

#### Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for LTAC

Instructions for this form are available at: http://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/forms/instr/TOI-57.150-LTAC.pdf \*required for saving Tracking #: \*Survey Year: \*Facility ID: Facility Characteristics (completed by Infection Preventionist) \*Ownership (check one): □ Not for profit, including ☐ For profit □ Government □ Veterans Affairs church \*Affiliation (check one): ☐ Multi-facility organization ☐ Hospital system ☐ Independent (specialty hospital network) \_\_\_\_ Free-standing \*Setting/classification: Within a hospital If classified as "Free-standing," does your LTAC hospital share physical housing with one or more of the following on-site facilities or units (check all that apply)? □ No ☐ Skilled nursing facility (SNF)/nursing home ☐ Residential facility (assisted living) □ Inpatient rehabilitation facility □ Neuro-behavioral unit or facility ☐ Other (please specify: If classified as "Within a hospital," is your LTAC hospital located: In a building that does not provide acute care services (e.g., psychiatric hospital)? □ Yes □ No Near (but not within) an acute care hospital? □ Yes □ No In the previous calendar year, indicate: \*Number of patient days: \*Number of admissions: \*Average daily census: \*Numbers of LTAC beds in the following categories (categories should equal total): a. Intensive care unit (ICU) or critical care beds: \_\_\_\_ b. High observation/special care/high acuity beds (not ICU): c. General LTAC beds: \*Total number of LTAC beds (licensed capacity): \*Number of single occupancy rooms: \*Total number of admissions with one of the following conditions identified on admission (present on admission, not developing during LTAC stay): (Note: These categories are not mutually exclusive.)

Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that would permit identification of any individual or institution is collected with a guarantee that it will be held in strict confidence, will be used only for the purposes stated, and will not otherwise be disclosed or released without the consent of the individual, or the institution in accordance with Sections 304, 306 and 308(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC 242b, 242k, and 242m(d)).

Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 70 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC, Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Rd., MS D-74, Atlanta, GA 30333, ATTN: PRA (0920-0666).

CDC 57.150 (Front) Rev. 6, v9.4





Page 2 of 17

Facility Microbiology Laborate	oratory Practices (completed with inp	out from Microbiology L	.aboratory	/ Lead)
commonly associated with t		•	ICD-10 an	d DRG codes
*1. Does your facility have in susceptibility testing?	ts own on-site laboratory that performs t	pacterial antimicrobial	□ Yes	□ No
1a. If No, where is your fa	cility's antimicrobial susceptibility testing	performed? (check one)	)	
☐ Affiliated medical cen	ter   Commercial referral laborate	ory   Other local/re reference labora	•	n-affiliated
<ul><li>(1) Primary susceptibility</li><li>(2) Secondary, supplemental formula (2) supplemental (2) suppleme</li></ul>	sms please indicate which methods are resting and ental, or confirmatory testing (if perform ot perform susceptibility testing, please des listed below the table.	ed).	ed at the o	utside laboratory.
Pathogen	(1) Primary	(2) Secondary	Comi	ments
Staphylococcus aureus				
Enterobacterales				<u> </u>
1 = Kirby-Bauer disk diffusion	4 = Sensititre	7 = Agar dilution metho	od	
2 = Vitek (Legacy)	5.1 = MicroScan WalkAway	10 = E test		
2.1 = Vitek 2	5.2 = MicroScan autoSCAN	12 = Vancomycin agar	screen (Bl	HI + vancomycin)
3.1 = BD Phoenix	6 = Other broth microdilution method	13 = Other (describe in	Comment	s section)
susceptibility testing of Pse	or secondary/supplemental antimicrobia udomonas spp., include ceftolozane-taz	obactam? □ Yes	□ No	□ N/A – no AST performed for Pseudomonas
	emented the revised cephalosporin and riaceae recommended by CLSI as of 20 rder Enterobacterales.)		□ Yes	□ No
	emented the revised carbapenem break nended by CLSI as of 2010? (As of 202 probacterales.)		□ Yes	□ No
*6. Does the laboratory perfinclude automated testing in	form a test for presence of carbapenemanstrument expert rules)	ase? (this does not	□ Yes	□ No
6a. If Yes, please indicat	e what is done if carbapenemase produ	ction is detected: (check	one)	
☐ Change susceptibl	e carbapenem results to resistant			
☐ Report carbapener	m MIC results without an interpretation			
<ul><li>No changes are m or infection control</li></ul>	ade in the interpretation of carbapenems practices	s, the test is used for epid	demiologic	
				Continued >>





