

Disease Classification

OMB No: 0915-0310 Expiration Date: 10/31/2022

	Public Burden Statement: The purpose of the data collection is to fulfill the legislative mandate
Registry Use Only	to establish and maintain a standardized database of allogeneic marrow and cord blood transplants performed in the United States or using a donor from the United States. The data collected also meets the C.W. Bill Young Cell Transplantation Program requirements to provide
Sequence Number:	relevant scientific information not containing individually identifiable information available to the public in the form of summaries and data sets. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a
Sequence Number.	person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control number for this information collection is 0915-0310 and it
	is valid until 10/31/2022. This information collection is voluntary under The Stem Cell Therapeutic and Research Act of 2005, Public Law (Publ. L.) 109–129, as amended by the Stem Cell Therapeutic and Research
	Therapeutic and Research Reauthorization Act of 2010, Public Law 111–264 (the Act) and the Stem Cell Therapeutic and Research Reauthorization Act of 2015, Public Law 114-104. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.43 hours per
Date Received:	response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden
	estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to HRSA Reports Clearance Officer, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 14N136B, Rockville,
	Maryland, 20857 or paperwork@hrsa.gov.
CIBMTR Center Number:	
CIBMTR Research ID:	
Event date:	
	DD
Primary Disease for HCT / Cellular Therapy	
1. Date of diagnosis of primary disease for HC	T / cellular therapy: DD
	TITI WIWI DD
2. What was the primary disease for which the	HCT / cellular therapy was performed?
☐ Acute myelogenous leukemia (AML or A	ANLL) (10) - Go to question 3
☐ Acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) (20	- Go to question 96
☐ Acute leukemia of ambiguous lineage a	nd other myeloid neoplasms (80) - Go to question 164
☐ Chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) (40) - Go to question 168
	If recipient has transformed to AML, indicate AML as the primary
disease.) - Go to question 179	
☐ Myeloproliferative neoplasms (MPN) (14 disease.) - Go to question 259	(160) (If recipient has transformed to AML, indicate AML as the primary
☐ Other leukemia (30) (includes CLL) - Go	to question 372
☐ Hodgkin lymphoma (150) - Go to quest	ion 379
☐ Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (100) - Go to q	uestion 379
☐ Multiple myeloma / plasma cell disorder	(PCD) (170) - Go to question 397
☐ Solid tumors (200) - Go to question 444	1

CIBMTR Cen	ter Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
•	lastic anemia (300) (If the recipient developed MDS or AML, indicate MDS or AML as the primary disease., to to question 446
	nerited bone marrow failure syndromes (320) (If the recipient developed MDS or AML, indicate MDS or ML as the primary disease.)— Go to question 449
□ Не	moglobinopathies (330) - Go to question 451
□ Pa	roxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) (340) – <i>Go to signature line</i>
□ Di:	sorders of the immune system (400) - Go to question 488
□ Inf	nerited abnormalities of platelets (500) - Go to question 496
□ Inf	nerited disorders of metabolism (520) - Go to question 498
□ His	stiocytic disorders (570) - Go to question 501
□ Au	toimmune diseases (600) - Go to question 506
□ То	lerance induction associated with solid organ transplant (910) - Go to question 510
□ Re	cessive dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa (920) – Go to First Name
□ Ot	ner disease (900) - Go to question 512
Acute Myelog	genous Leukemia (AML)
3. S	pecify the AML classification
A	ML with recurrent genetic abnormalities AML with t(9;11) (p22.3;q23.3); MLLT3-KMT2A (5)
	AML with t(6;9) (p23;q34.1); DEK-NUP214 (6)
	AML with inv(3) (q21.3;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21.3;q26.2); GATA2, MECOM (7)
	AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13.3;q13.3); RBM15-MKL1 (8)
	AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22.1); RUNX1-RUNX1T1 (281)
	AML with inv(16) (p13.1;1q22) or t(16;16)(p13.1; q22); CBFB-MYH11 (282)
	APL with PML-RARA (283)
	AML with BCR-ABL1 (provisional entity) (3)
	AML with mutated NPM1 (4)
	AML with biallelic mutations of CEBPA (297)
	AML with mutated RUNX1 (provisional entity) (298)
	AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6;11), t(9;11), t(11;19)) (284)
	AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285)
	Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9)
A	ML, not otherwise specified AML, not otherwise specified (280)
	AML, minimally differentiated (286)

AML without maturation (287)

CIBMTR (Cente	r Number: CIBMTR Research ID:								
		AML with maturation (288)								
		Acute myelomonocytic leukemia (289)								
		Acute monoblastic / acute monocytic leukemia (290)								
		Acute erythroid leukemia (erythroid / myeloid and pure erythroleukemia) (291)								
		Acute megakaryoblastic leukemia (292)								
		Acute basophilic leukemia (293)								
		Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis (294)								
		Myeloid sarcoma (295)								
		Myeloid leukemia associated with Down syndrome (299)								
4.	Did	AML transform from MDS or MPN?								
		Yes – Also complete MDS or MPN Disease Classification questions								
		No								
5.	ls th	ne disease (AML) therapy related?								
		Yes								
		No								
		Unknown								
6.	Did	the recipient have a predisposing condition?								
		Yes - Go to question 7								
		No - Go to question 9								
		Unknown - Go to question 9								
	7.	Specify condition								
		☐ Bloom syndrome - Go to question 9								
		□ Down syndrome - Go to question 9								
		□ Fanconi anemia - Also complete CIBMTR Form 2029 – FAN - Go to question 9								
		□ Dyskeratosis congenita - Also complete CIBMTR Form 2028 – APL- Go to question 9								
		☐ Other condition - Go to question 8								
		8. Specify other condition:								
Labs	at d	iagnosis								
9.	Mai	to outogonation tootad (kanyatuning or EISH)2 (at diagnosis)								
J .	vvei	re cytogenetics tested (karyotyping or FISH)? (at diagnosis) Yes - Go to question 10								
		No - Go to question 23								
		Unknown - Go to question 23								
		OHNIOWH - GO to ducation 23								

CIBMTR Ce	nter N	umber	:	CIBMTR Research ID:						
10. Were cytogenetics tested via FISH?										
				- Go to question 11						
	11.		ults of							
				rmalities identified – Go to question 12						
			No al	onormalities - Go to question 16						
		Spec	ify cyt	togenetic abnormalities identified at diagnosis						
		12.	Inte	ernational System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:						
		13.	Sne	cify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities						
		10.		One (1)						
				Two (2)						
				Three (3)						
				Four or more (4 or more)						
		14.	Spe	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)						
				-5						
				-7						
				-17						
				-18						
				-X						
				-Y						
				+4						
			_	+8						
				+11						
				+13 +14						
				+21						
				+22						
				t(3;3)						
				t(6;9)						
				t(8;21)						
				t(9;11)						
				t(9;22)						
			_	//4E 47\						

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	t(16;16)
	del(3q) / 3q-
	del(5q) / 5q-
	del(7q) / 7q-
	del(9q) / 9q-
	del(11q) / 11q-
	del(16q) / 16q-
	del(17q) / 17q-
	del(20q) / 20q-
	del(21q) / 21q-
	inv(3)
	inv(16)
	(11q23) any abnormality
	12p any abnormality
	Other abnormality - Go to question 15
15.	Specify other abnormality:
16. Were cyto	ogenetics tested via karyotyping?
□ Yes	– Go to question 17
□ No -	Go to question 22
17. Re	sults of tests
	Abnormalities identified – <i>Go to question 18</i>
	No evaluable metaphases - Go to question 22
	No abnormalities - Go to question 22
Spe	cify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at diagnosis
18.	International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
19.	Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	□ One (1)
	□ Two (2)
	□ Three (3)
	☐ Four or more (4 or more)
20.	Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	-5
	-7
	-17
	-18
	-X
	-Y
	+4
	+8
	+11
	+13
	+14
	+21
	+22
	t(3;3)
	t(6;9)
	t(8;21)
	t(9;11)
	t(9;22)
	t(15;17) and variants
	t(16;16)
	del(3q) / 3q-
	del(5q) / 5q-
	del(7q) / 7q-
	del(9q) / 9q-
	del(11q) / 11q-
	del(16q) / 16q-
	del(17q) / 17q-
	del(20q) / 20q-
_	del(21q) / 21q-
_	inv(3)
_	inv(16)
	(11q23) any abnormality
	12p any abnormality
	Other abnormality - Go to question 21

21.

Specify other abnormality: _____

CIBMTR Center Number:			CIBMTR Research ID:
	22.	Was d	locumentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. cytogenetic or FISH report)
			res
			No
23.	Were	e tests for	molecular markers performed? (e.g. PCR, NGS) (at diagnosis)
		Yes – Go	to question 24
		No – Go	to question 36
		Unknown	- Go to question 36
	Spec	cify molec	cular markers identified at diagnosis
	24.	CEBP	A
		□ F	Positive – Go to question 25
			Negative - Go to question 26
			Not done - Go to question 26
		25.	Specify CEBPA mutation
			□ Biallelic (homozygous)
			☐ Monoallelic (heterozygous)
			□ Unknown
	26.	FLT3	- TKD (point mutations in D835 or deletions of codon I836)
		□ F	Positive
		– 1	Negative
			Not done
	27.	FLT3	– ITD mutation
		□ F	Positive- Go to question 28
		– 1	Negative- Go to question 30
			Not done- Go to question 30
		28.	FLT3 – ITD allelic ratio
			☐ Known - Go to question 29
			☐ Unknown - Go to question 30
			29. Specify FLT3 - ITD allelic ratio:
	30.	IDH1	
			Positive

CIBMTR Center Number:		Number	r: CIBMTR Research ID:
□ Not do			Not done
	31.	IDH:	2
	31.		Positive
			Negative
		_	Not done
	32.	KIT	
			Positive
			Negative
			Not done
	33.	NPN	Л1
			Positive
			Negative
			Not done
	34.	Othe	er molecular marker
			Positive- Go to question 35
			Negative- Go to question 35
			Not done- Go to question 36
		35.	Specify other molecular marker:
	Co	py and	complete questions 34-35 for multiple molecular markers
Lab	s betv	veen dia	agnosis and last evaluation
36.	Were	e cytoge	netics tested (karyotyping or FISH)? (between diagnosis and last evaluation)
		Yes - G	Go to question 37
		No - G o	o to question 50
		Unknov	vn - Go to question 50
	37.	Wer	re cytogenetics tested via FISH?
			Yes – Go to question 38
			No - Go to question 43
		38.	Results of tests
			☐ Abnormalities identified – <i>Go to question 39</i>
			□ No abnormalities - Go to question 43

CIBMTR Center Number:			CIBMTR Research ID:
Sp	ecify o	cyto	genetic abnormalities identified between diagnosis and last evaluation
3:			rnational System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible g:
4	0. 5	Spec	cify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	ı		One (1)
	ı		Two (2)
	I		Three (3)
	ı		Four or more (4 or more)
4	1. 8	Spec	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)
	ı		-5
	ı		-7
	ı		-17
	ı		-18
	ı		-X
	ı		-Y
	ı		+4
	I		+8
	ı		+11
	ı		+13
	I		+14
	ı		+21
	ı		+22
	I		t(3;3)
	ı		t(6;9)
	ı		t(8;21)
	ı		t(9;11)
	I		t(9;22)
	I		t(15;17) and variants
	I		t(16;16)
	I		del(3q) / 3q-
	I		del(5q) / 5q-
	I		del(7q) / 7q-
	I		del(9q) / 9q-
	I		del(11q) / 11q-

□ del(16q) / 16q-

CIBMTR Center N	lumbe	r:		CIBMTR Research ID:
				del(17q) / 17q-
				del(20q) / 20q-
				del(21q) / 21q-
				inv(3)
				inv(16)
				(11q23) any abnormality
				12p any abnormality
				Other abnormality - Go to question 42
			42.	Specify other abnormality:
43.	Wei	re cyto	genetics	s tested via karyotyping?
		Yes -	- Go to	question 44
		No -	Go to d	question 49
	44.	Res	ults of to	ests
			Abnor	malities identified – Go to question 45
			No eva	aluable metaphases - Go to question 49
			No ab	normalities - Go to question 49
		Spec	ify cyto	ogenetic abnormalities identified between diagnosis and last evaluation
		45.		rnational System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible ng:
		46.	Spe	cify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
				One (1)
				Two (2)
				Three (3)
				Four or more (4 or more)
		47.	Spe	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)
				-5
				-7
				-17
				-18
				-X
				-Y
				+4

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	+8
	+11
	+13
	+14
	+21
	+22
	t(3;3)
	t(6;9)
	t(8;21)
	t(9;11)
	t(9;22)
	t(15;17) and variants
	t(16;16)
	del(3q) / 3q-
	del(5q) / 5q-
	del(7q) / 7q-
	del(9q) / 9q-
	del(11q) / 11q-
	del(16q) / 16q-
	del(17q) / 17q–
	del(20q) / 20q-
	del(21q) / 21q-
	inv(3)
	inv(16)
	(11q23) any abnormality
	12p any abnormality
	Other abnormality - Go to question 48
48.	Specify other abnormality:
49. Was documentation	on submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. cytogenetic or FISH report)
□ Yes	
□ No	
50. Were tests for molecular n	narkers performed? (e.g. PCR, NGS) (between diagnosis and last evaluation)
☐ Yes – Go to question	
□ No – Go to questio	n 63
Unknown – Go to qu	uestion 63

CIBMTR Ce	nter Nu	umber	: CIBMTR Research ID:
	Speci	fy mo	lecular markers identified between diagnosis and last evaluation
	51.	CEB	PA
			Positive – Go to question 52
			Negative - Go to question 53
			Not done - Go to question 53
		52.	Specify CEBPA mutation
			Biallelic (homozygous)
			Monoallelic (heterozygous)
			Unknown
	53.	FLT:	3 – TKD (point mutations in D835 or deletions of codon I836)
			Positive
			Negative
			Not done
	54.	FLT	3 – ITD mutation
			Positive- Go to question 55
			Negative- Go to question 57
			Not done- Go to question 57
		55.	FLT3 – ITD allelic ratio
			☐ Known - Go to question 56
			☐ Unknown - Go to question 57
			56. Specify FLT3 - ITD allelic ratio:
	57.	IDH1	1
			Positive
			Negative
			Not done
	58.	IDH2	2
			Positive
			Negative
			Not done
	59.	KIT	

