2020 VEGETABLE CHEMICAL USE SURVEY

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ENTERPRISE

01	_			
		CONTACT RECO	ORD	
DATE	TIME		NOTES	
				·

SUBTRACT

INTRODUCTION:

VERSION

[Introduce yourself, and ask for the operator. Rephrase in your own words.]

POID

We are collecting information on chemical use and need your help to make the information as accurate as possible. The information you provide will be used for statistical purposes only. Your responses will be kept confidential and any person who willfully discloses ANY identifiable information about you or your operation is subject to a jail term, a fine, or both. This survey is conducted in accordance with the Confidential Information Protection provisions of Title V, Subtitle A, Public Law 107-347 and other applicable Federal laws. For more information on how we protect your information please visit: https://www.nass.usda.gov/confidentiality. Response is **voluntary**. We encourage you to refer to your records during the interview.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0535-0218. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 60 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

	004
BEGINNING TIME [MILITARY]	
[Name_address and partners verified and undated if necessary]	

During the screening phase of the Vegetable Chemical Use Survey conducted in June and July, your operation was found to be growing or intending to grow vegetables this year. I now need to verify some of the information collected during the screening survey.

Verify operation name and operator on label and/or screener.

If no changes, go to Section A, page 4.

No - [Continue.]

• If changed, continue to "Change in Operating Status".

CHANGE IN OPERATING STATUS

[ENUMERATOR NOTE: *Skip this section if there is no change in operation name or operator.*] Has there been a change in operation name or operator? **NO** - [Go to Enumerator Note below.] CODE **YES** - [Enter code 1, complete name and address information below for new operator, 023 and read Enumerator Note.]..... Operation Name _____ Operator Name Address _____ Phone (_____) ____ **[ENUMERATOR NOTE:** *If the operation on the face page was in business part of the 2020 crop year, complete this questionnaire* for the part of the year during which the operation did business, unless the operation has been taken over by a new operator. If the operator has changed midyear, please conduct this interview start to finish with the new operator after reading "Valid Substitution" rules in section 4 of the Interviewer's Manual.] Has the operation printed on this questionnaire been combined or merged with any other farming operations? Yes - [Go to "Conclusion".]

SCREENING

		_					
1.	ī ,	rrget crops during the 2020	crop year?				
	YES - [Continue.]						
	NO - [Write notes explaining site	uation then go to "Conclusi	ion" on back page.]				
	Notes:						
2.	Are the day-to-day decisions for this [<i>Check one.</i>]	s operation (name on label)	made by –				
	one individual? [Go to Section]	A .]					
	a hired manager? [Go to Section	n A .]					
	partners? [Continue with questi	ons 3 and 4.]					
3.	How many individuals are involve [Enter the number of partners, incl Identify the other persons in this pa (Partners jointly operate land and	luding the partner named or	n the label.			_	NUMBER
	(Partners jointly operate land and partners.)	share in decision making.	Do not include landlor	ds and tenants	as		
4.	Please identify the other person([Verify partners' names and mak			'y been entere	∌ <i>d</i> .]		
PΑ	ARTNERS POID		PARTNERS	POID			
PA	RTNER NAME		PARTNER NAME				
AD	DDRESS		ADDRESS				
CIT	TY STATE Z	ZIP	CITY	STATE	ZIP		
PH	HONE NUMBER	Check if cell phone	PHONE NUMBER				Check if cell phone
				DOID			оновин (т. _р .
	ARTNERS POID		PARTNERS PARTNER NAME	POID			
	DDRESS		ADDRESS				
CIT	TY STATE Z	ZIP	CITY	STATE	ZIP		
PH	IONE NUMBER	Check if cell phone	PHONE NUMBER			Check i	if cell phone

ACRES OPERATED

[En	um	erator Action: If acreage on the insert is verified as correct, enter code 1 in box 801, then skip to Section B . If acreage has changed, ask ALL questions.]	801
Nov	vIv	would like to ask about the total acres operated under this land arrangement.	
1.	Ho	w many acres does this operation	
			ACRES
	a.	Own?+	901
	b.	Rent or lease from others or use rent free?	902
		(Exclude land used on an animal unit month (AUM) basis.)	•
	C.	Rent to others?	905
	C.	Nent to others:	•—
2.	[Ca	alculate item 1a + 1b - 1c.] Then the total acres operated are: =	900
	a.	Does this include the farmstead, all cropland, woodland, pasture land, wasteland, and government program land?	
		YES - [Continue.] NO - [Make corrections, then continue.]	
- 1			
The	re	maining questions in this survey refer to these [item 2] acres.	
3.		the total acres operated, how many acres are considered cropland, including	
		d in hay, summer fallow, cropland idle, cropland used for pasture and cropland	802
	111 (government programs?	•—
4.		the total acres operated, how many acres are vegetables? clude both target and non-target vegetables planted on the operation.)	803
	(IIIC	Lidde botti target and non-target vegetables planted on the operation.)	•

TARGET CROPS & CODES

	FLORIDA		
613	BEANS, SNAP		
808	CABBAGE		
766	CORN, SWEET		
798	CUCUMBERS		
736	PEPPERS, BELL		
742	SQUASH		
748	STRAWBERRIES		
770	TOMATOES		
752	WATERMELONS		