Page 3 of 17

Facility Microbiology La	aboratory Practices (co	ntinued)				
6b. If Yes, which test is	routinely performed to d	etect carbape	enemase: (check a	ll that apply)		
□ PCR	□ MBL S	creen		□ mCIM/CIM		
☐ Modified Hodge Te	st □ Carba I	NP				
☐ Rapid CARB Blue	□ Cephei	d, BioFire arr	ay, Verigene®			
□ E test	☐ Other (	specify):				
6c. If Yes, which of the	following are routinely te	sted for the p	resence of carbap	enemases: (che	ck all that ap	oply)
☐ Enterobacterales s	pp. □ Pseudomonas	aeruginosa	☐ Acinetobacte	r baumannii		
*7. Does your facility perf and/or <i>Klebsiella spp</i>	form extended-spectrum . either routinely or using		, ,	for <i>E. coli</i>	□ Yes	□ No
7a. If Yes, please indica	ate what is done if ESBL	is detected: (	check one)			
☐ Change susceptil	ole Cefotaxime/Ceftriaxo	ne/Cefepime	results to resistant	t		
□ No changes are r	nade in the interpretatior	of cephalos	porins with a note	of ESBL		
☐ Suppress cephalo	osporin susceptibility res	ults				
*8. Where is yeast identif	ication performed for spe	ecimens colle	cted at your facility	r? (check the mo	st applicable	e)
☐ On-site laboratory						
☐ Affiliated medical c	enter					
☐ Commercial referra	l laboratory					
☐ Other local/regiona	l, non-affiliated reference	aboratory				
☐ Yeast identification laboratory) [If checked	not available (i.e., yeast l, skip questions 9-13)	identification	is not performed of	onsite or at any a	ıffiliate/comr	nercial/other
Answer questions 9-	13 for the laboratory	that <i>perfor</i>	ms yeast identii	fication for you	ur facility:	
*9. Which of the following	methods are used for y	east identifica	ation? (check all th	at apply)		
☐ MALDI-TOF MS Sy	stem (Vitek MS)	□ MicroSc	an			
☐ MALDI-TOF MS Sy	stem (Bruker Biotyper)	□ Non-aut PNA-FISH	omated Manual Ki , etc.)	t (e.g., API 20C,	RapID, Ger	m Tube,
□ Vitek-2		☐ DNA sec	quencing			
☐ BD Phoenix		□ Other (s	pecify)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
*10. Does the laboratory	routinely use Chromaga	r for the ident	ification or differen	tiation of Candid	la isolates?	
☐ Yes	□ No	□ Unkn	own			
						Continued >>



# Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for LTAC

Page **4** of **17** 

Faci	lity Microbiology Labor	ratory Practices (	continued)		
*11. appl		hich of the following	ng body sites are usually fully	y identified to the sp	ecies level? (check all that
	Blood		□ Respiratory		
	Other normally sterile be	ody site (e.g., CSF	•		
	Urine	, ( ),		ntified to the species	
	Does the laboratory emp	ploy any culture-ind	dependent diagnostic tests (	CIDT) to identify <i>Ca</i>	ndida from blood
	∃ Yes □	No	☐ Unknown		
	12a. If yes, which culture (check all that apply)	e-independent dia	gnostic tests (CIDT) are use	d to identify <i>Candida</i>	a from blood specimens?
	☐ T2Candida Panel				
	☐ BioFire				
	☐ Other, specify:		-		
	☐ Unknown				
	Are any culture-indeper cimens?	ndent diagnostic te	sts (CIDT) used to specifica	lly identify Candida	auris from clinical
	∃ Yes	□ No	☐ Unknown		
	3a. If yes, which culture- pecimens? (check all tha		nostic tests (CIDT) are used	to identify Candida	auris from clinical
	☐ T2Cauris Panel				
	□ PCR				
	☐ Other, specify:				
	□ Unknown				
	Where is antifungal suscicable)	ceptibility testing (A	AFST) performed for specime	ens collected at you	r facility? (check the most
	On-site laboratory	[	☐ Other local/regional, non-	affiliated reference la	aboratory
	Affiliated medical center		☐ AFST not available (i.e., A		•
	Commercial referral laboration		affiliate/commercial/other lab	•	•
		·			
	-		ory that <i>performs AFST</i>		
			otibility testing (AFST)? (chec	,	
	Broth microdilution		olorimetric microdilution	☐ E test	☐ Vitek 2 card
	Disk diffusion	☐ Other (spec	ify):	☐ Unknown	<u> </u>
					Continued >>





