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## Bullet Pattern Analysis Black Box Study — Background Survey

3. What percentage of time have you spent over the last year conducting firearms evidence comparisons?

ExaminerID: P7140
The purpose of this study is to evaluate the accuracy, repeatability, and reproducibility of bullet comparisons by firearms examiners. The study is being conducted by Noblis and NIST. Participation will be open to US and Canadian firearms examiners who have conducted operational casework in the past year. Participants are required to complete this on-line background questionnaire.  Questions regarding the study should be directed to firearms@noblis.org.  OMB Control Number: 0693-0033  Expiration Date: 07/31/2022
Training and Experience
1. Highest completed education level
O 1A: High school diploma (or equivalent)
O 1B. Associate degree
O 1C: Bachelor's degree
O 1D: Master's degree
O 1D: Doctorate
2. Number of years' experience conducting firearms examination casework employing microscopic comparisons (after training).
O 2A: Less than 1 year
O 2B 1-4 years
O 2C: 5-14 years
O 2D: 15 or more years

7/27/22, 1:16 PM Background Survey

## Bullet Pattern Analysis Black Box Study — Background Survey

## ExaminerID: P7269

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1. Highest completed education level

Expiration Date: 07/31/2022

## **Training and Experience**

O 2B: 1-4 years

O 2C: 5-14 years

O 2D: 15 or more years

	○ 1A: High school diploma (or equivalent)
	O 1B: Associate degree
	O 1C: Bachelor's degree
	O 1D: Master's degree
	O 1D: Doctorate
2.	Number of years' experience conducting firearms examination casework employing microscopic comparisons (after training).
	O 2A: Less than 1 year

<sup>3</sup> What percentage of time have you spent over the last year conducting firearms evidence comparisons?

	○ 3A: Less than 10%
	○ 3B: 10-25%
	○ 3C: 25-50%
	○ 3D: 50-75%
	○ 3E: 75-100%
4.	Are you certified as a firearms examiner (Select all that apply. Leave blank if not certified.)
	4A: Association of Firearm and Tool Mark Examiners(AFTE)
	4B: Agency certified or qualified as a firearms examiner by a current or previous employer
	4C: Other
5.	Type of firearms examination training received
	O 5A: Formal program of instruction for 1 year or more
	○ 5B: Formal program of instruction for 6 months to 1 year
	○ 5C: Formal program of instruction for less than 6 months
	O 5D: Limited formal training (courses, workshops) for less than 6 months
	O 5E: Other
6.	Have you ever testified in court as an expert in firearms examination?
	O 6A: Yes, more than 20 times
	O 6B: Yes, 10-20 times
	○ 6C: Yes, less than 10 times
	○ 6D: No

7. When did you last complete a proficiency test in firearms examination? (Exclude testing completed as part of your training or as competency

tests
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O 7A: Within the last year
O 7B: Within the last 2 years
O 7C: Within the last 5 years
O 7D: More than 5 years
○ 7E: Never
8. Who prepared your most recent proficiency test?
O 8A: Not Applicable (have never completed a proficiency test)
O 8B: Collaborative Testing Services (CTS)
O 8C: Forensic Assurance
O 8D: Internally produced by my employer
O 8E: Produced by external partner agency
O 8F: Other
Your Agency and its Policies
9. Current Employment (If retired within the last year use your most recent employer. Note that this study is limited to US firearms examiners.)
O 9A: U.S. Federal Government
O 9B: U.S. State Government
O 9C: U.S. City/County Government
O 9D: U.S. Private sector (non-government)

O 9E: Individual Examiner (sole practitioner)	
10. Has your agency received accreditation in firearms examination?	
O 10A: Yes	
O 10B: No (my agency is not accredited)	
O 10C: I don't know if my agency is accredited	
11. Who accredited your agency in firearms examination? (Select all that apply. Leave blank if unknown or not accredited.)	
☐ 11A: American Society of Crime Laboratory Directors / Laboratory Accreditation Board (ASCLD/LAB)	
☐ 11B: American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA)	
☐ 11C: ANSI-ASQ National Accreditation Board (ANAB)	
☐ 11D: Forensic Quality Services, Inc (FQS)	
11E: Other	
12. What conclusions does your agency use to report comparison findings in firearm evidence casework?	
12A: Identification, Elimination, Unsuitable, and three subcategories of Inconclusive ( <u>AFTE Range of Conclusions (https://afte.org/about-us/whaafte/afte-range-of-conclusions)</u> )	<u>ıt-is-</u>
O 12B: Identification, Inconclusive, Elimination, Unsuitable (AFTE range of conclusions, but without subcategories of Inconclusive)	
O 12C: Other	
13. Does your agency require blind verification of firearm evidence casework conclusions? (Blind verification is a comparison performed by a second examiner who does NOT know the primary examiner's conclusion.)	
13A: Yes: blind verification is always required (for all conclusions)	
13B: Yes: blind verification is required, but only for some conclusions	
○ 13C: Yes: blind verification is performed on a randomly-selected subset of cases (or a percentage of cases)	

agree — when a recovered firearm is available to collect exemplar (test fired) bullets?

•	other words: you have one or more crime scene bullets that agree on all class characteristics with exemplar bullets from a recovered firearm, but differ on dividual characteristics, does your agency allow you to make an elimination conclusion?)	
	O 17A: Yes	
	○ 17B: No	
	17C: Not specified by agency policies or procedures	
<b>wh</b> (In	. If the firearm is not available when conducting a comparison of bullets, does your agency allow making elimination (exclusion) conclusions nen all class characteristics agree?  other words: if you do not have a recovered firearm, and you have two crime scene bullets that agree on all class characteristics, but differ on individual aracteristics, does your agency allow you to make an elimination conclusion?)	
	O 18A: Yes	
	O 18B: No	
	18C: Not specified by agency policies or procedures	
19 Q?	. When making comparisons of multiple known bullets (Ks) to an unknown bullet (Q), do you intercompare Ks before you compare the Ks to the?	
	○ 19A: Always intercompare Ks first	
	○ 19B: Always compare the Ks to the Q first	
	O 19C: Varies from examination to examination	
Your Bullet Comparison Casework		
	. In your casework, approximately what proportion of examinations involve bullet comparisons (as opposed to cartridge case comparisons)? elect closest category)	
	O 20A: No bullet comparisons (100% of comparisons are cartridge cases)	
	O 20B: 10% bullets (90% cartridge cases)	
	O 20C: 25% bullets (75% cartridge cases)	

2, 1110	U 20D: 50% bullets (50% cartridge cases)
	O 20E: 75% bullets (25% cartridge cases)
	O 20F: 90% bullets (10% cartridge cases)
	O 20G: 100% bullets (no cartridge cases)
21	Approximately what percentage of the evidence bullets that you receive in casework do you find suitable for comparison?
	O 21A: Less than 10%
	O 21B: 10-25%
	O 21C: 25-50%
	O 21D: 50-75%
	O 21E: 75-100%
	Of the fired bullets collected from crime scenes that you receive in casework, approximately what percentage are similar to the quality of an emplar fired in a water tank (i.e. pristine or very good)?
	O 22A: None
	O 22B: Less than 5%
	O 22C: 5-10%
	O 22D: 10-25%
	O 22E: 25-50%
	O 22F: 50-100%
	Of the bullet comparisons that you perform in casework, approximately what percentage have the recovered firearm(s) available to collect emplar (test fired) bullets?
	O 23A: Less than 10%
	O 23B: 10-25%

O 23C: 25-50%
○ 23D: 50-75%
O 23E: 75-100%
24. Of the bullet comparisons that you perform in casework, approximately what percentage involve the comparison of a fully separated jacket that is no longer attached to the bullet core?
O 24A: Less than 10%
O 24B: 10-25%
O 24C: 25-50%
O 24D: 50-75%
O 24E: 75-100%
Thank you for your interest in the Bullet Black Box study. We will notify you when we ship packets of bullets for comparison. If you have any questions, pleas contact <a href="mailto:firearms@noblis.org">firearms@noblis.org</a> .
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