**Cross walk - 2022 form changes**

**ABCs**

1. **ABCs Case Report Form - Attachment #3**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **2021 form (Current)** | **2022 form (Proposed)** |
| 24c. □ Mark if this is a HiNSES fetal death with placenta and/or amniotic fluid isolate, a stillbirth, or neonate <22 wks gestation. | Removed |

**FoodNet**

1. **FoodNet Active Surveillance Data Elements List – Attachment #4**

**Refer to Attachment #4 - Changes are highlighted in Yellow**

1. **FoodNet Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome Data Elements List – Attachment #5**

**Refer to Attachment #5 - Changes are highlighted in Yellow**

1. **Diagnostic Laboratory Practices and Volume Elements List – Attachment #6**

**Refer to Attachment #6 – Changes are highlighted in Yellow**

**FluSurv-Net**

1. **FluSurv-NET Influenza Surveillance Project Case Report Form– Attachment #7**

| **Question on 2020-21 Form** | **Question on 2021-22 Form** |
| --- | --- |
|  **(N/A)** | **G1. Reason for admission*** Influenza related illness
* OB/Labor and delivery admission
* Inpatient surgery procedures
* Psychiatric admission needing acute medical care
* Trauma
* Other, specify: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Unknown
 |
| **G2.** **Acute signs/symptoms present at admission (began or worsened within 2 weeks prior to admission)**Non-respiratory symptoms:* Altered mental status/confusion
* Fever/chills
* Seizures

Respiratory symptoms:* Congested/runny nose
* Cough
* Shortness of breath/respiratory distress
* Sore throat
* URI/ILI
* Wheezing
 | **G2.** **Acute signs/symptoms present at admission (began or worsened within 2 weeks prior to admission)**Non-respiratory symptoms:* Abdominal pain
* Altered mental status/confusion
* Anosmia/decreased smell
* Chest pain
* Conjunctivitis
* Diarrhea
* Dysgeusia/decreased taste
* Fatigue
* Fever/chills
* Headache
* Muscle aches/myalgias
* Nausea/vomiting
* Rash
* Seizures

Respiratory symptoms:* Congested/runny nose
* Cough
* Hemoptysis/bloody sputum
* Shortness of breath/respiratory distress
* Sore throat
* URI/ILI
* Wheezing