CIBMTR Center Number:		ımber:	CIBMTR Research ID:
			Negative
			Not done
6	60.	NPM	
			Positive
			Negative
			Not done
6	31.	Othe	r molecular marker:
			Positive- Go to question 62
			Negative- Go to question 62
			Not done- Go to question 63
		62.	Specify other molecular marker:
		-	
	Copy	and o	complete questions 61-62 to report multiple other molecular markers
Labs a	t last	evalu	ation
			netics tested (karyotyping or FISH)? (at last evaluation)
			o to question 64
			to question 77
	l Ui	nknow	n - Go to question 77
6	64.	Were	e cytogenetics tested via FISH?
			Yes – Go to question 65
			No - Go to question 70
		65.	Results of tests
		00.	☐ Abnormalities identified – <i>Go to question 66</i>
			□ No abnormalities - <i>Go to question 70</i>
			·
			Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at last evaluation
			66. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
			67. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
			□ One (1)
			□ Two (2)
			☐ Three (3)

CIBMTR Center Number:		CIBMTR Research ID:
Г	-	Four or more (4 or more)
68. S	Spec	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)
		-5
	_	-7
	_	-17
Г	_	-18
Г		-X
С	_	-Y
Г		+4
]	+8
		+11
Г	-	+13
С]	+14
С		+21
Г		+22
Г]	t(3;3)
Г		t(6;9)
		t(8;21)
		t(9;11)
		t(9;22)
		t(15;17) and variants
		t(16;16)
		del(3q) / 3q-
]	del(5q) / 5q-
		del(7q) / 7q-
]	del(9q) / 9q-
]	del(11q) / 11q-
	_	del(16q) / 16q-
]	del(17q) / 17q-
]	del(20q) / 20q-
]]	del(21q) / 21q-
		inv(3) inv(16)
	_	(11q23) any abnormality
	_	12p any abnormality
-	_	12p any denominary

☐ Other abnormality - Go to question 69

CIBMTR Center Number:			CIBMTR Research ID:		
			69.	Specify other abnormality:	
70.	Were	e cyto	genetics	s tested via karyotyping?	
		Yes -	– Go to	question 71	
		No -	Go to d	question 76	
	71.	Res	sults of to	ests	
			Abnor	malities identified – Go to question 72	
			No eva	aluable metaphases - Go to question 76	
			No ab	normalities - Go to question 76	
		Spec	cify cyto	ogenetic abnormalities identified at last evaluation	
		72.		rnational System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible ng:	
		73.	Spe	cify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities	
				One (1)	
				Two (2)	
				Three (3)	
				Four or more (4 or more)	
		74.	Spe	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)	
				-5	
				-7	
				-17	
				-18	
				-X	
				-Y	
				+4	
				+8	
				+11	
				+13	
				+14	
				+21	
				+22	
				t(3;3)	
				t(6;9)	
				t(8;21)	

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	t(9;11)
	t(9;22)
	t(15;17) and variants
	t(16;16)
	del(3q) / 3q-
	del(5q) / 5q-
	del(7q) / 7q-
	del(9q) / 9q-
	del(11q) / 11q-
	del(16q) / 16q-
	del(17q) / 17q–
	del(20q) / 20q-
	del(21q) / 21q-
	inv(3)
	inv(16)
	(11q23) any abnormality
	12p any abnormality
	Other abnormality - Go to question 75
75.	Specify other abnormality:
76. Was documentati	on submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. cytogenetic or FISH report)
□ Yes	
□ No	
77. Were tests for molecular n	narkers performed? (e.g. PCR, NGS) (at last evaluation)
☐ Yes – Go to question	on 78
□ No – Go to questio	n 90
□ Unknown – Go to q u	uestion 90
Specify molecular mark	ers identified at last evaluation
78. CEBPA	
	o to question 79
	o to question 80
_	Go to question 80
79. Specify CE	BPA mutation

CIBMTR Center Num	ber:	CIBMTR Research ID:
		Monoallelic (heterozygous)
80. F	LT3- Th	KD (point mutations in D835 or deletions of codon I836)
	l Pos	itive
		gative
	l Not	done
81. F	- LT3 – IT	TD mutation
	l Pos	itive- Go to question 82
	l Neg	gative- Go to question 84
	l Not	done- Go to question 84
83	2. FL	T3 – ITD allelic ratio
		Known - Go to question 83
		Unknown - Go to question 84
	83.	. Specify FLT3 - ITD allelic ratio:
84. II	DH1	
	l Pos	itive
	l Neg	gative
	l Not	done
85. II	DH2	
	l Pos	itive
	l Neg	gative
	l Not	done
86. K	(IT	
	l Pos	sitive
	l Neg	gative
	l Not	done
87. N	NPM1	
	l Pos	sitive
	l Neg	gative
	l Not	done

CIBMTR	Center	Numbe	r: CIBMTR Research ID:		
			Positive- Go to question 89		
			Negative- Go to question 89		
			Not done- Go to question 90		
		89.	Specify other molecular marker:		
	Co	opy and	complete questions 88-89 to report multiple other molecular markers		
CN	IS Leu	kemia			
90.			pient have central nervous system leukemia at any time prior to the start of the preparative infusion?		
		Yes			
		No			
		Unknov	wn		
Sta	atus at	transpl	antation / infusion:		
91.	. Wha	at was th	e disease status? (based on hematological test results)		
		□ Primary induction failure – Go to question 95			
		1st con	nplete remission (no previous bone marrow or extramedullary relapse) (include CRi)– Go to ion 92		
		2nd complete remission (include CRi) - Go to question 92			
		≥ 3rd c	omplete remission (include CRi) - Go to question 92		
		1st rela	apse – Go to question 94		
		2nd rel	apse – Go to question 94		
		≥ 3rd re	elapse – Go to question 94		
		No trea	atment - Go to question 95		
	92.	. Hov	w many cycles of induction therapy were required to achieve 1st complete remission? <i>(includes i)</i>		
			1		
			2		
			≥ 3		
	93.	. Was	s the recipient in remission by flow cytometry?		
			Yes - Go to question 95		
			No - Go to question 95		
			Unknown - Go to question 95		

CIBMTR Center Number:			CIBMTR F	Research II	D:			
			Not applicable - G	o to question s	95			
	94	4. Dat	te of most recent rela	pse: 		-	 DD	
				1111		IVIIVI	DD.	
95	. Da	te assess	sed:		(Go to si	ignature line	
			YYYY	MM	DD			
Acute Ly	mpho	blastic L	eukemia (ALL)					
96	S. Specify ALL classification							
	B-I		plastic leukemia / lyn phoblastic leukemia /		(B-cell ALI	L, NOS)	(191)	
		B-lymp	ohoblastic leukemia /	lymphoma with to	(9;22)(q34.	1;q11.2)	; BCR-ABL1 (1	92)
		B-lymp	phoblastic leukemia /	lymphoma with to	(v;11q23.3)); KMT2/	A rearranged (1	93)
			phoblastic leukemia /	•			·	•
		B-lymphoblastic leukemia / lymphoma with t(12;21) (p13.2;q22.1); ETV6-RUNX1 (195)						
		B-lymp	phoblastic leukemia /	lymphoma with to	(5;14) (q31	.1;q32.3); IL3-IGH (81)	
		B-lymphoblastic leukemia / lymphoma with Hyperdiploidy (51-65 chromosomes) (82)						
		B-lymp	B-lymphoblastic leukemia / lymphoma with Hypodiploidy (<46 chromosomes) (83)					
		B-lymphoblastic leukemia / lymphoma, BCR-ABL1-like (provisional entity) (94)						
		□ B-lymphoblastic leukemia / lymphoma, with iAMP21 (95)						
	T-c	T-cell lymphoblastic leukemia / lymphoma □ T-cell lymphoblastic leukemia / lymphoma (Precursor T-cell ALL) (196)						
		☐ Early T-cell precursor lymphoblastic leukemia (96)						
	NK	NK cell lymphoblastic leukemia / lymphoma						
97	. Dic	Did the recipient have a predisposing condition?						
		Yes -	Go to question 98					
		No - G	So to question 100					
		Unkno	own - Go to questio i	100				
	98	8. Spe	ecify condition					
			Aplastic anemia - C	Go to question	100 Also	complete	e CIBMTR For	m 2028 — APL
			Bloom syndrome -	Go to question	n 100			
			Down syndrome - (Go to question	100			

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
☐ Far	nconi anemia - Go to question 100 Also complete CIBMTR Form 2029 — FAN
□ Oth	ner condition - Go to question 99
99. Sp	pecify other condition:
	hase inhibitors given for therapy at any time prior to the start of the preparative regimen / imatinib mesylate, dasatinib, etc.)
□ Yes	
□ No	
Laboratory studies at	t diagnosis
101. Were cytogenetic	es tested (karyotyping or FISH)? (at diagnosis)
☐ Yes - Go to	question 102
□ No - <i>Go to</i>	question 115
□ Unknown - 0	Go to question 115
102. Were cyt	togenetics tested via FISH? (at diagnosis)
•	s - Go to question 103
	- Go to question 108
	esults of tests (at diagnosis)
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	No abnormalities - Go to question 108
Spe	ecify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at diagnosis
10	N4. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
10	05. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	□ One (1)
	□ Two (2)
	☐ Three (3)
	☐ Four or more (4 or more)
10	Specify charmolities (check all that apply)
10	Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)□ -7
	□ +4
	□ +8
	□ +17
	□ 111

CIBMTR Center N	umber: CIBMTR Research ID:	
	□ +21	
	□ t(1;19)	
	□ t(2;8)	
	□ t(4;11)	
	□ t(5;14)	
	□ t(8;14)	
	□ t(8;22)	
	□ t(9;22)	
	□ t(10;14)	
	□ t(11;14)	
	□ t(12;21)	
	□ del(6q) / 6q−	
	□ del(9p) / 9p−	
	□ del(12p) / 12p-	
	□ add(14q)	
	☐ (11q23) any abnormality	
	☐ 9p any abnormality	
	☐ 12p any abnormality	
	☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50)	
	☐ Hypodiploid (< 46)	
	□ iAMP21	
	☐ Other abnormality – Go to question 107	
	107. Specify other abnormality:	
108.	Were cytogenetics tested via karyotyping? (at diagnosis)	
	☐ Yes - Go to question 109	
	□ No - Go to question 114	
	109. Results of tests (at diagnosis)	
	☐ Abnormalities identified - Go to question 110	
	☐ No evaluable metaphases - Go to question 114	
	□ No abnormalities - <i>Go to question 114</i>	
	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at diagnosis	
	110. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomencla string:	ature (ISCN) compatible

R Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
111. Sp	ecify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	One (1)
	Two (2)
	Three (3)
	Four or more (4 or more)
112. Sp	ecify abnormalities (check all that apply)
	-7
	+4
	+8
	+17
	+21
	t(1;19)
	t(2;8)
	t(4;11)
	t(5;14)
	t(8;14)
	t(8;22)
	t(9;22)
	t(10;14)
	t(11;14)
	t(12;21)
	del(6q) / 6q-
	del(9p) / 9p-
	del(12p) / 12p-
	add(14q)
	(11q23) any abnormality
	9p any abnormality
	12p any abnormality
	Hyperdiploid (> 50)
	Hypodiploid (< 46)
	iAMP21
	Other abnormality – Go to question 113
11.	3. Specify other abnormality:

CIBMTR Center	Number	: CIBMTR Research ID:
		No
115. Were	e tests fo	or molecular markers performed? (e.g. PCR, NGS) (at diagnosis)
	Yes – G	Go to question 116
	No – G	o to question 120
	Unknow	n – Go to question 120
Spe	ecify mo	lecular markers identified at diagnosis
116	. BCR	z / ABL
		Positive
		Negative
		Not done
117	'. TEL-	-AML / AML1
		Positive
		Negative
		Not done
118	. Othe	er molecular marker
		Positive – Go to question 119
		Negative – Go to question 119
		Not done – Go to question 120
	119.	Specify other molecular marker:
		Copy and complete questions 118-119 for additional molecular markers
Laborator	ry studie	es between diagnosis and last evaluation
120. Were	e cytogei	netics tested (karyotyping or FISH)? (between diagnosis and last evaluation)
	Yes - G	to to question 121
	No - G o	to question 134
	Unknow	n - Go to question 134
121	. Were	e cytogenetics tested via FISH? (between diagnosis and last evaluation)
		Yes - Go to question 122
		No - Go to question 127

122. Results of tests (between diagnosis and last evaluation)

CIBMTR Center Number:			CIBMTR Research ID:	
		Abnorr	malities identified - Go to question 123	
			normalities - Go to question 127	
	Spe	cify cytogenetic abnormalities identified between diagnosis and last evaluation		
	123.	International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:		
	124.	Spec	cify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities	
			One (1)	
			Two (2)	
			Three (3)	
			Four or more (4 or more)	
	125.	Spec	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)	
			-7	
			+4	
			+8	
			+17	
			+21	
			t(1;19)	
			t(2;8)	
			t(4;11)	
			t(5;14)	
			t(8;14)	
			t(8;22)	
			t(9;22)	
			t(10;14)	
			t(11;14)	
			t(12;21)	
			del(6q) / 6q-	
			del(9p) / 9p-	
			del(12p) / 12p-	
			add(14q)	
			(11q23) any abnormality	
			9p any abnormality	
			12p any abnormality	
			Hyperdiploid (> 50)	

CIBMTR Center Number:			CIBMTR Research ID:
			Hypodiploid (< 46)
			iAMP21
			Other abnormality – <i>Go to question 126</i>
		126	Specify other abnormality:
127. V	Vere cyto	genetics	s tested via karyotyping? (between diagnosis and last evaluation)
	Yes -	Go to	question 128
] No - (Go to q	guestion 133
1	28. Res	ults of te	ests (between diagnosis and last evaluation)
		Abnor	malities identified - Go to question 129
		No eva	aluable metaphases - Go to question 133
		No ab	normalities - Go to question 133
			ify cytogenetic abnormalities identified between diagnosis and last lation
	129.		rnational System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible ng:
	130.	Spe	cify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
			One (1)
			Two (2)
			Three (3)
			Four or more (4 or more)
	131.	Spe	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)
			-7
			+4
			+8
			+17
			+21
			t(1;19)
			t(2;8)
			t(4;11)
			t(5;14)
			t(8;14)
			t(8;22)
			+(0.22)

CIBMTR Center No	umber:	CIBMTR Research ID:			
		t(10;14)			
		t(11;14)			
		t(12;21)			
		del(6q) / 6q-			
		del(9p) / 9p-			
		del(12p) / 12p-			
		add(14q)			
		(11q23) any abnormality			
		9p any abnormality			
		12p any abnormality			
		Hyperdiploid (> 50)			
		Hypodiploid (< 46)			
		iAMP21			
		Other abnormality – Go to question 132			
	132	2. Specify other abnormality:			
133.	Was documentati ☐ Yes ☐ No	ion submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. cytogenetic or FISH report)			
	ests for molecular r es – Go to questi	markers performed? (e.g. PCR, NGS) (between diagnosis and last evaluation)			
	o – Go to questic				
	nknown – Go to q				
Speci	fy molecular marl	kers identified between diagnosis and last evaluation			
135.	BCR / ABL				
	□ Positive				
	□ Negative				
	□ Not done				
136.	TEL-AML / AML1				
	□ Positive				
	□ Negative				
	□ Not done				

CIBMTR Center Numbe	r:	CIBMTR Research ID:		
	Positive –	Go to question 138		
_	·			
	•	Go to question 139		
138.	Specify of	ther molecular marker:		
	. ,			
Copy and	complete o	uestions 137-138 for additional molecular markers		
Laboratory studi	es at last ev	valuation		
139. Were cytoge	enetics tested	d (karyotyping or FISH)? (at last evaluation)		
□ Yes - 0	o to quest	ion 140		
□ No - G	o to questi	on 153		
☐ Unknow	wn - Go to c	guestion 153		
140. Wei	e cytogenet	ics tested via FISH?		
	Yes - Go t	o question 141		
	No - Go to	question 146		
141.	Results o	f tests		
		ormalities identified - Go to question 142		
		abnormalities - Go to question 146		
	Specify cy	rtogenetic abnormalities identified at last evaluation		
		ternational System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible ring:		
	143. Sp	pecify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities		
		One (1)		
] Two (2)		
		Three (3)		
		Four or more (4 or more)		
	144. Sp	pecify abnormalities (check all that apply)		
		I –7		
		l +4		
		I +8		
		l +17		
		I +21		

CIBMTR Center Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
□ t(1;19)
□ t(2;8)
□ t(4;11)
□ t(5;14)
□ t(8;14)
□ t(8;22)
□ t(9;22)
□ t(10;14)
□ t(11;14)
□ t(12;21)
□ del(6q) / 6q-
□ del(9p) / 9p—
□ del(12p) / 12p-
□ add(14q)
☐ (11q23) any abnormality
□ 9p any abnormality
☐ 12p any abnormality
☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50)
☐ Hypodiploid (< 46)
□ iAMP21□ Other abnormality – Go to question 145
Other abhormality – Go to question 145
145. Specify other abnormality:
146. Were cytogenetics tested via karyotyping? (at last evaluation)
☐ Yes - Go to question 147
□ No - Go to question 152
147. Results of tests
☐ Abnormalities identified - <i>Go to question 148</i>
☐ No evaluable metaphases - Go to question 152
□ No abnormalities - Go to question 152
Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at last evaluation
148. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:

149. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities

CIBMTR Center Num	nber:	CIBMTR Research ID:
		□ One (1)
		□ Two (2)
		☐ Three (3)
		☐ Four or more (4 or more)
	150.	Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
		□ -7
		□ +4
		□ +8
		□ +17
		□ +21
		□ t(1;19)
		□ t(2;8)
		□ t(4;11)
		□ t(5;14)
		□ t(8;14)
		□ t(8;22)
		□ t(9;22)
		□ t(10;14)
		□ t(11;14)
		□ t(12;21)
		□ del(6q) / 6q–
		□ del(9p) / 9p–
		□ del(12p) / 12p–
		□ add(14q)
		□ (11q23) any abnormality
		☐ 9p any abnormality
		□ 12p any abnormality
		☐ Hyperdiploid (> 50)
		☐ Hypodiploid (< 46)
		□ iAMP21
		☐ Other abnormality – <i>Go to question 151</i>
		151. Specify other abnormality:
152. \	Nas docum	nentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. cytogenetic or FISH report)
] No	

CIBMTR Center	Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
153. Wer	e tests for molecular markers performed? (e.g. PCR, NGS) (at last evaluation)
	Yes – Go to question 154
	No – Go to question 158
	Unknown – Go to question 158
Spo	ecify molecular markers identified at last evaluation
154	4. BCR / ABL
	□ Positive
	□ Negative
	□ Not done
159	5. TEL-AML / AML1
	□ Positive
	□ Negative
	□ Not done
156	6. Other molecular marker
	□ Positive – Go to question 157
	□ Negative – Go to question 157
	□ Not done – Go to question 158
	157. Specify other molecular marker:
Со	py and complete questions 156-157 for additional molecular markers
CNS Leu	kemia
	the recipient have central nervous system leukemia at any time prior to the start of the preparative gimen / infusion?
	Yes
	No
	Unknown
Status at	transplantation / infusion
159. Wha	at was the disease status? (based on hematological test results)
	Primary induction failure – Go to question 163
	1st complete remission (no previous marrow or extramedullary relapse) (include CRi) – Go to question 160
	2nd complete remission – <i>Go to question 160</i> V6 (30 – 89) OMB No: 0915-0310. Expiration Date: 10/31/2022. Form released October, 2020. ational Marrow Donor Program and The Medical College of Wisconsin, Inc. All rights reserved.

CIBMTR C	enter l	Numbe	r:		C	IBMTR Resea	arch ID:		
		≥ 3rd c	omplete	remission	– Go to q	uestion 160			
		1st relapse – Go to question 162							
		2nd rel	apse -	Go to que	stion 162	2			
		≥ 3rd re	elapse –	Go to que	estion 16	2			
		No trea	atment -	Go to qu	estion 16	3			
	160	. Hov	-	ycles of in	duction the	erapy were re	quired to achie	eve 1st comple	ete remission? (include
			1						
			2						
		_	- ≥ 3						
		_							
	161	. Wa	s the rec	ipient in re	mission by	/ flow cytomet	ry?		
			Yes -	Go to qu	estion 16	3			
			No -	Go to que	estion 16	3			
			Unkno	wn – Go	to questi	on 163			
			Not ap	plicable –	Go to qu	estion 163			
	400	5.	,						
	162	. Dat	e of mos	t recent rei	apse:			DD	
						1111	IVIIVI	טט	
163.	Date	assess	ed:				Go to sig	nature line	
			١	YYY	MM	DD			
Acute Leuk	kemias	s of Am	biguous	Lineage a	nd Other I	Myeloid Neop	lasms		
164.	Spec	ify acut	e leuken	nias of amb	oiguous lin	eage and oth	er myeloid nec	plasm classifi	ication
		Blastic	plasmad	ytoid dend	ritic cell ne	eoplasm (296) – Go to ques	stion 166	
		Acute (undiffere	ntiated leul	kemia (31)	Go to ques	tion 166		
		Mixed 166	phenotyp	e acute le	ukemia (N	IPAL) with t(9	;22)(q34.1;q11	.2); BCR-ABL	.1 (84) – Go to question
		Mixed	phenotyp	e acute le	ukemia wi	th t(v; 11q23.	B); KMT2A rea	rranged (85) -	- Go to question 166
		Mixed	phenotyp	e acute le	ukemia, B	/myeloid, NO	6 (86) – Go to	question 166	6
		Mixed	phenotyp	e acute le	ukemia, T	/myeloid, NO	6 (87) – Go to	question 166	5
		Other a	acute leu	kemia of a	mbiguous	lineage or my	eloid neoplasr	m (88) - Go to	question 165
	165	. Spe	cify othe	r acute leu	kemia of a	ambiguous lin	eage or myelo	id neoplasm: _.	

Status at transplantation / infusion

CIBMTR Cen	iter Nu	nber: CIBMTR Research ID:	
166. W	/hat w	s the disease status? (based on hematological test results)	
] Pi	nary induction failure	
] 19	complete remission (no previous marrow or extramedullary	relapse)
	1 2r	complete remission	
] ≥	rd complete remission	
] 19	relapse	
	1 2r	relapse	
] ≥3	d relapse	
] N	treatment	
167. D	ate as	essed: Go to sig	gnature line
		YYYY MM DD	
Chronic Myel	logen	s Leukemia (CML)	
		apy given prior to this HCT?	
		- Go to question 169	
] N	- Go to question 175	
	169.	Combination chemotherapy	
] Yes	
] No	
	170.	Hydroxyurea (Droxia, Hydrea)	
] Yes	
] No	
	171.	Гуrosine kinase inhibitor <i>(e.g.imatinib mesylate, dasatinib, r</i>	nilatinih)
	171.	Yes	mourns)
] No	
•	172.	nterferon-α (Intron, Roferon) (includes PEG)	
] Yes	
] No	
	173.	Other therapy	
		Yes - Go to question 174	
		No - Go to question 175	
		74 Specify other therapy:	

CIBMTR C	enter	Number: CIBMTR Research ID:				
175.	Wha	at was the disease status?				
		Complete hematologic response (CHR) preceded only by chronic phase- Go to question 176				
		Complete hematologic response (CHR) preceded by accelerated phase and/or blast phase- Go to question 176				
		Chronic phase – Go to question 176				
		Accelerated phase - Go to question 177				
		Blast phase - Go to question 177				
	176	6. Specify level of response				
		□ No cytogenetic response (No CyR)				
		☐ Minimal cytogenetic response				
		☐ Minor cytogenetic response				
		□ Partial cytogenetic response (PCyR)				
		☐ Complete cytogenetic response (CCyR)				
		☐ Major molecular remission (MMR)				
		□ Complete molecular remission (CMR)				
177	Num	nher.				
177.		1st				
		2nd				
		3rd or higher				
	_					
178.	Date	e assessed: Go to signature line				
		YYYY MM DD				
Myelodysp	lastic	Syndrome (MDS)				
17		What was the MDS subtype at diagnosis? – If transformed to AML, indicate AML as primary disease; also complete AML Disease Classification questions				
	☐ Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia (aCML), BCR-ABL1- (1440) – Go to question 376					
		Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMMoL) (54) – <i>Go to question 182</i>				
		☐ Juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML) (36) – Go to question 218				
	☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome / myeloproliferative neoplasm, unclassifiable (69) – <i>Go to question 181</i>					
		□ MDS / MPN with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS / MPN–RS–T) (1452) – Go to question 182				
		☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), unclassifiable (50)— <i>Go to question 180</i>				
		☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) (66)— <i>Go to question 182</i>				
		☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome with multilineage dysplasia (MDS-MLD) (64) – <i>Go to question 182</i>				
	☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome with single lineage dysplasia (MDS-SLD) (51) – <i>Go to question 182</i>					

CIBMTR Center Numbe	r: CIBMTR Research ID:
☐ Refrac	ctory cytopenia of childhood (68)– Go to question 182
	splastic syndrome with excess blasts (MDS-EB) with excess blasts-1 (MDS-EB-1) (61) – <i>Go to question 182</i>
□ MDS	with excess blasts-2 (MDS-EB-2) (62) – Go to question 182
	splastic syndrome with ring sideroblasts (MDS-RS) RS with single lineage dysplasia (MDS-RS-SLD) (1453) – <i>Go to question 182</i>
□ MDS-	RS with multilineage dysplasia (MDS-RS-MLD) (1454) – <i>Go to question 182</i>
180. Spe	cify Myelodysplastic syndrome, unclassifiable (MDS-U)
	MDS-U with 1% blood blasts
	MDS-U with single lineage dysplasia and pancytopenia
	MDS-U based on defining cytogenetic abnormality
181. Was	s documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. pathology report used for diagnosis)
	Yes
	No
182. Was the	e disease MDS therapy related?
☐ Yes	
□ No	
☐ Unkno	own
183. Did the	recipient have a predisposing condition?
□ Yes –	Go to question 184
□ No – 0	Go to question 186
☐ Unkno	own – Go to question 186
184. Spe	ecify condition
	Aplastic anemia Also complete CIBMTR Form 2028 – APL – Go to question 186
	DDX41-associated familial MDS – <i>Go to question 186</i>
	Diamond-Blackfan Anemia – <i>Go to question 186</i>
	Fanconi anemia – <i>Go to question 186</i>
	GATA2 deficiency (including Emberger syndrome, MonoMac syndrome, DCML deficiency) – Go to question 186
	Li-Fraumeni Syndrome – Go to question 186
	Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria Also complete CIBMTR Form 2028 – APL – Go to question 186
	RUNX1 deficiency (previously "familial platelet disorder with propensity to myeloid

CIBMTR Center Number	:	CIBMTR Resea	ırch ID:	
	SAMD9- or SAMD9L-a	associated familial I	MDS – Go to questio n	186
	Shwachman-Diamond	Syndrome – Go to	question 186	
	Telomere biology disor		keratosis congenita) Als	o complete CIBMTR Form
	Other condition – Go t	to question 185		
185.	Specify other condition	on:		
Laboratory stu	udies at diagnosis of N	MDS		
186. Date CB	C drawn:			
	YYYY	MM	DD	
187. WBC				
☐ Knowr	n – Go to question 188	•		
☐ Unkno	wn – Go to question 1	89		
188	•	🗆 x 10 ⁹ /L (x	10 ³ /mm³)	
		□ x 10 ⁶ /L		
189. Neutroph	nils			
☐ Knowr	n – Go to question 19	0		
□ Unkno	wn – Go to question	191		
190	%			
191. Blasts in	blood			
☐ Knowr	n – Go to question 19	2		
☐ Unkno	wn– Go to question 1	93		
192	%			
193. Hemoglo	bbin			
☐ Knowr	n – Go to question 19	4		
□ Unkno	wn – Go to question	196		
194	•	_ □ g/dL		
		□ g/L		
		☐ mmol/L		

