

Filing Deadline: October 31, 2022

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 2022 FERC Form 580 Interrogatory on Fuel and Energy Purchase Practices

Title 18, U.S.C. 1001 makes it a crime for any person knowingly and willingly to make to any Agency or Department of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements as to any matter within its jurisdiction. Refer to the general guidance and directions provided in the 2022 BERC Form 580 Desk Reference to complete the interrogatory. Included herein is *Appendix A Coal Contract Types* and a *Glossary* of terms used. Terms highlighted in blue are defined in the glossary. The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) Statement: The PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) requires the Commission to inform you that a response to the FERC Form 580 is mandatory. The Commission collects the responses pursuant to a congressional mandate "not less frequently than every 2 years... the Commission shall review, with respect to each public utility, practices under any automatic adjustment clauses of such utility to insure efficient use of resources (including economical purchase and use of fuel and electric energy) under such clauses". The Commission collects Form 580 information every two years from public utilities subject to its jurisdiction that own or operate power plants that generate a minimum of 50 MW. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. Public reporting burden for reviewing the instructions, completing, and filling out this form is estimated to be 103 hours per response. This form has been assigned OMB Control Number 1902-0137. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to DataClearance@FERC.gov, or to the Office of the Executive Director, Information Clearance Officer, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First St. NE, Washington, DC 20426.

| 1a Enter the exact legal n | ame of the filing Utility (a | as con | npany is registere | d with th | ne Commiss | sion). | |
|---|------------------------------|---------|---------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Utility name: | | | | | | | |
| 1b Identify the principal c | ontact person for clarific | ation | and additional info | ormation | concerning | your Utility's fue | procurement. |
| | | | Address | | | | |
| Name | street | suite | city | state | zip code | Telephone | Email address |
| | | | | | | | |
| 1c Identify the principal co (purchased power). | ontact person for clarifica | ation a | nd additional info | rmation | concerning | your Utility's ene | ergy purchases |
| | | | Address | | | | |
| Name | street | suite | city | state | zip code | Telephone | Email address |
| | | | | | | | |

a. Provide the following information regarding non-transmission related wholesale automatic adjustment clauses (AACs) your Utility had on file with the Commission during calendar years 2020 and 2021 Note: use the add and delete row buttons to manage information entry.

| Docket number under which rate schedule containing AAC through which costs were passed during 2020 and/or 2021 was accepted for filing by FERC | Tariff volume number containing | Rate schedule number containing AAC | Date rate schedule was first accepted for filing by the Commission | Was rate schedule superseded or abandoned during 20202/2021 if so, provide dates | Identify service agreement within rate schedule containing AAC |
|--|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | | | | · | |

If the Utility had no non-transmission-related wholesale AACs during the reporting years, check here:

Add Row (+)

Delete Row (-)

b. If any of the Utility's wholesale rate and/or service agreements containing an AAC listed in Question 2a, that was used during 2020 and/or 2021 was filed with the Commission before January 1, 1990, attach an electronic copy of it with this filing. List the documents you are submitting below. Note: once this information is submitted electronically in a text-searchable format it will not be necessary to submit it in future Form 580 filings. See: http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/elibrary/accept-file-formats.asp for listing of Commission-accepted document types.

| File name with extension | Document/ File Description: |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | |

Add Row (+)

Delete Row (-)

NOTE: If the Utility for which you are filing did not have any rate/service schedules on file with the Commission allowing the automatic adjustment of fuel and/or fuel-related items subject to 18 CFR 35.14 during 2020 - 2021 STOP HERE, you are finished. File your responses to questions 1 and 2 with the Commission. Otherwise, continue with the questions that follow.

3. If during the 2020 - 2021 period, the Utility had any contracts or agreements for the purchase of either energy or capacity under which all or any portion of the purchase costs were passed through a fuel adjustment clause (FAC), for each purchase from a PURPA Qualifying Facility (QF) or Independent Power Producer (IPP), provide the information requested in the non-shaded columns of the table below. Provide the information separately for each reporting year 2020 and 2021 Do not report purchased power where none of the costs were recovered through a FAC. Fill-in the non-shaded columns and either the "Only energy charges" columns OR "The total cost of the purchase of economic power" columns, whichever apply.

If the Utility did not recover any purchased power costs through a FAC, check here:

| | | | | | | С | ost item/s r | ecovered th | nrough a FAC | |
|------|-------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | energy rges | The total | cost of the | purchase of ec | onomic power |
| Year | Seller name | Purchase cost (\$) | Annual amount recovered through an AAC (\$) | Does the Commission- accepted FAC used to recover this cost allow for automatic recovery of purchased power costs? | of such charges less than the total avoided variable | whether the charges were less than | cost of purchased power less than the total avoided | Was the duration of the purchased power equal to or less than twelve months? | Did the FAC used for cost recovery include the system reserve capacity criteria by which the system operator decides whether a reliability purchase is required? | If the purchased power was wind-generated, was the avoided cost comparison done on a contract-by-contract basis? |

Add Row (+)

Delete Row (-)

If emission allowance costs were incurred by the Utility in 2020 and/or 2021 and were recovered through 4a a FAC, provide the following information. Dollar value of emission allowance cost passed Docket number, if any, of Commission **Date Commission accepted FAC** through a FAC acceptance of emission allowance cost recovery of emission allowance 2020 2021 recovery through a FAC Origin of emission allowance cost costs Add Row (+) Delete Row (-) 4b Were emission allowance costs recovered in any other method than through a FAC? If yes, how were they recovered? Include specific Commission rate schedule and service agreement notations.

for fuels whose costs were subject to 18 CFR 35.14. Note: Responses to this question may be filed as Privileged. To do so, skip this question now and answer it via the Fuel Procurement Policies and Practices Privileged Addendum provided. Otherwise, answer it here and your responses will be made public. Are you filing the Question 5 Privileged Addendum? a1. How often does Utility management review the fuel procurement process? Select value: a2. When was the last review? a3. Who conducted the last review? (Last, First, MI) & (Title) a4. What was covered in the last review? b1. Does the Utility have a policy on fuel inventory levels? b2. Does the policy state under what circumstance/s fuel inventory is increased or decreased? Utility has no policy on fuel inventory levels. b3. When was the fuel inventory policy last reviewed, and who last approved it? b4. Who made the working decisions to change inventory levels? (Last, First, MI) & (Title) c. Describe any use by the Utility of systematic procedures for periodic market investigations of fuel costs and availability, particularly prior to renewal or renegotiation of contracts. d. Describe any environmental constraints which influenced the Utility's fuel purchase practices. e. What quality characteristics were routinely specified in the Utility's fuel contracts? **Energy Content Sulfur Content** Ash Content **Moisture Content** Other **Fuel** Coal Oil Natural gas Other

Provide the information requested below regarding the Utility's fuel procurement policies and practices in place during 2020 and/or 2021



5.

| | % | 0% | >0-25% | 25-50% | 50-75% | 75-100% |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------|--------|---------|
| | Coal | | | | | |
| f. What percentage of the Utility's fuel was purchased from utility-controlled (i.e. | Oil | | | | | |
| affiliate) sources? | Natural gas | | | | | |
| | Other | | | | | |
| g1. How were potential fuel suppliers qualifie | d? | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| g2. What criteria are used to rank bidders? | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| g3. How were credit and performance ratings | of potential fuel suppliers ch | ecked? | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| g4. Do you automatically select the lowest bi | dder? Y N N | | | | | |
| If not, what criteria are used for selection | and negotiation of the fuel co | ntract? | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| g5. Describe the procurement procedures us | ed on your most recent fuel p | rocurement cont | ract for both: | | | |
| - the purchase from a non-affiliated compa | ny | | | | | |
| - the purchase from an affiliated company | | | | | | |
| h. Do the Utility's purchase policy practices d associated companies? | iffer for Y N N | | | | | |
| If so, what generally are the differences? | | | | | | |

6. For each fuel supply contract, of longer than one year in duration, in force at any time during 2020 and/or 2021 where costs were subject to 18 CFR 35.14, (including informal agreements with associated companies), provide the requested information. Report the information individually for each contract, for each calendar year. [No response to any part of Question 6 for fuel oil no. 2 is necessary.] Report all fuels consumed for electric power generation and thermal energy associated with the production of electricity. Information for only coal, natural gas, and oil should be reported.

Contract 1

| a. Cont | a. Contract specifications | | | | Use | Use the add, or delete buttons to manage contract records | | | | | | Add Contract (+) | | | Del Contract (-) | | |
|----------|----------------------------|----------|----------|----------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------|------------------|-----------|----------|
| | | | | | Cont | ract type | | Fu | el quant | ity | | Fuel q | uality | | Imp | urity con | tent |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contract | | Contract | Contract | ls contract | | Gas supply | Gas transpor- tation | Gas | Oil | Coal | | Pipeline | | | Sulfur | Ash | |
| ID/ | Reporting | | | | | (choose from | (choose from | (x10 ³ | (x10 ³ | (x10 ³ | Gas | quality? | Oil | Coal | content | content | Moisture |
| number | year | date | date | ? | Coal (choose from list) | list) | list) | mmbtu) | bbls) | tons) | (Btu/ft ³) | (Y/N) | (Btu/gal) | (Btu/lb) | (%weight) | (%weight) | (%) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| b. Del | Delivered characteristics | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--|---|
| | Fuel origin | Fuel destination | Fuel quantity | | | Fuel quality | | | Impurity content | | | Fuel cost (see desk reference) | | | |
| Primary State / Country of Origin | Type of purchase point | Total fuel transportation distance (mi.) from Utility's receipt point to plant | Gas (x10 ³ mmbtu) | Oil (x10 ³ bbls) | Coal (x10 ³ tons) | Coal (x10 ³ tons) not delivered by end of contract year | Gas (Btu/ft ³) | Pipeline quality? | Oil (Btu/gal) | Coal (Btu/lb) | Sulfur content (%weight) | Ash content (% weight) | Moisture (%) | average fuel price paid FOB | Actual weighted average fuel price paid FOB plant/year (cents/mmBtu) |
| 1. | Destination Plant: | | | | | | | Ente | r Plant N | ot Listed: | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Use the add, delete and copy buttons to manage Delivery characteristics information for each Contract : Add Delivery (+) Del Delivery (-) Copy Delivery