For cases <2 years:* Apnea
* Cyanosis
* Decreased vocalization/stridor
* Dehydration
* Hypothermia
* Inability to eat/poor feeding
* Lethargy
 |
| **N/A** | **G8. Alcohol abuse*** Current
* Former
* No/Unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **G9. Substance abuse*** Current
* Former
* No/Unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **G10. Substance Abuse Type (Current use only) check all that apply*** IVDU
* Polysubstance abuse – not otherwise specified
* Opioids
* Cocaine
* Methamphetamines
* Marijuana (ingested or unknown route)
* Unknown
* Other, specify
 |
| **N/A** | **G10. Code status on admission:*** Full code
* DNR/DNI/CMO
* Unknown
 |
| **H1b. Chronic Lung Disease*** Active Tuberculosis (TB)
* Asbestosis
* Bronchiectasis
* Bronchiolitis obliterans
* Chronic bronchitis
* Chronic respiratory failure
* Cystic fibrosis (CF)
* Emphysema/Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
* Interstitial lung disease (ILD)
* Obstructive sleep apnea (OSA)
* Oxygen (O2) dependent
* Pulmonary fibrosis
* Restrictive lung disease
* Sarcoidosis
* Other, specify
 | **H1b. Chronic Lung Disease*** Active Tuberculosis (TB)
* Asbestosis
* Bronchiectasis
* Bronchiolitis obliterans
* Chronic bronchitis
* Chronic respiratory failure
* Cystic fibrosis (CF)
* Emphysema/Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
* Interstitial lung disease (ILD)
* Obstructive sleep apnea (OSA)
* Oxygen (O2) dependent
* Pulmonary fibrosis
* Restrictive lung disease
* Sarcoidosis
 |
| **H1c. Chronic Metabolic Disease*** Adrenal Disorders (Addison’s disease, adrenal insufficiency,
* Cushing syndrome, congenital adrenal hyperplasia)
* Diabetes mellitus (DM)
* Glycogen or other storage diseases (See list)
* Hyper/Hypo- function of pituitary gland
* Inborn errors of metabolism (See list)
* Metabolic syndrome
* Parathyroid dysfunction (hyperparathyroidism, hypoparathyroidism)
* Thyroid dysfunction (Grave’s disease, Hashimoto’s disease, hyperthyroidism, hypothyroidism)
* Other, specify
 | **H1c. Chronic Metabolic Disease*** Adrenal Disorders (Addison’s disease, adrenal insufficiency,
* Cushing syndrome, congenital adrenal hyperplasia)
* Diabetes mellitus (DM)
* Glycogen or other storage diseases (See list)
* Hyper/Hypo- function of pituitary gland
* Inborn errors of metabolism (See list)
* Metabolic syndrome
* Parathyroid dysfunction (hyperparathyroidism, hypoparathyroidism)
* Thyroid dysfunction (Grave’s disease, Hashimoto’s disease, hyperthyroidism, hypothyroidism)
* Other, specify
 |
| **H1d. Blood disorders/Hemoglobinopathy*** Alpha thalassemia
* Aplastic anemia
* Beta thalassemia
* Coagulopathy (Factor V Leiden, Von Willebrand disease (VWD), see list)
* Hemoglobin S-beta thalassemia
* Leukopenia
* Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)
* Neutropenia
* Pancytopenia
* Polycythemia vera
* Sickle cell disease
* Splenectomy/Asplenia
* Thrombocytopenia
* Other, specify
 | **H1d. Blood disorders/Hemoglobinopathy*** Alpha thalassemia
* Aplastic anemia
* Beta thalassemia
* Coagulopathy (Factor V Leiden, Von Willebrand disease (VWD), see list)
* Hemoglobin S-beta thalassemia
* Leukopenia
* Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)
* Neutropenia
* Pancytopenia
* Polycythemia vera
* Sickle cell disease
* Splenectomy/Asplenia
* Thrombocytopenia
 |
| **H1e. Cardiovascular Disease*** Aortic aneurysm (AAA), history of
* Aortic/Mitral/Tricuspid/Pulmonic valve replacement, history of
* Aortic regurgitation (AR)
* Aortic stenosis (AS)
* Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
* Atrial fibrillation (AFib)
* Atrioventricular (AV) blocks
* Automated implantable devices (AID/AICD)/Pacemaker
* Bundle branch block (BBB/RBBB/LBBB)
* Cardiomyopathy
* Carotid stenosis
* Cerebral vascular accident (CVA)/Incident/Stroke, history of
* Congenital heart disease (Specify)
	+ Atrial septal defect
	+ Pulmonic stenosis
	+ Tetralogy of Fallot
	+ Ventricular septal defect
	+ Other, specify:
* Coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG), history of
* Coronary artery disease (CAD)
* Deep vein thrombosis (DVT), history of
* Heart failure/Congestive heart failure (CHF)
* Myocardialinfarction (MI), history of
* Mitral regurgitation (MR)
* Mitral stenosis (MS)
* Peripheral artery disease (PAD)
* Peripheral vascular disease (PVD)
* Pulmonary embolism (PE), history of
* Pulmonary hypertension (PHTN)
* Pulmonic regurgitation
* Pulmonic stenosis
* Transient ischemic attack (TIA), history of
* Tricuspid regurgitation (TR)
* Tricuspid stenosis
* Ventricular fibrillation (VF, VFib), history of
* Ventricular tachycardia (VT, VTach), history of
* Other, specify
 | **H1e. Cardiovascular Disease*** Aortic aneurysm (AAA), history of
* Aortic/Mitral/Tricuspid/Pulmonic valve replacement, history of
* Aortic regurgitation (AR)
* Aortic stenosis (AS)
* Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
* Atrial fibrillation (AFib)
* Atrioventricular (AV) blocks
* Automated implantable devices (AID/AICD)/Pacemaker
* Bundle branch block (BBB/RBBB/LBBB)
* Cardiomyopathy
* Carotid stenosis
* Cerebral vascular accident (CVA)/Incident/Stroke, history of
* Congenital heart disease (Specify)
	+ Atrial septal defect
	+ Pulmonic stenosis
	+ Tetralogy of Fallot
	+ Ventricular septal defect
	+ Other, specify:
* Coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG), history of
* Coronary artery disease (CAD)
* Deep vein thrombosis (DVT), history of
* Heart failure/Congestive heart failure (CHF)
* Myocardialinfarction (MI), history of
* Mitral regurgitation (MR)
* Mitral stenosis (MS)
* Peripheral artery disease (PAD)
* Peripheral vascular disease (PVD)
* Pulmonary embolism (PE), history of
* Pulmonary hypertension (PHTN)
* Pulmonic regurgitation
* Pulmonic stenosis
* Transient ischemic attack (TIA), history of
* Tricuspid regurgitation (TR)
* Tricuspid stenosis
* Ventricular fibrillation (VF, VFib), history of
* Ventricular tachycardia (VT, VTach), history of
 |
| **H1f. Neurologic Disorder*** Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
* Cerebral palsy
* Cognitive dysfunction
* Dementia/Alzheimer’s disease
* Developmental delay
* Down syndrome/Trisomy 21
* Edward’s syndrome/Trisomy 18
* Epilepsy/seizure/seizure disorder
* Mitochondrial disorder (See list)
* Multiple sclerosis (MS)
* Muscular dystrophy (See list)
* Myasthenia gravis (MG)
* Neural tube defects/Spina bifida (See list)
* Neuropathy
* Parkinson’s disease
* Plegias/Paralysis/Quadriplegia
* Scoliosis/Kyphoscoliosis
* Traumatic brain injury (TBI), history of
* Other, specify
 | **H1f. Neurologic Disorder*** Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
* Cerebral palsy
* Cognitive dysfunction
* Dementia/Alzheimer’s disease
* Developmental delay
* Down syndrome/Trisomy 21
* Edward’s syndrome/Trisomy 18
* Epilepsy/seizure/seizure disorder
* Mitochondrial disorder (See list)
* Multiple sclerosis (MS)
* Muscular dystrophy (See list)
* Myasthenia gravis (MG)
* Neural tube defects/Spina bifida (See list)
* Neuropathy
* Parkinson’s disease
* Plegias/Paralysis/Quadriplegia
* Scoliosis/Kyphoscoliosis
* Traumatic brain injury (TBI), history of
 |
| **H1h. Immunocompromised Condition*** AIDS or CD4 count<200
* Complement deficiency (See list)
* Graft vs. host disease (GVHD)
* HIV infection
* Immunoglobulin deficiency/immunodeficiency (See list)
* Immunosuppressive therapy
* (within the 12 months previous to admission) (see instructions):
	+ If yes, for what condition?
* Leukemia\*
* Lymphoma/Hodgkins/Non-Hodgkins (NHL)\*
* Metastatic cancer\*
* Multiple myeloma\*
* Solid organ malignancy\*
	+ If yes, which organ?
* Steroid therapy (within 2 weeks of admission) (see instructions)
* Transplant, hematopoietic stem cell (bone marrow transplant (BMT),
* peripheral stem cell transplant (PSCT)), history of
* Transplant, solid organ (SOT), history of
* Other, specify
 | **H1h. Immunocompromised Condition*** AIDS or CD4 count<200
* Complement deficiency (See list)
* Graft vs. host disease (GVHD)
* HIV infection
* Immunoglobulin deficiency/immunodeficiency (See list)
* Immunosuppressive therapy
* (within the 12 months previous to admission) (see instructions):
	+ If yes, for what condition?
* Leukemia\*
* Lymphoma/Hodgkins/Non-Hodgkins (NHL)\*
* Metastatic cancer\*
* Multiple myeloma\*
* Solid organ malignancy\*
	+ If yes, which organ?
* Steroid therapy (within 2 weeks of admission) (see instructions)
* Transplant, hematopoietic stem cell (bone marrow transplant (BMT),
* peripheral stem cell transplant (PSCT)), history of
* Transplant, solid organ (SOT), history of
 |
| **H1i. Any Obesity?*** Obese
* Morbidly obese (ADULTS ONLY)
 | **H1i. Any Obesity?*** Obese
* Severely/Morbidly obese (ADULTS ONLY)
 |
| **H1l. Renal Disease*** Chronic kidney disease (CKD)/chronic renal insufficiency (CRI)
* Dialysis (HD)
* End stage renal disease (ESRD)
* Glomerulonephritis (GN)
* Nephrotic syndrome
* Polycystic kidney disease (PCKD)
* Other, specify
 | **H1l. Renal Disease*** Chronic kidney disease (CKD)/chronic renal insufficiency (CRI)
* Dialysis (HD)
* End stage renal disease (ESRD)
* Glomerulonephritis (GN)
* Nephrotic syndrome
* Polycystic kidney disease (PCKD)
 |
| **H1m. Gastrointestinal/Liver Disease (Do Not Record GERD)*** Alcoholic hepatitis
* Autoimmune hepatitis
* Barrett’s esophagitis
* Chronic liver disease
* Chronic pancreatitis
* Cirrhosis/End stage liver disease (ESLD)
* Crohn’s disease
* Esophageal varices
* Esophageal strictures
* Hepatitis B, chronic (HBV)
* Hepatitis C, chronic (HCV)
* Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD)/NASH
* Ulcerative colitis (UC)
* Other, specify
 | **H1m. Gastrointestinal/Liver Disease (Do Not Record GERD)*** Alcoholic hepatitis
* Autoimmune hepatitis
* Barrett’s esophagitis
* Chronic liver disease
* Chronic pancreatitis
* Cirrhosis/End stage liver disease (ESLD)
* Crohn’s disease
* Esophageal varices
* Esophageal strictures
* Hepatitis B, chronic (HBV)
* Hepatitis C, chronic (HCV)
* Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD)/NASH
* Ulcerative colitis (UC)
 |
| **H1n. Rheumatologic/Autoimmune/Inflammatory Conditions (Do Not Record OA)*** Ankylosing spondylitis
* Dermatomyositis
* Juvenile idiopathic arthritis
* Kawasaki disease
* Microscopic polyangiitis
* Polyarteritis nodosum (PAN)
* Polymyalgia rheumatica
* Polymyositis
* Psoriatic arthritis
* Rheumatoid arthritis (RA)
* Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)/Lupus
* Systemic sclerosis
* Takayasu arteritis
* Temporal/Giant cell arteritis
* Vasculitis, other (See list)
* Other, specify
 | **H1n. Rheumatologic/Autoimmune/Inflammatory Conditions (Do Not Record OA)*** Ankylosing spondylitis
* Dermatomyositis
* Juvenile idiopathic arthritis
* Kawasaki disease
* Microscopic polyangiitis
* Polyarteritis nodosum (PAN)
* Polymyalgia rheumatica
* Polymyositis
* Psoriatic arthritis
* Rheumatoid arthritis (RA)
* Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)/Lupus
* Systemic sclerosis
* Takayasu arteritis
* Temporal/Giant cell arteritis
* Vasculitis, other (See list)
 |
| **N/A** | **I1. Were any culture tests performed within 7 days of admission (For patients that died in the hospital, include culture tests performed either 1) within 7 days of admission, 2) within 3 days prior to death, or 3) within 24 hours after death)*** Yes
* No
* Unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **I2. If yes was there a positive culture for aspergillus, mucormycosis, or a bacterial pthogen?** * Yes
* No
* Unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **I2a. If yes, specify Pathogen 1** |
| **N/A** | **I2b. Date of culture** |
| **N/A** | **I2c. Site where pathogen identified*** Blood
* Bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL)
* Pleural fluid
* Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF)
* Sputum
* Endotracheal aspirate

Other, specify |
| **N/A** | **I2d. If Staphylococcus aureus, specify*** Methicillin resistant (MRSA)
* Methicillin sensitive (MMSA)
* Sensitivity unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **J1b. Adenovirus*** Yes, positive
* Yes, negative,
* Not tested/Unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **J1c. Parainfluenza 1*** Yes, positive
* Yes, negative,
* Not tested/Unknown
* Date
 |
| **N/A** | **J1d. Parainfluenza 2*** Yes, positive
* Yes, negative,
* Not tested/Unknown
* Date
 |
| **N/A** | **H1e. Parainfluenza 3*** Yes, positive
* Yes, negative,
* Not tested/Unknown
* Date
 |
| **N/A** | **H1f. Parainfluenza 4*** Yes, positive
* Yes, negative,
* Not tested/Unknown
* Date
 |
| **N/A** | **H1g. Human metapneumovirus*** Yes, positive
* Yes, negative,
* Not tested/Unknown
* Date
 |
| **N/A** | **H1h. Rhinovirus/Entervirus*** Yes, positive
* Yes, negative,
* Not tested/Unknown
* Date
 |
| **N/A** | **H1j. Coronavirus type*** Yes, positive
* Yes, negative,
* Not tested/Unknown
* Date
 |
| **N/A** | **L1. Was a chest x-ray taken within 3 days of hospitalization?*** Yes
* No