CIBMTR Center Nu	mber: CIBMTR Research ID:
195	5.Were RBCs transfused ≤ 30 days before date of test?
	□ Yes
	□ No
196. Pla	telets
□к	Cnown – Go to question 197
- L	Inknown – Go to question 199
197	x 10 ⁹ /L (x 10 ³ /mm ³)
	□ x 10 ⁶ /L
198.	Were platelets transfused ≤ 7 days before date of test?
	□ Yes
	□ No
199. Bla	sts in bone marrow
□ k	(nown – Go to question 200
- U	Inknown – Go to question 201
200.	%
201. We	re cytogenetics tested (karyotyping or FISH)?
□ Y	es – Go to question 202
□ N	lo – Go to question 218
- U	Inknown – Go to question 218
202.	Were cytogenetics tested via FISH?
	☐ Yes- Go to question 203
	□ No- Go to question 210
	203. Sample source
	□ Blood
	☐ Bone marrow
	204. Results of tests
	☐ Abnormalities identified – <i>Go to question 205</i>
	□ No abnormalities – Go to question 209

Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via FISH at diagnosis

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:				
	205. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compati				
	206.	Spe	cify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities		
			One (1)		
			Two (2)		
			Three (3)		
			Four or more (4 or more)		
	207.	Spe	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)		
		Mond	osomy –5		
			-7		
			-20		
			_Y		
		Triso	my +8		
			+19		
			slocation t(1;3)		
			t(2;11)		
			t(3;3)		
			t(3;21)		
			t(6;9)		
			t(11;16)		
		Delet	ion del(3q) / 3q-		
			del(5q) / 5q-		
			del(7q) / 7q-		
			del(9q) / 9q-		
			del(11q) / 11q-		
			del(12p) / 12p-		
			del(13q) / 13q-		

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	□ del(20q) / 20q-
	Inversion
	□ inv(3)
	Other ☐ i17q
	☐ Other abnormality – <i>Go to question 208</i>
	208. Specify other abnormality:
209. Was	s documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. FISH report)
_	Yes
	No
210. Were cyto	genetics tested via karyotyping?
□ Yes-	Go to question 211
□ No- 0	Go to question 218
211. San	nple source
	Blood
	Bone marrow
212. Res	sults of tests
	Abnormalities identified – Go to question 213
	No evaluable metaphases- Go to question 217
	No abnormalities - Go to question 217
Specify	y cytogenetic abnormalities identified via conventional cytogenetics at diagnosis
21:	International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
21	Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	□ One (1)
	□ Two (2)
	□ Three (3)
	☐ Four or more (4 or more)
21:	5. Specify abnormalities <i>(check all that apply)</i>

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	osomy
	-7
	–13
	-20
	_Y
Triso	omy +8
	+19
	719
	slocation t(1;3)
	t(2;11)
	t(3;3)
	t(3;21)
	t(6;9)
	t(11;16)
Delet	
	del(3q) / 3q-
	del(5q) / 5q-
	del(7q) / 7q-
	del(9q) / 9q-
	del(11q) / 11q-
	del(12p) / 12p-
	del(13q) / 13q-
	del(20q) / 20q-
Inve	ersion inv(3)
Oth	er i17q
	Other abnormality – Go to question 216
216	6. Specify other abnormality:
217. Was docume	entation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. karyotyping report)
□ Yes	
□ No	

CIBMTR Center Number:		r: CIBMTR Research ID:
218.		recipient progress or transform to a different MDS subtype or AML between diagnosis and the he preparative regimen / infusion?
[□ Yes –	Go to question 219
I	□ No – (Go to question 223
	219.Spe	ecify the MDS subtype or AML after transformation
		Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMMoL) (54) – Go to question 221
		Myelodysplastic syndrome / myeloproliferative neoplasm, unclassifiable (69) – $\textbf{Go to}$ $\textbf{question 221}$
		MDS / MPN with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS / MPN–RS–T) (1452) – $\it Goto$ $\it question~221$
		Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), unclassifiable (50) – Go to question 220
		Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) (66) – Go to question 221
		Myelodysplastic syndrome with multilineage dysplasia (MDS-MLD) (64) – <i>Go to question 22</i>
		Myelodysplastic syndrome with single lineage dysplasia (MDS-SLD)) (51) – <i>Go to question</i> 221
		Refractory cytopenia of childhood (68) – Go to question 221
		Transformed to AML (70) – Go to question 222
	Муе	elodysplastic syndrome with excess blasts (MDS-EB)
		MDS with excess blasts-1 (MDS-EB-1) (61) – <i>Go to question 221</i>
		MDS with excess blasts-2 (MDS-EB-2) (62) - Go to question 221
		elodysplastic syndrome with ring sideroblasts
		MDS-RS with single lineage dysplasia (MDS-RS-SLD) (1453) – <i>Go to question 221</i>
		MDS-RS with multilineage dysplasia (MDS-RS-MLD) (1454) – <i>Go to question 221</i>
	220	Specify Myelodysplastic syndrome, unclassifiable (MDS-U)
		☐ MDS-U with 1% blood blasts— <i>Go to question 221</i>
		☐ MDS-U with single lineage dysplasia and pancytopenia— Go to question 221
		☐ MDS-U based on defining cytogenetic abnormality— <i>Go to question 221</i>
	22	1. Specify the date of the most recent transformation:
	222	2. Date of MDS diagnosis: Go to signature line
Labora	atory stu	dies at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion
223	Date CB	SC drawn: — —

IBMTR Center Number:			CIBMTR Resea	arch ID:	
		YYYY	MM	DD	
224	1. WBC				
	☐ Known – G e	o to question 225			
		Go to question 22	6		
	225	•_	□ x 10 ⁹ /L (x	10 ³ /mm ³)	
			□ x 10 ⁶ /L		
226	6. Neutrophils				
	☐ Known – <i>Go</i>	to question 227			
	□ Unknown –	Go to question 22	28		
	227%				
228	3. Blasts in blood	j			
	☐ Known – G o	to question 229			
	□ Unknown –	Go to question 23	0		
	229	%			
230). Hemoglobin				
	☐ Known – G e	o to question 231			
	☐ Unknown —	Go to question 23	33		
	231	•	□ g/dL		
			□ g/L		
			☐ mmol/L		
	232.Were RB0	Cs transfused ≤ 30	days before date	of test?	
	□ Yes				
	□ No				
233	3. Platelets				
	☐ Known – G o	to question 234			
	□ Unknown –	Go to question 23	36		
	234		_ 🗆 x 10 ⁹ /L (x 10	O³/mm³)	
			□ x 10 ⁶ /L		

CIBMTR Cente	er Number	:	CIBMTR Research ID:			
		Yes				
		No				
236.	Blasts in	bone ma	arrow			
	☐ Known – Go to question 237					
	□ Unkno	wn – G e	o to question 238			
	237		%			
238.	Were cyt	ogenetic	cs tested (karyotyping or FISH)?			
		_	uestion 239			
	□ No - 6	o to qu	uestion 255			
	□ Unkno	wn – G o	to question 255			
	239.Wer	e cytoge	enetics tested via FISH?			
		Yes- G	o to question 240			
		No- <i>Go</i>	to question 247			
	240.	Sampl	le source			
			Blood			
			Bone marrow			
	241.	Result	s of tests			
			Abnormalities identified – Go to question 242			
			No abnormalities – <i>Go to question 246</i>			
			fy cytogenetic abnormalities identified via FISH at last evaluation prior to the of the preparative regimen / infusion			
		242.	International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:			
		243.	Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities			
			□ One (1)			
			□ Two (2)			
			□ Three (3)			
			☐ Four or more (4 or more)			
		244.	Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)			

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	– 5
	_
	-13
	-20
	_Y
Triso	my +8
	+19
Tran: □	slocation t(1;3)
	t(2;11)
	t(3;3)
	t(3;21)
	t(6;9)
	t(11;16)
Delet	
	del(3q) / 3q-
	del(5q) / 5q-
_	del(7q) / 7q-
_	del(9q) / 9q-
	del(11q) / 11q-
	del(12p) / 12p-
	del(13q) / 13q- del(20q) / 20q-
	del(20q) / 20q-
Inve	inv(3)
Oth	
	i17q Other abnormality – <i>Go to question 245</i>
	Carlet abrieffinancy Co to question 240
245	5. Specify other abnormality:
246. Was docum	entation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. FISH report)
□ Yes	
□ No	

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
247. Were cyto	ogenetics tested via karyotyping?
☐ Yes-	Go to question 248
□ No-	Go to question 255
248. Sampl	e source
□ B	Blood
□В	Sone marrow
249. Result	s of tests
□ A	Abnormalities identified – Go to question 250
	lo evaluable metaphases- Go to question 254
	lo abnormalities – Go to question 254
	cify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via conventional cytogenetics at last uation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion
250.	International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
251.	Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	□ One (1)
	□ Two (2)
	☐ Three (3)
	☐ Four or more (4 or more)
252.	Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
	Monosomy □ –5
	□ -7
	□ -13
	□ -20
	□ -Y
	Trisomy
	□ +8
	□ +19
	Translocation □ t(1;3)
	□ t(2;11)

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	t(3;3)
	t(3;21)
	t(6;9)
_	t(11;16)
_	(,)
D <u>e</u> let	
_	del(3q) / 3q-
_	del(5q) / 5q-
_	del(7q) / 7q-
	del(9q) / 9q-
	del(11q) / 11q-
	del(12p) / 12p-
	del(13q) / 13q-
	del(20q) / 20q-
Inve	ersion
	inv(3)
Otho	
	i17q
	Other abnormality – <i>Go to question 253</i>
253	3. Specify other abnormality:
254. Was docume	entation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. karyotyping report)
□ Yes	
□ No	
Status at transplantation / i	infusion
otatus at transplantation / i	inusion
255. What was the disease	status?
☐ Complete remission	(CR) — Go to question 258
☐ Hematologic improve	ement (HI) – Go to question 256
☐ No response (NR) /	stable disease (SD) – Go to question 258
☐ Progression from he	matologic improvement (Prog from HI) - Go to question 258
☐ Relapse from comple	ete remission (Rel from CR) - Go to question 258
□ Not assessed - Go t	o signature line
256. Specify the cell lin	e examined to determine HI status (check all that apply)
	to question 257

CIBMTR Center Num	nber:	CIE	BMTR Rese	earch ID: _			
] HI-P – Go to	question 258					
		question 258					
	20 10 440000000000000000000000000000000						
25	Specify trar	sfusion depend	lence				
	☐ Non tra	ansfused (NTD)	Go to q	uestion 2	58		
	☐ Low tra	ansfusion burde	n (LTB)- G	o to ques	tion 258		
258 (Date assessed:			_	Go to signature line		
200.1	Dato accounce.			DD			
Myeloproliferative No	eoplasms (MPN)						
dise	ease; also compl	ete AML Diseas	se Classifi	cation qu			
	ronic neutrophilic				IOS) (166) – Go to Question 262		
	sential thrombocy			•	100) (100) – Go to Question 202		
	·	, ,			Go to Question 261		
•	☐ Myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), unclassifiable (60) – <i>Go to Question 261</i>						
•	☐ Myeloid / lymphoid neoplasms with PDGFRA rearrangement (1461) – <i>Go to Question 262</i>						
•	☐ Myeloid / lymphoid neoplasms with PDGFRB rearrangement (1462) – <i>Go to Question 262</i> ☐ Myeloid / lymphoid neoplasms with FGFR1 rearrangement (1463). <i>Go to Question 263</i>						
•	 ☐ Myeloid / lymphoid neoplasms with FGFR1 rearrangement (1463) – Go to Question 262 ☐ Myeloid / lymphoid neoplasms with PCM1-JAK2 (1464) – Go to Question 262 						
·	lycythemia vera (F	•		, ,	00 to 40000011 202		
		, , ,					
☐ Primary myelofibrosis (PMF) (167)- <i>Go to Question 262</i>							
	Mastocytosis □Cutaneous mastocytosis (CM) (1465) – Go to Question 262						
☐ Systemic mastocytosis (1470) - <i>Go to Question 260</i>							
□Mast cell sarcoma (MCS) (1466) – <i>Go to Question 262</i>							
260.	Specify systemic r	nastocytosis					
	Indolent system	emic mastocytos	sis (ISM) –	Go to Qu	estion 262		
	Smoldering s	ystemic mastoc	ytosis (SSI	M) – Go t o	o question 262		
С	Systemic ma	•	an associat	ed hemato	ological neoplasm (SM-AHN) – <i>Go to</i>		
	Aggressive s	ystemic mastoc	ytosis (ASI	M) – Go t o	question 262		
	Mast cell leuk	kemia (MCL) – (Go to ques	stion 262			
		n submitted to t	he CIBMTI	R? <i>(e.g. pa</i>	athology report used for diagnosis)		
] Yes						

CIBMTR Cent	er Numbe	r:		CIBMTR Resea	arch ID:	
		No				
Ass	essment a	at diagno	esis			
262.					x months before o	mptoms are >10%
	□ Yes					
	□ No					
	□ Unkno	own				
Labo	oratory st	udies at	diagnosis of M	PN		
263.	Date CE	BC drawn:	:			
			YYYY	ММ	DD	
264.	WBC					
	□ Known	– Go to	question 265			
	□ Unknov	wn – Go a	to question 26	6		
	265		•_	🗆 x 10 ⁹ /L (x	10 ³ /mm ³)	
				□ x 10 ⁶ /	/L	
266.	Neutrop	hils				
	□ Known	– Go to	question 267			
	□ Unknov	wn – Go 1	to question 26	8		
	267	%				
268.	Blasts in	blood				
	☐ Knowi	n – Go to	question 269			
	□ Unkno	wn– <i>Go</i>	to question 27	70		
	269		%			
270.	Hemogle	obin				
	□ Known	– Go to	question 271			
	□ Unkno\	wn – Go 1	to question 27	3		
	271		•	□ g/dL		

□ g/L

CIBMTR Center Number:		mber: _	CIBMTR Research ID:			
			□ mmol/L			
	272.	Were F	RBCs transfused ≤ 30 days before date of test?			
			es			
		□ N	lo			
273.	Platel	ets				
	☐ Known – Go to question 274					
	□ Ur	nknown	– Go to question 276			
	274.					
			□ x 10 ⁶ /L			
	275.	Were p	platelets transfused ≤ 7 days before date of test?			
		□ Y	es			
		□ N	lo			
276.	6. Blasts in bone marrow					
	☐ Known – Go to question 277					
	☐ Unknown – Go to question 278					
	277.		%			
278.	. Were tests for driver mutations performed?					
	☐ Yes – Go to question 279					
□ No – G o			to question 289			
	□ U	Inknown	a - Go to question 289			
	279.	JAK2				
		□ P	ositive- Go to question 280			
		□ N	legative- Go to question 282			
		□ N	lot done– Go to question 282			
	2	80.	JAK2 V617F			
			□ Positive			
			□ Negative			
			□ Not done			
	2	81.	JAK2 Exon 12			
			□ Positive			

CIBMTR Center Number	:	CIBMTR Research ID:
		Negative
		Not done
282. CAL	D	
202. CAL		ive – Go to question 283
		tive- Go to question 286
		one- Go to question 286
Ц	NOI U	one- Go to question 200
283.	CAL	R type 1
		Positive
		Negative
		Not done
284.	CAL	R type 2
		Positive
		Negative
		Not done
285.	Not	defined
		Positive
		Negative
		Not done
286. MPL		
	Positi	ve
	Nega	
	Not d	
287. CSF	3R	
	Positi	ve
_	Nega	
_	Not d	
000 14/		or and a library and a self to all the OIDMTDO
		mentation submitted to the CIBMTR?
	Yes	
Ц	No	
289. Were cyt	togene	tics tested (karyotyping or FISH)?