| c. Fuel and transportation contract affiliates | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------|-----------------------|-----|---------------------|
| Name of any entity affiliated with the Utility that is involved in the procurement or transportation of its fuel | Type of affiliation | Affil | iated entity involver | mei | nt with the Utility |
| | | | | | |
| | | | Add Row (+) | | Delete Row (-) |

7. For each fuel supply contract, including informal agreements with associated or affiliated companies in force at any time during 2020 or 2021 WHERE CONTRACT SHORTFALL COSTS WERE PASSED THROUGH an FAC subject to 18 CFR 35.14, provide for each contract separately the information requested below. Only report the information requested for shortfalls that occurred under your contracts during reporting years 2020 or 2021 and that are not under dispute i.e. parties agree there was indeed a shortfall.

| a) Cause of the shortfall [e.g., disruption in production, fuel not meeting quality specifications, dispute over contract provisions, a disruption in supplier's transportation system or other (specify)]. | b) Amount of shortfall costs passed through the FAC | c) Utility or Supplier-caus | | a prov | d contract contai vision for shortfa onsequences? | |
|---|--|-----------------------------|------------|--------|---|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | | | Add Row (- | +) | Delete Row (-) | |

For each fuel supply contract that was bought-out or bought-down, including informal agreements with associated or affiliated companies in force at any time during 2020 or 2021 WHERE CONTRACT BUY-OUT AND/OR BUY-DOWN COSTS WERE PASSED THROUGH an FAC subject to 18 CFR 35.14, provide for each contract separately the information requested below. Only report the information requested for contract buy-downs and buy-outs that occurred under your contracts during reporting years 2020 or 2021 and that are not under dispute i.e. parties agree there was indeed a shortfall.

| a) Type of change (buy-down, buy-out, renegotiation or other) | c) Amount of any buy-out and buy-down costs that were passed through the FAC (\$xx). | any, allov | | mission waiver, if contract buy-down bugh the FAC. |
|---|--|------------|-------------|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | Add Row (+) | Delete Row (-) |

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APPENDIX A

Coal Contract Types

1. Base Price plus Escalation

Different components of the price escalate (or de-escalate) as a function of changing economic conditions (indices).

2. Price Renegotiation

The price is renegotiated at predetermined intervals, usually one year. This type of contract, frequently known as an "EVERGREEN CONTRACT," may also contain provisions for price adjustments between renegotiations.

3. Price Tied to Market

Price tied to the price of coal being sold in a particular market. Product and market area are defined in the contract. Contract may contain a "Most Favored Nations" clause, *i.e.*, supplier will not sell to any utility at a price lower than your utility is paying.

4. Cost-Plus Contract with a Fixed Fee Provision

Purchaser agrees to pay all producer costs plus a management fee. Some contracts provide for payment of both a management fee and a profit. This contract has a *Fixed Fee* provision.

5. Cost-Plus Contract with an Incentive Fee Provision

Purchaser agrees to pay all producer costs plus a management fee. Some contracts provide for payment of both a management fee and a profit. This contract has an *Incentive Fee* provision, *i.e.*, a variable fee that is tied to various productivity and cost reduction incentives.

6. Fixed-Price Contract

Price is fixed over the life of the contract.