Unknown |
| **N/A** | **L2. Were any of these chest x-rays abnormal?*** Yes
* No

Unknown |
| **N/A** | **L2a. Date of first abnormal chest x-ray** |
| **N/A** | **L2b. For first abnormal chest x-ray, please check all that apply*** Report not available
* Air space density
* Air space opacity
* Bronchopneumonia/pneumonia
* Cannot rule our pneumonia
* Consolidation
* Cavitation
* ARDS (acute respiratory distress syndrome)
* Lung infiltrate
* Interstitial infiltrate
* Lobar infiltrate
* Pleural effusion
* Empyema
* Other
 |
| **N1. Did the patient have any of the following new diagnoses at discharge? (check all that apply)*** Acute encephalopathy/encephalitis
* Acute liver failure
* Acute myocardial infarction
* Acute myocarditis
* Acute renal failure/acute kidney injury
* Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS)
* Acute respiratory failure
* Asthma exacerbation
* Bacteremia
* Bronchiolitis
* Bronchitis
* Chronic lung disease of prematurity/BPD
* Congestive heart failure
* COPD exacerbation
* Diabetic ketoacidosis
* Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)
* Guillain-Barre syndrome
* Hemophagocytic syndrome
* Invasive pulmonary aspergillosis
* Kawasaki disease
* Multisystem inflammatory syndrome in children (MIS-C)
* Other thrombosis/embolism/coagulopathy
* Pneumonia
* Pulmonary embolism (PE)
* Reyes syndrome
* Rhabdomyolysis
* Sepsis
* Seizures
* Stroke (CVA)
* Toxic shock syndrome (TSS)
 | **M1. Did the patient have any of the following new diagnoses at discharge? (check all that apply)*** Acute encephalopathy/encephalitis
* Acute liver failure
* Acute myocardial infarction
* Acute myocarditis
* Acute renal failure/acute kidney injury
* Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS)
* Acute respiratory failure
* Asthma exacerbation
* Bacteremia
* Bronchiolitis
* Bronchitis
* Chronic lung disease of prematurity/BPD
* Congestive heart failure
* COPD exacerbation
* Diabetic ketoacidosis
* Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)
* Guillain-Barre syndrome
* Hemophagocytic syndrome
* Invasive pulmonary aspergillosis
* Kawasaki disease
* Multisystem inflammatory syndrome in children (MIS-C) or adults (MIS-A)
* Other thrombosis/embolism/coagulopathy
* Pneumonia
* Pulmonary embolism (PE)
* Reyes syndrome
* Rhabdomyolysis
* Sepsis
* Seizures
* Stroke (CVA)
* Toxic shock syndrome (TSS)
 |
| **N/A** | **O1. Total # of pregnancies as of date of admission (Gravida, G)** |
| **N/A** | **O2. Total # of pregnancies that resulted ina live birth as of date of admission (Parity, P)** |
| **N/A** | **O3. Specify total # of fetuses for current pregnancy as of date of admission*** 1
* 2
* 3
* >3
* Unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **O4. Specify gestational age in weeks as of date of admission** |
| **N/A** | **O4a. If gestation age in weeks unknown, specify trimester of pregnancy*** 1st (0 to 13 weeks 6/7 days)
* 2nd (14 weeks 0/7 days to 27 weeks 6/7 days)
* 3rd (28 weeks 0/7 days to end)
* Unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **O5. Indicate pregnancy status at discharge or death*** Still pregnant
* No longer pregnant
* Unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **O5a. If patient was pregnant on admission but no longer pregnant at discharge, indicate pregnancy outcome at discharge*** Healthy newborn
* Ill newborn
* Infant died
* Miscarriage (intrauterine death at <20 weeks GA)
* Still birth (intrauterine death at ≥20 weeks GA)
* Abortion
* Unknown
 |
| **N/A** | **O5b. Pre-term live birth (<37 weeks GA)*** Yes
* No
* Unknown
* Pre-term delivery, gestational age in weeks
 |