	GEORGIA
613	BEANS, SNAP
808	CABBAGE
766	CORN, SWEET
798	CUCUMBERS
824	ONIONS
736	PEPPERS, BELL
742	SQUASH
752	WATERMELONS

	ILLINOIS
613 E	BEANS, SNAP
738 I	PUMPKINS
	INDIANA

	MICHIGAN
701	ASPARAGUS
613	BEANS, SNAP
798	CUCUMBERS
738	PUMPKINS
742	SQUASH

	MINNESOTA
766	CORN, SWEET
855	PEAS, GREEN
	NEW JERSEY

736 **PEPPERS, BELL**

742 **SQUASH**

NEW YORK
613 BEANS, SNAP
808 CABBAGE
766 CORN, SWEET
824 ONIONS
738 PUMPKINS
742 SQUASH

NORTH CAROLINA	
798 CUCUMBERS	
736 PEPPERS, BELL	
738 PUMPKINS	
742 SQUASH	
752 WATERMELONS	

OHIO

736 **PEPPERS, BELL**738 **PUMPKINS**

	OREGON
613	BEANS, SNAP
766	CORN, SWEET
824	ONIONS
855	PEAS, GREEN
742	SQUASH

	PENNSYLVANIA					
613	BEANS, SNAP					
738	PUMPKINS					

	SOUTH CAROLINA
752	WATERMELONS

	TEXAS						
808	CABBAGE						
798	CUCUMBERS						
824	ONIONS						
738	PUMPKINS						
752	WATERMELONS						

WASHINGTON					
701 ASPARAGUS					
632 CARROTS					
766 CORN, SWEET					
824 ONIONS					
855 PEAS, GREEN					

WISCONSIN					
613 BEANS, SNAP					
808 CABBAGE					
632 CARROTS					
766 CORN, SWEET					
798 CUCUMBERS					
855 PEAS, GREEN					

NOTES:

738 **PUMPKINS**752 **WATERMELONS**

1. What **target vegetables** were on these [*Section A*, *item 2*] acres during the 2020 crop year? (*Exclude new plantings of vegetables not intended for harvest in 2020.*)

[ENUMERATOR NOTE: If no target acreage is present, write notes and skip to "Conclusion" on back page.]

OFFICE USE TABLE 199
LINES IN TABLE 001

	1	2	3	4	5	j	
L I N E			How many acres were PLANTED for harvest in the 2020 crop year? (Include 2020 acres which were planted in other years.)	Were any commercial fertilizers applied to this crop?	Were any herbicides, insecticides fungicides, etc. applied to this crop?	INCLUDE:	 TARGET CROPS ONLY. All acreage of TARGET CROPS for processing or fresh market. All acreage equal to or greater than one tenth of an acre.
	CROP	CROP CODE	ACRES	[YES = 1]	[YES = 1]		All bearing acreage of TARGET
)1			11	12	13		CROPS for roadside stands, farmer's markets or U-pick sales.
2_			11 	12	13		• Acreage not harvested due to weather, economic or other reasons.
3			11 ·	12	13		Crops planted in the fall of 2017
)4			11 -	12	13		if they were part of the 2020 crop.
5			11	12	13	EXCLUDE:	ALL CROPS GROWN
6			11	12	13		IN ANOTHER STATE.
— 7			11 :	12	13		 All crops grown in greenhouses, hothouses and home gardens.
<u> </u>			11	12	13		 Plantings of crops not intended for harvest in 2020.
9			11	12	13	İ	New plantings and other plantings
0			11 :	12	13		which are not yet bearing (asparagus & strawberries)
_ 1			11	12	13		• All vegetables grown for commercial transplanting.
 2			11	12	13		 All mushrooms, potatoes, dry beans, sweet potatoes.
3			11	12	13		All vegetable acreage grown
 4			·	12	13		for seed only.
5			11	12	13		 All vegetable acres grown by institutional, experimental, research and university farms.

NOTES:			

[ENUMERATOR ACTION: If pesticides were reported in Section B, column 5, continue. Otherwise, skip to Section E.]

1. Now I need to get complete information on all of the chemicals applied, including applications made by you and/or by custom applicators during the 2020 crop year to each of the **target VEGETABLE crops** you grew. **Let's start with the first application to your** [*crop*] **since the 2017 crop year harvest.**

[Complete the table for all chemical applications to the target VEGETABLE crops. Use supplemental tables if necessary.]

(Include herbicides, insecticides, nematicides, miticides, fungicides, chemical thinners, growth regulators, microbial agents, pheromones, rodenticides, and soil fumigants. Exclude seed treatments, foliar applications of nutrients, and applications made to VEGETABLE after harvest.)