☐ Yes – Go to question 290

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
□ No – Go to quest	ion 306
☐ Unknown – Go to	question 306
290. Were cytogenetic	cs tested via FISH?
□ Yes- Go to	question 291
□ No- Go to	question 298
291. Sample so	ource
□ Bloo	d
□ Bone	e marrow
292. Results of	tests
☐ Abno	ormalities identified – <i>Go to question 293</i>
□ No a	bnormalities - Go to question 297
Specify cy	togenetic abnormalities identified via FISH at diagnosis
opeony cy	
293. Int	ernational System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
204 Sn	ecify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
254. Sp	
	· ·
_	Tour of more (4 of more)
295. Sp	pecify abnormalities (check all that apply)
	nosomy
	-Y
Tris	somy +8
	+9
	nslocation
	t(1;any)
	t(3q21;any)
П	t(11g23;anv)

CIBMTR Center Number: _	CIBMTR Research ID:			
		t(12p11.2;any)		
		t(6;9)		
	Delet	i <mark>on</mark> del(5q) / 5q-		
		del(7q) / 7q-		
		del(11q) / 11q-		
		del(12p) / 12p-		
		del(13q) / 13q-		
		del(20q) / 20q-		
	_	asi(204) / 204		
		ersion		
		dup(1)		
		inv(3)		
	Oth	er		
		i17q		
		Other abnormality – Go to question 296		
	296	6. Specify other abnormality:		
297.	Was docum	entation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. FISH report)		
	□ Yes			
	□ No			
000 144				
	-	s tested via karyotyping?		
		question 299		
	io- Go to qi	uestion 306		
299.	Sample sou	rce		
	□ Blood			
	☐ Bone	marrow		
300.	Results of to	ests		
		malities identified – <i>Go to question 301</i>		
		aluable metaphases- Go to question 305		
		normalities – Go to question 305		
		/		

Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via conventional cytogenetics at diagnosis

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:			
	301.	Inte	nternational System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string	
	302.	Spe	cify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities	
			One (1)	
			Two (2)	
			Three (3)	
			Four or more (4 or more)	
	303.	Spe	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)	
		Mond	osomy -5	
			-7	
			-Y	
		Trisc	omy +8	
			+9	
		Tran:	slocation *(1:opy)	
			t(1;any) t(3q21;any)	
			t(11q23;any)	
			t(12p11.2;any)	
			t(6;9)	
		Delet	tion	
			del(5q) / 5q-	
			del(7q) / 7q-	
			del(11q) / 11q-	
			del(12p) / 12p-	
			del(13q) / 13q-	
			del(20q) / 20q-	
		Inve	ersion dup(1)	
		_	inv(3)	
		Oth		
			i17q	
			(Man an alexandra life). Ca to exception 201	

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	304. Specify other abnormality:
305.	Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. karyotyping report)
	□ Yes
	□ No
	cipient progress or transform to a different MPN subtype or AML between diagnosis and the preparative regimen / infusion?
□ Yes – G e	o to question 307
□ No – <i>Go</i>	to question 310
307. Speci	ify the MPN subtype or AML after transformation
	Post-essential thrombocythemic myelofibrosis (1467) – <i>Go to question 308</i>
	Post-polycythemic myelofibrosis (1468) – <i>Go to question 308</i>
	Transformed to AML (70) – <i>Go to question 309</i>
308.	Specify the date of the most recent transformation:
309.	Date of MPN diagnosis: Go to signature line
	YYYY MM DD
Assessment a	at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen/ infusion
	ansfusion dependence at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen/ infusion
	nsfused (NTD) –(0 RBCs in 16 weeks)
	Insfusion burden (LTB) -(3-7 RBCs in 16 weeks in at least 2 transfusion episodes; num of 3 in 8 weeks)
☐ High-tra	ansfusion burden (HTB) - (≥ 8 RBCs in 16weeks; ≥ 4 in 8 weeks)
the prepa	cipient have constitutional symptoms in six months before last evaluation prior to the start of rative regimen / infusion? (symptoms are >10% weight loss in 6 months, night sweats, or need fever higher than 37.5 °C)
☐ Yes	
□ No	
☐ Unknow	vn
312. Did the re infusion?	ecipient have splenomegaly at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen/
□ Yes – 0	Go to question 313

CIBMTR Cer	nter Numbe	r: CIBMTR Research ID:
	□ No –	Go to question 316
	□ Unkno	own- Go to question 316
	□ Not a	oplicable (splenectomy) – Go to question 316
	313. Spe	cify the method used to measure spleen size
		Physical assessment- Go to question 314
		Ultrasound- Go to question 315
		CT/ MRI- Go to question 315
	314.	Specify the spleen size: centimeters below left costal margin – <i>Go to question 317</i>
	315.	Specify the spleen size: centimeters
316	6. Did the infusion	recipient have hepatomegaly at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen /
	□ Yes –	Go to question 317
	□ No –	Go to question 320
	□ Unkno	own – Go to question 320
	317. Spe	cify the method used to measure liver size
		Physical assessment- Go to question 318
		Ultrasound- Go to question 319
		CT/ MRI- Go to question 319
	318.	Specify the liver size: centimeters below right costal margin – <i>Go to question 321</i>
	319.	Specify the liver size: centimeters
Labor	atory stud	es at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion
320.	Date CBC	drawn:
		YYYY MM DD
321.	WBC	
	☐ Known	- Go to question 322
	□ Unkno	wn – Go to question 323
	322	• □ x 10 ⁹ /L (x 10 ³ /mm ³)
		□ x 10 ⁶ /L

CIBMTR Cer	nter Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
323.	Neutrophils	
	☐ Known – Go to question 324	
	☐ Unknown – Go to question 325	
	324%	
325.	Blasts in blood	
	☐ Known – Go to question 326	
	☐ Unknown— Go to question 327	
	326 %	
327.	Hemoglobin	
	☐ Known – Go to question 328	
	☐ Unknown – Go to question 330	
	328•	□ g/dL
		□ g/L
		□ mmol/L
	329. Were RBCs transfused ≤ 30 da	ays before date of test?
	□ Yes	
	□ No	
330.	Platelets	
	☐ Known – Go to question 331	
	☐ Unknown – Go to question 333	
	331	$\Box \times 10^9/L (x \ 10^3/mm^3)$
		□ x 10 ⁶ /L
	332. Were platelets transfused ≤ 7 of	days before date of test?
	□ Yes	
	□ No	
333.	Blasts in bone marrow	
	☐ Known – Go to question 334	
	☐ Unknown – Go to question 335	

CIBMTR Cent	er Number	:	CIBMTR Research ID:
335.	Were tes	ts for o	driver mutations performed?
	□ Yes –	Go to	question 336
	□ No – G	o to q	uestion 346
	□ Unkno	wn <i>- G</i>	to to question 346
	336. JAK2	2	
		Positi	ve– Go to question 337
		Nega	tive- Go to question 339
		Not d	one– Go to question 339
	337.	JAK	2 V617F
			Positive
			Negative
			Not Done
	338.	JAK	2 Exon 12
			Positive
			Negative
			Not done
	339.CAL	R	
		Positi	ve – Go to question 340
		Nega	tive- Go to question 343
		Not d	one- Go to question 343
	340.	CAL	R type 1
			Positive
			Negative
			Not done
	341.	CAL	R type 2
			Positive
			Negative
			Not done
	342.	Not	defined
			Positive
			Negative

□ Not done

CIBMTR Center Number	: CIBMTR Research ID:
343. MPL	
	Positive
	Negative
	Not done
344. CSF	3R
	Positive
	Negative
	Not done
345. Was	documentation submitted to the CIBMTR?
	Yes
	No
346. Were cyt	rogenetics tested (karyotyping or FISH)?
•	Go to question 347
□ No – G	Go to question 363
☐ Unkno	wn – Go to question 363
347. Were	e cytogenetics tested via FISH?
	Yes- Go to question 348
	No- Go to question 355
348.	Sample source
	□ Blood
	□ Bone marrow
349.	Results of tests
	☐ Abnormalities identified – <i>Go to question 350</i>
	□ No abnormalities – Go to question 354
	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via FISH at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion
	350. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
	351. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities
	□ One (1)
	□ Two (2)

CIBMTR Center Number:			CIBMTR Research ID:
			Three (3)
		_	Four or more (4 or more)
	352	2. Spe	cify abnormalities (check all that apply)
		Mone	osomy
			- 5
			-7
			-Y
		Trisc	omy
			+8
			+9
		Trans	slocation
			t(1;any)
			t(3q21;any)
			t(11q23;any)
			t(12p11.2;any)
			t(6;9)
		Delet	tion
			del(5q) / 5q-
			del(7q) / 7q-
			del(11q) / 11q-
			del(12p) / 12p-
			del(13q) / 13q-
			del(20q) / 20q-
		Inve	ersion
			dup(1)
			inv(3)
		Oth	
			i17q
			Other abnormality – <i>Go to question</i> 353
		353	3. Specify other abnormality:
354.	Was	docum	nentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. FISH report)
		Yes	
	П	No	

CIBMTR Center Number:		CIBMTR Research ID:			
355.	Were	cytogenetics tested via karyotyping?			
		∕es- Go to question 356			
		No- Go to question 363			
	356.	Sample source			
		□ Blood			
		□ Bone marrow			
	357.	Results of tests			
	0011	☐ Abnormalities identified – <i>Go to question 358</i>			
		□ No evaluable metaphases- <i>Go to question 362</i>			
		□ No abnormalities – <i>Go to question 362</i>			
		Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified via conventional cytogenetics at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen / infusion			
		358. International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string			
		359. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities			
		□ One (1)			
		□ Two (2)			
		☐ Three (3)			
		☐ Four or more (4 or more)			
		360. Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)			
		Monosomy			
		□ -5 			
		□ -7			
		□ –Y			
		Trisomy			
		□ +8			
		□ + 9			
		Translocation			
		□ t(1;any)			
		□ t(3q21;any)			
		□ t(11q23;any)			
		□ t(12p11.2;any)			

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:			
	t(6;9)			
Del	etion del(5q) / 5q-			
	del(12p) / 12p-			
	del(13q) / 13q-			
	del(20q) / 20q-			
In 🗆	version dup(1)			
	inv(3)			
Ot	ther i17q			
	•			
3	61. Specify other abnormality:			
362. Was docu	imentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. karyotyping report)			
□ Yes				
□ No				
Status at transplantation / i	nfusion			
363. What was the disease	363. What was the disease status?			
☐ Complete clinical remission (CR) - Go to question 367				
□ Partial clinical remission (PR) — Go to question 367				
☐ Clinical improvement (CI) - Go to question 364				
☐ Stable disease (SD)- Go to question 367			
☐ Progressive disease	e - Go to question 367			
☐ Relapse- Go to question 367				
□ Not assessed - Go	to question 368			
364. Was an anen	nia response achieved?			
☐ Yes				
□ No				
365. Was a spleen	response achieved?			

CIBMTR Cent	er Number:	er: CIBMTR Research ID:						
	□ No							
	366. Was a symptom	response achiev	ved?					
	□ Yes	•						
	□ No							
	367. Date assess	ed:				- Go to question 368		
		YYYY		MM	DD			
368.	Specify the cytogenetic r	esponse						
	□ Complete response	(CR): Eradicatio	n of pre-e	existing a	bnormal	ity – Go to question 369		
	□ Partial response (PF	R): ≥ 50% reduct	ion in abn	ormal m	etaphase	s – Go to question 369		
	☐ Re-emergence of pr	e-existing cytoge	netic abno	rmality -	Go to qu	estion 369		
	☐ Not assessed – <i>Go</i>	to question 370						
	☐ Not applicable – <i>Go</i>	to question 370)					
☐ None of the above: Does not meet the CR or PR criteria – Go to question 369						o question 369		
	369. Date assessed:							
		YYYY	MM	DD				
370.	Specify the molecular re	esponse						
	☐ Complete response	(CR): Eradicatio	n of pre-e	existing a	bnormal	ity – Go to question 371		
	☐ Partial response (PF	R): ≥50% decrea s	se in allelo	e burden	– Go to	question 371		
	☐ Re-emergence of a	pre-existing mole	cular abno	ormality -	Go to qu	estion 371		
	□ Not assessed – <i>Go</i>	to First Name						
	☐ Not applicable – Go	to First Name						
	☐ None of the above: I	Does not meet t	he CR or	PR criter	ia – Go te	371		
	371. Date assessed:		.—					
		YYYY	MM	DD				
Other Leukem	ia (OL)							
372 Sn	ecify the other leukemia	classification						
572. Op	Chronic lymphocytic I		NOS (34) -	Go to au	estion 3	7.4		
		` '		-		phoma (SLL) (71) - Go to question		
П	374	cun c iilia (OLL), [אווטסיים / אווטסיים	an iyiripii(Joyno Iyili	priorita (SEE) (71) - GO to question		
	Hairy cell leukemia (3	5) - Go to questi	on 377					
	Hairy cell leukemia va	ariant (75) - Go to	question	377				

CIBMTR C	Center	Num	nber:	CIBMTR Research ID:						
		Mor	noclo	onal B-cell lymphocytosis (76) – Go to signature line						
			Prolymphocytic leukemia (PLL), NOS (37) - <i>Go to question 374</i>							
			LL, B-cell (73) - Go to question 374							
		PLL	_, T-c	cell (74) - Go to question 374						
		Oth	er le	ukemia, NOS (30) - <i>Go to question 377</i>						
		Oth	er le	ukemia (39) - Go to question 373						
	373	3. \$	Spec	eify other leukemia: – Go to question 377						
	374	1 . ۱	Was	any 17p abnormality detected?						
			3	\ensuremath{Yes} – If disease classification is CLL, go to question 375. If PLL, go to question 377						
			3	No						
	375			a histologic transformation to diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (Richter syndrome) occur at any after CLL diagnosis?						
]	Yes – Go to question 379						
]	No - Go to question 377						
	Sta	atus	at tı	ransplantation / infusion:						
	376	S. \	Wha	t was the disease status? (Atypical CML)						
]	Primary induction failure – Go to question 378						
			3	1st complete remission (no previous bone marrow or extramedullary relapse) – Go to question 378						
]	2nd complete remission - Go to question 378						
			3	≥ 3rd complete remission − Go to question 378						
]	1st relapse - Go to question 378						
]	2nd relapse – Go to question 378						
]	≥ 3rd relapse - Go to question 378						
]	No treatment – Go to signature line						
	377	7. \	Wha	t was the disease status? (CLL, PLL, Hairy cell leukemia, Other leukemia)						
]	Complete remission (CR) - Go to question 378						
]	Partial remission (PR) – Go to question 378						
]	Stable disease (SD) – <i>Go to question 378</i>						
]	Progressive disease (Prog) – <i>Go to question 378</i>						
				Untreated - Go to question 378						
]	Not assessed - Go to signature line						

CIBMTR Center	Number:		CIBMTR Research ID:		
	378.	Date assessed:		_	- Go to signature line
			YYYY	MM	DD
Hodgkin and No	n-Hodgki	in Lymphoma			
379. Spe	cify the ly	mphoma histology (at ii	nfusion)		
Но	dgkin Ly	mphoma Codes			
	Hodgkin	lymphoma, not otherw	ise specified (150)		
	Lympho	cyte depleted (154)			
	Lympho	cyte-rich (151)			
	Mixed ce	ellularity (153)			
	Nodular	lymphocyte predomina	nt Hodgkin lymphoma (15	5)	
	Nodular	sclerosis (152)			
No	n-Hodgki	in Lymphoma Codes			
B-c	ell Neop	lasms rge B-cell lymphoma (1	833)		
		mphoma, unclassifiable	•	e betwe	en DLBCL and classical Hodgkin
	Burkitt ly	mphoma (111)			
	Burkitt-li	ke lymphoma with 11q	aberration (1834)		
	Diffuse,	large B-cell lymphoma-	Activated B-cell type (non	-GCB) (1821) - Go to question 381
	Diffuse,	large B-cell lymphoma-	Germinal center B-cell typ	oe (1820) - Go to question 381
	Diffuse la	arge B-cell Lymphoma	(cell of origin unknown) (1	07)	
	DLBCL a	associated with chronic	inflammation (1825)		
	Duodena	al-type follicular lympho	oma (1815)		
	EBV+ D	LBCL, NOS (1823)			
	EBV+ m	ucocutaneous ulcer (18	324)		
	Extrano	dal marginal zone B-cel	ll lymphoma of mucosal as	sociated	d lymphoid tissue type (MALT) (122)
	Follicula	r, mixed, small cleaved	and large cell (Grade II fo	llicle cer	nter lymphoma) (103)
	Follicula	r, predominantly large of	cell (Grade IIIA follicle cent	ter lympl	homa) (162)
	Follicula	r, predominantly large o	cell (Grade IIIB follicle cent	ter lympl	noma) (163)
	Follicula	r, predominantly large of	cell (Grade IIIA vs IIIB not	specified	d) (1814)
	Follicula	r, predominantly small	cleaved cell (Grade I follicl	e center	lymphoma) (102)
	Follicula	r (grade unknown) (164	4)		
	HHV8+ I	DLBCL, NOS (1826)			

CIBMTR Center	Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
	High-grade B-cell lymphoma, with MYC and BCL2 and/or BCL6 rearrangements (1831)
	High-grade B-cell lymphoma, NOS (1830)
	Intravascular large B-cell lymphoma (136)
	Large B-cell lymphoma with IRF4 rearrangement (1832)
	Lymphomatoid granulomatosis (1835)
	Mantle cell lymphoma (115)
	Nodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (± monocytoid B-cells) (123)
	Pediatric nodal marginal zone lymphoma (1813)
	Pediatric-type follicular lymphoma (1816)
	Plasmablastic lymphoma (1836)
	Primary cutaneous DLBCL, leg type (1822)
	Primary cutaneous follicle center lymphoma (1817)
	Primary diffuse, large B-cell lymphoma of the CNS (118)
	Primary effusion lymphoma (138)
	Primary mediastinal (thymic) large B-cell lymphoma (125)
	Splenic B-cell lymphoma/leukemia, unclassifiable (1811)
	Splenic diffuse red pulp small B-cell lymphoma (1812)
	Splenic marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (124)
	T-cell / histiocytic rich large B-cell lymphoma (120)
	Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia / Lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma (173)
	Other B-cell lymphoma (129) – <i>Go to question 380</i>
T-c	ell and NK-cell Neoplasms Adult T-cell lymphoma / leukemia (HTLV1 associated) (134)
	Aggressive NK-cell leukemia (27)
	Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK positive (143)
	Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK negative (144)
	Angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma (131)
	Breast implant-associated anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (1861)
	Chronic lymphoproliferative disorder of NK cells (1856)
	Enteropathy-type T-cell lymphoma (133)
	Extranodal NK / T-cell lymphoma, nasal type (137)
	Follicular T-cell lymphoma (1859)
	Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma (145)
	Indolent T-cell lymphoproliferative disorder of the GI tract (1858)
	Monomorphic epitheliotropic intestinal T-cell lymphoma (1857)
	Mycosis fungoides (141)

BMTR Center	Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
	Nodal peripheral T-cell lymphoma with TFH phenotype (1860)
	Peripheral T-cell lymphoma (PTCL), NOS (130)
	Primary cutaneous acral CD8+ T-cell lymphoma (1853)
	Primary cutaneous CD4+ small/medium T-cell lymphoproliferative disorder (1854)
	Primary cutaneous CD8+ aggressive epidermotropic cytotoxic T-cell lymphoma (1852)
	Primary cutaneous CD30+ T-cell lymphoproliferative disorders [Primary cutaneous anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (C-ALCL), lymphoid papulosis] (147)
	Primary cutaneous γδ T-cell lymphoma (1851)
	Sezary syndrome (142)
	Subcutaneous panniculitis-like T-cell lymphoma (146)
	Systemic EBV+ T-cell lymphoma of childhood (1855)
	T-cell large granular lymphocytic leukemia (126)
	Other T-cell / NK-cell lymphoma (139) – Go to question 380
Pos	sttransplant lymphoproliferative disorders (PTLD) Classical Hodgkin lymphoma PTLD (1876)
	Florid follicular hyperplasia PTLD (1873)
	Infectious mononucleosis PTLD (1872)
	Monomorphic PTLD (B- and T-/NK-cell types) (1875)
	Plasmacytic hyperplasia PTLD (1871)
	Polymorphic PTLD (1874)
380). Specify other lymphoma histology:
38′	Assignment of DLBCL (germinal center B-cell type vs. activated B-cell type) subtype was based on:
	☐ Immunohistochemistry (e.g. Han's algorithm)
	☐ Gene expression profile
	□ Unknown method
382. Is th	e lymphoma histology reported at transplant a transformation from CLL?
	Yes – Go to question 383
	No - Go to question 384
383	3. Was any 17p abnormality detected?
	☐ Yes- Go to question 388
	□ No- Go to question 388
	e lymphoma histology reported at transplant a transformation from a different lymphoma histology? (Not .L)
	Yes – Go to question 385
	-

BMTR C	enter	Numbe	CIBMTR Research ID:	
		No – C	to question 388	
		385	Specify the original lymphoma histology (prior to transformation)	
			386. Specify other lymphoma histology:	
		387	Date of original lymphoma diagnosis:diagnosis of original lymphoma subtype)	(report the date o
388.		a PET fusion)	r PET/CT) scan performed? (at last evaluation prior to the start of the	e preparative regimen /
		Yes –	o to question 389	
		No – C	to question 394	
	389	9. Wa	the PET (or PET/CT) scan positive for lymphoma involvement at any	/ disease site?
			Yes	
			No	
	390). Dat	of PET scan	
			Known- Go to question 391	
			Unknown – Go to question 392	
		391	Date of PET (or PET/CT) scan:	
			YYYY MM	DD
	39	2. Dea	ville (five-point) score of the PET (or PET/CT) scan	
			Known – Go to question 393	
			Unknown – Go to question 394	
		393	Scale	
			☐ 1- no uptake or no residual uptake	
			□ 2- slight uptake, but below blood pool (mediastinum)	
			☐ 3- uptake above mediastinal, but below or equal to uptake in	the liver
			☐ 4- uptake slightly to moderately higher than liver	
			☐ 5- markedly increased uptake or any new lesion	
Stat	us at	transp	ntation / infusion:	
20.4	\	4== 11	diagona atatus?	
394.			disease status?	
		Diseas	untreated- Go to signature line	

CIBMTR Center	Number	:	CIBM	TR Research	n ID:		
		- Primary induction sive disease on trea				TE remission but with stable o	or
		PIF sen / PR1 - Primary induction failure – sensitive: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with partial remission on treatment. – <i>Go to question 395</i>					partial
	PIF unk	- Primary induction	failure – ser	sitivity unkno	own– Go to q	uestion 395	
	CR1 - 1	•	n: no bone r	marrow or ex	ramedullary re	elapse prior to transplant– Go	to
	CR2 - 2	nd complete remissi	on– Go to q	uestion 395			
	CR3+ -	3 rd or subsequent c	omplete rem	ission– <i>Go t</i> e	o question 3	95	
	REL1 u	•	reated; inclu	des either bo	ne marrow or	extramedullary relapse- Go t	to
	REL1 re	es - 1 st relapse – res	istant: stable	or progress	ve disease wi	th treatment– Go to question	n 395
		en - 1 st relapse – se Go to question 3 9	•	al remission (if complete re	mission was achieved, classif	y as
	REL1 u	nk - 1 st relapse – se	nsitivity unkr	nown– <i>Go to</i>	question 39	5	
	REL2 u		treated: inclu	udes either bo	one marrow or	r extramedullary relapse- <i>Go</i>	to
	REL2 re	es - 2 nd relapse – re	sistant: stable	e or progress	ive disease w	ith treatment– Go to questio	n 395
		en - 2 nd relapse – se · Go to question 3	•	al remission	(if complete re	emission achieved, classify as	
	REL2 u	nk - 2 nd relapse – se	ensitivity unk	nown– <i>Go to</i>	question 39	95	
		unt - 3rd or subsequ – Go to question :	•	untreated;	ncludes eithe	r bone marrow or extramedulla	ary
		res - 3 rd or subsequ s <i>tion 395</i>	ent relapse -	- resistant: st	able or progre	ssive disease with treatment-	Go
		sen - 3 rd or subsequ as CR3+)– Go to c			artial remissio	n (if complete remission achie	∍ved,
	REL3+	unk - 3 rd relapse or	greater – ser	nsitivity unkno	own– Go to q	uestion 395	
395	5. Tota	I number of lines of	therapy rece	eived <i>(betwee</i>	en diagnosis a	nd HCT / infusion)	
		1 line					
		2 lines					
		3+ lines					
	396.	Date assessed: _				Go to signature line	
		_			 MM	DD	

397. Specify the multiple myeloma/plasma cell disorder (PCD) classification

CIBMTR Center	r Numb	ber: CIBMTR Research ID:						
	Multip	iple myeloma-light chain only (186) - Go to question 399						
	Multip	lultiple myeloma-non-secretory (187) - Go to question 405						
	Plasn	lasma cell leukemia (172) - <i>Go to question 407</i>						
	Solita	ary plasmacytoma (no evidence of myeloma) (175) - Go to question 404						
	Smol	oldering myeloma (180) – <i>Go to question 407</i>						
	Amyl	rloidosis (174) - Go to question 400						
	Osteo	eosclerotic myeloma / POEMS syndrome (176) - Go to question 407						
	Mono	oclonal gammopathy of renal significance (MGRS) (1611) - Go to question 40)1					
	Other	er plasma cell disorder (179) - Go to question 398						
39	8. Sp	Specify other plasma cell disorder: Go to que	stion 407					
39	9. Sp	Specify heavy and/or light chain type (check all that apply)						
		IgG kappa – Go to question 405						
		IgA kappa – Go to question 405						
		IgM kappa – Go to question 405						
		IgD kappa – Go to question 405						
		IgE kappa – <i>Go to question 405</i>						
		·						
		·						
		•						
		·						
		•						
		Lambda (light chain only) – <i>Go to question 405</i>						
40	0. Sp	Specify Amyloidosis classification						
		AL amyloidosis – Go to question 407						
		AH amyloidosis – <i>Go to question 407</i>						
		AHL amyloidosis – <i>Go to question 407</i>						
40	1. Se	Select monoclonal gammopathy of renal significance (MGRS) classification						
		Light chain fanconi syndrome – <i>Go to question 403</i>						