1. **FluSurv-NET/RSV Laboratory Survey– Attachment #8**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Question on 2020-21 form** | **Question on 2021-22 form** |
| **4a. Select the kit name(s) (manufacturer) for the rapid influenza antigen diagnostic test(s) performed at the laboratory (Check all that apply):*** BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Flu A+B (CLIA-waived),
* (Becton Dickinson & Co.)
* BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Flu A+B (Moderately Complex),
* (Becton Dickinson & Co.)
* Binax NOW® Influenza A&B Card 2 (Abbott)
* BioSign® Flu A+B or OraSure QuickFlu Rapid A+B Test or Polymedco Poly stat
* Flu A&B Test or LifeSign LLC Status Flu A&B (Princeton BioMedtech Corp.)
* QuickVue® Influenza A+B Test (Quidel Corp.)
* Sofia® Analyzer and Influenza A+B FIA (CLIA-waived) (Quidel Corp.)
* Sofia® Analyzer and Influenza A+B FIA (Quidel Corp.)
* XPECT™ Influenza A/B (Remel Inc./Thermo Fisher Scientific)
* Other, specify
 | **4a. Select the kit name(s) (manufacturer) for the rapid influenza antigen diagnostic test(s) performed at the laboratory (Check all that apply):*** Acucy Influenza A&B Test (Sekisui Diagnostics, LLC)
* BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Flu A+B (CLIA-waived),
* (Becton Dickinson & Co.)
* BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Flu A+B (Moderately Complex),
* (Becton Dickinson & Co.)
* Binax NOW® Influenza A&B Card 2 (Abbott)
* BioSign® Flu A+B or OraSure QuickFlu Rapid A+B Test or Polymedco Poly stat
* Flu A&B Test or LifeSign LLC Status Flu A&B (Princeton BioMedtech Corp.)
* OSOM Ultra Plus Flu A&B Test (Sekisui Diagnostics, LLC)
* QuickVue® Influenza A+B Test (Quidel Corp.)
* Sofia® Analyzer and Influenza A+B FIA (CLIA-waived) (Quidel Corp.)
* Sofia® Analyzer and Influenza A+B FIA (Quidel Corp.)
* XPECT™ Influenza A/B (Remel Inc./Thermo Fisher Scientific)
* Other, specify:
 |
| **4b. If more than one kit is selected above, please select the one kit that is (or will be) used most frequently for rapid influenza diagnostic testing at the laboratory during the current influenza season:*** BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Flu A+B (CLIA-waived),
* (Becton Dickinson & Co.)
* BD Veritor™ System for Rapid Detection of Flu A+B (Moderately Complex),
* (Becton Dickinson & Co.)
* Binax NOW® Influenza A&B Card 2 (Abbott)
* BioSign® Flu A+B or OraSure QuickFlu Rapid A+B Test or Polymedco Poly stat
* Flu A&B Test or LifeSign LLC Status Flu A&B (Princeton BioMedtech Corp.)
* QuickVue® Influenza A+B Test (Quidel Corp.)
* Sofia® Analyzer and Influenza A+B FIA (CLIA-waived) (Quidel Corp.)
* Sofia® Analyzer and Influenza A+B FIA (Quidel Corp.)
* XPECT™ Influenza A/B (Remel Inc./Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Other, specify | **(Deleted question)** |
| **5a. Select kit name(s) (manufacturer) for all molecular assays performed at the laboratory:** *(Check all that apply)* **(**https://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/diagnosis/table-nucleic-acid-detection.html**) Multiplex Assays Authorized for Simultaneous Detectiong of Influenza Viruses and SARS-CoV-2 by FDA: (**https://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/diagnosis/table-flu-covid19-detection.html**)** * ID Now™ Influenza A&B (CLIA Waived), (Abbott)†
* Accula Flu A/Flu B (Mesa Biotech, Inc.)†
* ARIES® Flu A/B & RSV Assay, (Luminex)
* BioFire Respiratory Panel 2.1 (RP2.1) (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)‡\*
* CDC Human Influenza Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Diagnostic Panel (Influenza A/B Typing Kit4), (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Human Influenza Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Detection and Characterization Panel, (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza A/H5 (Asian Lineage) Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Primer and Probe Set, (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza 2009 A(H1N1)pdm Real-Time RT-PCR Panel, (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza SARS-CoV-2 (Flu SC2) Multiplex Assay (CDC Influenza Division)
* Cepheid Xpert Flu Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Flu/RSV XC Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Express Flu Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Express Flu/RSV Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cobas Liat Influenza A/B, (Roche Diagnostics)†
* Cobas Liat Influenza A/B & RSV, (Roche Diagnostics)†
* ePlex Respiratory Pathogen Panel (GenMark Diagnostices)\*
* eSensor® Respiratory Viral Panel (RVP), (GenMark Diagnostics)\*
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel, (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel, EZ (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* Idylla Respiratory IFV-RSV Panel, (Biocartis)\*
* IMDx Flu A/B and RSV for Abbott *m*2000, (IMDx)
* Lyra Influenza A+B Assay, (Quidel)
* Nx-TAG Respiratory Pathogen Panel, (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)\*
* Panther Fusion® Flu A/B RSV, (Assay Hologic)
* Prodesse PROFLU™, (GenProbe/Hologic)
* Prodesse ProFAST™, (GenProbe/Hologic)\*
* QIAstat-Dx Respiratory SARS-CoV-2 Panel (QIAGEN)‡\*
* Silaris Infuenza A & Btg, (Sekisui Diagnostic)†
* Solana Influenza A+B Assay, (Quidel)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV, (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV Direct, (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Influenza A H1N1 (2009), (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Verigene® Respiratory Virus Nucleic Acid Test, (Nanosphere, Inc)
* Verigene® Respiratory Virus Plus Nucleic Acid Test (RV+), (Luminex)
* Verigene® Respiratory Pathogen Nucleic Acid Test (RP *Flex*)\*, (Luminex)
* x-TAG® Respiratory Viral Panel Fast (RVP FAST)\*, (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)
* In-house developed PCR assay
* Other, specify
 | **5a. Select kit name(s) (manufacturer) for all molecular assays performed at the laboratory:** *(Check all that apply)* **(**https://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/diagnosis/table-nucleic-acid-detection.html**) Multiplex Assays Authorized for Simultaneous Detectiong of Influenza Viruses and SARS-CoV-2 by FDA: (**https://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/diagnosis/table-flu-covid19-detection.html**)*** ID Now™ Influenza A&B (CLIA Waived), (Abbott)†
* Accula Flu A/Flu B (Mesa Biotech, Inc.)†
* ARIES® Flu A/B & RSV Assay, (Luminex)
* BioCode Respiratory Pathogen Panel, (Applied BioCode Inc)\*
* BioFire Respiratory Panel 2.1 (RP2.1) (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*‡
* BioFire Respiratory Panel 2.1-EZ (RP2.1-EZ)\*‡
* CDC Human Influenza Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Diagnostic Panel
* (Influenza A Subtyping Kit), (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Human Influenza Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Diagnostic Panel
* (Influenza A/B Typing Kit), (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza A/H5 (Asian Lineage) Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Primer and
* Probe Set, (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza SARS-CoV-2 (Flu SC2) Multiplex Assay
* (CDC Influenza Division) ‡
* Cepheid Xpert Flu Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Flu/RSV XC Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Express Flu Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Express Flu/RSV Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Xpress SARS-CoV-2/Flu/RSV, (Cepheid)‡
* Cobas Liat Influenza A/B, (Roche Diagnostics)†
* Cobas Liat Influenza A/B & RSV, (Roche Diagnostics)†
* Cobas SARS-CoV-2 & Influenza A/B (Roche Diagnostics)‡
* Cobas SARS-CoV-2 & Influenza A/B Nucleic Acid Test, (Roche Diagnostics)
* ePlex Respiratory Pathogen Panel (GenMark Diagnostics)\*†‡
* ePlex Respiratory Pathogen Panel 2, (Genmark Diagnostics)\*‡
* eSensor® Respiratory Viral Panel (RVP), (GenMark Diagnostics)\*
* FilmArray® Pneumonia Panel plus, (BioFire Diagnostics)
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel, (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel 2 (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel, EZ (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* FluChip-8G Influenza A+B Assay, (InDevR)\*
* Idylla Respiratory IFV-RSV Panel, (Biocartis)\*
* IMDx Flu A/B and RSV for Abbott m2000, (IMDx)
* Lyra Influenza A+B Assay, (Quidel)
* Nx-TAG Respiratory Pathogen Panel, (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)\*
* Panther Fusion® Flu A/B RSV, (Assay Hologic)
* Prodesse PROFLU™, (GenProbe/Hologic)
* Prodesse ProFAST™, (GenProbe/Hologic)\*
* QIAstat-Dx Respiratory SARS-CoV-2 Panel (QIAGEN)\*‡
* Quest Diagnostics RC COVID-19 +Flu RT-PCR, (Quest Diagnostics)‡
* Silaris Infuenza A & Btg, (Sekisui Diagnostic)†
* Sofia 2 Flu + SARS Antigen FIA, (Quidel) †‡
* Solana Influenza A+B Assay, (Quidel)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV, (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV Direct, (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Influenza A H1N1 (2009), (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV Gen II (Diasorin)\*
* Verigene® Respiratory Virus Nucleic Acid Test, (Nanosphere, Inc)
* Verigene® Respiratory Virus Plus Nucleic Acid Test (RV+), (Luminex)
* Verigene® Respiratory Pathogen Nucleic Acid Test (RP Flex), (Luminex)\*
* x-TAG® Respiratory Viral Panel Fast (RVP FAST),
* (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)\*
* In-house developed PCR assay
* Other, specify
 |
| **5b. If more than one kit is selected above, please select the one kit that is (or will be) used most frequently for molecular assay at the laboratory during the current influenza season** * ID Now™ Influenza A&B (CLIA Waived), (Abbott)†
* Accula Flu A/Flu B (Mesa Biotech, Inc.)†
* ARIES® Flu A/B & RSV Assay, (Luminex)
* BioFire Respiratory Panel 2.1 (RP2.1) (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)‡\*
* CDC Human Influenza Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Diagnostic Panel (Influenza A/B Typing Kit4), (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Human Influenza Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Detection and Characterization Panel, (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza A/H5 (Asian Lineage) Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Primer and Probe Set, (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza 2009 A(H1N1)pdm Real-Time RT-PCR Panel, (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza SARS-CoV-2 (Flu SC2) Multiplex Assay (CDC Influenza Division)
* Cepheid Xpert Flu Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Flu/RSV XC Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Express Flu Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Express Flu/RSV Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cobas Liat Influenza A/B, (Roche Diagnostics)†
* Cobas Liat Influenza A/B & RSV, (Roche Diagnostics)†
* ePlex Respiratory Pathogen Panel (GenMark Diagnostices)\*
* eSensor® Respiratory Viral Panel (RVP), (GenMark Diagnostics)\*
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel, (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel, EZ (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* Idylla Respiratory IFV-RSV Panel, (Biocartis)\*
* IMDx Flu A/B and RSV for Abbott *m*2000, (IMDx)
* Lyra Influenza A+B Assay, (Quidel)
* Nx-TAG Respiratory Pathogen Panel, (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)\*
* Panther Fusion® Flu A/B RSV, (Assay Hologic)
* Prodesse PROFLU™, (GenProbe/Hologic)
* Prodesse ProFAST™, (GenProbe/Hologic)\*
* QIAstat-Dx Respiratory SARS-CoV-2 Panel (QIAGEN)‡\*
* Silaris Infuenza A & Btg, (Sekisui Diagnostic)†
* Solana Influenza A+B Assay, (Quidel)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV, (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV Direct, (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Influenza A H1N1 (2009), (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Verigene® Respiratory Virus Nucleic Acid Test, (Nanosphere, Inc)
* Verigene® Respiratory Virus Plus Nucleic Acid Test (RV+), (Luminex)
* Verigene® Respiratory Pathogen Nucleic Acid Test (RP *Flex*)\*, (Luminex)
* x-TAG® Respiratory Viral Panel Fast (RVP FAST)\*, (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)
* In-house developed PCR assay
* Other, specify
 | **5b. If more than one kit is selected above, please select the one kit that is (or will be) used most frequently for molecular assay at the laboratory during the current influenza season** * ID Now™ Influenza A&B (CLIA Waived), (Abbott)†
* Accula Flu A/Flu B (Mesa Biotech, Inc.)†
* ARIES® Flu A/B & RSV Assay, (Luminex)
* BioCode Respiratory Pathogen Panel, (Applied BioCode Inc)\*
* BioFire Respiratory Panel 2.1 (RP2.1) (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*‡
* BioFire Respiratory Panel 2.1-EZ (RP2.1-EZ)\*‡
* CDC Human Influenza Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Diagnostic Panel
* (Influenza A Subtyping Kit), (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Human Influenza Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Diagnostic Panel
* (Influenza A/B Typing Kit), (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza A/H5 (Asian Lineage) Virus Real-Time RT-PCR Primer and
* Probe Set, (CDC Influenza Division)
* CDC Influenza SARS-CoV-2 (Flu SC2) Multiplex Assay
* (CDC Influenza Division) ‡
* Cepheid Xpert Flu Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Flu/RSV XC Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Express Flu Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Express Flu/RSV Assay, (Cepheid)
* Cepheid Xpert Xpress SARS-CoV-2/Flu/RSV, (Cepheid)‡
* Cobas Liat Influenza A/B, (Roche Diagnostics)†
* Cobas Liat Influenza A/B & RSV, (Roche Diagnostics)†
* Cobas SARS-CoV-2 & Influenza A/B (Roche Diagnostics)‡
* Cobas SARS-CoV-2 & Influenza A/B Nucleic Acid Test, (Roche Diagnostics)
* ePlex Respiratory Pathogen Panel (GenMark Diagnostics)\*†‡
* ePlex Respiratory Pathogen Panel 2, (Genmark Diagnostics)\*‡
* eSensor® Respiratory Viral Panel (RVP), (GenMark Diagnostics)\*
* FilmArray® Pneumonia Panel plus, (BioFire Diagnostics)
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel, (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel 2 (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel, EZ (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)\*
* FluChip-8G Influenza A+B Assay, (InDevR)\*
* Idylla Respiratory IFV-RSV Panel, (Biocartis)\*
* IMDx Flu A/B and RSV for Abbott m2000, (IMDx)
* Lyra Influenza A+B Assay, (Quidel)
* Nx-TAG Respiratory Pathogen Panel, (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)\*
* Panther Fusion® Flu A/B RSV, (Assay Hologic)
* Prodesse PROFLU™, (GenProbe/Hologic)
* Prodesse ProFAST™, (GenProbe/Hologic)\*
* QIAstat-Dx Respiratory SARS-CoV-2 Panel (QIAGEN)\*‡
* Quest Diagnostics RC COVID-19 +Flu RT-PCR, (Quest Diagnostics)‡
* Silaris Infuenza A & Btg, (Sekisui Diagnostic)†
* Sofia 2 Flu + SARS Antigen FIA, (Quidel) †‡
* Solana Influenza A+B Assay, (Quidel)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV, (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV Direct, (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Influenza A H1N1 (2009), (Focus Diagnostics, 3M)
* Simplexa™ Flu A/B & RSV Gen II (Diasorin)\*
* Verigene® Respiratory Virus Nucleic Acid Test, (Nanosphere, Inc)
* Verigene® Respiratory Virus Plus Nucleic Acid Test (RV+), (Luminex)
* Verigene® Respiratory Pathogen Nucleic Acid Test (RP Flex), (Luminex)\*
* x-TAG® Respiratory Viral Panel Fast (RVP FAST),
* (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)\*
* In-house developed PCR assay
* Other, specify:
 |
| **5d. What testing kit does the testing facility use (or will use) most often to perform influenza A sub-typing during the current influenza season?*** BioFire Respiratory Panel 2.1 (RP2.1) (BioFire Diagnostics, LL)
* ePlex Respiratory Pathogen Panel (GenMark Diagnostices)\*
* eSensor® Respiratory Viral Panel (RVP), (GenMark Diagnostics)
* FilmArray Respiratory Panel, (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)
* Idylla Respiratory IFV-RSV Panel, (Biocartis)
* Nx-TAG Respiratory Pathogen Panel (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)
* QIAstat-Dx Respiratory SARS-CoV-2 Panel (QIAGEN)
* Verigene® Respiratory Pathogen Nucleic Acid Test (RP *Flex*), (Nanosphere, Inc)
* x-TAG® Respiratory Viral Panel Fast (RVP FAST), (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)
* In-house developed PCR assay
* Other, specify
 | **5d. What testing kit does the testing facility use (or will use) most often to perform influenza A sub-typing during the current influenza season?*** BioFire Respiratory Panel 2.1 (RP2.1) (BioFire Diagnostics, LL)
* ePlex Respiratory Pathogen Panel (GenMark Diagnostices)\*
* eSensor® Respiratory Viral Panel (RVP), (GenMark Diagnostics)
* FilmArray Respiratory Panel, (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)
* Idylla Respiratory IFV-RSV Panel, (Biocartis)
* Nx-TAG Respiratory Pathogen Panel (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)
* QIAstat-Dx Respiratory SARS-CoV-2 Panel (QIAGEN)
* Verigene® Respiratory Pathogen Nucleic Acid Test (RP *Flex*), (Nanosphere, Inc)
* x-TAG® Respiratory Viral Panel Fast (RVP FAST), (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)
* In-house developed PCR assay
* Other, specify
 |
| **5d. What testing kit does the testing facility use (or will it use) most often to perform influenza A sub-typing during the current influenza season?*** BioFire Respiratory Panel 2.1 (RP2.1) (BioFire Diagnostics, LL)
* ePlex Respiratory Pathogen Panel (GenMark Diagnostices)\*
* eSensor® Respiratory Viral Panel (RVP), (GenMark Diagnostics)
* FilmArray Respiratory Panel, (BioFire Diagnostics, LLC)
* Idylla Respiratory IFV-RSV Panel, (Biocartis)
* Nx-TAG Respiratory Pathogen Panel (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)
* QIAstat-Dx Respiratory SARS-CoV-2 Panel (QIAGEN)
* Verigene® Respiratory Pathogen Nucleic Acid Test (RP Flex),
* (Nanosphere, Inc)
* x-TAG® Respiratory Viral Panel Fast (RVP FAST),
* (Luminex Molecular Diagnostics Inc)
* In-house developed PCR assay
* Other, specify
 | **(Deleted question)** |
| **6. Does the laboratory perform any of the any of the following additional tests to detect influenza (other than RT-PCR or RIDT)?*** Viral culture
* Indirect fluorescent antibody (IFA) stain
* Direct fluorescent antibody (DFA) stain
* Serology (IgG or IgM)
* No
 | **(Deleted question)** |
| **7a. Which influenza test method does the laboratory perform most frequently for pediatric patients (aged 0-17 years)?*** Viral culture
* Indirect fluorescent antibody (IFA)/direct fluorescent antibody stain (DFA)
* Rapid influenza antigen diagnostic test (rapid test, RIDT)
* Rapid Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – singleplex or dualplex†
* Standard Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – singleplex (influenza only)
* Standard Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – multiplex/respiratory
* viral panel (RVP)
* Not applicable (no pediatric testing)
 | **6a. Which influenza test method does the laboratory perform most frequently for pediatric patients (aged 0-17 years)?*** Rapid influenza antigen diagnostic test (rapid test, RIDT)
* Rapid Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – singleplex or dualplex†
* Standard Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – singleplex (influenza only)
* Standard Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – multiplex/respiratory
* viral panel (RVP)
* Not applicable (no pediatric testing)
 |
| **7b. Which influenza test method does the laboratory perform most frequently for adult patients (aged ≥18 years)?*** Viral culture
* Indirect fluorescent antibody (IFA)/direct fluorescent antibody stain (DFA)
* Rapid influenza antigen diagnostic test (rapid test, RIDT)
* Rapid Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – singleplex or dualplex†
* Standard Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – singleplex (influenza only)
* Standard Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – multiplex/respiratory
* viral panel (RVP)
* Not applicable (no pediatric testing)
 | **6b. Which influenza test method does the laboratory perform most frequently for adult patients (aged ≥18 years)?*** Rapid influenza antigen diagnostic test (rapid test, RIDT)
* Rapid Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – singleplex or dualplex†
* Standard Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – singleplex (influenza only)
* Standard Molecular assay (e.g. RT-PCR, NAAT) – multiplex/respiratory
* viral panel (RVP)
* Not applicable (no pediatric testing)
 |
| **8. Based on tests that were performed during the 2019-2020 influenza season, approximately what percent of the time are each of these test types used to test for flu overall?*** \_\_% Viral culture
* \_\_% Indirect fluorescent antibody stain (IFA)/direct fluorescent antibody stain (DFA)
* \_\_% Rapid influenza diagnostic test (rapid test, RIDT)
* \_\_% Rapid Molecular Assay
* \_\_% Standard Molecular Assay – singleplex or dualplex
* \_\_% Standard Molecular Assay – multiplex /respiratory viral panel
 | **7. Based on tests that were performed during the 2019-2020 influenza season, approximately what percent of the time are each of these test types used to test for flu overall?*** \_\_% Other test type
* \_\_% Rapid influenza diagnostic test (rapid test, RIDT)
* \_\_% Rapid Molecular Assay
* \_\_% Standard Molecular Assay – singleplex or dualplex
* \_\_% Standard Molecular Assay – multiplex /respiratory viral panel
 |

**HAIC**

1. **HAIC: Invasive Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) Infection Case Report Form (Attachment #9)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **2021 CRF Question** | **Changes to the 2022 CRF Question**  |
| *Note: this is not a new data collection, we are simply adding to CRF to clarify the existing data collection* | Address Type:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| 34a. Did the patient have a positive test for SARS-CoV-2 (molecular assay, serology, or other confirmatory test) on or before the DISC?□ Yes □ No □ Unknown | 34a. Did the patient have a positive test(s) for SARS-CoV-2 (molecular assay, serology, or other confirmatory test) in the year before or day of the DISC?□ Yes □ No □ Unknown |
| 34a.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| IF YES COMPLETE TABLE BELOW | Specimen collection date | Test type |
| FIRST positive test for SARS-CoV-2 on or before the DISC | \_\_-\_\_-\_\_\_\_□ Unknown | □ Molecular assay□ Serology□ Method unknown□ Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| MOST RECENT positive test for SARS-CoV-2 on or before the DISC | \_\_-\_\_-\_\_\_\_□ Unknown | □ Molecular assay□ Serology□ Method unknown□ Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

 | 34a.IF YES, complete below for MOST RECENT positive test for SARS-CoV-2 in the year before or day of the DISC:Specimen collection date: \_\_-\_\_-\_\_\_\_ □ UnknownTest type:□ Antigen□ Molecular assay□ Serology□ Method unknown□ Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

1. **HAIC: Invasive Methicillin-sensitive Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA) Infection Case Report Form (Attachment #10)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **2021 CRF Question** | **Changes to the 2022 CRF Question**  |
| *Note: this is not a new data collection, we are simply adding to CRF to clarify the existing data collection* | Address Type:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| 34a. Did the patient have a positive test for SARS-CoV-2 (molecular assay, serology, or other confirmatory test) on or before the DISC?□ Yes □ No □ Unknown | 34a. Did the patient have a positive test(s) for SARS-CoV-2 (molecular assay, serology, or other confirmatory test) in the year before or day of the DISC?□ Yes □ No □ Unknown |
| 34a.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| IF YES COMPLETE TABLE BELOW | Specimen collection date | Test type |
| FIRST positive test for SARS-CoV-2 on or before the DISC | \_\_-\_\_-\_\_\_\_□ Unknown | □ Molecular assay□ Serology□ Method unknown□ Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| MOST RECENT positive test for SARS-CoV-2 on or before the DISC | \_\_-\_\_-\_\_\_\_□ Unknown | □ Molecular assay□ Serology□ Method unknown□ Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

 | 34a.IF YES, complete below for MOST RECENT positive test for SARS-CoV-2 in the year before or day of the DISC:Specimen collection date: \_\_-\_\_-\_\_\_\_ □ UnknownTest type:□ Antigen□ Molecular assay□ Serology□ Method unknown□ Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