				OFFICE USE LINES IN TABLE	— TABLE 39 001	9
	L I N E	1	2	3 What products were applied to the [crop]?	4 Was this product bought in liquid or dry form?	Was this part of a tank mix? [If tank mix, ent line number
CHEN PRODUC	MICAL CT NAME	CROP	CROP CODE	[Enter product code.]	[Enter L or D.]	of first produc in mix.]
	01			61		63
	02			61		63
	03			61		63
	04			61		63
	05			61		63
	06			61		63
	07			61		63
	08			61		63
	09			61		63
	10			61		63
	11			61		63
	12			61		63
	13			61		63
	14			61		63
	15			61		63
		esticides not listed	in Respondent Bo	ooklet, specify]		
Line No.	Pesticide Type (Herbicide, Insecticide, Fungicide,		Trade Name and Formulation	Form Pu (Liquid o		EPA Reg. No.
)		PESTICIDE	E APPLICA	TIONS]

CODES FOR COLUMN 8

1 POUNDS	14 PINTS	30 GRAMS	46 SPIRALS
12 GALLONS	15 OUNCES, LIQUID	40 KILOGRAMS	47 PACKETS
13 QUARTS	28 OUNCES, DRY	41 LITERS	50 OTHER (<i>Specify</i>)

	- 6	ΩR	7	Я		q	10
L I N E	How much was applied per acre per application?		What was the total amount applied per application?	[Enter unit from abo	ve.]	How many acres were treated vith this product?	How many times was it applied?
	_			CODI		ACRES	NUMBER
01	65	73		74	77		79
02	65	. 73		74	77		79
03	- 65	73		74	77		79
04	- 65	73		74	77		79
05	- 65	73		74	77		79
06	- 65	73		74	77		79
07	- 65	73		74	77		79
08	- 65	73		74	77		79
09	- 65	73		74	77		79
10	- 65	73		74	77		79
11	65	73		74	77		79
12	65	73		74	77		79
13	65	73		74	77		79
14	65	73		74	77		79
15	65 	73		74	77		79

[For pesticides not listed in Respondent Booklet, specify---]

Line No.	Pesticide Type (Herbicide, Insecticide, Fungicide, etc.)	Tradename and Formulation	Form Purchased (Liquid or Dry)	EPA Reg. No.

OVENMOAN.	1 L I N E		t	3 What products were applied to the [crop]?	4 Was this product bought in liquid or dry form?	Was this part of a tank mix? [If tank mix, enter line number
CHEMICAL PRODUCT NAME	CRO	OP CC	OP DE [Ent	er product code.]	[Enter L or D.]	of first product in mix.1
	16		61			63
	17		61			63
	18		61			63
			61			63
			61			63
	21		61			63
	_ 22		61			63
	- ²² 23		61			63
	_		61			63
	_ 24		61			63
	_ 25		61			63
	26		61			63
	27		61			63
	28					63
	29		61			
	_ 30		61			63
	31		61			63
	32		61			63
	33		61			63
		ot listed in Respond				
Line No. (Herbicide, Insect	ide Type cide, Fungicide, etc.)	Trade Nam and Formula		Form Pur (Liquid or		EPA Reg. No.

CODES FOR COLUMN 8

1 POUNDS	14 PINTS	30 GRAMS	46 SPIRALS
12 GALLONS	15 OUNCES, LIQUID	40 KILOGRAMS	47 PACKETS
13 QUARTS	28 OUNCES, DRY	41 LITERS	50 OTHER (<i>Specify</i>)

L I N E	How much was applied per acre per application?	OR	7 What was the total amount applied per application?	R [Enter unit co from above.	ode]	q How many acres were treated with this product?		10 How many times was it applied?
	- 65	73		CODE 74	77	ACRES	79	NUMBER
16	- 65	·—— 73	·	- —	77		·	
17	_	·	·				·	
18	65 -	73	•	74 	77			
19	65	73	•	74	77		79	
20	65	73		74	77		79	
21	65	73		74	77		. 79	
22	65			74	77			
23	65	73		74 	77			
24	65	73		74	77			
25	65	73		74	77			
26	65	73		74	77			
27	65	73	·	74	77		. <u></u> 79	
28	65	73	·	74	77			
29	65	73	·	74	77		79	
30	- 65	73	•	74	77			
31	65	73	•	74	77			
32	65	73	·	74	77			
33	- 65 -		·	74	77			

[For pesticides not listed in Respondent Booklet, specify---]

Line No.	(Herbicides, Insecticides, Fungicides, etc.)	and Formulation	(Liquid or Dry)	EPA Reg. No.

Now I have some questions about pest management practices you may have used on any of the **total vegetable acres** on this operation. (*Include* both target and non-target vegetable crops grown.) By pests, we mean insects, weeds, and diseases.

[E	[Enumerator Action: Were PESTICIDE APPLICATIONS reported in Section B, column 5 on page 5?]							
	YES - [Continue.]	№ - [Go to item 4.]						
1.	Was weather data used to assist in dete when to make pesticide applications?.	rmining either the need or	YES = 1	CODE 600				
2.	. Were any biological pesticides such as Bt (<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>), insect growth regulators (<i>Courier</i> , intrepid, etc.), neem or other natural/biological based products sprayed or applied to manage pests? YES = 1							
3.	Were pesticides with different mechan mixed for the primary purpose of keep resistant to pesticides?		YES = 1	602				
4.	In 2020, how were your vegetable acres primarily scouted for insects, weeds, diseases and/or beneficial organisms?	 By deliberately going to the vegetable acres specifically for scouting activities. (<i>Enter code 1 and go to item 5.</i>) By conducting general observations while performing routine tasks. (<i>Enter code 2 and go to item 7.</i>) The vegetable acres were not scouted. (<i>Enter code 3 and go to item 10.</i>) 		608				
5.	Was an established scouting process us recording counts, insect traps, etc.) on		YES = 1	609				
6.	Was scouting for pests done on these v	egetable acres due to						
	a. a pest advisory warning?		YES = 1	610				
	b. a pest development model?		YES = 1	611				