Glossary

| Term | Definition |
|--|--|
| Annual weighted average | An average taken over a 12-month period in which each item being averaged is multiplied by a number (weight) based on the item's relative importance. The result is summed and the total is divided by the sum of the weights. |
| Associated (affiliated) companies | Companies or persons that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the account company. (see 18 CFR Part 101 for more information) |
| Automatic adjustment clause (AAC) | A provision of a rate schedule which provides for increases or decreases (or both), without prior hearing, in rates reflecting increases or decreases (or both) in costs incurred by an electric utility. |
| Avoided variable costs | All identified and documented variable costs (costs that change or vary with usage, output or production, e.g., fuel costs) that would have been incurred by the buyer had a particular purchase not been made. Such costs include, but are not limited to, those associated with fuel, start-up, shut-down or any purchases that would have been made in lieu of the purchase made. |
| Base price plus escalation | Different components of the price escalate (or de-escalate) as a function of changing economic conditions (indices). |
| Contract buy-downs | Costs paid in compensation to suppliers for reducing the contract amount to below the minimum requirement. |
| Contract buy-outs | Buy-out costs are compensation paid to suppliers for ending a contract before the previously agreed upon contract expiration date. |
| Capacity | Electricity available to provide to a market during a defined period. |
| Commission cite | Reference to a Commission document/issuance. |
| Contract ID/ number | Unique contract identifier that the Utility uses internally to identify a contract. |
| Cost-plus contract with a fixed fee provision | Purchaser agrees to pay all producer costs plus a management fee. Some contracts provide for payment of both a management fee and a profit. This contract has a Fixed Fee provision. |
| Cost-plus contract with an incentive fee provision | Purchaser agrees to pay all producer costs plus a management fee. Some contracts provide for payment of both a management fee and a profit. This contract has an Incentive Fee provision, i.e., a variable fee that is tied to various productivity and cost reduction incentives. |
| Economic power | Power or energy purchased over a period of twelve months or less where the total cost of the purchase is less than the buyer's total avoided variable cost. |
| Effective date of rate schedule | The date upon which service is approved by FERC to begin. |
| EIA | EIA is an acronym for Energy Information Administration. |
| EIA code | Unique identification number assigned by EIA to utilities and plants. |
| Emission allowance | an authorization by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program to emit a specified limited amount of sulfur dioxide during or after a specified calendar year (see 40 CFR Part 72) |
| Energy charge | That portion of the charge for electric service based upon the electric energy (kWh) consumed or billed. |
| Evergreen contract | A contract that is renewed automatically or by notice from year to year until canceled by either party. |
| Filing year | The year the data is collected. |

| Term | Definition |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Fixed-price contract | Price is fixed over the life of the contract. |
| FOB | FOB is an acronym for Free On Board. The term FOB (often seen as f.o.b.) is commonly used when shipping goods to indicate who pays loading and transportation costs, and/or the point at which the responsibility of the goods transfers from shipper to buyer. FOB origin is the term used when the ownership/liability of goods passes from the seller to the buyer at the time the goods leave the origin. FOB plant designates that the seller is responsible for the goods until the buyer takes possession at the delivery point. This is important in determining who is responsible for lost or damaged goods when they are in transit from the seller to the buyer. The buyer is responsible when shipped FOB origin and the seller is responsible when shipped FOB delivery point. |
| Hourly economic dispatch | A forward-looking process by which the system personnel responsible for selecting the source(s) of energy to be used by the company to meet its loads in the next hour are free to, and do in fact, decide which available energy resources will be used and in what amount solely on the basis of the relative projected energy costs of those resources for that hour with the goal of minimizing total production cost for that hour. |
| Independent Power Producer (IPP) | A generator who provides either capacity or wholesale power to utilities. IPPs operate in the franchised territories of host utilities and do not possess transmission facilities or sell electricity on the retail market. |
| Price renegotiation | The price is renegotiated at predetermined intervals, usually one year. This type of contract, frequently known as an "Evergreen Contract," may also contain provisions for price adjustments between renegotiations. |
| Price tied to market | Price tied to the price of coal being sold in a particular market. Product and market area are defined in the contract. Contract may contain a "Most Favored Nations" clause, i.e., supplier will not sell to any utility at a price lower than your utility is paying. |
| Qualifying Facility (QF) | A QF is a generating facility which meets the requirements for QF status under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 and 18 CFR Part 292 of the Commission's regulations, and which has either self-certified with the Commission or has obtained FERC certification of QF status. There are two types of QFs: cogeneration facilities and small power production facilities. |
| Rate schedule | The rates, charges, and provisions under which service is supplied to customers. |
| Receipt point | Where the Utility or Utility's contracted agent takes possession of the fuel. |
| Reliability purchase | An energy purchase made when a utility does not have sufficient generating capability to meet its own load plus its planning reserve requirement. |
| Renewable Energy Credit (REC) | A tax credit offered by some states as an incentive for the installation and operation of renewable energy systems such as solar or wind power. |
| Reporting year | The time period to which the data provided in the FERC Form 580 applies. |
| Service schedule | A document describing the kinds of services to be furnished to the identified parties at the rates specified. |
| Shortfall | Contracted less delivered amount. |
| System reserve capacity criteria | Planning criteria used to determine when a reliability purchase is made. |
| Total avoided variable cost | All identified and documented variable costs that would have been incurred by the buyer had a particular purchase not been made. |
| Utility name | The exact legal name of the Utility |