1. **HAIC: CDI Case Report and Treatment Form (Attachment #11)**

| **2021 CRF** | **2022 CRF** | **Changes** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Address (number, Street, Apt. No., City, State, Zip) | Address | Made address free text |
| [Field not on CRF] | Address type | New field |
| 4. Date of incident C. diff+ stool collection | 4. Date of incident C. diff+ stool collection (DISC) | Added “(DISC)” |
| 15. Was the patient hospitalized on the day of or in the 6 calendar days after the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection? | 15. Was the patient hospitalized on the day of or in the 6 calendar days after the DISC? | Changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 16. Where was the patient located on the 3rd calendar day before the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection? | 16. Where was the patient located on the 3rd calendar day before the DISC? | Changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 20. Exposures to healthcare in the 12 weeks before the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection | 20. Exposures to healthcare in the 12 weeks before the DISC | Changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 20a.1 If yes, date of discharge closest to date of incident C. diff+ stool collection | 20a.1 If yes, date of discharge closest to DISC | Changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 26. Was the patient in an ICU on the day of or in the 6 days after the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection? | 26. Was the patient in an ICU on the day of or in the 6 days after the DISC? | Changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 27. Symptoms (in the 6 calendar days before, the day of, or 1 calendar day after the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection) | 27. Symptoms (in the 6 calendar days before, the day of, or 1 calendar day after the DISC) | Changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| [Field not on CRF] | 28. Fever (in the 2 calendar days before or calendar day of the DISC) | New field |
| ¨  Fever ≥38°C or ≥100.4°F documented |
| o   Highest fever documented: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ °C or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ °F |
| ¨  Self-reported fever |
| ¨  No fever documented |
| ¨  Information not available |
| 28. Toxic megacolon and ileus (in the 6 calendar days before, the day of, or the 6 calendar days after the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection) | 29. Toxic megacolon and ileus (in the 6 calendar days before, the day of, or the 6 calendar days after the DISC) | Changed question number; changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 29. Was pseudomembranous colitis listed in the surgical pathology, endoscopy, or autopsy report in the 6 calendar days before, the day of, or the 6 calendar days after the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection? | 30. Was pseudomembranous colitis listed in the surgical pathology, endoscopy, or autopsy report in the 6 calendar days before, the day of, or the 6 calendar days after the DISC? | Changed question number; changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 30. Colectomy (related to CDI) | 31. Colectomy (related to CDI) | Changed question number |
| 31. Were other enteric pathogens isolated from stool collected on the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection? | 32. Were other enteric pathogens isolated from stool collected on the DISC? | Changed question number; changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC”; added “Astrovirus”, “Enteroaggregative *E. coli* (EAEC)”, “Enteropathogenic *E. coli* (EPEC)”, “Enterotoxigenic *E. coli* (ETEC)”, “Sapovirus”, and “*Yersinia enterocolitica”* as response options |
| ·         *Campylobacter* | ·         Astrovirus |
| ·         Norovirus | ·         *Campylobacter* |
| ·         Rotavirus | ·         Enteroaggregative *E. coli* (EAEC) |
| ·         *Salmonella* | ·         Enteropathogenic *E. coli* (EPEC) |
| ·         Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* | ·         Enterotoxigenic *E. coli* (ETEC) |
| ·         *Shigella* | ·         Norovirus |
| ·         Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | ·         Rotavirus |
| ·         None | ·         *Salmonella* |
| ·         No other pathogens tested | ·         Sapovirus |
| ·         Unknown | ·         Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* |
|   | ·         *Shigella* |
|   | ·         *Yersinia enterocolitica* |
|   | ·         Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
|   | ·         None |
|   | ·         No other pathogens tested |
|   | ·         Unknown |
| 32. LABORATORY FINDINGS (in the 6 calendar days before, the day of, or the 6 calendar days after the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection) | 33. LABORATORY FINDINGS (in the 6 calendar days before, the day of, or the 6 calendar days after the DISC) | Changed question number; changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 32a. Albumin ≤ 2.5 g/dl | 33a. Albumin ≤ 2.5 g/dl | Changed question number |
| 32b. White blood cell count ≤ 1,000/µl | 33b. White blood cell count ≤ 1,000/µl | Changed question number |
| 32c. White blood cell count ≥ 15,000/µl | 33c. White blood cell count ≥ 15,000/µl | Changed question number |
| [Field not on CRF] | 33d. Serum creatinine > 1.5 mg/dl | New field |
| ¨  Yes |
| ¨  No |
| ¨  Not Done |
| ¨  Information not available |
| 33. MEDICATIONS TAKEN in the 12 weeks before the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection | 34. MEDICATIONS TAKEN in the 12 weeks before the DISC | Changed question number; changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 33a. Proton pump inhibitor (e.g. Omeprazole, Lansoprazole, Pantoprazole, Rabeprazole) | 34a. Proton pump inhibitor (e.g. Omeprazole, Lansoprazole, Pantoprazole, Rabeprazole) | Changed question number |
| 33b. H2 Blockers (e.g. Famotidine, Ranitidine, Cimetidine) | 34b. H2 Blockers (e.g. Famotidine, Ranitidine, Cimetidine) | Changed question number |
| 33c. Immunosuppressive therapy  | 34c. Immunosuppressive therapy  | Changed question number |
| 33d. Antimicrobial therapy  | 34d. Antimicrobial therapy  | Changed question number; changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC”; added “Yes, name unknown”, “Cefadroxil”, "Cefiderocol", "Eravacycline", "Omadacycline", and “Vancomycin (PO for prophylaxis)” as response options |
| ·         None | ·         Yes, name unknown  |
| ·         Unknown | ·         None |
| ·         Amikacin | ·         Unknown |
| ·         Amoxicillin | ·         Amikacin |
| ·         Amoxicillin/clavulanic acid | ·         Amoxicillin |
| ·         Ampicillin | ·         Amoxicillin/clavulanic acid |
| ·         Ampicillin/sulbactam | ·         Ampicillin |
| ·         Azithromycin | ·         Ampicillin/sulbactam |
| ·         Aztreonam | ·         Azithromycin |
| ·         Cefazolin | ·         Aztreonam |
| ·         Cefdinir | ·         Cefadroxil  |
| ·         Cefepime | ·         Cefazolin |
| ·         Cefixime | ·         Cefdinir |
| ·         Cefotaxime | ·         Cefepime |
| ·         Cefoxitin | ·         Cefiderocol |
| ·         Cefpodoxime | ·         Cefixime |
| ·         Ceftaroline | ·         Cefotaxime |
| ·         Ceftazidime | ·         Cefoxitin |
| ·         Ceftazidim/avibactam | ·         Cefpodoxime |
| ·         Ceftizoxime | ·         Ceftaroline |
| ·         Ceftolozane/tazobactam | ·         Ceftazidime |
| ·         Ceftriaxone | ·         Ceftazidim/avibactam |
| ·         Cefuroxime | ·         Ceftizoxime |
| ·         Cephalexin | ·         Ceftolozane/tazobactam |
| ·         Ciprofloxacin | ·         Ceftriaxone |
| ·         Clarithromycin | ·         Cefuroxime |
| ·         Clindamycin | ·         Cephalexin |
| ·         Dalbavancin | ·         Ciprofloxacin |
| ·         Daptomycin | ·         Clarithromycin |
| ·         Delafloxacin | ·         Clindamycin |
| ·         Doripenem | ·         Dalbavancin |
| ·         Doxycycline | ·         Daptomycin |
| ·         Ertapenem | ·         Delafloxacin |
| ·         Fosfomycin | ·         Doripenem |
| ·         Gentamicin | ·         Doxycycline |
| ·         Imipenem/cilastatin | ·        Eravacyclin |
| ·         Levofloxacin | ·         Ertapenem |
| ·         Linezolid | ·         Fosfomycin |
| ·         Meropenem | ·         Gentamicin |
| ·         Meropenem/vaborbactam | ·         Imipenem/cilastatin |
| ·         Metronidazole | ·         Levofloxacin |
| ·         Moxifloxacin | ·         Linezolid |
| ·         Nitrofurantoin | ·         Meropenem |
| ·         Oritavancin | ·         Meropenem/vaborbactam |
| ·         Penicillin | ·         Metronidazole |
| ·         Piperacillin/tazobactam | ·         Moxifloxacin |
| ·         Polymixin B | ·         Nitrofurantoin |
| ·         Polymixin E (colistin) | ·         Omadacycline |
| ·         Rifaximin | ·         Oritavancin |
| ·         Tedizolid | ·         Penicillin |
| ·         Telavancin | ·         Piperacillin/tazobactam |
| ·         Tigecycline | ·         Polymixin B |
| ·         Tobramycin | ·         Polymixin E (colistin) |
| ·         Trimethoprim | ·         Rifaximin |
| ·         Trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole | ·         Tedizolid |
| ·         Vancomycin (IV) | ·         Telavancin |
| ·         Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | ·         Tigecycline |
|   | ·         Tobramycin |
|   | ·         Trimethoprim |
|   | ·         Trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole |
|   | ·         Vancomycin (IV) |
|   | ·         Vancomycin (PO for prophylaxis)  |
|   | ·         Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| 33e. Was patient treated for suspected or confirmed CDI in the 12 weeks before the date of incident specimen collection? | 34e. Was patient treated for suspected or confirmed CDI in the 12 weeks before the DISC? | Changed question number; changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 34. Treatment for incident CDI | 35. Treatment for incident CDI | Changed question number |
| 35. Previous unique CDI episode (>8 weeks before the date of incident C. diff+ stool collection) | 36. Previous unique CDI episode (>8 weeks before the DISC) | Changed question number; changed “date of incident C. diff+ stool collection” to “DISC” |
| 36. Any recurrent *C. diff* episodes following this incident *C. diff* episode? | 37. Any recurrent *C. diff* episodes following this incident *C. diff* episode? | Changed question number |
| 37. CRF Status | 38. CRF Status | Changed question number |
| 38. Initials of S.O. | 39. Initials of S.O. | Changed question number |
| 39. Date of abstraction | 40. Date of abstraction | Changed question number |
| 40. Did the patient have a POSITIVE test(s) for SARSCoV-2 (molecular assay, serology or other confirmatory test) on or before the DISC? | 41. Did the patient have a POSITIVE test(s) for SARS-CoV-2 (molecular assay, serology, or other confirmatory test) in the year before or day of the DISC? | Changed question number, changed "on or before the DISC" to "in the year before or day of the DISC" |
| 40a. If YES, complete table below | 41a. If YES, complete below for MOST RECENT positive test for SARS-CoV-2 in the year before or date of the DISC: | Changed question number, changed wording to limit the scope of the question |
| FIRST positive test for SARS-CoV-2 on or before the DISC - specimen collection date | [Field not on CRF] | Removed field |
| FIRST positive test for SARS-CoV-2 on or before the DISC - test type | [Field not on CRF] | Removed field |
| MOST RECENT positive test for SARS-CoV-2 on or before the DISC - specimen collection date | 41a.1. Specimen collection date | Added question number, reworded question |
| MOST RECENT positive test for SARS-CoV-2 on or before the DISC - test type | 41a.2: Test type | Added question number, reworded question |
| 41a. COVID-NET Case ID | 42a. COVID-NET Case ID | Changed question number |
| 41b. NNDSS IDs  | 42b. NNDSS IDs  | Changed question number |

