

## **DEFENSE HEALTH AGENCY**

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**DHA Privacy and Civil Liberties** Director

**DHA Privacy** Office Review

MEMORANDUM FOR DEFENSE PRIVACY, CIVIL LIBERTIES AND TRANSPARENCY **DIVISION** 

SUBJECT: Justification for the Continued Use of the Social Security Number (SSN) in the Centralized Credentials Quality Assurance System (CCQAS), Department of Defense Information Technology Portfolio Repository (DITPR) #136

This memorandum is written to satisfy the requirement established in the *Department of* Defense Instruction, 1000.30, Reduction of Social Security Number (SSN) Use within DoD (DODI 1000.30), dated August 1, 2012, with respect to the Centralized Credentials Quality Assurance System (CCQAS). The Department of Defense (DoD) Information Technology Portfolio Repository (DITPR) identification number assigned to CCQAS is 136. This memorandum provides justification for the continued collection and use of SSNs by CCQAS. The System of Records Notice applicable to CCQAS is EDHA 09 (November 18, 2013, 78 FR 69076) (Attachment 1). The Privacy Impact Assessment for CCQAS (CCQAS DD Form 2930(PIA) FINAL 07.29.2015.pdf) became effective July 22, 2015 (Attachment 2).

CCQAS is a Tri-service, web-based program that automates credentialing, privileging, risk management, and adverse actions processes. The system also provides the capability to query licensing activities and generate local standard and ad hoc letters and management reports. It is critical for tracking and storing information about providers' demographics, education, licenses, certifications, affiliations, Medical Treatment Facilities (MTF) assignments, malpractice, insurance data, and adverse action reporting. CCQAS also gives MTF commanders the ability to track providers' medical readiness training information. CCQAS has a Risk Management Module that allows MTFs to create and view detailed information on claims, incidents, and disability cases originating at that particular MTF, including patient and provider information, allegations, and standard of care assessments.

CCQAS currently tracks this information for Army, Air Force, and Navy Active Duty, Reserve, and Guard component health care providers, as well as civilian and contracted health care providers employed within the direct care system. CCQAS is available online from any location with World Wide Web access, at any time, to approved users.

In accordance with DODI 1000.30, continued use of SSNs within CCQAS must be justified by one or more Acceptable Use Cases set forth in DODI 1000.30. The Acceptable Use Cases to CCQAS are:

2. c (2) Law Enforcement, National Security, Credentialing and 2.c (5) Confirmation of Employment Eligibility. Federal statute requires that all persons employed within the United States must provide a SSN or comparable identifier to prove that he or she is eligible to work for or with the government of the United States.

In order for a health care provider to practice at an MTF, he or she must undergo the credentialing process that entails an extensive verification of the provider's qualifications to perform the requested medical procedures. The SSN is the essential personal identifier to assure that the information for an individual that is obtained from among thousands of non-DoD agencies and organizations is tied to the correct MHS provider within CCQAS. For example, the SSN must be used when confirming and verifying education with a particular institute (there are over one hundred accredited U.S. medical schools), and/or background checks with the police departments (there are over 10,000 local police departments in the U.S.). As required by DoDD 6025.13, "Military Health System (MHS) Clinical Quality Assurance (CQA) Program Regulation", evidence of qualifying educational degrees must be verified through primary sources. Organizations like the National Student Clearinghouse require SSNs for identification. With regard to background checks with police departments, these are required is accordance with DoD Instruction 1402.5, "Criminal History Background Checks on Individuals in Child Care Services." Therefore, continued use of the SSN within CCQAS is critical to support the credentialing process as it is unlikely that all non-DoD agencies and organizations that need to be contacted for credentials verification purposes will cease to use SSNs for identification purposes within the lifetime of the CCQAS application.

2. c. (8) Computer Matching. CCQAS receives one data element, the National Provider Identifier, from the Defense Medical Human Resources System- internet (DMHRSi) via the Enterprise-Wide Database. Health care provider information in DMHRSi currently uses SSNs as the personal identifier. Until DMHRSi, from which CCQAS obtains data using SSNs, has been modified/upgraded to replace SSNs with DoD Electronic Data Interchange Personal Identifiers, CCQAS will need to continue using SSNs for verification that an individual's CCQAS records are accurately updated with information obtained from DMHRSi as specified by the DMHRSi Justification for the Use of the Social Security Number Memorandum for Record in the Defense Medical Human Resources System, Internet (DMHRSi); DITPR ID 130, signed by DHMHRSi Project Officer, SDD/Clinical Support Program Management Office, Defense Health Agency (DHA).

On January 5, 2016, the Defense Privacy, Civil Liberties and Transparency Division accepted the DMHRSi justification and determined further review of this system will be required on a biennial basis and a new justification will be provided if any change to the System of Records Notice is submitted.

Although the need to continue the use of SSNs with CCQAS is significant, the following steps have been taken to reduce vulnerability of SSN within CCQAS:

- 1) After the deployment of CCQAS V2.10, CCQAS generated forms include only the last 4 digits of SSN's
- 2) CCQAS uses role-based access to control visibility of SSN to a limited subset of "trusted users" such as Credentialing Officers.

- 3) No data is allowed to leave CCQAS via an interface or messaging system because it is protected medical quality assurance information under 10 U.S.C 1102, Confidentiality of Medical Quality Assurance Records; Qualified Immunity for Participants.
- 4) CCQAS is not a "public" system accreditation and security profile, and ensures Information Assurance Vulnerability Alerts (IAVAs) are applied in a timely manner
- 5) CCQAS is centrally hosted at Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA) facilities to ensure physical access to the system is limited.

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Attachments: As stated