

Agency name	Organization name	Position title	Authorization No.	Effective date
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY.	Office of the Assistant Secretary for Terrorist Financing.	Special Assistant	DY220006	11/18/2021

The following Schedule C appointing authorities were revoked during November 2021.

Agency name	Organization name	Position title	Request No.	Vacate date
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ...	Office of Planning, Evaluation and Policy Development.	Special Assistant	DB210054	11/20/2021
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	Office of the Secretary	Confidential Assistant	DB210070	11/05/2021
	Office of the Associate Attorney General.	Chief of Staff	DJ210132	11/20/2021
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION.	Office of the Administrator	White House Liaison	NN210017	11/06/2021
		Special Assistant for Operations	NN210060	11/20/2021

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 3301 and 3302; E.O. 10577, 3 CFR, 1954–1958 Comp., p. 218.

Office of Personnel Management.

Stephen Hickman,

Federal Register Liaison.

[FR Doc. 2022–15895 Filed 7–25–22; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[SEC File No. 270–601, OMB Control No. 3235–0673]

Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Extension: Rule 15c3–5

Upon Written Request, Copies Available

From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–2736

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (“PRA”) (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) is soliciting comments on the existing collection of information provided for in Rule 15c3–5 (17 CFR 240.15c3–5) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a *et seq.*) (“Exchange Act”). The Commission plans to submit this existing collection of information to the Office of Management and Budget (“OMB”) for extension and approval.

Rule 15c3–5 under the Exchange Act requires brokers or dealers with access to trading directly on an exchange or alternative trading system (“ATS”), including those providing sponsored or direct market access to customers or other persons, to implement risk management controls and supervisory procedures reasonably designed to

manage the financial, regulatory, and other risks of this business activity.

The rule requires brokers or dealers to establish, document, and maintain certain risk management controls and supervisory procedures as well as regularly review such controls and procedures, and document the review, and remediate issues discovered to assure overall effectiveness of such controls and procedures. Each such broker or dealer is required to preserve a copy of its supervisory procedures and a written description of its risk management controls as part of its books and records in a manner consistent with Rule 17a–4(e)(7) under the Exchange Act. Such regular review is required to be conducted in accordance with written procedures and is required to be documented. The broker or dealer is required to preserve a copy of such written procedures, and documentation of each such review, as part of its books and records in a manner consistent with Rule 17a–4(e)(7) under the Exchange Act, and Rule 17a–4(b) under the Exchange Act, respectively.

In addition, the Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent officer) is required to certify annually that the broker or dealer’s risk management controls and supervisory procedures comply with the rule, and that the broker-dealer conducted such review. Such certifications are required to be preserved by the broker or dealer as part of its books and records in a manner consistent with Rule 17a–4(b) under the Exchange Act. Compliance with Rule 15c3–5 is mandatory.

Respondents consist of broker-dealers with access to trading directly on an exchange or ATS. The Commission estimates that there are currently 520 respondents. To comply with Rule 15c3–5, these respondents will spend a

total of approximately 83,200 hours per year (160 hours per broker-dealer × 520 broker-dealers = 83,200 hours). At an average internal cost per burden hour of approximately \$401.89, the resultant total related internal cost of compliance for these respondents is \$33,437,040 per year (83,200 burden hours multiplied by approximately \$401.89/hour). In addition, for hardware and software expenses, the Commission estimates that the average annual external cost would be approximately \$20,500 per broker-dealer, or \$10,660,000 in the aggregate (\$20,500 per broker-dealer × 520 brokers and dealers = \$10,666,000).

Written comments are invited on (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission’s estimates of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Consideration will be given to comments and suggestions submitted in writing by September 26, 2022.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information under the PRA unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Please direct your written comments to: David Bottom, Director/Chief Information Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/o John Pezzullo, 100 F Street NE, Washington,

DC 20549, or send an email to: *PRA_Mailbox@sec.gov*.

Dated: July 20, 2022.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2022-15914 Filed 7-25-22; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[SEC File No. 270-661, OMB Control No. 3235-0721]

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request: Extension: Form 1-SA

Upon Written Request Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-2736

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget this request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

Form 1-SA (17 CFR 239.92) is used to file semiannual reports by Tier 2 issuers under Regulation A, an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a *et seq.*). Tier 2 issuers under Regulation A conducting offerings of up to \$50 million within a 12-month period are required to file Form 1-SA. Form 1-SA provides semiannual, interim financial statements and information about the issuer’s liquidity, capital resources and operations after the issuer’s second fiscal quarter. The purpose of the Form 1-SA is to better inform the public about companies that have conducted Tier 2 offerings under Regulation A. We estimate that approximately 55 issuers file Form 1-SA annually. We estimate that Form 1-SA takes approximately 188.0427 hours to prepare. We estimate that 85% of the 188.0427 hours per response (159.8363 hours) is prepared by the company for a total annual burden of 8,791 hours (159.8363 hours per response × 55 responses).

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

The public may view background documentation for this information collection at the following website: *www.reginfo.gov*. Find this particular information collection by selecting

“Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice by August 25, 2022 to (i) *www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain* and (ii) David Bottom, Director/Chief Information Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/o John Pezzullo, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, or by sending an email to: *PRA_Mailbox@sec.gov*.

Dated: July 20, 2022.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2022-15912 Filed 7-25-22; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-95328; File No. SR-CBOE-2022-038]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Cboe Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend Rule 5.32

July 20, 2022.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”),¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on July 7, 2022, Cboe Exchange, Inc. (the “Exchange” or “Cboe Options”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Cboe Exchange, Inc. (the “Exchange” or “Cboe Options”) proposes to amend Rule 5.32. The text of the proposed rule change is provided below.

(additions are *Italicized*; deletions are [bracketed])

* * * * *
Rules of Cboe Exchange, Inc.
* * * * *

Rule 5.32. Order and Quote Book Processing, Display, Priority, and Execution

(a)–(d) No change.

(e) *Cancel/Replace. If a User submits a cancel/replace message for a resting order,*

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

regardless of whether the cancel/replace message modifies any terms of the resting order, the order loses its priority position and is placed in a priority position based on the time the System receives the cancel/replace message, unless the User only (1) decreases the quantity of an order, (2) modifies the Max Floor (if a Reserve Order), or (3) modifies the stop price (if a Stop or Stop-Limit order), in which case the order retains its priority position. [Depending on how an order is modified, the order may change priority position as follows:

(1) If the price of an order is changed, the order loses position and is placed in a priority position as if the System received the order at the time the order was changed.

(2) If the quantity of an order is decreased, it retains its priority position.

(3) If the quantity of an order is increased, it loses its priority position and is placed in a priority position as if the System received the order at the time the quantity of the order is increased.]

* * * * *

The text of the proposed rule change is also available on the Exchange’s website (*http://www.cboe.com/AboutCBOE/CBOELegalRegulatoryHome.aspx*), at the Exchange’s Office of the Secretary, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend Rule 5.32(e) to describe the impact on priority of a “no-change” order³ (*i.e.*, an order submitted to cancel or replace a resting order that does not change any

³ In this context, the term “order” includes bids and offers submitted in bulk messages. A bulk message means a single electronic message a user submits with an M (Market-Maker) capacity to the Exchange in which the User may enter, modify, or cancel up to an Exchange-specified number of bids and offers. See Rule 1.1 (definition of bulk message, which provides that the System handles a bulk message bid or offer in the same manner as it handles an order or quote, unless the Rules specify otherwise).