Page **5** of **17** 

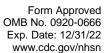
Facility Microbiology Labo	oratory Practices (continu	ied)		
15a. If Vitek is used for AF	ST, which <i>Candida</i> specie	s do you test with it?	(check all that apply)	
☐ C. albicans	☐ C. parapsilosis			
□ C. glabrata	☐ Other Candida spp.			
*16. AFST is performed for v	which of the following antifu	ungal drugs? (check	all that apply)	
☐ Fluconazole	☐ Micafungin		☐ Flucytosine	
□ Voriconazole	☐ Anidulafungin		☐ Other, specify:	
☐ Itraconazole	☐ Caspofungin		☐ Unknown	
☐ Posaconazole	☐ Amphotericin B			
*17. AFST is performed on f		he following situation	s? (check only one b	ox per row)
	Performed automatically/ reflexively	Performed with a clinician's order	Not performed	Unknown
Blood				
Other normally sterile body site (e.g., CSF)				
Urine				
Respiratory				
Other (specify):				
<ul> <li>□ NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT</li> <li>□ Glutamate dehydrogena</li> <li>□ GDH plus NAAT (2-step</li> <li>□ GDH plus EIA for toxin,</li> <li>□ Toxigenic culture (<i>C. di</i></li> </ul>	y's testing is performed? (c (EIA) for toxin ization assay on test (NAAT) (e.g., PCR, I positive (2-step algorithm ase (GDH) antigen plus Ela	check one)  LAMP)  A for toxin (2-step algorepant results etection of toxins)	·	y or the outside
				Continued >>



# Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for LTAC

Page 6 of 17

*19. Please indicate the primary and definitive method used to identify microbes from blood cultures collected in your facility. (check one)
□ MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS)
□ MALDI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper)
☐ Automated Instrument (e.g., Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.)
□ Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.)
□ Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.)
☐ 16S rRNA Sequencing
*20. Please indicate any additional secondary methods used for microbe identification from blood cultures collected in your facility (e.g., a rapid method that is confirmed with the primary method, a secondary method if the primary method fails to give an identification, or a method that is used in conjunction with the primary method). (check all that apply)
□ MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS)
☐ MALDI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper)
☐ Automated Instrument (e.g., Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, OmniLog, Sherlock, etc.)
□ Non-automated Manual Kit (e.g., API, Crystal, RapID, etc.)
□ Rapid Identification (e.g., Verigene, BioFire FilmArray, PNA-FISH, Gene Xpert, etc.)
☐ 16S rRNA Sequencing
Infection Control Practices (completed with input from Hospital Epidemiologist and/or Quality Improvement Coordinator)
*21. Number or fraction of infection preventionists (IPs) in facility:
a. Total hours per week performing surveillance:
b. Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance:
*22. Number or fraction of full-time employees (FTEs) for a designated hospital epidemiologist (or equivalent role) affiliated with your facility:
*23. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with MRSA are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)
$\square$ Yes $\square$ No $\square$ Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
Continued >>





Page **7** of **17** 

Infection C	ontrol Practices (contin	ued)	
	If Yes, please check the ck one):	type of patients th	nat are routinely placed in contact precautions while in your facility
	□ All infected	and all colonized	patients
	☐ Only all infe	cted patients	
	☐ Only infecte	d or colonized pa	atients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
		Patients admitted	to high risk settings
		Patients at high ris	sk for transmission
	policy in your facility that p patients are in your facilit		or colonized with VRE are routinely placed in contact precautions
	□ Yes	□ No	$\hfill \square$ Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
24a. If (check		pe of patients that	t are routinely placed in contact precautions while in your facility
□ All i	nfected and all colonized	patients	
□ Onl	y all infected patients		
□ Onl	y infected or colonized pa	tients with certair	n characteristics (check all that apply)
	Patients admitted to high	risk settings	
	Patients at high risk for tra	ansmission	
			or colonized with CRE (regardless of confirmatory testing for ntact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check
□ Yes			
□ No			
□ Not ap	plicable: my facility never	admits these pat	ients
25a. If (check		pe of patients that	t are routinely placed in contact precautions while in your facility
□ All i	nfected and all colonized	patients	
□ Onl	y all infected patients		
□ Onl	y infected or colonized pa	tients with certain	n characteristics (check all that apply)
	Patients admitted to high	risk settings	
	Patients at high risk for tra	ansmission	
			Continued >>

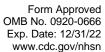




Page 8 of 17

Infection Control Practices (continued)
***************************************

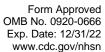
Infection Control Practices (continued)
*26. Is it a policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with suspected or confirmed ESBL-producing or extended spectrum cephalosporin resistant Enterobacterales are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? (check one)
□ Yes
□ No
☐ Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
26a. If Yes, please check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while in your facility (check one):
☐ All infected and all colonized patients
☐ Only all infected patients
☐ Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
☐ Patients admitted to high risk settings
☐ Patients at high risk for transmission
*27. Does the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for CRE? This includes screening for patients at your facility performed by public health laboratories and commercial laboratories
□ Yes □ No
27a. If Yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for CRE? (check all that apply)
☐ Surveillance testing at admission for all patients
☐ Surveillance testing of epidemiologically-linked patients of newly identified CRE patients (e.g., roommates)
☐ Surveillance testing at admission of high-risk patients (check all that apply)
□ Patients admitted from long-term acute care (LTAC) or long-term care facility (LTCF)
☐ Patients with recent (e.g., within 6 months) overnight hospital stay outside the United States
☐ Patients admitted to high-risk settings (e.g., ICU)
☐ Other high-risk patients (please specify):
☐ Other (please specify):
*28. Does the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for MRSA for any patients admitted to non-NICU settings?
□ Yes □ No
Continued >>





Page **9** of **17** 

1 age 3 of 17			
Infection Control Practices (continued)			
28a. If yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for MI (check all that apply)	RSA for no	n-NICU	settings?
☐ Surveillance testing at admission for all patients			
☐ Surveillance testing at admission of high-risk patients (e.g., admitted from long-tenterm care facility [LTCF])	rm acute c	are [LTA	C] or long-
☐ Surveillance testing at admission of patients admitted to high-risk settings (e.g., IC	CU)		
☐ Surveillance testing of pre-operative patients to prevent surgical site infections			
☐ Other (please specify):			
*29. Does the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for MRSA NICU settings?	A for any pa	atients ad	dmitted to
	□ Yes		-
29a. If yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for MI all that apply)	RSA for NI	CU settir	ngs? (check
☐ Surveillance testing at admission for all transferred patients			
☐ Surveillance testing of patients from known MRSA positive mothers			
☐ Surveillance testing of high-risk patients (e.g. infants born premature)			
☐ Routine active surveillance testing (i.e., point prevalence surveys)			
□ Other (please specify):			
*30. Does your facility have a policy to routinely use chlorhexidine bathing for any adult patients?	□ Yes	□ No	<ul><li>□ N/A,</li><li>Children's</li><li>Hospital</li></ul>
*31. Does the facility have a policy to routinely use a combination of topical chlorhexidine <u>AND</u> an intranasal antistaphylococcal agent (mupirocin, iodophor, or an alcohol based intranasal agent) for any adult patients to prevent healthcare-associated infections or reduce transmission of resistant pathogens?	□ Yes	□ No	□ N/A, Children's Hospital
Antibiotic Stewardship Practices			
(completed with input from Physician and Pharmacist Stewardship Leaders)			
*32. Did the antibiotic stewardship leader(s) participate in responding to these questions?	(Check or	ne.)	
☐ Yes, pharmacist lead			
☐ Yes, physician lead			
☐ Yes, both pharmacist and physician leads			
□ Yes, other lead			
□ No			
			Continued >>





Page 10 of 17

Antibiotic Stewardship Practices (continued)
*33. Facility leadership has demonstrated commitment to antibiotic stewardship efforts by: (Check all that apply.)
□ Providing stewardship program leader(s) dedicated time to manage the program and conduct daily stewardship

□ Providing stewardship program leader(s) dedicated time to manage the program and conduct daily stewardship interventions.
□ Allocating resources (e.g., IT support, training for stewardship team) to support antibiotic stewardship efforts.
☐ Having a senior executive that serves as a point of contact or "champion" to help ensure the program has resources and support to accomplish its mission.
□ Presenting information on stewardship activities and outcomes to facility leadership and/or board at least annually.
☐ Ensuring the stewardship program has an opportunity to discuss resource needs with facility leadership and/or board at least annually.
□ Communicating to staff about stewardship activities, via email, newsletters, events, or other avenues.
□ Providing opportunities for hospital staff training and development on antibiotic stewardship. □ Providing a formal statement of support for antibiotic stewardship (e.g., a written policy or statement approved by the board).
☐ Ensuring that staff from key support departments and groups (e.g., IT and hospital medicine) are contributing to stewardship activities.
□ None of the above
34. Our facility has a leader or co-leaders responsible for antibiotic stewardship program ☐ Yes ☐ No
34a. If Yes, what is the position of this leader? (Check one.)
□ Physician □ Pharmacist
□ Co-led by both Pharmacist and Physician □ Other (e.g., RN, PA, NP, etc.; please specify):
34b. If Physician or Co-led is selected, which of the following describes your antibiotic stewardship <b>physician</b> leader? (Check all that apply.)
☐ Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description
☐ Is physically on-site in your facility (either part-time or full-time)
□ Completed an ID fellowship
☐ Completed a certificate program on antibiotic stewardship
☐ Completed training courses (e.g., conferences or online modules) on antibiotic stewardship
□ None of the above
Continued >>



# Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for LTAC

Antibiotic Stewardship Practices (continued)  34c. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for physician (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the physician (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one.)    1-25%	Page II of I	<i></i>				
(co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the physician (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one.)    1-25%	Antibiotic	Stewardship Pract	ices (continued)			
34d. If Physician or Co-led is selected: In an average week, what percent time does the physician (co) leader spend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one.)   1-25%	(	co) leader): What pe	rcent time for antibiotic stew			
34d. If Physician or Co-led is selected: In an average week, what percent time does the physician (co) leader spend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one.)    1-25%		□ 1-25%	□ 51-75%	□ Not specified		
spend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one.)    1-25%		□ 26-50%	□ 76-100%			
26-50%					es the physician (c	co) leader
34e. If Pharmacist or Co-led is selected, which of the following describes your antibiotic stewardship pharmacist leader? (Check all that apply.)   Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description   Is physically on-site in your facility (either part-time or full-time)   Completed a PGY2 ID residency and/or ID fellowship   Completed a certificate program on antibiotic stewardship   Completed training courses (e.g., conferences or online modules) on antibiotic stewardship   None of the above  34f. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for pharmacist (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the pharmacist (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one)   1-25%	□ 1-	-25%	□ 76-100%			
34e. If Pharmacist or Co-led is selected, which of the following describes your antibiotic stewardship pharmacist leader? (Check all that apply.)    Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description   Is physically on-site in your facility (either part-time or full-time)   Completed a PGY2 ID residency and/or ID fellowship   Completed a certificate program on antibiotic stewardship   Completed training courses (e.g., conferences or online modules) on antibiotic stewardship   None of the above  34f. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for pharmacist (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the pharmacist (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one)   1-25%	□ 20	6-50%	□ Not specified			
leader? (Check all that apply.)  Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description  Is physically on-site in your facility (either part-time or full-time)  Completed a PGY2 ID residency and/or ID fellowship  Completed a certificate program on antibiotic stewardship  Completed training courses (e.g., conferences or online modules) on antibiotic stewardship  None of the above  34f. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for pharmacist (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the <b>pharmacist</b> (co) leader's <b>contract or job description?</b> (Check one)  1-25%  76-100%  Stepend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one)  1-25%  76-100%  34g. If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' is selected: <b>In an average week</b> , what percent time does the <b>pharmacist</b> (co) leader <b>spend</b> on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one)  76-100%  Ref-100%  1-25%  76-100%  1-25%  Not specified  51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader?  No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□ 5°	1-75%				
□ Is physically on-site in your facility (either part-time or full-time) □ Completed a PGY2 ID residency and/or ID fellowship □ Completed a certificate program on antibiotic stewardship □ Completed training courses (e.g., conferences or online modules) on antibiotic stewardship □ None of the above  34f. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for pharmacist (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the <b>pharmacist</b> (co) leader's <b>contract or job description?</b> (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34g. If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' is selected: <b>In an average week</b> , what percent time does the <b>pharmacist</b> (co) leader <b>spend</b> on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader? □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?				following describes your antib	oiotic stewardship <b>p</b>	harmacist
□ Completed a PGY2 ID residency and/or ID fellowship □ Completed a certificate program on antibiotic stewardship □ Completed training courses (e.g., conferences or online modules) on antibiotic stewardship □ None of the above  34f. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for pharmacist (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the <b>pharmacist</b> (co) leader's <b>contract or job description?</b> (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34g. If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' is selected: <b>In an average week</b> , what percent time does the <b>pharmacist</b> (co) leader <b>spend</b> on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader? □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□ <b>H</b>	las antibiotic steward	Iship responsibilities in their	contract or job description		
□ Completed a certificate program on antibiotic stewardship □ Completed training courses (e.g., conferences or online modules) on antibiotic stewardship □ None of the above  34f. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for pharmacist (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the <b>pharmacist</b> (co) leader's <b>contract or job description</b> ? (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34g. If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' is selected: <b>In an average week</b> , what percent time does the <b>pharmacist</b> (co) leader <b>spend</b> on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader? □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□ls	physically on-site in	your facility (either part-tim	e or full-time)		
□ Completed training courses (e.g., conferences or online modules) on antibiotic stewardship □ None of the above  34f. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for pharmacist (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the pharmacist (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34g. If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' is selected: In an average week, what percent time does the pharmacist (co) leader spend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader? □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□С	ompleted a PGY2 ID	residency and/or ID fellows	ship		
□ None of the above  34f. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for pharmacist (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the pharmacist (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34g. If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' is selected: In an average week, what percent time does the pharmacist (co) leader spend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader? □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□С	ompleted a certificat	e program on antibiotic stev	vardship		
34f. If 'Has antibiotic stewardship responsibilities in their contract or job description' is selected (for pharmacist (co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the <b>pharmacist</b> (co) leader's <b>contract or job description</b> ? (Check one)    1-25%	□С	completed training co	ourses (e.g., conferences or	online modules) on antibiotic	stewardship	
(co) leader): What percent time for antibiotic stewardship activities is specified in the pharmacist (co) leader's contract or job description? (Check one)    1-25%	□N	one of the above				
□ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34g. If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' is selected: In an average week, what percent time does the pharmacist (co) leader spend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one) □ 1-25% □ 76-100% □ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader? □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	(	co) leader): What pe	rcent time for antibiotic stew			
34g. If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' is selected: In an average week, what percent time does the pharmacist (co) leader spend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one)  1-25%		□ 1-25%	□ 76-100%			
34g. If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co-led' is selected: In an average week, what percent time does the pharmacist (co) leader spend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one)  1-25%		□ 26-50%	□ Not specified			
spend on antibiotic stewardship activities in your facility? (Check one)  □ 1-25% □ 76-100%  □ 26-50% □ Not specified  □ 51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader?  □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?		□ 51-75%				
□ 26-50% □ Not specified □ 51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader? □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?					does the <b>pharmac</b>	cist (co) leader
□ 51-75%  34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader?  □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□ 1-2	5%	□ 76-100%			
34h. If Pharmacist or Other is selected: Does your facility have a designated physician who can serve as a point of contact and support for the non-physician leader?    Yes  No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□ 26-	50%	☐ Not specified			
contact and support for the non-physician leader?  □ Yes □ No  34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?	□ 51-	75%				
34i. If a pharmacist is not the leader or co-leader for the program, is there at least one pharmacist responsible for improving antibiotic use at your facility?						
improving antibiotic use at your facility?					□ Yes	□ No
				ne program, is there at least o	one pharmacist res	ponsible for
			,		□ Yes	□ No



# Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for LTAC

Page 12 of 17

#### **Antibiotic Stewardship Practices (continued)**

35. Our facility has the following priority antibiotic stewardship interventions: (Check all that apply)
☐ Prospective audit and feedback for specific antibiotic agents  35a. If Prospective audit and feedback is selected: For which categories of antimicrobials? Please answer for the following categories of antimicrobials, whether or not they are on formulary. (Check all that apply)
☐ Cefepime, ceftazidime, or piperacillin/tazobactam
□ Vancomycin (intravenous)
☐ Ertapenem, imipenem/cilastatin, or meropenem
$\hfill \Box$ Ceftazidime/avibactam, ceftolozane/tazobactam, meropenem/vaborbactam, imipenem-cilastatin/relebactam, or cefiderocol
□ Fluoroquinolones
□ Daptomycin, linezolid, or other newer anti-MRSA agents
□ Eravacycline or omadacycline
□ Lefamulin
□ Aminoglycosides
☐ Colistin or polymyxin B
☐ Anidulafungin, caspofungin, or micafungin
☐ Isavuconazole, posaconazole, or voriconazole
☐ Amphotericin B and/or lipid-based amphotericin B
□ None of the above
35b. If Prospective audit and feedback is selected: Our antibiotic stewardship program monitors prospective audit and feedback interventions (e.g., by tracking antibiotic use, types of interventions, acceptance of recommendations).
□ Yes □ No
□ Preauthorization for specific antibiotic agents.  35c. If Preauthorization is selected: For which categories of antimicrobials? Please only answer for categories of antimicrobials that are <i>on formulary</i> . (Check all that apply)
☐ Cefepime, ceftazidime, or piperacillin/tazobactam
□ Vancomycin (intravenous)
☐ Ertapenem, imipenem/cilastatin, or meropenem
$\hfill\Box$ Ceftazidime/avibactam, ceftolozane/tazobactam, meropenem/vaborbactam, imipenem-cilastatin/relebactam, or cefiderocol
□ Fluoroquinolones
☐ Daptomycin, linezolid, or other newer anti-MRSA agents
☐ Eravacycline or omadacycline
□ Lefamulin
Continued >>



# Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for LTAC

Page **13** of **17** 

Antibiotic Stewardship Practices (continued)	
□ Aminoglycosides	
□ Colistin or polymyxin B	
☐ Anidulafungin, caspofungin, or micafungin	
☐ Isavuconazole, posaconazole, or voriconazole	
☐ Amphotericin B and/or lipid-based amphotericin B	
□ None of the above	
35d. If Preauthorization is selected: Our antibiotic stewardship program monitors preauthorization interventions (e.g. by tracking which agents are requested for which conditions).	g.,
□ Yes □ No	C
☐ Facility-specific treatment recommendations, based on national guidelines and local pathogen susceptibilities, to assist with antibiotic selection for common clinical conditions (e.g., community acquired pneumonia, urinary tract	
infection, skin and soft tissue infection).  35e. If Facility-specific treatment recommendations is selected: Our stewardship program monitors adherence to our facility's treatment recommendations for antibiotic selection for common clinical conditions (e.g., community acquire pneumonia, urinary tract infection, skin and soft tissue infection).	
□ Yes □ No	0
□ None of the above	
'36. Our facility has a policy or formal procedure for other interventions to ensure optimal use of antibiotics: (Check all thapply.)	hat
☐ Early administration of effective antibiotics to optimize the treatment of sepsis	
☐ Treatment protocols for Staphylococcus aureus bloodstream infection	
☐ Stopping unnecessary antibiotic(s) in new cases of Clostridioides difficile infection (CDI)	
□ Review of culture-proven invasive (e.g., bloodstream) infections	
□ Review of planned outpatient parenteral antibiotic therapy (OPAT)	
☐ The treating team to review antibiotics 48-72 hours after initial order (i.e., antibiotic time-out).	
☐ Assess and clarify documented penicillin allergy	
☐ Using the shortest effective duration of antibiotics at discharge for common clinical conditions (e.g. community-acquired pneumonia, urinary tract infections, skin and soft tissue infections)	
□ None of the above	
36b. If 'Using the shortest effective duration of antibiotics at discharge for common clinical conditions' is selected: Of stewardship program monitors adherence to use of shortest effective duration of antibiotics at discharge for common clinical conditions (e.g. community-acquired pneumonia, urinary tract infections, skin and soft tissue infections), at least annually.	
□ Yes □ No	o
Continued	l >>



# Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for LTAC

Page 14 of 17

Antibiotic Stewardship Practices (continued)
*37. Our facility has in place the following specific 'pharmacy-based' interventions: (Check all that apply)
☐ Pharmacy-driven changes from intravenous to oral antibiotics without a physician's order (e.g., hospital-approved protocol)
☐ Alerts to providers about potentially duplicative antibiotic spectra (e.g., multiple antibiotics to treat anaerobes)
☐ Automatic antibiotic stop orders in specific situations (e.g., surgical prophylaxis)
□ None of the above
*38. Our stewardship program has engaged bedside nurses in actions to optimize antibiotic use.
□ Yes □ No
38a. If Yes is selected: Our facility has in place the following specific 'nursing-based' interventions: (Check all that apply.)
□ Nurses receive training on appropriate criteria for sending urine and/or respiratory cultures.
□ Nurses initiate discussions with the treating team on switching from intravenous to oral antibiotics.
□ Nurses initiate antibiotic time-out discussions with the treating team.
☐ Nurses track antibiotic duration of therapy
38b. If 'Nurses track antibiotic duration of therapy' is selected: Is that information available at the bedside (e.g., on a whiteboard in the room)?
□ Yes □ No
*39. Our stewardship program monitors: (Check all that apply.)
☐ Antibiotic resistance patterns (either facility- or region-specific), at least annually
☐ Clostridioides difficile infections (or C. difficile LabID events), at least annually
$\square$ Antibiotic use in days of therapy (DOT) per 1000 patient days or days present, at least quarterly
☐ Antibiotic use in defined daily doses (DDD) per 1000 patient days, at least quarterly
☐ Antibiotic expenditures (i.e., purchasing costs), at least quarterly
□ Antibiotic use in some other way, at least annually (please specify):
□ None of the above
*40. Our stewardship team provides the following reports on antibiotic use to prescribers, at least annually: (Check all that apply.)
□ Individual, prescriber-level reports
□ Unit- or service-specific reports
□ None of the above
Continued >>



# Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for LTAC

Page **15** of **17** 

Antibiotic Stewardship Practices (continued)		
40a. If 'Individual, prescriber-level reports' or 'Unit- or service-specific reports' is se program uses these reports to target feedback to prescribers about how they can i prescribing, at least annually.		
	□ Yes	□ No
*41. Our facility distributes an antibiogram to prescribers, at least annually		
	□ Yes	□ No
*42. Information on antibiotic use, antibiotic resistance, and stewardship efforts is reported annually.	to hospital staff, at I	east
	□ Yes	□ No
*43. Which of the following groups receive education on optimal prescribing, adverse react antibiotic resistance at least annually? (Check all that apply.)	ions from antibiotics	, and
□ Prescribers		
□ Nursing staff		
□ Pharmacists		
□ None of the above		
*44. Are patients provided education on important side effects of prescribed antibiotics?	□ Yes	□ No
44a. If 'Yes' is selected: How is education to patients on side effects shared? (Check all t		
□ Discharge paperwork		
□ Verbally by nurse		
□ Verbally by pharmacist		
□ Verbally by physician		
□ None of the above		
Optional Antibiotic Stewardship Practices Questions		
Responses to the following questions are not required to complete the annual surve	y.	
Please provide additional information about your facility's antibiotic stewardship ac	tivities and leaders	hip.
45. Antibiotic stewardship activities are integrated into quality improvement and/or patient	safety initiatives.	
	□ Yes	□ No
46. Our facility accesses targeted remote stewardship expertise (e.g., tele-stewardship to for our antibiotic stewardship efforts	obtain facility-specific	c support
	□ Yes	□ No
	C	continued >>



# Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for LTAC

Page <b>16</b> of <b>17</b>			
Optional Antibiotic Stewardship Prac	ctices (continued)		
47. Our stewardship program works wit (Check all that apply)	h the microbiology laboratory to implement th	ne following interventions:	
$\hfill\Box$ Selective reporting of antimicrobial	susceptibility testing results		
☐ Placing comments in microbiology i	reports to improve prescribing		
☐ None of the above			
48. Which committees or leadership enthat apply.)	tities provide oversight of your facility's antibi	otic stewardship efforts? (Cl	heck all
□ Pharmacy director	☐ Executive leadersh	ip (e.g., CEO, CMO)	
☐ Pharmacy & therapeutics	☐ Hospital board		
□ Patient safety	☐ Other (please spec	ify):	
☐ Quality improvement	□ None		
☐ Executive leadership (e.g., CEO, C	MO)		
Facility Water Management Program	(WMP) (Completed with input from WMP	team members.)	
a basic diagram that maps all water suppoints.	nd spread in the facility water system (e.g., pi oply sources, treatment systems, processing		
49a. If Yes, when was the most recen	t assessment conducted? (Check one)		
<ul><li>☐ Within the most recent year (&lt; 1 year ago)</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ Between 1 and 3 years ago</li><li>(≥ 1 year and ≤ 3 years)</li></ul>	☐ More than 3 yea (> 3 years)	ırs ago
modes of transmission, patient suscept	ed a water infection control risk assessment (ibility, patient exposure, and program preparai/pdfs/prevent/water-assessment-tool-508	edness? An example WICR	
		□ Yes	□ No
50a. If Yes, when was the most recen	t assessment conducted? (Check one)		
☐ Within the most recent year (< 1 year ago)	<ul><li>□ Between 1 and 3 years ago</li><li>(≥ 1 year and ≤ 3 years)</li></ul>	☐ More than 3 yea (> 3 years)	ırs ago
*51. Does your facility have a water ma and other opportunistic waterborne path	nagement program (WMP) to prevent the gronogens?	owth and transmission of Le	gionella
		□ Yes	□ No
		Co	ontinued >>





Page **17** of 1**7** 

Facility Water Management Program (WMP) (continued)			
51a. If Yes, who is represented on your facility WMP team	? (Check all that apply)		
☐ Hospital Epidemiologist/ Infection Preventionist	☐ Compliance/ Safety Office	er	
☐ Hospital Administrator/Leadership	☐ Risk/Quality Management	Staff	
☐ Facilities Manager/ Engineer	☐ Infectious Disease Clinician		
☐ Maintenance Staff	☐ Consultant		
☐ Equipment/Chemical Acquisition/Supplier	☐ Laboratory Staff		
☐ Environmental Services	☐ Other (please specify):		
*52. Does your facility regularly monitor the following parameters	eters in the building water syste	em(s)? (Check	all that apply)
Disinfectant (such as residual chlorine):		□ Yes	□ No
If Yes, does your facility have a plan for corrective action not within acceptable limits as determined by the water	` ,	□ Yes	□ No
Temperature:		□ Yes	□ No
If Yes, does your facility have a plan for corrective actions when temperatures are not within acceptable limits as determined by the water management program?		□ Yes	□ No
Heterotropic plate counts:		□ Yes	□ No
If Yes, does your facility have a plan for corrective action			
counts are not within acceptable limits as determined b program?	y the water management	□ Yes	□ No
Specific environmental testing for Legionella:		□ Yes	□ No
If Yes, does your facility have a plan for corrective action testing for <i>Legionella</i> are not within acceptable limits as management program?		□ Yes	□ No