CIBMTR Center	· Number	:: CIBMTR Research ID:
		Proximal tubulopathy without crystals – <i>Go to question 403</i>
		Crystal-storing histiocytosis – Go to question 403
		Non-amyloid fibrillary glomerulonephritis – Go to question 403
		Immunotactoid glomerulopathy (ITGN)/ Glomerulonephritis with organized monoclonal microtubular immunoglobulin deposits (GOMMID) – <i>Go to question 403</i>
		Type 1 cryoglobulinemic glomerulonephritis – Go to question 403
		Monoclonal immunoglobulin deposition disease (MIDD) - Go to question 402
		Proliferative glomerulonephritis with monoclonal immunoglobulin G deposits (PGNMID) – \textbf{Go} to $\textbf{question 403}$
		C3 glomerulopathy with monoclonal gammopathy – Go to question 403
		Unknown – Go to question 403
	402.	Select monoclonal immunoglobulin deposition disease (MIDD) subtype
		□ Light chain deposition disease (LCDD)
		□ Light and heavy chain deposition disease (LHCDD)
		☐ Heavy chain deposition disease (HCDD)
	403.	Was documentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. pathology report)
		□ Yes – Go to question 407
		□ No – Go to question 407
404	4. Solit	ary plasmacytoma was
		Extramedullary – Go to question 407
		Bone derived – Go to question 407
405. Wha	at was the	e Durie-Salmon staging? (at diagnosis)
	bone st	(All of the following: Hgb > 10g/dL; serum calcium normal or <10.5 mg/dL; bone x-ray normal tructure (scale 0), or solitary bone plasmacytoma only; low M-component production rates IgG., IgA < 3g/dL; urine light chain M-component on electrophoresis <4g/24h) – Go to question
	Stage I	(Fitting neither Stage I or Stage III) – Go to question 406
	bone le	II (One of more of the following: Hgb < 8.5 g/dL; serum calcium > 12 mg/dL; advanced lytic sions (scale 3); high M-component production rates IgG >7g/dL, IgA > 5g/dL; Bence Jones >12g/24h) – Go to question 406
	Unknov	vn – Go to question 407
400	6. Wha	at was the_Durie-Salmon sub classification? (at diagnosis)
		A - relatively normal renal function (serum creatinine < 2.0 mg/dL)
		B - abnormal renal function (serum creatinine ≥ 2.0 mg/dL)

ITR Cente	er Num	ber:	(CIBMTR Researc	:h ID:		
	Yes	– Go to questi	on 408				
	No -	- Go to questio	on 411				
4	08. S	Specify precedin	g / concurrent o	disorder			
		Multiple my	/eloma– <i>Go to</i> (question 410			
		, ,	-	ain only – Go to q			
				cretory – Go to qu			
				o to question 410			
			•	•	eloma) – Go to quest i	ion 410	
		_		o to question 410	0		
		,	s – Go to ques				
			•	·	e – Go to question 4		
		Monoclona	I gammopathy of	of unknown signif	icance (MGUS) – Go	to question	410
		Monoclona	I gammopathy of	of renal significan	ice (MGRS) – Go to q	uestion 410	
		Other plasn	na cell disorder	r (PCD) – Go to q	question 409		
	4	09. Specify ot	her preceding/c	concurrent disorde	er:		
	4	10. Date of dia	agnosis of prec	eding / concurren	t disorder:		
					2000/	MM	DD
					YYYY	IVIIVI	DD
Copy q	uestio	ıs 408- 410 to r	report more tha	an one concurre	ent or preceding disc	order.	
411. Se	rum β2	?-microglobulin					
	Kno	wn – Go to que	stion 412				
	Unk	nown – <i>Go to q</i>	uestion 413				
4	12. S	Serum β2-micro	globulin:	•	□ μg/dL		
					☐ mg/L		
					□ nmol/L		
413. Se	rum all	oumin					
		wn – Go to que					
	Unk	nown – Go to q	uestion 415				
4	14. 5	Serum albumin:	•	□ g/dL			
				□ g/L			

CIBMTR Ce	nter	Numbe	r: CIBMTR Research ID:
415.	Stage	е	
ı		Known	- Go to question 416
I		Unknov	wn – Go to question 417
	416	. Sta	ge
			1 (Serum β2-microglobulin < 3.5 mg/L, Serum albumin ≥ 3.5 g/dL)
			2 (Not fitting stage 1 or 3)
			3 (Serum β2-microglobulin ≥ 5.5 mg/L; Serum albumin —)
R - I.S	S.S. a	at diagr	nosis
417.	Stage	e	
1		Known	- Go to question 418
I		Unknov	wn – Go to question 419
	418	. Sta	ge
			1 (ISS stage I and no high-risk cytogenetic abnormalities by FISH [deletion 17p / 17p-, $t(4;14)$, $t(14;16)$] and normal LDH levels)
			2 (Not R-ISS stage I or III)
			3 (ISS stage III and either high-risk cytogenetic abnormalities by FISH [deletion 17p / 17p-, t(4;14), t(14;16)] or high LDH levels)
419. I	Plasr	ma cells	s in blood by flow cytometry
1		Known	- Go to question 420
I		Unknov	wn – Go to question 421
	420		• %
421. I	Plasr	ma cells	s in blood by morphologic assessment
1		Known	- Go to question 422
1		Unknov	wn – Go to question 424
	422	! .	%
	423		• x 10 ⁹ /L (x 10 ³ /mm ³)
			□ x 10 ⁶ /L
424. I	LDH		
I		Known	- Go to question 425
ı		Unknov	wn – Go to question 427

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
425	• U/L
426. Upper limit o	of normal for LDH: •
таба бара	
Labs at diagnosis	
427. Were cytogenetics to	ested (karyotyping or FISH)? (at diagnosis)
☐ Yes – Go to q ı	uestion 428
□ No – Go to qu	estion 440
☐ Unknown – <i>Go</i>	to question 440
428. Were cytoge	enetics tested via FISH?
□ Yes –	Go to question 429
□ No – 0	Go to question 434
429. Resu	Its of tests
	Abnormalities identified – Go to question 430
	No abnormalities – Go to question 433
Specif	y cytogenetic abnormalities identified via FISH at diagnosis
430.	International System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible string:
431.	Specify abnormalities (check all that apply)
	Trisomy
	□ +3 □ ·5
	□ +5
	□ +7 □ +9
	□ +9 □ +11
	□ +15
	□ +19
	Translocation □ t(4;14)
	□ t(6;14)
	□ t(11;14)

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	t(14;16)
De 🗆	letion del (13q) / 13q-
Mo	onosomy - 13
ц.	- 17
	her
	Hypodiploid (<46)
	MYC rearrangement
	Any abnormality at 1q
	Any abnormality at 1p
	Other abnormality- Go to question 432
43	2. Specify other abnormality:
433. Was docu	mentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. FISH report)
□ Yes	
□ No	
434. Were cytogeneti	cs tested via karyotyping?
□ Yes – Go t	o question 435
□ No – Go t o	question 440
435. Results of	tests
☐ Abno	ormalities identified – <i>Go to question 436</i>
□ No e	valuable metaphases – <i>Go to question 439</i>
□ No a	bnormalities – <i>Go to question 439</i>
Specify cy	togenetic abnormalities identified via conventional cytogenetics at diagnosis
	ternational System for Human Cytogenetic Nomenclature (ISCN) compatible ing:
437. Sp	ecify abnormalities (check all that apply)

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Research ID:
	+3
	+5
	+7
	+9
	+11
	+15
	+19
Trai	nslocation t(4;14)
	t(6;14)
	t(11;14)
	t(14;16)
	t(14;20)
Dele	etion del (13q) / 13q-
	del (17q) / 17p-
Mor □	nosomy - 13
	- 17
Oth	er Hyperdiploid (>50)
	Hypodiploid (<46)
	MYC rearrangement
	Any abnormality at 1q
	Any abnormality at 1p
	Other abnormality- Go to question 438
438	. Specify other abnormality:
439. Was docum	nentation submitted to the CIBMTR? (e.g. karyotyping report)
□ Yes	
□ No	
Status at transplantation / infu	usion

440. What is the hematologic disease status?

CIBMTR C	enter	er Number: CIBMTR Research ID:						
		Complete response (CR)						
		Very good partial response (VGPR)						
		Partial response (PR)	Partial response (PR)					
		No response (NR) / stable disease (SD)						
		Progressive disease (PD)						
		Relapse from CR (Rel) (untreated)						
		Unknown						
	44′	41. Date assessed: Go to signature line						
		YYYY MM DD						
442.	Spec	ecify amyloidosis hematologic response (for Amyloid patients only)						
		Complete response (CR)						
		Very good partial response (VGPR)						
		Partial response (PR)						
		No response (NR) / stable disease (SD)						
		Progressive disease (PD)						
		Relapse from CR (Rel) (untreated)						
		Unknown						
		Unknown						
		Unknown 43. Date assessed: Go to signature line						
		43. Date assessed: Go to signature line						
Solid Tumo	443	43. Date assessed: Go to signature line						
	443 ors	43. Date assessed: Go to signature line YYYYY MM DD						
	443 ors	43. Date assessed: Go to signature line YYYYY MM DD ecify the solid tumor classification						
	443 ors Spec	43. Date assessed: Go to signature line YYYYY MM DD						
	443 ors Spec	43. Date assessed: Go to signature line YYYYY MM DD ecify the solid tumor classification Bone sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (273)						
	Spec	43. Date assessed: Go to signature line YYYY MM DD ecify the solid tumor classification Bone sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (273) Breast cancer (250)						
	Spec	43. Date assessed: Go to signature line YYYYY MM DD ecify the solid tumor classification Bone sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (273) Breast cancer (250) Central nervous system tumor, including CNS PNET (220)						
	Spec	43. Date assessed:						
	Spec	43. Date assessed: Go to signature line YYYYY MM DD ecify the solid tumor classification Bone sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (273) Breast cancer (250) Central nervous system tumor, including CNS PNET (220) Cervical (212) Colorectal (228)						
	Spec	43. Date assessed:						
	Spec	43. Date assessed:						
	Spec	43. Date assessed:						

CIBMTR C	enter	Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
		Head / neck (201)
		Hemangiosarcoma (246)
		Hepatobiliary (207)
		Leiomyosarcoma (242)
		Liposarcoma (243)
		Lung, non-small cell (203)
		Lung, not otherwise specified (230)
		Lung, small cell (202)
		Lymphangio sarcoma (247)
		Mediastinal neoplasm (204)
		Medulloblastoma (226)
		Melanoma (219)
		Neuroblastoma (222)
		Neurogenic sarcoma (248)
		Ovarian (epithelial) (214)
		Pancreatic (206)
		Prostate (209)
		Renal cell (208)
		Retinoblastoma (223)
		Rhabdomyosarcoma (232)
		Soft tissue sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (274)
		Synovial sarcoma (245)
		Testicular (210)
		Thymoma (231)
		Uterine (213)
		Vaginal (215)
		Wilm tumor (221)
		Solid tumor, not otherwise specified (200)
		Other solid tumor (269) – Go to question 445
	445	5. Specify other solid tumor: Go to signature line
Aplastic A	nemia	
446.	-	cify the aplastic anemia classification – If the recipient developed MDS or AML, indicate MDS or as the primary disease.
		Acquired AA, not otherwise specified (301) – Go to question 447

CIBMTR Center Number:
☐ Acquired AA secondary to chemotherapy (313) – <i>Go to question 447</i>
□ Acquired AA secondary to hepatitis (302) (any form of hepatitis) – Go to question 447
□ Acquired AA secondary to immunotherapy or immune effector cell therapy (314) – <i>Go to question 447</i>
□ Acquired AA secondary to toxin / other drug (303) − <i>Go to question 447</i>
☐ Acquired amegakaryocytosis (not congenital) (304) – <i>Go to Signature Line</i>
☐ Acquired pure red cell aplasia (not congenital) (306) – Go to Signature Line
☐ Other acquired cytopenic syndrome (309) – Go to question 448
447. Specify severity
☐ Severe / very severe – Go to Signature Line
□ Not severe – Go to Signature Line
448. Specify other acquired cytopenic syndrome: Go to Signature Line
Inherited Bone Marrow Failure Syndromes
449. Specify the inherited bone marrow failure syndrome classification - If the recipient developed MDS or AML, indicate MDS or AML as the primary disease. Diamond-Blackfan anemia (pure red cell aplasia) (312) – Go to question 450 Dyskeratosis congenita (307) – Go to signature line Fanconi anemia (311) – Go to question 450 Severe congenital neutropenia (including Kostmann syndrome)(460) – Go to signature line Shwachman-Diamond (305) – Go to question 450 450. Did the recipient receive gene therapy to treat the inherited bone marrow failure syndrome? Yes - Also complete Cellular Therapy Product and Infusion forms 4003 and 4006. No
Hemoglobinopathies
451. Specify the hemoglobinopathy classification ☐ Sickle cell disease (356) – <i>Go to question 454</i> ☐ Transfusion dependent thalassemia (360) – <i>Go to question 452</i> ☐ Other hemoglobinopathy (359) – <i>Go to question 453</i>
452. Specify transfusion dependent thalassemia
☐ Transfusion dependent beta thalassemia (357) − <i>Go to question 454</i>
Other transfusion dependent thalassemia (358) – <i>Go to question 454</i> CIBMTR Form 2402 V6 (77 – 89) OMB No: 0915-0310. Expiration Date: 10/31/2022. Form released October, 2020. Copyright © 2020 National Marrow Donor Program and The Medical College of Wisconsin, Inc. All rights reserved.