		/
		[If column 1 is YES, ask]
		Who did the majority of the scouting for [column 1]—
		1 Operator, partner or family member2 An employee
		3 Farm supply or chemical dealer4 Independent crop consultant or commercial scout
7. Were your vegetable acres scouted for —		5 Processor 6 Other (<i>specify</i> :)
	YES = 1	CODE
a. weeds?	612	614
b. insects and mites?	615	617
c. disease?	618	620

		CODE
8.	Were written or electronic records kept to track the activity or numbers of weeds, insects or diseases?	623 = 1
9.	Was scouting data compared to published information on infestation thresholds to determine when to take measures to manage pests?	624
10.	Was field mapping data used for making pest management decisions? YES	e 1 625
11.	Were the services of a diagnostic laboratory used for pest identification or soil or plant tissue pest analysis? YES:	6 26
12.	Were crop residues plowed down or removed to manage pests?	627
13.	Were crops rotated during the past three years for the purpose of managing pests? YES	e 1 628
14.	Were ground covers, mulches, or other physical barriers maintained to manage pest problems?	e 1 629
15.	Was a crop variety chosen because it had resistance to a specific pest? YES	e 1 630
16.	Was no-till or minimum till used to manage pests?	e 1 631
17.	Were planting locations planned to avoid infestation of pests?	e 1 632
18.	Were planting or harvesting dates adjusted to manage pests?	633
19.	Were row spacing or plant density adjusted to manage pests? YES	634
20.	Was a trap crop grown to help manage insects? YES =	635
21.	Were any beneficial organisms (insects, nematodes, fungi) applied or released to manage pests? YES	e 1 636
22.	Were floral lures, attractants, repellants, pheromone traps or other biological pest controls used on any vegetable acres?	637
23.	Were any vegetable acres cultivated for weed control during the growing season? YES	640
24.	Were field edges, lanes, ditches, roadways or fence lines chopped, mowed, plowed, or burned to manage pests on any vegetable acres? YES	e 1 642
25.	Were equipment and implements cleaned after completing field work to reduce the spread of pests?	e 1 643
26.	Were any vegetable acres irrigated for the 2020 crops? YES :	644
	a. [<i>If item 26 = YES</i> , <i>ask</i>] Were water management practices (excluding chemigation)	
	such as irrigation scheduling, controlled drainage, or treatment of retention water used to manage pests?	645 = 1

COMPLETION CODE for FERTILIZER APPLICATIONS		COMPLETION CODE for PESTICIDE APPLICATIONS		COMPLETION CODE for PEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES	
1 Incomp/R 3 Valid 7ero	00	1 Incomp/R 3 Valid Zero	300	1 Incomp/R	500

<u>E-1</u>	PEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES	.	<u>E-1</u>	
	ote: For the remaining questions, primary targed, as reported in Section B, Question 1.	et crop is defined as	s the large	st target crop by acres planted for
The primary tar	get crop on this operation is:	crop /_		_crop code.

PEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

E-1

1. Were any of the following pesticide spraying practices or activities used on this operation for [insert primary target crop] in 2020? Pesticides include insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, bactericides, nematicides, and plant growth regulators (PGR).

	1	2	3	4
Pesticide Spraying Practice or Activity	Was this used in 2020?	Was it specifically used to keep pesticide application(s) on target (i.e., reduce pesticide drift)?	[Complete column for every Yes in Column 1.] Considering labor, training, capital expenditures, and other costs, how easy or difficult was it to implement this practice or activity?	[Complete column for every No in Column 1.] Why was this practice or activity not used? List all that apply.
	1 Yes 3 No 99 Don't Know	1 Yes 3 No 99 Don't Know	1 Very Easy 2 Somewhat Easy 3 Somewhat Difficult 4 Very Difficult	1 Cost of labor/training 2 Cost of associated equipment/products 3 Incompatible with current production practices (e.g., topography, equipment limitations) 4 General time management issue/too busy 5 Unfamiliar with activity or practice 6 Other, specify:
a. Altering spray time(s) depending on weather conditions (e.g., wind speed, wind direction)	5170	5171	5172	5173 5174 Specify:
b. Calibrate sprayer before the season	5190	5191	5192	5193 5194 Specify:
c. Calibrate sprayer during the season	5195	5196	5197	5198 5199 Specify:
d. Manually altering sprayer settings to improve the spray precision (e.g., altering spray pressure, ground speed, and/or boom height)	5200	5201	5202	5203 5204 Specify:
e. Electronic eye/infra-red or other sensor-based technology (e.g., sonar)	5165	5166	5167	5168 5169 Specify:
f. Other technologies to improve the spray precision (e.g., on/off nozzle spray technology, GPS technology, variable-rate technology)	5205	5206	5207	5208 5209 Specify:
g. Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) (e.g., Aim Command, Raven's Hawk Eye, John Deere's Exact Apply)	5215	5216	5217	5218 5219 Specify:
h. Other - Specify: 5225	5220	5221	5222	5223 5224 Specify:

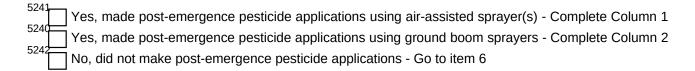
<u>E-1</u>	PEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES E-1
	of the following spraying practices resulted in a sprayer re-calibration for [insert primary target crop] in 2020? that apply.
	5261 Computer calibration alert system
	5262 Change in product being applied
	Observed change in spray pattern (e.g., from worn nozzles)
	5264 Scheduled calibration (e.g., daily, monthly, annually)
	5265 When moving to a different block or crop
	Other, specify: ⁵²⁶⁸
	5267 \square None of the above
	ng application of herbicides, which of the following methods of spraying did this operation use to apply insecticide/bactericides/nematicides/plant growth regulator for [insert primary target crop] in 2020? Check all that apply.
	5405 Ground boom sprayer(s)
	5406 Aerial application(s)
	5407 Spot treatments (e.g., backpack sprayers)
	⁵⁴¹⁰ Chemigation (such as through drip irrigation or micro-sprinklers)
	Air blast / Air-assisted sprayer(s)
	Other, specify: ⁵⁴⁰⁰
the vegeta nematicid	ergence pesticide applications are pesticides that are applied both prior to planting and/or before the emergence of ables for early-season pest management. Pesticides include insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, bactericides, es, and plant growth regulators (PGR). Did this operation make any pre-emergence pesticide applications using air yer and/or ground boom sprayers for [insert primary target crop] in 2020?
	Yes, made pre-emergence pesticide applications using air blast / air-assisted sprayer(s) - Complete Column 1 Yes, made pre-emergence pesticide applications using ground boom sprayers - Complete Column 2 No, did not make pre-emergence pesticide applications - Go to item 5

		For Air blast / Air-assisted sprayer(s) systems	For	Ground Boom systems
		L.a. —	5427	Insecticides
		Insecticides	5428	Fungicides
	what pesticide type(s) were	Fungiciaes	5429	
	used in this [insert	I leibicides	5430	1 1
	systems type] pre- emergence in 2020?	Bactericides	Xxx	□ Dactericides
	Check all that apply.	xxxx Nematicides	5431	
	and an arranged property.	Plant Growth Regulators (PGRs)	5432	Flant Growth Regulators (FGRS)
		5425 Other: specify: 5426	0.102	Other: specify: ⁵⁴³³
		543 <u>4</u>	\$435 —	7 5.004
		Less than 25 GPA	1 -	Less than 5 GPA
b.	What is the typical spray	2 25 to <50 GPA	2	5 to <7.5 GPA
	volume, in Gallons per Acre (GPA), for pesticide	3	3	7.5 to <10 GPA
	applications pre-emergence	4	4	10 to <15 GPA 15 to <20 GPA
	in 2020? Select one item	5 100 to <200 GPA	5	20 to <25 GPA
	only.	6 200 or greater GPA	6	25 or greater GPA
		99 Don't Know	99	Don't Know
				DOIT KNOW
		5436	\$437	Less than 10 PSI
		Less than 50 PSI	1 _	10 to <20 PSI
		2 50 to <75 PSI	2	20 to <30 PSI
		3	3	-30 to <40 PSI
C.	What is the typical operating	4 100 to <150 PSI	4	40 to <50 PSI
	pressure, in PSI, for pesticide	5 150 to <200 PSI	5	50 to <60 PSI
	applications pre-emergence	6 200 or greater PSI	6	60 to <70 PSI
	in 2020? Select one item	99 Don't Know	7	70 to <80 PSI
	only.		8	
			9	90 PSI or greater
			10 -	Don't know
		1 Hollow Cone	99	DOIT KNOW
		2 Full Cone	5438 	Hollow Cone
Ч	What is the typical nozzle	Pull Corie	1 _	Full Cone
u.	used when spraying pesticide	3 Disc/Core Nozzle	2	Disc/Core Nozzle
	applications pre-emergence	4 Flat fan	3	- Flat fan
	in 2020? Select one item	5 Air-inclusion (AI) Air-induction	4	Air-inclusion (Al)/Air-induction/Venturi
	only.		5	Other, specify: 5439
		Other, specify: xxxx 99 Don't Know	6	Don't Know
			99	DOIT KNOW
			5441 	71 aga than 1 mmh
		5440	1 _	Less than 1 mph 1 to <2 mph
e.	What is the typical ground speed when spraying	Less than 1 mph	2	2 to <3 mph
	pesticide applications pre-	2 1 to <2 mph	3	-3 to <4 mph
	emergence in 2020? Select	3 2 to <3 mph	4	4 to <5 mph
	one item only.	4 3 to <4 mph	5	5 to <6 mph
	-	4 to <5 mph 5 mph or greater	6	6 to <7 mph
f.	What is the typical boom	L	<u> </u>	7 mph or greater
	height above the ground	99 Don't Know	8 _	
	when spraying pesticide			DOLL KILOW
	applications pre-emergence in 2020? Select one item	1 == <24 inches	5442	☐<24 inches
	only.	2 24 to <36 inches	† <u>_</u>	24 inches 24 to <36 inches
	Oiny.	3 36 inches or greater	7	
		4 Don't know	3	36 inches or greater Don't know
			99 🗀	- DOLL KHOW

	or Air blast / Air-as ¹ sisted orayer(s) systems	2 For Ground Boom systems
g. What is the typical target droplet size spectrum for pesticide applications pre-emergence in 2020? Select one item only.	Less than 106 microns (Extremely 1 Fine or Very Fine) 106-235 microns (Fine) 2 236-340 microns (Medium) 341-403 microns (Coarse) 404-502 microns (Very Coarse) 503-665 microns (Extremely Coarse) Greater than 665 microns (Ultra Coarse)	Fine or Very Fine)
h. For which of the following reasons did this operation change the airspeed (in revolutions per minute, or RPM) 5448 pre-emergence in 2020? Check all that apply.	Change of product(s) Use of specialty Plant Growth Regulator (PGR) applications (e.g., for thinning or fruit finish) Moving between blocks Wind speed or wind direction	
practices were used pre-	Drift reducing adjuvant(s) Drift reducing nozzle(s) Shielded sprayers Don't know	Drift reducing adjuvant(s) Drift reducing nozzle(s) Shielded sprayers Don't know

5. Post-emergence pesticide applications are made to control pests that occur after emergence of the vegetables.

Pesticides include insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, bactericides, nematicides, and plant growth regulators (PGR). Did this operation make any post-emergence pesticide applications using air blast sprayers and/or ground boom sprayers for [insert primary target crop] in 2020?



	For Air blast / 1	2
	systems Air-assisted sprayer(s)	
	-	For Ground Boom systems
	5420 Insecticides	5427 Insecticides
A Mast posticide type (a)	5421 Fungicides	5428 Fungicides
A. What pesticide type(s) were used in this [insert	5422 Herbicides	<24 inches
systems type] post-	Dactericides	2 to <36 inches 54 36 inches or greater
emergence in 2020?	Nematicides 5423 Plant Growth Regulators (PGRs) Other:	Den't know
Check all that apply.		54 Rs) Other:
отто от от от отругу		5432 specify: 5433
	5425	speeny.
	Less than 25 GPA	\$435 Less than 5 GPA
	25 to <50 GPA	5 to <7.5 GPA
B. What is the typical spray	50 to <75 GPA	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ \end{vmatrix}$ 7.5 to <10 GPA
volume, in Gallons per Acre	75 to <100 GPA	3 10 to <15 GPA
(GPA), for pesticide	100 to <200 GPA	15 to <20 GPA
applications post-	200 or greater GPA Don't Know	⁵ 20 to <25 GPA
emergence in 2020? Select	6 DOTT KIOW	⁶ 25 or greater GPA
one item only.	99	Don't Know
	Logo than FO DCI	99
	Less than 50 PSI	\$437 Less than 10 PSI
	50 to <75 PSI	10 to <20 PSI
	75 to <100 PSI	² → 20 to <30 PSI
	100 to <150 PSI 150 to <200 PSI	³ → 30 to <40 PSI
		4 40 to <50 PSI
C. What is the typical	200 or greater PSI Don't Know	⁵ 50 to <60 PSI
operating pressure, in PSI,	6 DOTT KNOW	⁶ 60 to <70 PSI
for pesticide applications	99 🗀	⁷ 70 to <80 PSI
post-emergence in 2020?		⁸ 80 to <90 PSI
Select one item only.		⁹ 90 PSI or greater
		Don't know
	1 — Hollow Cone	99
	2 Full Cone	⁵⁴³⁸ Hollow Cone
	Disc/Core Nozzle	† Full Cone
 D. What is the typical nozzle 	Flat fan Air-inclusion (Al)/Air-induction/Venture	² Disc/Core Nozzle
used when spraying herbicide	6 Other, specify: xxxx	³ Flat fan
applications post-emergence	99 Don't Know	⁴ Air-inclusion
in 2020? Select one item		⁵ (Al)/Air-induction/Venturi Other,
only.		6 specify: 5439
	5440	99 Don't Know
	Less than 1 mph	5441
	2 1 to <2 mph	Less than 1 mph
E. What is the typical	3 — 2 to <3 mph	2 1 to <2 mph
ground speed when	4 3 to <4 mph	³ 2 to <3 mph
spraying pesticide	5 4 to <5 mph	4 3 to <4 mph
applications post	5 mph or greater	5 4 to <5 mph
emergence in 2020? Select one item only.	99 Don't Know	6 5 to <6 mph
one item only.		⁷ 6 to <7 mph
F. What is the typical boom		⁸ 7 mph or greater
height above the ground or		99 Don't know
plant canopy when spraying		5442
herbicide applications post-	1	1 <24 inches
emergence in 2020? Select		² 24 to <36 inches
one item only.		36 inches or greater
		⁹⁹ ☐ Don't know

PEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

	For Air Blast / Air-as sisted	2
	sprayer(s) systems	For Ground Boom systems
G. What is the typical target droplet size spectrum for pesticide applications postemergence in 2020? Select one item only.	Less than 106 microns (Extremely 1 Fine or Very Fine) 106-235 microns (Fine) 236-340 microns (Medium) 341-403 microns (Coarse) 404-502 microns (Very Coarse) 503-665 microns (Extremely Coarse) Coarse) Greater than 665 microns (Ultra Coarse) 100n't Know	Less than 106 microns (Extremely Fine or Very Fine) 1 06-235 microns (Fine) 2 106-235 microns (Fine) 3 236-340 microns (Medium) 4 341-403 microns (Coarse) 404-502 microns (Very Coarse) 503-665 microns (Extremely Coarse) 7 Greater than 665 microns (Ultra Coarse) 99 Don't Know
H. For which of the following reasons did this operation change the airspeed (in revolutions per minute, or RPM) post-emergence in 2020? Check all that apply.	5445 Crop stage 5446 Change of product(s) 5447 Use of specialty Plant Growth Regulator (PGR) applications (e.g., for thinning or fruit finish) Moving between blocks Wind speed or wind direction Other, 5448 Specify: 5451 5450 Tever 5450	
 j. Which of the following practices were used post-emergence in 2020? Check all that apply. 	5453 Drift reducing adjuvant(s) 5454 Drift reducing nozzle(s) 5455 Shielded sprayers xxxx Don't Know	5453 Drift reducing adjuvant(s) 5454 Drift reducing nozzle(s) 5455 Shielded sprayers 0000 Don't know
	- - - -	

6. Now we are going to ask a few questions about spray equipment maintenance in 2020.

	1	2
	For Air Blast / Air-assisted systems	For Ground Boom systems
a. How often did this operation clean the system(s) in 2020? Check all that apply. [If the never box is checked for Item 5464 in Column 1 or 5276 in Column 2, then skip item 25b and go to 25c; otherwise go to 24b.]	Before the season After the season Depended on the product(s) When switching from USDA certified organic to conventional blocks Regularly scheduled cleaning Other: specify: Mever	Before the season After the season Depended on the product(s) When switching from USDA certified organic to conventional blocks Regularly scheduled cleaning Other: specify: 5276 Never
b. For each time that the system(s) was cleaned, how often was a tank cleaner used?	Always (100%) Often (51% or more) Sometimes (50% or less) Never (0%)	Always (100%) Often (51% or more) Sometimes (50% or less) Never (0%) On't know
c. Did this operation use separate spray rigs for herbicides	Yes No Don't Know	
d. What were the most common reasons for replacing the nozzles on the sprayers in 2020? Check all that apply.	Fast Segularly scheduled calendar based replacement (i.e., annually, twice annually, monthly, etc.) Fast Segularly scheduled replacement based on operating time (I.e., sprayer operating hours) Fast Sporadic replacement based on area covered or general intuition (i.e., it feels like the right time to change nozzles) Fast Calibration problems (i.e., too high or too low a flow rate) Fast Observed nozzle damage (e.g., change in spray pattern or leaks) Fast Availability of new nozzle technologies Fast Expert and/or consultant recommendations (e.g., Cooperative Extension, crop consultants, etc.) Fast Other, please specify: Fast Other above	Regularly scheduled calendar based replacement (i.e., annually, twice annually, monthly, etc.) Regularly scheduled replacement based on operating time (I.e., sprayer operating hours) Sporadic replacement based on area covered or general intuition (i.e., it feels like the right time to change nozzles) Calibration problems (i.e., too high or too low a flow rate) Calibration problems (e.g., change in spray pattern or leaks) Availability of new nozzle technologies Expert and/or consultant recommendations (e.g., Cooperative Extension, crop consultants, etc.) Other, please specify: None of the above

E-1	PEST MANAGEMENT PRA	CTICES	E-1
On what proportion of fields did the sthe height of the crop canopy	his operation wind-breaking structures, such	n as hedge rows, that are at least	one and a half
5300 1 0%	₂ 1% to 25%	₃ 26% to 50%	
4 51% to 75%	5 76% to 100%	₉₉ Don't know	

8. How often were the following sources of information used to inform pest management decisions in 2020?

1
How often was this source of information used?
1 Always (100%) 2 Often (51% or more) 3 Sometimes (50% or less) 4 Never (0%) 99 Don't know
Code
5301
5303
5305
5307
5309
5311
xxxx
3.13
5315
5317
5320

9.[If 8b, column 1 equals 1, 2, 3, ask--] Which of the following types of services offered by the University and/or Agricultural Cooperative Extension were most often used as sources of pest management decisions in 2020?

		How often was this source of information used?
University and/or Agricultural Cooperative Extension Services		1 Always (100%) 2 Often (51% or more) 3 Sometimes (50% or less) 4 Never (0%) 99 Don't know
		··· Code
a. Formal presentations (e.g., annual meetings, educational trainings)		5 .322
b. Field days/demonstration workshops		.5323
c. Farm visits and/or one-on-one consultation		5324
d. Email lists		.5325
e. Newsletters and blogs	•••	5.3. 26
f. Crop and/or Pest Protection Handbook		5-3-27
g. Other publications (e.g., fact sheets)		5.3. 28
h. Decision tools		5.3. 29
i. Other, Specify: ⁵³³⁰		5331

10. How often were the following practices used during the season to manage herbicide, fungicide and insecticide resistance in 2020?

	Only complete if operation uses herbicides	Only complete if operation uses fungicides	Only complete if operatio uses insecticides
Practice to Manage Resistance for Herbicide, Fungicide and Insecticide	How often was each practice used on this operation to manage herbicide resistance?	How often was each practice used on this operation to manage fungicide resistance?	How often was each practice used on this operation to manage insecticide resistance?
	1 Always (100%) 2 Often (51% or more) 3 Sometimes (50% or less) 4 Never (0%) 99 Don't know	1 Always (100%) 2 Often (51% or more) 3 Sometimes (50% or less) 4 Never (0%) 99 Don't know	1 Always (100%) 2 Often (51% or more) 3 Sometimes (50% or less) 4 Never (0%) 99 Don't know
a. Scouting	5510	5511	5512
b. Field mapping weeds and/or keeping records of field history and pesticide use to assist pesticide decisions	5332	5333	5334
c. Field Management/Sanitation Practices			
 For weed control (e.g., managing weeds in field borders, tillage, preventing field-to-field and within field movement of weed seed) 	5335		
ii. For disease control (e.g., removing or incorporating unharvested material, cleaning transplant trays, sanitizing process or wash water		5336	
iii. For insect control (e.g., removing or incorporating unharvested vegetables and/or other field litter)			5337
d. Planting disease-resistant cultivars and/or rootstock		5338	
e. Use of pest diagnostic tools (e.g., Integrated Pest Management (IPM) treatment thresholds, predictive weather models (e.g., degree day models), pest forecasting systems, and/or assistance from diagnostic networks)		5342	5343
f. Pesticide Mode of Action (MOA) rotation	5344	5345	5346
g. Pesticide Mode of Action (MOA) combination (i.e., tank mix or pre-mix product)	5347	5348	5349
h. Rotating crops	0000	0000	0000
In an effort to reduce off-target impacts to pla	ante pollinatore and/or b	anoficial incosts, did this	noration communicate

h or c	n or consult any of the following sources in 2020? Check all that apply.				
5	351	Neighboring crop producers			
5	352	Nearby beekeepers			
5	353	A local expert, such as an Agricultural Cooperative Extension agent			
5	5354	State managed pollinator protection plans, or MP3s (MP3s are state-developed efforts that intend to reduce pesticide exposure through timely communication and coordination among beekeeper growers, pesticide applicators, and landowners)			
5	5355	Driftwatch - Driftwatch is a voluntary communication tool that enables crop producers, beekeeper and pesticide applicators to work together to protect crops and apiaries through the use of mapping programs.			

E-1	PEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES	E-1

10. How ofter	n were the following practices used during the season to manage herbicide, fungicide and insecticide
5356	Other communication tool(s), Specify: 5358
5357 F	Other, Specify: ⁵³⁵⁹

	1	2
Best Management Practices	How often was this practice used? 1 Always (100%) 2 Often (51% or more) 3 Sometimes (50% or less) 4 Never (0%) 99 Don't know	[Only answer if column 1 = 1 2, or 3] Was this practice specifically used to prevent exposure to bees? 1 Always (100%) 2 Often (51% or more) 3 Sometimes (50% or less) 4 Never (0%) 99 Don't know
a. Avoid crop bloom time applications	5520	5521
b. Make applications when temperatures are below 50°F	5522	5523
c. Maintain buffer between known beehive locations	5524	5525
d. Select pesticides that have the lowest residual toxicity to bees	5526	5527
Use alternative application methods of an active ingredient to prevent bee exposure (e.g., non-foliar applications when bees are foraging)	5528	5529
f. Avoid applications when dew is forecast	5530	5531
g. Manage blooming plants on the orchard floor before applying pesticides that are acutely toxic to bees (e.g., mowing)	5532	5533
h. Make application(s) at nighttime or no more than two hours prior to sunset	5534	5535
i. Other, Specify: ⁵⁵³⁶	5537	5538
13.Which of the following auditing systems, if any, did this operation 536 GLOBAL G.A.P. 536 State Quality Food (SQF) Program 536 Other, Specify: 5365 The operation did not participate in an audition 536 Don't know		Check all that apply.
CONCLUS	SION	
URVEY RESULTS		
. To receive the complete results of this survey on the release date, go http://www.nass.usda.gov/Surveys/Guide_to_NASS_Surveys/	to	
To have a brief summary emailed to you at a later date, please enter your email address.	95	
		CODE

Would	vou rather ha	ve a brief summ	ary mailed to	you at a later dat	·e?		.	/ES = 1	9990	
		ent, then review						.20 1		
ENDING TIME [MILITARY].									005	
									OFFICE USE TIME IN HOURS	
									006	
RECORD USE									CODE	
Did respondent use operation records to report pesticide data? YES = 1									064	
SUPPLEM	ENT USE									
Record the total number of supplements used to complete this interview.									NUMBER	
Fertilizer Supplements									067	
Pesticide Supplements									068	
								ı		
	on Email: (if	different from a	bove) O	peration Phone						
9937	9937 9936						Check if cell phone			
				9910			9911			
Reported by:					M D D	Telephone:				
				OFFICE U	SF.				1	
R. Unit	Ptr 1 Str	Ptr 2 Str	Ptr 3 Str	Ptr 4 Str	OPS	SSC) 1 ADJ		Optional Use	
9921	9922	9923	9927	9928	923	9907	922	990		
Response		Respondent		Mode		Enui	Enum.		POID	
1-Comp 2-R 3-Inac	9901	9901 1-Op/Mgr 9902 2-Sp 3-Acct/Bkpr		D D A TT (1) 0000			9989			
4-Office Hold		4-Partner 9-Other					Ev	al.	Change	

9900

Change

9985