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by a ship that must discharge NLS residue in order to proceed with repair work, the ship repair yard must have a reception facility that is capable of receiving—

- (1) $5\overline{0}$ cubic meters (13,210 gallons) of NLS residue that contains a—
- (i) Category A NLS that is not a solidifying NLS;
 - (ii) Category B NLS; or
 - (iii) Category C NLS; or
 - (iv) Category D NLS; or
- (2) 75 cubic meters (19,810 gallons) of NLS residue that contains a Category A NLS that is a solidifying NLS cargo.

§158.330 Ports and terminals: Equipment

Each port and terminal except ship repair yards, in order to pass the inspection under §158.160, must—

- (a) At mean low tide and with the ship's manifold 10 feet above the surface of the water, be capable of receiving Category B or C NLS cargo during the stripping operations at an average flow rate of 6 cubic meters (1584 gallons) per hour without the backpressure at the ship's manifold exceeding 101.6 kPa (14.7 pounds per square inch gauge) pressure; and
- (b) Have an instruction manual that lists the equipment and procedures for meeting paragraph (a) of this section. The instruction manual may be made part of the operations manual that is required under §154.300 of this chapter.

Subpart D—Criteria for Adequacy of Reception Facilities: Garbage

SOURCE: CGD 88-002, 54 FR 18409, Apr. 28, 1989, unless otherwise noted.

§ 158.400 Purpose.

The purpose of this subpart is to supply the criteria for determining the adequacy of reception facilities for garbage at ports and terminals that receive ships and to comply with the Act and Regulation 7 of Annex V to MARPOL 73/78.

§158.410 Reception facilities: General.

(a) Except as allowed in paragraph (b) of this section, the person in charge of a port or terminal shall ensure that each port or terminal's reception facility.

- (1) Is capable after August 28, 1989 of receiving APHIS regulated garbage at a port or terminal no later than 24 hours after notice under §151.65 of this chapter is given to the port or terminal, unless it only receives ships that—
- (i) Operate exclusively within the navigable waters of the United States;
- (ii) Operate exclusively between ports or terminals in the continental United States: or
- (iii) Operate exclusively between continental United States ports or terminals and Canadian ports or terminals.
- (2) Is capable of receiving medical wastes or hazardous wastes defined in 40 CFR 261.3, unless the port or terminal operator can provide to the master, operator, or person in charge of a ship, a list of persons authorized by federal, state, or local law or regulation to transport and treat such wastes:
- (3) Is arranged so that it does not interfere with port or terminal operations;
- (4) Is conveniently located so that mariners unfamiliar with the port or terminal can find it easily and so that it's use will not be discouraged:
- (5) Is situated so that garbage from ships which has been placed in it cannot readily enter the water; and
- (6) Holds each federal, state, and local permit or license required by environmental and public health laws and regulations concerning garbage handling.
- (b) A reception facility for a ship repair yard does not have to meet the requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of this section if it is capable of handling the transfer of garbage from a ship before the ship departs from the yard.

NOTE: The U.S. Department of Agriculture's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) requires victual wastes or garbage contaminated by victual wastes, except from vessels that operate only between the continental United States and Canadian ports, to be incinerated or sterilized in accordance with their regulations in 7 CFR 330.400 and 9 CFR 94.5.

§ 158.420 Reception facilities: Capacity and exceptions.

Each day a port or terminal is in operation, the person in charge of a port or terminal must provide, or ensure the