1. **HAIC: CDI Annual Surveillance Officers Survey (Attachment #12)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Existing question** | **Modified question** |
| 2. In 2020, did any laboratories drop out of participation? | 2. In 2021, did any laboratories drop out of participation?(changed year to 2021 to reflect change in survey year) |
| 3. In 2020, did you identify any additional laboratories inside or outside of your catchment area which identify *C.diff* assays from persons who are residents of your catchment area? | 3. In 2021, did you identify any additional laboratories inside or outside of your catchment area which identify *C.diff* assays from persons who are residents of your catchment area?(changed year to 2021 to reflect change in survey year) |
| 10. Did your site complete a physician/outpatient provider survey in 2020? | 10. Did your site complete a physician/outpatient provider survey in 2021?(changed year to 2021 to reflect change in survey year) |
| 13. For each facility that treated a case in 2020, please provide the following | 13. For each facility that treated a case in 2021, please provide the following(changed year to 2021 to reflect change in survey year) |

1. **HAIC: Annual Survey of Laboratory Testing Practices for C. difficile Infections (Attachment #13)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Current** | **Proposed** |
| Was this a new laboratory in 2020?  | Was this a new laboratory in 2021?  |
| Did this lab participate in surveillance in 2020? | Did this lab participate in surveillance in 2021? |
| How often did you receive line lists from this lab in 2020? | How often did you receive line lists from this lab in 2021? |
| How did you receive line lists from this lab in 2020? | How did you receive line lists from this lab in 2021? |
| Did you receive specimens from this lab in 2020? | Did you receive specimens from this lab in 2021? |
| Types of facilities in your catchment area served by this lab in 2020 (select all that apply): | Types of facilities in your catchment area served by this lab in 2021 (select all that apply): |
| 1. Did your laboratory ever send specimens off-site for *Clostridioides difficile* testing in 2020?
 | 1. Did your laboratory ever send specimens off-site for *Clostridioides difficile* testing in 2021?
 |
| 2. What type and order of testing was routinely used by your laboratory in standard testing for *C. difficile* on December 31, 2020?  | 2. What type and order of testing was routinely used by your laboratory in standard testing for *C. difficile* on December 31, 2021?  |
| 2c. Did your laboratory perform any onsite testing for *C. difficile* outside of your normal testing algorithm in 2020? | 2c. Did your laboratory perform any onsite testing for *C. difficile* outside of your normal testing algorithm in 2021? |
| 3a. Which EIA test kit was used by your laboratory in 2020? | 3a. Which EIA test kit was used by your laboratory in 2021? |
| 3b. Which Nucleic Acid Amplification test was used by your laboratory in 2020? | 3b. Which Nucleic Acid Amplification test was used by your laboratory in 2021? |
| 4a. If your laboratory used a multiplexed molecular diagnostic (e.g., Biofire Filmarray GI Panel, Luminex xTAG GPP) to test for several GI pathogens in 2020, did your laboratory suppress the *C. difficile* result so that clinicians could not see it? | 4a. If your laboratory used a multiplexed molecular diagnostic (e.g., Biofire Filmarray GI Panel, Luminex xTAG GPP) to test for several GI pathogens in 2021, did your laboratory suppress the *C. difficile* result so that clinicians could not see it? |
| 4b. If your laboratory used a multiplexed diagnostic in 2020 and the result was suppressed, where does the suppression occur? | 4b. If your laboratory used a multiplexed diagnostic in 2021 and the result was suppressed, where does the suppression occur? |
| 5a. If your laboratory used a nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) (e.g., Cepheid Xpert *C. difficile*) as first line testing *followed* by a toxin EIA test (whenever NAAT result is positive) in 2020, did your laboratory suppress the positive NAAT result so that clinicians could not see it?  | 5a. If your laboratory used a nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) (e.g., Cepheid Xpert *C. difficile*) as first line testing *followed* by a toxin EIA test (whenever NAAT result is positive) in 2021, did your laboratory suppress the positive NAAT result so that clinicians could not see it?  |
| 5b. If your laboratory used NAAT as first line testing *followed* by confirmatory toxin EIA testing in 2020, and both the NAAT and toxin EIA results were released to the clinician, did your laboratory provide any comments to help the clinician interpret the test results (e.g., NAAT-positive only result might represent colonization, etc.)? | 5b. If your laboratory used NAAT as first line testing *followed* by confirmatory toxin EIA testing in 2021, and both the NAAT and toxin EIA results were released to the clinician, did your laboratory provide any comments to help the clinician interpret the test results (e.g., NAAT-positive only result might represent colonization, etc.)? |
| 6. What are the LOINC or internal testing codes associated with the tests your lab used in 2020 (e.g. LOINC codes 13957-6, 34713-8, or 54067-4)? | 6. What are the LOINC or internal testing codes associated with the tests your lab used in 2021 (e.g. LOINC codes 13957-6, 34713-8, or 54067-4)? |
| 7a. In 2020, did your laboratory experience any shortages in supplies, reagents, and/or test kits for performing *C. difficile* testing (e.g., NAAT or EIA reagents, swabs)? | 7a. In 2021, did your laboratory experience any shortages in supplies, reagents, and/or test kits for performing *C. difficile* testing (e.g., NAAT or EIA reagents, swabs)? |
| 7b. If your laboratory experienced a supply shortage for *C. difficile* testing in 2020, how did the shortage affect your laboratory’s ability to perform *C. difficile* testing? *(Check all that apply)* | 7b. If your laboratory experienced a supply shortage for *C. difficile* testing in 2021, how did the shortage affect your laboratory’s ability to perform *C. difficile* testing? *(Check all that apply)* |
| 7c. In 2020, did your laboratory experience a high demand for COVID-19 testing that limited the availability of staff (e.g., reduced staffing or work time) or the use of equipment to perform *C. difficile* testing? | 7c. In 2021, did your laboratory experience a high demand for COVID-19 testing that limited the availability of staff (e.g., reduced staffing or work time) or the use of equipment to perform *C. difficile* testing? |
| 8. Did your lab testing algorithm for *C. difficile* change between January 1, 2020 and December 31, 2020? | 8. Did your lab testing algorithm for *C. difficile* change between January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021? |
| 8a. *(If yes)* What was the previous type and order of testing performed by your lab in 2020 before it changed its testing algorithm? | 8a. *(If yes)* What was the previous type and order of testing performed by your lab in 2021 before it changed its testing algorithm? |
| 9. Did your lab have a policy to reject stool specimens for *C. difficile* testing in 2020? | 9. Did your lab have a policy to reject stool specimens for *C. difficile* testing in 2021? |
| 9a. Did your rejection policy for stool specimens change between January 1, 2020 and December 31, 2020? | 9a. Did your rejection policy for stool specimens change between January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021? |
| 10. How many stool samples did you test for *C. difficile* each month in 2020? | 10. How many stool samples did you test for *C. difficile* each month in 2021? |

1. **HAIC: Candidemia Case Report (Attachment #14)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **2021 CRF Question** | **2022 CRF Question** |
| **CANDIDEMIA 2021 CASE REPORT FORM** (header)*(changed year)* | **CANDIDEMIA 2022 CASE REPORT FORM** (header)*(changed year)* |
| **Version: Short Form 2021, Last Updated: 07/21/2020** (footnotes)*(changed year and date)*  | **Version: Short Form 2022, Last Updated: 07/21/2022** (footnotes)*(changed year and date)*  |
| **New Question** | Address type: 1[ ] Residential 2 [ ] Post office 3 [ ] Long-term care facility 4 [ ] Corrections 5 [ ] Military 6 [ ] Homeless 7 [ ] Other 8 [ ] Insufficient 9 [ ] Missing |
| **2. Did the patient receive invasive mechanical ventilation in the 30 days before the DISC, not including the DISC?** 1 [ ] Yes 0 [ ] No 9 [ ] Unknown  | **35. Did the patient receive invasive mechanical ventilation in the 30 days before the DISC, not including the DISC?** 1 [ ] Yes 0 [ ] No 9 [ ] Unknown *(changed question order/number)* |
| **3. Did the patient receive dialysis or renal replacement therapy (RRT) in the 30 days before the DISC, not including the DISC?**1 [ ] Yes 0 [ ] No 9 [ ] Unknown  | **36. Did the patient receive dialysis or renal replacement therapy (RRT) in the 30 days before the DISC, not including the DISC?**1 [ ] Yes 0 [ ] No 9 [ ] Unknown*(changed question order/number)*  |
| **1. Did the patient have a positive SARS-CoV-2 test result (molecular assay, serology, or other confirmatory test) from a specimen collected in the 30 days before the DISC or on the DISC?**1 [ ] Yes 0 [ ] No 9 [ ] Unknown 1a. If yes, date of specimen collection for initial positive SARS-CoV-2 test: Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9 [ ]  Date Unknown 1b. If yes, EIP COVID-NET Case ID: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9 [ ]  Unknown  [ ]  Out of EIP COVID-NET catchment area | **56. Did the patient have a positive SARS-CoV-2 test result (molecular assay, serology, or other confirmatory test) from a specimen collected in the 90 days before the DISC or on the DISC?**1 [ ] Yes 0 [ ] No 9 [ ] Unknown 56a. If yes, date of specimen collection for initial positive SARS-CoV-2 test: Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9 [ ]  Date Unknown 56b. If yes, EIP COVID-NET Case ID: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9 [ ]  Unknown 0 [ ]  Out of EIP COVID-NET catchment area *(changed question order/number)* |
| **4. If patient received any systemic steroids in the 30 days before the DISC, not including the DISC (question 55), are any of the following scenarios true? *(check all that apply)*** [ ]  Steroid(s) given as an outpatient medication [ ]  Steroid(s) given during hospitalization associated  with candidemia episode prior to Candida DISC [ ]  Steroid(s) given as part of treatment/management  for COVID-19 | 58a. If yes, what was the reason steroids were administered? *(check all that apply)* [ ]  Steroid(s) given as an outpatient medication [ ]  Steroid(s) given during hospitalization associated with candidemia episode prior to Candida DISC [ ]  Steroid(s) given as part of treatment/management for COVID-19*(changed question order/number)* |
| **5. Did the patient receive any of the following immunomodulatory drugs in the 30 days before the DISC, not including the DISC? *(check all that apply)*** [ ] None  [ ] Tocilizumab  [ ] Sarilumab  [ ] Baricitinib  [ ] Unknown 5a. If yes (and patient had a positive SARS-CoV-2 test), were any of the immunomodulatory drugs given as part of treatment/management for COVID-19? 1 [ ] Yes 0 [ ] No 9 [ ] Unknown  | **60. Did the patient receive any of the following immunomodulatory drugs in the 30 days before the DISC, not including the DISC?** *­­­­­* [ ] None  [ ] Tocilizumab  [ ] Sarilumab  [ ] Baricitinib  [ ] Unknown 60a. If yes were any of the immunomodulatory drugs given as part of treatment/management for COVID-19?  1 [ ] Yes  0 [ ] No  9 [ ] Unknown *(changed question order/number)*  |
| **Question 35-55** | *Changed number by 2* |
| **Question 54-56** | *Changed number by 3* |
| **Question 57-59** | *Changed number by 4* |
| **Question 61-62** | *Changed number by 3* |

1. **HAIC: Laboratory Testing Practices for Candidemia Questionnaire (Attachment #15)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **2021 CRF Question** | **2022 CRF Question** |
| **2021 LABORATORY TESTING PRACTICES FOR CANDIDEMIA QUESTIONNAIRE** (header) | **2022 LABORATORY TESTING PRACTICES FOR CANDIDEMIA QUESTIONNAIRE** (header)*(changed year)* |
| **New Question** | 1. **How does this laboratory meet proficiency testing requirements for yeast identification?**

[ ]  Commercial provider (specify) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_[ ]  Internal alternate assessments (specify) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| **New Question** | 1. **Does this laboratory employ culture-independent diagnostic tests (CIDT) to identify *Candida* from blood specimens?**

[ ]  Yes (got to q14) [ ]  No (got to q17) [ ]  Unknown |
| **New Question** | **15b. If Yes, does this lab reflexively culture blood if you get a positive result on BioFire?**[ ]  Yes, reflexively[ ]  Yes, with a clinical order [ ]  No[ ]  Unknown |
| **New Question** | 1. **Does this laboratory employ any other CIDTs to identify *Candida* from blood specimens?**

[ ]  Yes (specify) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ [ ]  No [ ]  Unknown |
| **New Question** | **22) How does this** **laboratory meet proficiency testing requirements for antifungal susceptibility testing, if performed?**[ ]  Commercial provider (specify) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_[ ]  Internal alternate assessments (specify) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| **13) Does this laboratory employ the BioFire (FilmArray) to identify Candida from blood culture?**[ ]   **Yes (go to 13a)**[ ]   **No (go to 14)**[ ]   **Unknown** | **15) Does this laboratory employ the BioFire (FilmArray) to identify Candida from blood culture?**[ ]   **Yes (go to 15a)**[ ]   **No (go to 16)**[ ]   **Unknown***(Changed question number and updated question numbers in responses to allow for correct skip logic)* |
| 1. **If No for both Question 12 and 13,** **does this laboratory have plans to employ culture-independent diagnostics for *Candida* identification in the near future (e.g. T2Candida Panel, BioFire)?**

[ ]  Yes[ ]  No[ ]  Unknown[ ]  Not applicable  | 1. **If No for Question 13,** **does this laboratory have plans to employ culture-independent diagnostics for *Candida* identification in the near future (e.g. T2Candida Panel, BioFire)?**

[ ]  Yes *(specify)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*[ ]  No[ ]  Unknown[ ]  Not applicable *(changed question number, updated question wording, updated response wording to include ‘specify’)* |
| **Question 12** | **Question 14** |
| **Question 15-18** | **Changed question number by 3** |
| **Question 19-21** | **Changed question number by 4** |

1. **HAIC: Invasive Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory Survey: Use of Nucleic Acid Amplification Testing (NAAT) (Attachment #16)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **2020 Survey Question** | **Changes to the 2021 Survey Question** |
| Data Edits section of CRF2. Did your site have any challenges completing the CRF re-abstractions?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no * 1. If yes, please describe\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
 | Data Edits section of CRF2. Did your site complete CRF re-abstractions during 2021?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no1. If yes, did you have any challenges completing the CRF re-abstractions?

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no i. If yes, please describe:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  b. If no, why not?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| Geocoding section of CRF1. Is your site continuing to geocode SA cases?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no | 1. Did you site geocode SA cases in 2021?

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no1. If yes, what is the most recent year of surveillance data that was geocoded? \_\_\_\_\_\_
2. If no, why not? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
 |
|  | Vital Records Linkages1. Did your site link SA cases to vital records (mortality matching) in 2021?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no1. If yes, what is the most recent year of surveillance data that was linked? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. If no, why not? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
 |
|  | COVID-19 Impact1. Did COVID-19 response activities delay 2021 iSA surveillance work (e.g., unable to meet iSA deadlines during 2021)? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no a. If no, how were you able to meet iSA deadlines? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ b. If yes, how did COVID-19 response activities delay your iSA work? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |