businesses, and by individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, available for public inspection in their entirety.

#### **Future Actions**

We expect the CITES Secretariat to provide us with a provisional agenda for CoP19 within the next several months. Once we receive the provisional agenda, we will publish it in a **Federal Register** notice and provide the Secretariat's website address. We will also provide the provisional agenda on our website, at *https://www.fws.gov/program/cites/ conference-parties-cites.* 

The United States must submit any proposals to amend Appendix I or II for discussion at CoP19, to the CITES Secretariat 150 days (i.e., by June 17, 2022) prior to the start of the meeting. In order to meet this deadline and to prepare for CoP19, we have developed a tentative U.S. schedule. We will consider all available information and comments we receive during the comment period for this Federal **Register** notice as we decide which species proposal items warrant submission by the United States for consideration by the Parties. Approximately 4 months prior to CoP19, we will post on our website an announcement of the species proposals, draft resolutions, draft decisions, and agenda items submitted by the United States to the CITES Secretariat for consideration at CoP19.

Through a series of additional notices and website postings in advance of CoP19, we will inform you about preliminary negotiating positions on resolutions, decisions, and amendments to the Appendices proposed by other Parties for consideration at CoP19. We will also publish an announcement of a public meeting to be held approximately 2 to 3 months prior to CoP19, to receive public input on our positions regarding CoP19 issues. The procedures for developing U.S. documents and negotiating positions for a meeting of the Conference of the Parties to CITES are outlined in 50 CFR 23.87. As noted in paragraph (c) of that section, we may modify or suspend the procedures outlined there if they would interfere with the timely or appropriate development of documents for submission to the CoP and of U.S. negotiating positions.

## Authors

The primary author of this notice is Thomas E.J. Leuteritz, Ph.D., Branch Chief, Division of Scientific Authority, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

# Authority

The authority for this action is the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

# Martha Williams,

*Director, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.* [FR Doc. 2022–08871 Filed 4–25–22; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4333–15–P** 

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

#### **Fish and Wildlife Service**

[FWS-HQ-WSFR-2022-0035; FVWF97820900000-XXX-FF09W13000 and FVWF54200900000-XXX-FF09W13000; OMB Control Number 1018-0088]

### Agency Information Collection Activities; National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation (FHWAR)

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of information collection; request for comment.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), we, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), are proposing to revise a currently approved information collection.

**DATES:** Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before June 27, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** Send your comments on the information collection request (ICR) by one of the following methods (please reference OMB Control No. 1018–0088 in the subject line of your comment):

• Internet (preferred): https:// www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments on Docket No. FWS-HQ-WSFR-2022-0035.

• Email: Info\_Coll@fws.gov. • U.S. mail: Service Information Collection Clearance Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 5275 Leesburg Pike, MS: PRB (JAO/3W); Falls Church, VA 22041–3803.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Madonna L. Baucum, Service Information Collection Clearance Officer, by email at *Info\_Coll@fws.gov*, or by telephone at (703) 358–2503. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-ofcontact in the United States. You may also view the information collection request (ICR) at *https:// www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain.* 

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) and its implementing regulations in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) at 5 CFR 1320, we provide the general public and other Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on new, proposed, revised, and continuing collections of information. This helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public's reporting burden. It also helps the public understand our information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format.

As part of our continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burdens, we are again soliciting comments from the public and other Federal agencies on the proposed ICR that is described below. We are especially interested in public comment addressing the following:

(1) Whether or not the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether or not the information will have practical utility;

(2) The accuracy of our estimate of the burden for this collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) How might the agency minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of response.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

*Abstract:* The information collected for the National Survey of Fishing, Hunting and Wildlife-Associated Recreation (FHWAR) assists the Fish and Wildlife Service in administering the Wildlife and Sport Fish Restoration grant programs. The 2022 FHWAR survey will provide up-to-date information on the uses and demands for wildlife-related recreation resources and a basis for developing and evaluating programs and projects to meet existing and future needs.

We collect the information in conjunction with carrying out our responsibilities under the Dingell-Johnson Sport Fish Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 777–777m) and the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669–669i). Under these acts, as amended, we provide approximately \$1 billion in grants annually to States for projects that support sport fish and wildlife management and restoration, including:

• Improvement of fish and wildlife habitats,

- Fishing and boating access,
- Fish stocking, and

• Hunting and fishing opportunities. We also provide grants for aquatic education and hunter education, maintenance of completed projects, and research into problems affecting fish and wildlife resources. These projects help to ensure that the American people have adequate opportunities for fish and wildlife recreation. We conduct the survey about every 5 years. The 2022 FHWAR survey will be the 14th conducted since 1955. We sponsor the survey at the States' request, which is made through the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies. We contract with the National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago, which collects the information using internet, telephone, or mail-in paperand-pencil instrument (PAPI).

Respondents are invited to take the survey with a mailed letter. NORC will select a sample of sportspersons and wildlife watchers from a household

screen and conduct three detailed interviews during the survey year. The survey collects information on the number of days of participation, species of animals sought, and expenditures for trips and equipment. Information on the characteristics of participants includes age, income, sex, education, race, and State of residence. The Wave 3 Freshwater/Saltwater Ratio Questionnaire is designed to get freshwater and saltwater fishing data for coastal states. The Wildlife and Sportfish Restoration Program is required to divide fishing management funds according to the ratio of freshwater and saltwater anglers in each coastal state.

Federal and State agencies use information from the survey to make policy decisions related to fish and wildlife restoration and management. Participation patterns and trend information help identify present and future needs and demands. Land management agencies use the data on expenditures and participation to assess the value of wildlife-related recreational uses of natural resources. Wildliferelated recreation expenditure information is used to estimate the impact on the economy and to support the dedication of tax revenues for fish and wildlife restoration programs.

#### **Proposed Revisions**

The 2022 FHWAR does not currently include the questions on birdwatching participation and days of participation that had been asked in previous rounds of the FHWAR. However, due to high interest in the birdwatching data, we are submitting an amendment to add these questions to the survey. These questions will be included in Wave 3 and will ask about participation in birdwatching and days of participation for the 12-month reference period of 2022. The sample will not be affected and will be the same across modes.

Below are the questions we will add to the Wave 3 wildlife watching questionnaire:

• Last year (from January 1 to December 31, 2022), did you closely observe or try to identify birds around your home, meaning the area within a 1-mile radius of your home?

• Last year (from January 1 to December 31, 2022), on how many days did you closely observe or try to identify birds around your home?

• Last year (from January 1 to December 31, 2022), on your wildlife watching trips or outings within the United States, did you closely observe birds?

• Last year (from January 1 to December 31, 2022), on how many days did you closely observe birds on your wildlife watching trips or outings within the United States?

*Title of Collection:* National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-

Associated Recreation (FHWAR). *OMB Control Number:* 1018–0088. *Form Number:* None.

Type of Review: Revision of a

currently approved information collection.

*Respondents/Affected Public:* Individuals/households.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary. Frequency of Collection: Screener data collection will be conducted from January through March 2022. The first detailed sportsperson and wildlifewatcher interviews will be conducted in May 2022. The second detailed interviews will be conducted in September 2022. The third and final detailed interviews will be conducted in January 2023.

Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost: None.

Activity	Estimated number of household responses	Median completion time per response (minutes)	Estimated burden hours *
2022 Screener Survey:			
Screener: Web	27,639	9	4,146
Screener: Phone	1,000	15	250
Screener: PAPI	31,361	10	5,227
2022 Wave 1 Survey:			
Wave Questionnaires: Web	43,068	13	9,331
Wave Questionnaires: Phone	833	22	305
Wave Questionnaires: PAPI	6,972	14	1,627
2022 Wave 2 Survey:			
Wave Questionnaires: Web	32,173	13	6,971
Wave Questionnaires: Phone	833	22	305
Wave Questionnaires: PAPI	3,645	14	851
2022 Wave 3 Survey:			
Wave Questionnaires: Web	46,773	13	10,134
Wave Questionnaires: Phone	950	22	348
Wave Questionnaires: PAPI	11,811	14	2,756

Activity	Estimated number of household responses	Median completion time per response (minutes)	Estimated burden hours*
Wave 3 Fishing Only Questionnaire	13,500	3	675
Grand Total:	220,558		42,926

\* Rounded.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

#### Madonna Baucum,

Information Collection Clearance Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 2022–08763 Filed 4–25–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4333-15-P

# NATIONAL INDIAN GAMING COMMISSION

## Notice of Approved Class III Tribal Gaming Ordinances

AGENCY: National Indian Gaming Commission. ACTION: Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The purpose of this notice is to inform the public of Class III tribal gaming ordinances approved by the Chairman of the National Indian Gaming Commission.

**DATES:** This notice is applicable April 26, 2022.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Tearanie McCain, Office of General Counsel at the National Indian Gaming Commission, 202–632–7003, or by facsimile at 202–632–7066 (not toll-free numbers).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (IGRA) 25 U.S.C. 2701 *et seq.*, established the National Indian Gaming Commission (Commission). Section 2710 of IGRA authorizes the Chairman of the Commission to approve Class II and Class III tribal gaming ordinances. Section 2710(d)(2)(B) of IGRA, as implemented by NIGC regulations, 25 CFR 522.8, requires the Chairman to publish, in the **Federal Register**, approved Class III tribal gaming ordinances and the approvals thereof.

IGRA requires all tribal gaming ordinances to contain the same requirements concerning tribes' sole proprietary interest and responsibility for the gaming activity, use of net revenues, annual audits, health and safety, background investigations and licensing of key employees and primary management officials. The Commission, therefore, believes that publication of each ordinance in the **Federal Register** would be redundant and result in unnecessary cost to the Commission.

Thus, the Commission believes that publishing a notice of approved Class III tribal gaming ordinances in the **Federal Register** is sufficient to meet the requirements of 25 U.S.C. 2710(d)(2)(B). Beginning September 30, 2021, the NIGC will publish the notice of approved gaming ordinances quarterly, by March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31 of each year.

Every approved tribal gaming ordinance, every approved ordinance amendment, and the approval thereof, will be posted on the Commission's website (www.nigc.gov) under General Counsel, Gaming Ordinances within five (5) business days of approval. Also, the Commission will make copies of approved Class III ordinances available to the public upon request. Requests can be made in writing to the Office of General Counsel, National Indian Gaming Commission, Attn: Tearanie McCain, C/O Department of the Interior, 1849 C Street NW, MS #1621, Washington, DC 20240.

The following constitutes a consolidated list of all Tribes for which the Chairman has approved tribal gaming ordinances authorizing Class III gaming.

- 1. Absentee-Shawnee Tribe of Indian of Oklahoma
- 2. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians
- 3. Ak-Chin Indian Community of the Maricopa Indian Reservation
- 4. Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town
- 5. Alturas Indian Rancheria
- 6. Apache Tribe of Oklahoma
- 7. Assiniboine & Sioux Tribes of Fort Peck Indian Reservation
- Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians
  Bad River Band of Lake Superior
- Tribe of Chippewa Indians 10. Barona Group of Captain Grande Band of Mission Indians
- 11. Bay Mills Indian Community
- 12. Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria

- 13. Berry Creek Rancheria of Tyme Maidu Indians
- 14. Big Lagoon Rancheria
- 15. Big Pine Band of Owens Valley Paiute Shoshone Indians
- 16. Big Sandy Rancheria Band of Western Mono Indians
- 17. Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians
- 18. Bishop Paiute Tribe
- 19. Blackfeet Tribe
- 20. Blue Lake Rancheria of California
- 21. Bois Forte Band of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe
- 22. Buena Vista Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians
- 23. Burns Paiute Tribe
- 24. Cabazon Band of Mission Indians
- 25. Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community
- 26. Caddo Nation of Oklahoma
- 27. Cahto Indian Tribe of the Laytonville Rancheria
- 28. Cahuilla Band of Mission Indians
- 29. California Valley Miwok Tribe
- 30. Campo Band of Diegueno Mission Indians
- 31. Catawba Indian Nation
- 32. Chemehuevi Indian Tribe
- 33. Cher-Ae Heights Indian Community of the Trinidad Rancheria
- 34. Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma
- 35. Cheyenne and Arapaho Tribes
- 36. Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe
- 37. Chickasaw Nation of Oklahoma
- 38. Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians
- 39. Chippewa-Cree Tribe of the Rocky Boy's Reservation
- 40. Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana
- 41. Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma
- 42. Citizen Potawatomi Nation
- 43. Cloverdale Rancheria of Pomo Indians
- 44. Cocopah Indian Tribe
- 45. Coeur d'Alene Tribe
- 46. Colorado River Indian Tribes
- 47. Comanche Nation of Oklahoma
- Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation
   Confederated Tribes and Bands of
- the Yakama Nation
- 50. Confederated Tribes of Coos, Lower Umpqua and Siuslaw Indians of Oregon
- 51. Confederated Tribes of the Chehalis Reservation
- 52. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation