequency division multiple access [FDMA] only) system
- Yes, Phase 2 (time division multiple access [TDMA] only) system
- Yes, both Phase 1 and 2 (FDMA and TDMA)
- No
- Don't know

38a8) Is the primary LMR system used by your organization interoperable with the Long-Term Evolution (LTE) system used by your organization? (Select one response)

- Yes
- No
- My organization does not use LTE
- o If your organization uses an interoperable LTE/LMR system, regardless of whether the system is owned, shared, or subscription-based, <u>answer</u> Question 38a9.
- o If not, skip to Question 38b1 on page 36.

38a9) My organization's LTE/LMR system interoperability is enabled by: (Select one response)

- P25 standards-based Inter-RF Subsystem Interface (ISSI)/Console Subsystem Interface (CSSI)
- Applications-based solution
- Proprietary interworking function
- Interworking Function (IWF)
- Don't know

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Equipment — the following questions address the technology systems your organization uses.

38a10) Select the responses that best characterize the current state of your organization's LMR encryption capabilities: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Proprietary/non-standard
- Proprietary/non-standard transitioning to Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)
- Data Encryption Standard (DES) (including all derivatives)
- DES transitioning to AES
- AES
- AES actively expanding the number of encrypted talkgroups and/or channels
- Link Layer Encryption (LLE) (<u>Applies to Trunked Systems Only</u>)
- Over-the-Air Rekeying (OTAR)
- Procuring Multi-Key Subscriber devices
- None
- Don't know

38a11) Select the response that best characterize your organization's timeline for <u>LMR encryption</u> <u>transition</u> to AES only capabilities: (Select <u>one</u> response)

- No plans to transition to AES
- Planning initiated, no specific timeline for implementation
- Within 1 year
- Within 5 years
- Within 6 10 years
- In more than 10 years
- Don't know

Proprietary Encryption/Non-Standard: Encryption algorithms that are not publicly known and/or <u>not</u> accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology Standard Institute (NIST) or other technical Standards Development Organizations

**Data Encryption Standard (DES):** A deprecated encryption algorithm that was originally developed in 1971 and accepted as the approved Federal Encryption Standard in 1976. NIST withdrew its approval DES in 2005.

**Advanced Encryption Standard (AES).** The current Federal Standard for encryption as promulgated by NIST. AES is a built-in feature of P25 standards compliant LMR equipment and is considered the de facto standard for encryption.

Link Layer Authentication: P25 that offers additional protection against unauthorized system access. The link layer authentication standard defines a challenge and response protocol, incorporating a 129-bit AES authentication key, that allows the radio system infrastructure and/or subscriber radio to authenticate itself before service is granted.

Over-the-Air-Rekeying (OTAR): OTAR remotely (i.e., over-the-air) updates encryption keys and other key materials and dramatically simplifies the process of rekeying subscriber radios in the field. It removes requirements to physically touch each radio to load keys with a key-loader. Notwithstanding, OTAR still has a degree of administrative overhead to locate and follow-up on subscriber radios that were not successfully rekeyed.

Multikey Subscriber Device: LMR mobile and portable subscriber radios that support more than a single encryption key. Multi-key devices are necessary for OTAR operations.

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Equipment — the following questions address the technology systems your organization uses.

- o If your organization uses a 4G/Long-Term Evolution (LTE) system, regardless of whether the system is owned, shared, or subscription-based, <u>answer</u> Questions 38b1-2.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 38c1.

#### **38b1)** The 4G/LTE system used by my organization is: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Used for voice
- Used for video
- Used for data
- Used for voice interoperability
- Used for data interoperability

#### 38b2) The 4G/LTE system used by my organization is: (Select one response)

- Independently owned and operated (e.g., single jurisdiction system) and used exclusively by our organization
- Part of a communications system that serves multiple public safety and/or public service organizations in our jurisdiction
- Part of a multi-jurisdictional shared system
- Part of a statewide shared system
- A commercial, subscription-based service
- o If your organization uses a 5G system, regardless of whether the system is owned, shared, or subscription-based, <u>answer</u> Questions 38c1-2.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 38d1 on the next page.

#### **38c1)** The **5G** system used by my organization is: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Used for voice
- Used for video
- Used for data
- Used for voice interoperability
- Used for data interoperability

#### **38c2)** The **5G** system used by my organization is: (Select <u>one</u> response)

- Independently owned and operated (e.g., single jurisdiction system) and used exclusively by our organization
- Part of a communications system that serves multiple public safety and/or public service organizations in our jurisdiction
- · Part of a multi-jurisdictional shared system
- Part of a statewide shared system
- A commercial, subscription-based service

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Equipment — the following questions address the technology systems your organization uses.

- o If your organization uses a High Frequency (HF) radio system, regardless of whether the system is owned, shared, or subscription-based, <u>answer</u> Questions 38d1-2.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 38e1 below.

#### **38d1)** The HF radio system used by my organization is: (Select one response)

- 0-1 year old
- 2 5 years old
- 6 10 years old
- Over 10 years old
- Don't know

### 38d2) The HF radio system used by my organization is planned to be replaced or significantly upgraded: (Select one response)

- Within 1 year
- Within 5 years
- Within 6 10 years
- In more than 10 years
- Don't know
- o If your organization uses a 911 telephony system, regardless of whether the system is owned, shared, or subscription-based, <u>answer</u> Questions 38e1-4.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 39 on page 39.

#### **38e1) The 911 system used by my organization is:** (Select <u>one</u> response)

- 0-1 year
- 2 5 years
- 6 10 years
- · Over 10 years old
- Don't know

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Equipment — the following questions address the technology systems your organization uses.

- o If your organization uses a 911 telephony system, regardless of whether the system is owned, shared, or subscription-based, <u>answer</u> Questions 38e2-4.
- o Otherwise, skip to Question 39 on the next page.

### 38e2) The 911 system used by my organization is planned to be replaced or significantly upgraded: (Select one response)

- · Within 1 year
- Within 5 years
- Within 6 10 years
- In more than 10 years
- Don't know

#### 38e3) The 911 system used by my organization accepts: (Select all that apply)

- Voice
- Texts
- Video
- Other data

#### 38e4) Select the responses that best characterize the <u>current state</u> of your organization's 911\_ <u>architecture</u>: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)

- Basic
- Transitioning to Enhanced 911 (E911)
- E911
- Transitioning to Next Generation 911 (NG911)
- NG911: Emergency Services IP Network (ESInet) ready to receive 911 calls from the originating service providers via a Legacy Network Gateway
- NG911: ESInet ready to receive 911 calls in SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) format
- NG911: ESInet ready to receive 911 calls in NG911 format

Basic 911: Allows callers to reach the universal emergency telephone number; relies on caller and call taker communications with one another to identify the telephone and location from which caller is dialing.

**Enhanced 911 (E911):** Allows automatic number and location indications of caller delivered to call taker; enables call taker to send help even when caller is unable to communicate.

**Next Generation 911 (NG911):** NG911 is an internet protocol (IP)-based 911 system that will replace the existing analog 911 infrastructure. NG911 allows 911 callers, through mobile and digital devices, to communicate with 911 call centers, also known as Emergency Communication Centers or Public Safety Answering Points (PSAPs). This includes the ability to share richer data such as videos, images, and texts. It also enhances the ability of 911 call centers to better communicate with each other and improves 911 system resiliency.

Emergency Services IP Network (ESInet): A managed internet protocol (IP) network that is used for emergency services communications, and which can be shared by public safety agencies.

Session Initiation Protocol (SIP): An application-layer control (signaling) protocol for creating, modifying, and terminating sessions with one or more participants. These sessions include Internet telephone calls, multimedia distribution, and multimedia conferences.

Equipment

SAFECOM NATIONWIDE SURVEY

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Equipment — the following questions address the <u>capabilities</u> your organization uses.

- 39) Select the responses that indicate the <u>capabilities</u> your organization currently uses, regardless of whether the capability is owned, shared, or subscription-based: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)
  - Datacasting (i.e., broadcast TV-based alerts and warnings)
  - Internet of Things (IoT) devices (e.g., smart clothing, smartphones, smart watches)
  - Unmanned aerial systems (e.g., drones)
  - Mission critical push-to-talk applications
  - Cloud computing
  - Artificial intelligence
  - Nationwide Public Safety Broadband Network (NPSBN)/FirstNet
  - Other broadband service provider
  - Citizens Broadband Radio Service (CBRS)
  - · Third-party texting/chat applications
  - CISA Trusted Internet Connection (TIC) 3.0 services
  - None of the above

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Equipment — the following question addresses the <u>CISA cybersecurity resources</u> your organization uses.

40) Select the responses that best describes your organization's use of public alerts, warnings, and notifications (AWN) systems: (For each row, select all that apply)

	My organization originates messages using this system	My organization responds to messages on this system originated by another organization	My organization neither originates nor responds to messages using this system
Integrated Public Alerts & Warning System (IPAWS)	0	0	o
Emergency Alert System (EAS)	0	0	0
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Weather Service (NWS)	0	0	0
Regional, state, local, tribal, and/or territorial alert, warning, and notification systems (e.g., reverse 911 systems, outdoor sirens, digital signs, short message service/mass email)	0	0	0
Sensor-based alert systems (e.g., gunshot detection, flooding, earthquake, hurricane, volcano)	0	0	O

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

Equipment — the following question addresses your organization's research & development projects.

- 41) Select the types of research & development projects your organization has participated in with other federal organizations: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)
  - Artificial intelligence
  - Computer-aided dispatch interoperability
  - Next Generation 911 (NG911)
  - Mobile edge computing
  - 5G cybersecurity
  - 5G network slicing
  - 5G private networks
  - Software-defined wide area networks (SD-WAN)
  - Not applicable

#### **Last Questions**

- **42)** My organization experienced the following emergency communications impacts as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic: (Select <u>all</u> that apply)
  - Expanded/implemented remote work and telework options
  - Expanded or opened backup facilities
  - Established communications redundancy with neighboring jurisdictions
  - Created non-emergency lines or hotlines to help divert COVID-19 related calls from 911 services
  - Implemented operational changes based on federal, state, and/or local guidance
  - Drafted new policies and procedures related to pandemic planning and response
  - Updated existing policies and procedures related to pandemic planning and response
  - Diverted funds to cover pandemic-related expenses (e.g., personal protective equipment, cleaning supplies)
  - Adjusted budgets due to decreased funding from state and local revenues
  - Delayed systems/network construction, maintenance, and/or upgrade projects
  - Established/maintained communications capabilities for alternate care sites
  - Increased cybersecurity posture and promoted cyber hygiene practices
  - Ceased operations temporarily
  - Experienced staffing below established minimum levels
  - None of the above



41 | Page

Last Questions

SAFECOM NATIONWIDE SURVEY

**OMB No.** 1670-0048 **Expiration date:** 11/30/2025

SAFECOM Nationwide Survey Due Date: TBD

#### **Last Questions**

### 43) Between 2018 and present, what was your organization's level of improvement in strengthening emergency communications: (For each row, select one response per column)

	For "day-to-day" situations?			For "out-of-the-ordinary" situations?			ions?	
	Regressed	Regressed None Some Significant			Regressed	None	Some	Significant
Operability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interoperability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Continuity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Operability: Ability to provide and maintain reliable communications functionality throughout the area of responsibility.

Interoperability: Ability of emergency response providers and relevant government officials to communicate across jurisdictions, disciplines, and levels of government as needed and as authorized.

Continuity: Ability to provide and maintain acceptable levels of communications during disruptions in operations.

Day-to-Day Situations: Situations within the general normal structure for an organization, including routine operations.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Situations: Situations: that may stretch and/or overwhelm the abilities of an organization.