CIBMTR Center N	umbei	: CIBMTR Research ID:						
453.	Spe	cify other hemoglobinopathy:						
454.	Did the recipient receive gene therapy to treat the hemoglobinopathy?							
		Yes - Also complete Cellular Therapy Product and Infusion forms 4003 and 4006. If transfusion dependent thalassemia, go to question 455, else go to signature line						
		No - If transfusion dependent thalassemia, go to question 455, else go to signature line						
Que	stions	s 455-487 are for transfusion dependent thalassemia						
455.	Was	tricuspid regurgitant jet velocity (TRJV) measured by echocardiography?						
		Yes – Go to question 456						
		No- Go to question 458						
		Unknown - Go to question 458						
	456	TRJV measurement						
		☐ Known – Go to question 457						
		□ Unknown- Go to question 458						
		457. TRJV measurement:● m/sec						
458.	Was	s liver iron content (LIC) tested within 6 months prior to infusion?						
		Yes – Go to question 459						
		No – Go to question 461						
	459	. Liver iron content: •						
		☐ mg Fe/g liver dry weight						
		□ g Fe/kg liver dry weight□ µmol Fe / g liver dry weight						
	460	. Method used to estimate LIC?						
		□ T2*MRI						
		□ SQUID MRI						
		□ FerriScan						
		□ Liver biopsy						
		□ Other						
461.	Is th	e recipient red blood cell transfusion dependent? (requiring transfusion to maintain HGB 9-10						
		Yes - Go to question 462						
		No – Go to question 469						

CIBMTR Center Number:	: CIBMTR Research ID:
462.	Year of first transfusion (since diagnosis):
	YYYY
463.	Was iron chelation therapy given at any time since diagnosis?
	□ Yes – Go to question 464
	□ No – Go to question 469
	□ Unknown – Go to question 469
	464. Did iron chelation therapy meet the following criteria: initiated within 18 months of the first transfusion and administered for at least 5 days / week (either oral or parenteral iron chelation medication)?
	☐ Yes, iron chelation therapy given as specified – 467
	 No, iron chelation therapy given, but not meeting criteria listed – Go to question 465
	☐ Iron chelation therapy given, but details of administration unknown – Go to question 467
	465. Specify reason criteria not met
	□ Non-adherence – Go to question 467
	☐ Toxicity due to iron chelation therapy – <i>Go to question 467</i>
	□ Other – Go to question 466
	466. Specify other reason criteria not met:
	467. Year iron chelation therapy started
	☐ Known – Go to question 468
	☐ Unknown – Go to question 469
	468. Year started:
	YYYY
469. Did t	he recipient have hepatomegaly? (≥ 2 cm below costal margin)
	Yes- Go to question 470
	No- Go to question 471
	Unknown– Go to question 471
470.	Liver size as measured below the costal margin at most recent evaluation: cm
471. Was	a liver biopsy performed at any time since diagnosis?
	Yes – Go to questions 472
	No – Go to questions 479

CIBMTR Center Nun	mber: .				CIBMTF	R Research	ID:		
	472.	Date	assess	sed					
			Knowr	n – Go to q	uestion 4	173			
			Unkno	wn – Go t o	o questio	n 474			
		.=.							
		4/3.	Date	e assessed	:			 DD	□ Date estimated
							IVIIVI	22	
,	474.	Was	there e	evidence of	liver cirrh	osis?			
			Yes						
			No						
			Unkno	wn					
	475.	Was	there e	evidence of	liver fibro	sis?			
			Yes –	Go to que	stion 476				
			No – (Go to ques	tion 477				
			Unkno	wn – Go t o	o questio	n 477			
		476.	Typ	e of fibrosis					
		470.	Гур	Bridging	•				
				Periportal					
				Other					
				Unknown					
	477.	Was	there e	evidence of	chronic h	epatitis?			
			Yes						
			No						
			Unkno	wn					
	478.	Was	docum	entation su	ıbmitted to	the CIBMT	R? <i>(e.g.,</i> i	liver biopsy)
			Yes						
			No						
470	ر مالا ما		.l	- f - h				an MDI af t	h - h t - t time t into - in
			dence (or abnorma	ıı cardiac i	ron deposition	on based	on Wiki of t	he heart at time of infusion?
		Yes No							
L	_ 1	NO.							
480.	Did th	e reci	pient h	ave a sple	nectomy?				
Г	J \	Yes							
	□	No							

CIBMTR Center Number:		: CIBMTR Research ID:
		Unknown
Laborato	ory stu	dies at last evaluation prior to start of preparative regimen
481	. Seru	um iron
		Known – Go to questions 482
		Unknown – Go to questions 483
	482	. Serum iron: • □ μg / dL
		□ μmol / L
483	. Tota	l iron binding capacity (TIBC)
		Known – Go to question 484
		Unknown – Go to question 485
	484	. TIBC:
		μmol / L
405	. .	
485		al serum bilirubin
	_	Known – Go to question 486
		Unknown – Go to question Signature line
	486	. Total serum bilirubin: ● □ mg/dL
		□ μmol/L
	487	. Upper limit of normal for total serum bilirubin: — ●
Disorders of the	lmmune	e System
400.0		
•	•	rder of immune system classification
	Adenos questi c	sine deaminase (ADA) deficiency / severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) (401) – Go to on 492
	Absenc	e of T and B cells SCID (402) – <i>Go to question 492</i>
	Absend	e of T, normal B cell SCID (403) – <i>Go to question 492</i>
	Omenn	syndrome (404) – <i>Go to question 492</i>
	Reticula	ar dysgenesis (405) – <i>Go to question 492</i>
	Bare lyı	mphocyte syndrome (406) – Go to question 492
	Other S	SCID (419) – Go to question 489
П	SCID r	not otherwise specified (410) – Go to question 492

CIBMTR Center	Number:	CIBMTR Res	earch ID:					
	Ataxia telangi	ectasia (451) – Go to question 49	2					
	HIV infection	HIV infection (452) – Go to question 492						
	DiGeorge and	DiGeorge anomaly (454) – <i>Go to question 492</i>						
	Common varia	able immunodeficiency (457) – Go	to question 492					
	Leukocyte adl – Go to ques	_	80, CD-18, LFA and WBC adhesion deficiencies (459)					
	Neutrophil act	in deficiency (461) – Go to questi	on 492					
	Cartilage-hair	hypoplasia (462) – Go to questio	1 492					
	CD40 ligand o	eficiency (464) – Go to question	492					
	Other immuno	deficiencies (479) – Go to questi	on 490					
	Immune defic	ency, not otherwise specified (400	– Go to question 492					
		shi syndrome (456) – <mark>Also comple</mark> <i>Go to question 4</i> 92	te Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT					
		ome type 2 (465) – Also complete question 492	e Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data					
	•	udlak syndrome type 2 (466) – Als Form – <i>Go to question 492</i>	o complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD)					
		Other pigmentary dilution disorder (469) – Also complete Pigmentary Dilution Disorder (PDD) Pre-HCT Data Form – Go to question 491						
	Chronic granu	lomatous disease (455) – Go to q	uestion 492					
	Wiskott-Aldric	n syndrome (453) – Go to questic	n 492					
	X-linked lymp	noproliferative syndrome (458) – G	o to question 492					
489	9. Specify oth	er SCID:	– Go to question 492					
490). Specify oth	er immunodeficiency:	Go to question 492					
491	Specify oth	er pigmentary dilution disorder: _						
492	2. Did the rec	ipient have an active or recent info	ection with a viral pathogen within 60 days of HCT?					
		Go to question 493						
	□ No-	Go to question 494						
	493. Spe	cify viral pathogen (check all that a	apply)					
		304 Adenovirus						
		341 BK Virus						
		344 Coronavirus						
		303 Cytomegalovirus (CMV)						
		347 Chikungunya Virus						

CIBMTR Center No	umber:		CIBMTR Research ID:				
			346 Dengue Virus				
			325 Enterovirus (ECHO, Coxsackie)				
			327 Enterovirus D68 (EV-D68)				
			326 Enterovirus (polio)				
			328 Enterovirus NOS				
			318 Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV)				
			306 Hepatitis A Virus				
			307 Hepatitis B Virus				
			808 Hepatitis C Virus				
			340 Hepatitis E				
			301 Herpes Simplex Virus (HSV)				
			317 Human herpesvirus 6 (HHV-6)				
			309 Human Immunodeficiency Virus 1 or 2				
			343 Human metapneumovirus				
			322 Human Papillomavirus (HPV)				
			349 Human T-lymphotropic Virus 1 or 2				
			310 Influenza, NOS				
			323 Influenza A Virus				
			324 Influenza B Virus				
			342 JC Virus (Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy (PML))				
			311 Measles Virus (Rubeola)				
			312 Mumps Virus				
			345 Norovirus				
			316 Human Parainfluenza Virus (all species)				
			314 Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)				
			321 Rhinovirus (all species)				
			320 Rotavirus (all species)				
			315 Rubella Virus				
			302 Varicella Virus				
			348 West Nile Virus (WNV)				
494.	Has	the re	cipient ever been infected with PCP / PJP?				
		Yes					
		No					
495.	Does	s the r	ecipient have GVHD due to maternal cell engraftment pre-HCT? (SCID only)				
	п	Yes					

CIBMTR Cente	r Number: CIBMTR Research ID:
	□ No
Inherited Abno	rmalities of Platelets
496. Spe	ecify inherited abnormalities of platelets classification
	Congenital amegakaryocytosis / congenital thrombocytopenia (501)
	Glanzmann thrombasthenia (502)
	Other inherited platelet abnormality (509) – <i>Go to question 497</i>
49	, ,
	signature line
Inherited Disor	ders of Metabolism
	ecify inherited disorders of metabolism classification
	Osteopetrosis (malignant infantile osteopetrosis) (521)
Le	ukodystrophies
	Metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD) (542)
	Adrenoleukodystrophy (ALD) (543) – Go to question 500
	Krabbe disease (globoid leukodystrophy) (544)
	Lesch-Nyhan (HGPRT deficiency) (522)
	Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis (Batten disease) (523)
Mu	ıcopolysaccharidoses
	Hurler syndrome (IH) (531)
	Scheie syndrome (IS) (532)
	Hunter syndrome (II) (533)
	Sanfilippo (III) (534)
	Morquio (IV) (535)
	Maroteaux-Lamy (VI) (536)
	β-glucuronidase deficiency (VII) (537)
	Mucopolysaccharidosis (V) (538)
	Mucopolysaccharidosis, not otherwise specified (530)
Mı	ucolipidoses
	Gaucher disease (541)
	Niemann-Pick disease (545)
	I-cell disease (546)

CIBMTR C	enter	r Number: CIBMTR Research ID:								
		Wolman disease (547)								
		Glucose storage disease (548)								
		Mucolipidoses, not otherwise specified (540)								
	Poly	lysaccharide hydrolase abnormalities Aspartyl glucosaminidase (561)								
		Fucosidosis (562)	osidosis (562)							
		Mannosidosis (563)								
		Polysaccharide hydrolase abnormality, not otherwise specified (560)	hydrolase abnormality, not otherwise specified (560)							
		Other inherited metabolic disorder (529) – <i>Go to question 499</i>								
		☐ Inherited metabolic disorder, not otherwise specified (520)								
499		9. Specify other inherited metabolic disorder: signature line	- Go to							
	500	Loes composite score: Adrenoleukodystrophy (ALD) only - Go to sign	nature line							
Histiocytic	Disor	orders								
501.	•	cify histiocytic disorder classification								
		Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) – <i>Go to question 503</i>								
☐ Hemophagocytos ☐ Malignant histiocytic of		Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572)								
		Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573)								
		Malignant histiocytosis (574)								
		Other histiocytic disorder (579) – <i>Go to question 502</i>								
		Histiocytic disorder, not otherwise specified (570)								
	502	2. Specify other histiocytic disorder:	- Go to signature							
	503	 Did the recipient have an active or recent infection with a viral pathogen within 6 Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) only 	30 days of HCT?							
		☐ Yes- Go to question 504								
		□ No- Go to question 505								
		504. Specify viral pathogen (check all that apply)								
		□ 304 Adenovirus								
		□ 341 BK Virus								
		☐ 344 Coronavirus								

CIBMTR Center Number	:	CIBMTR Research ID:			
		303 Cytomegalovirus (CMV)			
		347 Chikaugunya Virus			
		346 Dengue Virus			
		325 Enterovirus (ECHO, Coxsackie)			
		327 Enterovirus D68 (EV-D68)			
		326 Enterovirus (polio)			
		328 Enterovirus NOS			
		318 Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV)			
		306 Hepatitis A Virus			
		307 Hepatitis B Virus			
		308 Hepatitis C Virus			
		340 Hepatitis E			
		301 Herpes Simplex Virus (HSV)			
		317 Human herpesvirus 6 (HHV-6)			
		309 Human Immunodeficiency Virus 1 or 2			
		343 Human metapneumovirus			
		322 Human Papillomavirus (HPV)			
		349 Human T-lymphotropic Virus 1 or 2			
		310 Influenza, NOS			
		323 Influenza A Virus			
		324 Influenza B Virus			
		342 JC Virus (Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy (PML))			
		311 Measles Virus (Rubeola)			
		312 Mumps Virus			
		345 Norovirus			
		316 Human Parainfluenza Virus (all species)			
		314 Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)			
		321 Rhinovirus (all species)			
		320 Rotavirus (all species)			
		315 Rubella Virus			
		302 Varicella Virus			
		348 West Nile Virus (WNV)			
505. Has	s the recipient ever been infected with PCP / PJP				

CIBMTR Center	Number: CIBMTR Research ID:				
Autoimmune Di	seases				
•	cify autoimmune disease classification				
Arti	hritis				
	Rheumatoid arthritis (603)				
	Psoriatic arthritis / psoriasis (604)				
	Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): systemic (Stills disease) (640)				
	Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): oligoarticular (641)				
	Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): polyarticular (642)				
	Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): other (643)				
	Other arthritis (633)				
Mul	tiple sclerosis				
	Multiple sclerosis (602)				
Connective tissue diseases					
	Systemic sclerosis (scleroderma) (607)				
	Systemic lupus erythematosis (SLE) (605)				
	Sjögren syndrome (608)				

Vasculitis

Polymyositis / dermatomyositis (606)

Other connective tissue disease (634)

Antiphospholipid syndrome (614)

Wegener granulomatosis (610)

Churg-Strauss (635)

Takayasu (637)

Giant cell arteritis (636)

Behcet syndrome (638)

Other vasculitis (611)

Myasthenia gravis (601)

Hemolytic anemia (646)

Overlap necrotizing arteritis (639)

Other neurological autoimmune diseases

Hematological autoimmune diseases

Other autoimmune neurological disorder (644)

Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) (645)

Classical polyarteritis nodosa (631)

Microscopic polyarteritis nodosa (632)

CIBMTR Center Number: CIBMTR Research ID:	
☐ Evan syndrome (647)	
☐ Other autoimmune cytopenia (648) – <i>Go to question 507</i>	
Bowel diseases	
☐ Crohn's disease (649)	
☐ Ulcerative colitis (650)	
☐ Other autoimmune bowel disorder (651) − Go to question 508	
Metabolic	
□ Diabetes mellitus type 1 (660)	
Other	
☐ Other autoimmune disease (629) – <i>Go to question 509</i>	
507. Specify other autoimmune cytopenia:	
508. Specify other autoimmune bowel disorder:	
509. Specify other autoimmune disease:	
- Go to signature line	
Tolerance Induction Associated with Solid Organ Transplant	
510. Specify solid organ transplanted (check all that apply)	
☐ Kidney	
☐ Liver	
□ Pancreas	
☐ Other organ - Go to question 511	
511. Specify other organ: Go to signature line	
Other Disease	
512. Specify other disease: Go to signature line	
First Name:	
Last Name:	
E-mail address:	

CIBMTR Center Nu	ımber:		CIBMTR	Research I	ID:	 	 	
Date:			-					
	YYYY	MM	DD					