Form Approved

OMB No. 0920-New

Expiration Date: XX/XX/XXXX

Preferences for Longer-Acting Preexposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) Methods Among Persons in US Populations at Highest Need: A Discrete Choice Experiment

Attachment #8a Provider DCE Survey Screenshots

Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 20 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC/ATSDR Reports Clearance Officer; 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS D-74, Atlanta, Georgia 30333; Attn: OMB-PRA (0920-New)

We thank you for your interest in this survey and appreciate your time.

The survey will take approximately **20 minutes** and is designed to be completed in one sitting. If you are not able to take 20 minutes now, we recommend you come back when you have enough time.

As a reminder, here is key information about the study and your rights.

Title of the research study: Choices for Prevention (C4P)

Principal Investigator: Dr. Sarah Roberts, RTI International

Study Sponsor: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Division of HIV Prevention

KEY INFORMATION

- You are invited to participate in a research study funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and conducted by a non-profit research organization named RTI International.
- Participation in this study is completely voluntary. You may choose not to take part in the study or leave the study at any time without any consequences.
- The purpose of this research study is to understand provider preferences for several new long-acting PrEP, or preexposure prophylaxis, methods and how factors related to PrEP delivery might influence the decision to prescribe
 long-acting PrEP. PrEP is an HIV medication that people without HIV can take to prevent getting HIV from sex or
 injection drug use.
- We will also ask you some direct questions about your opinions of different PrEP products and some more detailed questions about your background and experiences with PrEP. The survey should take about 20 minutes to complete
- All participants that complete the online survey will receive a \$20 Visa gift card.
- You may be uncomfortable answering some questions about yourself. You do not have to answer any questions that
 make you uncomfortable.
- The study has a minimal level of risk. The key risk is small chance of a loss of confidentiality. To help minimize this
 risk you will be assigned a unique research ID number. Additionally, your personally identifying information (e.g.,
 name, email address) will be kept separate from your data and will only be accessible to the research staff at RTI
 International.

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Several long-acting Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) products are currently in development or have recently been approved by the FDA.

We would like to ask you about your opinions of these products and about what factors related to PrEP delivery are most important to you when choosing to prescribe PrEP.

We will ask you to compare different hypothetical PrEP options and think about which one you would prefer to prescribe. The options will be described by 5 independent characteristics or factors. Each option presented to you will have a different combination of the 5 factors.

We will first describe each of the 5 factors. The first describes different long-acting PrEP products. We will then present other factors of PrEP delivery that we would like you to consider.

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Product Type

The new long-acting PrEP products may come in different forms and be dosed with different frequency.

Each product has some potential side effects. In clinical trials conducted to date, nearly all side effects were graded as mild (causing no or minimal interference with usual social & functional activities with intervention not indicated) or moderate (causing greater than minimal interference with usual social & functional activities with intervention indicated) in severity.

Because most of these products are still being studied, information on possible side effects may be incomplete. Other important details about product administration are also still unknown. For the purposes of this study, please assume:

- The products have similar efficacy (over 99% reduction in HIV risk), grace periods for missed doses, and lab monitoring requirements.
- For all products, clients will have to come to the clinic for HIV and STI testing at least every 3-6 months
 There is no evidence of drug interactions between PrEP and other common medications, including birth control or hormones
- · All products may be recommended for any person reporting sexual behaviors or drug injection practices that place them at substantial ongoing risk of HIV exposure and acquisition, regardless of gender, sexual identity, or source of HIV exposure.

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Monthly Oral Pill

The first product is an oral pill taken once every month.



In a phase II study with 242 participants, the most common side effects were:

- Nausea in 5%Diarrhea in 5%
- Headache in 9%

These typically resolved within a few weeks after participants started to take the pill.

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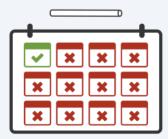
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Implant

The next product is a subcutaneous implant that lasts for 12 months.

The implant is placed under the skin of the patient's non-dominant upper arm using an applicator. It would have to be removed and replaced by a health care provider after 12 months, or could be taken out early, if desired.



In two phase I studies with 52 total participants, the most common side effects were:

- Temporary implant-site reactions in 67%
 o hematoma, swelling, itching, induration, tenderness/pain
 Headache in 17%

These typically resolved within 4 weeks of insertion.

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| Choices for Prevention |
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| Have you give performed an insertion of a subsultaneous implent (contracention, treatment of existed dependency harmons thereasy |
| Have you ever performed an insertion of a subcutaneous implant (contraception, treatment of opioid dependency, hormone therapy, or other indications)? |
| Yes, please describe: ✓ |
| ○ No |
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Injection

Another product is an injection into the gluteal muscle every 2 months.



In two phase III studies with 7,789 total participants, the most common side effects were:

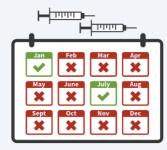
Temporary injection site reactions in (81% in one study, 32% in the other):
 Pain or discomfort, tenderness, swelling, and/or nodules at the location of the injection

These typically lasted for a few days after the injection and decreased in frequency with subsequent injections received over time.

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Two Injections

The last product is two injections administered subcutaneously into the abdomen every 6 months.



No studies have been completed of this product as an HIV prevention method; however, Phase III studies are underway. In two studies of these injections as treatment for people living with HIV, the most common side effects were:

- Temporary injection site reactions in 50%:
 - o Pain or discomfort, tenderness, swelling, and/or small nodules at the location of the injection.

Most of these reactions resolved a few days after receiving the injections. The nodules lasted for several months in some participants, but were mild and were palpable but not visible.

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To summarize, the table below lists each possible long-acting PrEP product type with the most common side effects from studies to date.

| Product Type | Potential Temporary Side Effects |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | In a phase II study with 242 participants, the most common side effects were: |
| | Nausea in 5% Diarrhea in 5% Headache in 9% |
| Oral pill every 1 month | These typically resolved 2-3 weeks after product initiation. |
| | In two phase I studies with 52 total participants |
| | Implant-site reactions in about 67% hematoma, swelling, itching, induration, tenderness/pain Headache in 17% |
| Implant every 12 months | These typically resolved within 4 weeks of insertion. |
| | In two phase III studies with 7,789 total participants |
| | Injection site reactions in (81% in one study, 32% in the other): discomfort, tenderness, swelling, and/or nodules at the location of the injection |
| Injection every 2 months | These typically lasted for a few days after each injection |
| ⊢ | In two studies of these injections as treatment for people living with HIV: |
| | Injection site reactions in 50% discomfort, tenderness, swelling, and/or small nodules at the location of the injection. |
| Two injections every 6 months | Most resolved a few days after receiving the injections. The nodules lasted for several months in some participants, but were mild and were palpable but not visible. |

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How willing would you be to prescribe each of the following long-acting PrEP products if you gained the required training, knowledge, and skills to do so?

| | Not at all likely | A little likely | Somewhat likely | Very likely | Extremely likely |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Oral pill every 1 month | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Implant every 12 months | \circ | \circ | \circ | 0 | 0 |
| Injection every 2 months | \circ | \circ | \circ | 0 | 0 |
| Two injections every 6 months | \circ | \circ | \circ | 0 | 0 |

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Progress 4%

Next, we will describe other factors of PrEP delivery that we would like you to think about. As a reminder, our goal is to understand your preferences for providing any of these PrEP methods to your patients. One factor is the type of PrEP product, but there are other factors of PrEP delivery that may influence your willingness to prescribe PrEP.

In what follows, we will describe the following other potential factors that are considered as part of the 5 PrEP characteristics in this survey:

- · Out-of-pocket costs for your patient
- · Training needed to support product administration
- · Initial time required from all clinic staff (for first prescribing appointment)
- Reimbursement for your services

Please read these descriptions carefully. This information will help you answer the questions later in the survey.

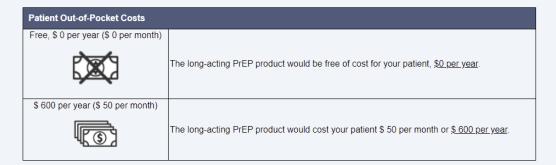
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Out-of-Pocket Costs for Patient

Some patients can have co-pay or co-insurance cost for PrEP covered through health plans. If a patient is uninsured or out-of-pocket-costs are high, there are assistance programs that can help, but patients might still be expected to pay some amount.

If a patient uses a long-acting PrEP product for one year, their out-of-pocket costs could vary. We will ask you to consider two cost scenarios: no out-of-pocket costs (free); and \$50 per month (\$600 per year).



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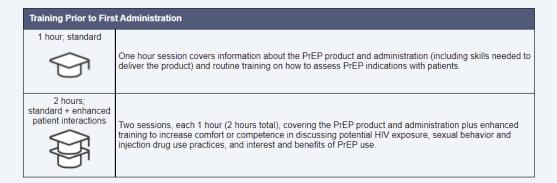
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Training on Products and PrEP Needs Assessment

As new PrEP options become available, the training required to gain the knowledge and skills to prescribe or deliver the product could vary. Training could be one 1-hour session, providing only information about the product and administration and standard guidance on assessing indications for PrEP with patients, or it could be two 1-hour sessions, with the second hour focused on increasing comfort or competence in discussing potential exposures to HIV with your patients, including sexual behavior and injection drug use practices, the potential benefits of PrEP for avoiding HIV infection, and their interest in PrEP.

In this survey we would like you to consider 2 training options.

Training would only need to be completed once before you could begin prescribing to patients:





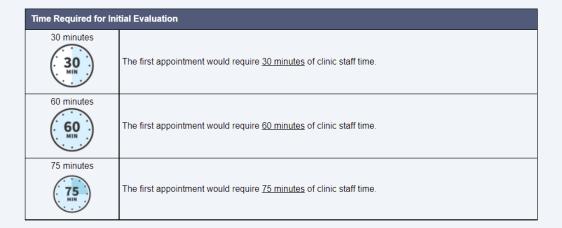
| Choices for Prevention How comfortable are you currently with discussing need for HIV prevention and interest in oral PrEP with your patients? Very comfortable Somewhat comfortable Somewhat uncomfortable Very uncomfortable Very uncomfortable Previous Save and Continue Progress 6% | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Very comfortable Somewhat comfortable Somewhat uncomfortable Very uncomfortable Previous Save and Continue | Choices for Prevention |
| Very comfortable Somewhat comfortable Very uncomfortable Previous Save and Continue | |
| Somewhat comfortable Somewhat uncomfortable Very uncomfortable Previous Save and Continue | How comfortable are you currently with discussing need for HIV prevention and interest in oral PrEP with your patients? |
| Somewhat uncomfortable Very uncomfortable Previous Save and Continue | ○ Very comfortable |
| Very uncomfortable Previous Save and Continue | ○ Somewhat comfortable |
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Length of Initial Evaluation

The initial appointment to prepare a patient to start PrEP could require varying amounts of time from you and/or your clinic staff, for example, to complete eligibility screening, counseling, consult with the patient about potential side effects, complete insurance or assistance program paperwork, and interpret lab work.

For this survey, we would like you to consider 3 possibilities for first appointment times.

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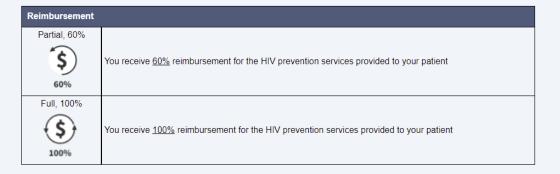
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Reimbursement

Your clinic may receive different levels of reimbursement for the HIV prevention services billed to a patient's insurance or covered by a grant (e.g., from the Health Resources & Services Administration Health Center Program).

We would like you to think about two possibilities:

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Thinking About Prescribing Long-Acting PrEP

Suppose your patient wants to start taking a medication to help prevent themself from getting HIV. HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that the patient is HIV-negative, and the patient's medical history is otherwise unremarkable. The patient is currently using condoms consistently for HIV prevention.

Assume your clinic has the ability to provide all of the long-acting PrEP methods we have described previously. In addition, assume that for this patient, the risk of side effects are the same.

In the next 11 questions, we will show you different pairs of hypothetical long-acting PrEP options, each described by 5 independent factors of PrEP delivery.

For each question:

- Please consider the PrEP options presented in each table, reviewing each characteristic, and choose the one that you would prescribe.
- . The 2 options will be different in each question
- Please assume your clinic has the ability to provide all of these options
- If you don't like either option, you can select "I would not prescribe either of these methods"

There are no right or wrong answers; we are interested in your personal opinion.

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Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Oral pill every 1 month | Injection every 2 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 1 hour; standard | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 30 MIN 30 minutes | 75 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | \$ 60 % Partial, 60% | 100% Full, 100% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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Progress 8%

Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Two injections every 6 months | Implant every 12 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | 1 hour; standard | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 30 minutes | 60 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | \$ 60% Partial, 60% | 100% Full, 100% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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9%

Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Oral pill every 1 month | Injection every 2 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | 1 hour; standard | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 75 minutes | 60 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | 100% Full, 100% | \$ 60% Partial, 60% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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Progress 10%

Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Two injections every 6 months | Implant every 12 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 1 hour; standard | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 30 minutes | 75 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | 100% Full, 100% | 60% Partial, 60% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Two injections every 6 months | Oral pill every 1 month | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 1 hour; standard | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 75 minutes | 60 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | \$ 60% Partial, 60% | 100% Full, 100% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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Progress 12%

Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Implant every 12 months | Injection every 2 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 1 hour; standard | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 60 minutes | 30 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | 60% Partial, 60% | 100% Full, 100% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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Progress 13%

Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Oral pill every 1 month | Two injections every 6 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 1 hour; standard | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 75 MIN 75 minutes | 60 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | \$ 100% Full, 100% | \$ 60% Partial, 60% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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Progress 14%

Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Injection every 2 months | Implant every 12 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | From \$ 0 post year (\$ 0 por | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 1 hour; standard | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 60 minutes | 30 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | 100% Full, 100% | \$ 60% Partial, 60% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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Progress 15%

Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Injection every 2 months | Implant every 12 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | 1 hour; standard | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 75 minutes | 30 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | \$ 60% Partial, 60% | 100% Full, 100% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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Progress 16%

Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| Feature | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Oral pill every 1 month | Two injections every 6 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 1 hour; standard | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 75 MIN 75 minutes | 60 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | \$ 60 % Partial, 60% | 100% Full, 100% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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| Progress | | 17% |
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Which of the following HIV prevention options would you prefer to prescribe?

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP Option B | Neither |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Product Type | Injection every 2 months | Implant every 12 months | |
| Patient's Out-of-Pocket Costs | Free, \$ 0 per year (\$ 0 per month) | \$ 600 per year (\$ 50 per month) | |
| Training Prior to First Administration | 1 hour; standard | 2 hours; standard + enhanced patient interactions | I would not prescribe either of these methods |
| First Appointment Length | 60 minutes | 75 minutes | |
| Reimbursement | \$ 60% Partial, 60% | 100% Full, 100% | |

| | PrEP Option A | PrEP OptionB | Neither |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Which PrEP option would you prescribe? | | | |

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Progress 82%

| Choices for Prevention |
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| |
| Now, we will ask your opinion about PrEP care for specific types of patients. |
| Daniel is a 31-year-old, Black man who is HIV-negative. |
| He currently has one female sex partner, who has been diagnosed as HIV-positive and with whom he is monogamous. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with him and encouraged him to use condoms. However, he does not always use them. |
| He says that he wants to start taking a medication to help prevent himself from getting HIV. He has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. |
| His medical history is otherwise unremarkable. He has no physical complaints. HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that he is HIV-negative. |
| How willing would you be to prescribe daily oral PrEP for Daniel? |
| O Not at all willing |
| ○ A little willing |
| ○ Somewhat willing |
| ○ Very willing |
| ○ Extremely willing |
| |
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| Progress 83% |

| Choices for Prevention |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| How willing would you be to prescribe a PrEP injection every 2 months for Daniel if you gained the required training, knowledge, and skills to do so? Not at all willing A little willing Somewhat willing Very willing Extremely willing |
| As a reminder: Daniel is a 31-year-old, Black man who is HIV-negative. He currently has one female sex partner, who has been diagnosed as HIV-positive and with whom he is monogamous. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with him and encouraged him to use condoms. However, he does not always use them. He says that he wants to start taking a medication to help prevent himself from getting HIV. He has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. His medical history is otherwise unremarkable. He has no physical complaints. HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that |
| Previous Save and Continue Progress 84% |

| Choices for Prevention |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| How adherent do you think Daniel would be to taking a PrEP pill every day (daily oral PrEP)? |
| Not at all adherent Not at all adherent |
| |
| ○ A little adherent |
| ○ Somewhat adherent |
| ○ Very adherent |
| Extremely adherent |
| As a consistent |
| As a reminder: |
| Daniel is a 31-year-old, Black man who is HIV-negative. |
| He currently has one female sex partner, who has been diagnosed as HIV-positive and with whom he is monogamous. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with him and encouraged him to use condoms. However, he does not always use them. |
| He says that he wants to start taking a medication to help prevent himself from getting HIV. He has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. |
| His medical history is otherwise unremarkable. He has no physical complaints. HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that he is HIV-negative. |
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| Choices for Prevention |
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| How adherent do you think Daniel would be to returning to clinic for a PrEP injection every two months? |
| ○ Not at all adherent |
| ○ A little adherent |
| ○ Somewhat adherent |
| ○ Very adherent |
| Extremely adherent |
| As a reminder: |
| Daniel is a 31-year-old, Black man who is HIV-negative. |
| He currently has one female sex partner, who has been diagnosed as HIV-positive and with whom he is monogamous. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with him and encouraged him to use condoms. However, he does not always use them. |
| He says that he wants to start taking a medication to help prevent himself from getting HIV. He has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. |
| His medical history is otherwise unremarkable. He has no physical complaints. HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that he is HIV-negative. |
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| Choices for Prevention | |
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| How likely would Daniel be to have more condomless sex if he started taking PrEP? | |
| O Not at all likely | |
| ○ A little likely | |
| ○ Somewhat likely | |
| ○ Very likely | |
| Extremely likely | |
| As a reminder: | |
| Daniel is a 31-year-old, Black man who is HIV-negative. | |
| He currently has one female sex partner, who has been diagnosed as HIV-positive and with whom he is monogamous. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with him and encouraged him to use condoms. However, he does not always use them. | |
| He says that he wants to start taking a medication to help prevent himself from getting HIV. He has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. | |
| His medical history is otherwise unremarkable. He has no physical complaints. HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that he is HIV-negative. | |
| | |
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| Choices for Prevention |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Alexa is a 28-year-old, white woman who is HIV-negative. She says that she wants to start taking a medication to help prevent herself from getting HIV and has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. Alexa is in a committed relationship, she only has one male sex partner, but she does not know his HIV status and is uncertain about her partner's fidelity. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with her and encouraged her to ask her partner to use condoms. However, she is not always able to convince him to use them, and reports having unprotected sex with her partner. HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that she is HIV-negative. She has previously been treated for STDs and her medical history is otherwise unremarkable. |
| How willing would you be to prescribe daily oral PrEP for Alexa? Not at all willing A little willing Somewhat willing Very willing Extremely willing |
| Previous Save and Continue Progress 88% |

| Choices for Prevention |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| How willing would you be to prescribe a PrEP injection every 2 months for Alexa if you gained the required training, knowledge, and skills to do so? |
| O Not at all willing |
| ○ A little willing |
| ○ Somewhat willing |
| ○ Very willing |
| ○ Extremely willing |
| As a reminder: |
| Alexa is a 28-year-old, white woman who is HIV-negative. She says that she wants to start taking a medication to help prevent herself from getting HIV and has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. |
| Alexa is in a committed relationship, she only has one male sex partner, but she does not know his HIV status and is uncertain about her partner's fidelity. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with her and encouraged her to ask her partner to use condoms. However, she is not always able to convince him to use them, and reports having unprotected sex with her partner. |
| HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that she is HIV-negative, though she has previously been treated for STDs. Her medical history is otherwise unremarkable. |
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| Progress 88% |
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Choices for Prevention

| How adherent do you think Alexa would be to taking a PrEP pill every day (daily oral PrEP)? |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| O Not at all adherent |
| ○ A little adherent |
| ○ Somewhat adherent |
| ○ Very adherent |
| ○ Extremely adherent |
| |
| As a reminder: |
| Alexa is a 28-year-old, white woman who is HIV-negative. She says that she wants to start taking a medication to help prevent herself from getting HIV and has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. |
| Alexa is in a committed relationship, she only has one male sex partner, but she does not know his HIV status and is uncertain about her partner's fidelity. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with her and encouraged her to ask her partner to use condoms. However, she is not always able to convince him to use them, and reports having unprotected sex with her partner. |
| HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that she is HIV-negative, though she has previously been treated for STDs. Her medical history is otherwise unremarkable. |
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| Previous Save and Continue |
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| Progress 89% |

| Choices for Prevention |
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| How adherent do you think Alexa would be to returning to the clinic for a PrEP injection every two months? |
| O Not at all adherent |
| |
| ○ Somewhat adherent |
| ○ Very adherent |
| Extremely adherent |
| |
| As a reminder: |
| Alexa is a 28-year-old, white woman who is HIV-negative. She says that she wants to start taking a medication to help prevent herself from getting HIV and has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. |
| Alexa is in a committed relationship, she only has one male sex partner, but she does not know his HIV status and is uncertain about her partner's fidelity. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with her and encouraged her to ask her partner to use condoms. However, she is not always able to convince him to use them, and reports having unprotected sex with her partner. |
| HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that she is HIV-negative, though she has previously been treated for STDs. Her medical history is otherwise unremarkable. |
| |
| Previous Save and Continue |
| Progress 90% |

| Choices for Prevention |
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| How likely would Alexa be to have more condomless sex if they started taking PrEP? |
| ○ Not at all adherent |
| ○ A little adherent |
| ○ Somewhat adherent |
| ○ Very adherent |
| Extremely adherent |
| As a reminder: |
| Alexa is a 28-year-old, white woman who is HIV-negative. She says that she wants to start taking a medication to help prevent herself from getting HIV and has insurance that would cover the cost of the prescription. |
| Alexa is in a committed relationship, she only has one male sex partner, but she does not know his HIV status and is uncertain about her partner's fidelity. During previous appointments, you have discussed HIV risk with her and encouraged her to ask her partner to use condoms. However, she is not always able to convince him to use them, and reports having unprotected sex with her partner. |
| HIV antigen/antibody and RNA lab tests confirm that she is HIV-negative, though she has previously been treated for STDs. Her medical history is otherwise unremarkable. |
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| | | ıvı | FIEV | |

In general, how much of a concern is each of the following to you in prescribing PrEP?

| | Not at all a concern | A slight concern | Somewhat a concern | A moderate concern | A major concern |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Effectiveness of PrEP | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cost to patients | 0 | \circ | \circ | \circ | 0 |
| Your knowledge about PrEP | 0 | \circ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Staff time involved | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Completing prior authorizations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Previous Save and Continue

Progress 92%

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In general, how much of a concern is each of the following to you in prescribing PrEP?

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| | Not at all a concern | A slight concern | Somewhat a concern | A moderate concern | A major concern |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Not certain who PrEP is right for | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Frequency of follow-up visits for monitoring | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Provider reimbursement for visits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Your comfort discussing sexual matters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Previous Save and Continue

| Choices | for | Preve | ntion |
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In general, how much of a concern is each of the following to you in prescribing PrEP?

| | Not at all a concern | A slight concern | Somewhat a concern | A moderate concern | A major concern |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Adherence challenges | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug resistance | 0 | \circ | 0 | \circ | 0 |
| Risk compensation (i.e., decreased condom use) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Long-term/severe toxicity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Short-term side effects during product use | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Previous Save and Continue

Progress 93%

Choices for Prevention What are your top 3 concerns about the use of PrEP as part of HIV prevention approaches? Please select up to 3 items. Effectiveness of PrEP Cost to patients ☐ Your knowledge about PrEP Staff time involved Completing prior authorizations □ Not certain who PrEP is right for ☐ Frequency of follow-up visits for monitoring Provider reimbursement for visits Your comfort discussing sexual matters Adherence challenges Drug resistance Risk compensation (i.e., decreased condom use) Long-term/severe toxicity ☐ Short-term side effects during product use Other, specify Previous Save and Continue Progress

Choices for Prevention How much do you agree with the following statements? Neither agree nor disagree Completely disagree Completely agree Somewhat Somewhat disagree agree PrEP should be widely available based on \circ \circ \circ \circ current evidence People should use condoms instead of PrEP \circ \circ \circ PrEP use reduces a persons anxiety about getting HIV Inconsistent PrEP use could increase chances of drug resistance PrEP users are likely to adhere \circ 0 \circ PrEP is too costly for patients Previous Save and Continue Progress

| Choices for Prevention |
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| |
| If an online tool were available to review PrEP data and prescribing guidelines, help screen for PrEP indications, and provide additional PrEP education and resources, how likely would you be to use it? |
| ○ Very likely |
| ○ Somewhat likely |
| ○ Somewhat unlikely |
| ○ Very unlikely |
| |
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| Choices for Prevention | |
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| We would like to ask you more about injections. When a patient wants to stop receiving PrEP injections, the patient may need to take oral PrEP pills daily for up to 1 year to protect against resistant HIV. This is because after the last injection, the PrEP medication slowly leaves the body, and at some point, the amount of medication remaining in the body is too little to protect against HIV, but is enough to put someone at risk of developing resistant HIV if they acquire infection. We are interested to know whether this affects your opinion about the injection. How likely would you be to prescribe an injection every two months if it also meant that patients will be recommended to take daily oral PrEP pills for 1 year after stopping use of the injection? Not at all likely Somewhat likely | |
| ○ Very likely○ Extremely likely | |
| Previous Save and Continue Progress 94% | |
| Flogless | |

| Choices for Prevention | |
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| | |
| Now, we have a few questions about you and your health care practice. | |
| Now, we have a new questions about your health care practice. | |
| | |
| How long have you been practicing? | |
| years | |
| years | |
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| | Choices for Prevention |
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| Do you see any of the following categories of p | patients? Please select all that apply |
| ☐ Men who have sex with men | parising : violate color an anal apply |
| □ Women | |
| ☐ Transgender women or men | |
| ☐ Adolescents | |
| ☐ Injection drug users | |
| ☐ Persons living with HIV | |
| ☐ Persons without HIV who have a partner with | h HIV |
| ☐ None of the above | |
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| Choices for Prevention |
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| |
| Have you discussed oral PrEP with any of these patients? Please select all that apply |
| ☐ Men who have sex with men |
| □ Women |
| ☐ Transgender women or men |
| ☐ None of the above |
| |
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| Choices for Prevention | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Our last few questions are about your personal background. | | | | |
| What sex were you assigned at birth, on your original birth certificate? | | | | |
| ○ Male | | | | |
| ○ Female | | | | |
| ○ I don't know | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Previous Save and Continue | | | | |
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| Choices for Prevention | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| | Do you currently describe yourself as male, female, or transgender? | | | | |
| | ○ Male | | | | |
| | ○ Female | | | | |
| | ○ Transgender | | | | |
| | ○ None of these | | | | |
| | | | | | |
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| Choices for Prevention |
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| Which of the following best represents how you think of yourself? |
| ○ Lesbian or gay |
| ○ Straight, that is, not lesbian or gay |
| ○ Bisexual |
| ○ Something else |
| ○ I don't know |
| |
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| Previous Save and Continue |
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| Choices for Prevention | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----------|-------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| What is your ethnicity? Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino | | | | | | | |
| | | Previous | Save and Continue | | | | |
| Р | rogress | | | 99% | | | |
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| Choices for Prevention | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| How would you describe your race? Please select all that apply American Indian or Alaska Native Asian Black or African American Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander White | | | | |
| Previous Save and Continue Progress 99% | | | | |

Choices for Prevention Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey. We truly value your opinions and the information you have provided. If you are interested in learning more about PrEP, please visit https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/clinicians/prevention/prep.html Please click on the 'Submit' button or close the browser to complete the survey. Previous Submit Progress 100%

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey. We truly value your opinions and the information you have provided. If you are interested in learning more about prescribing PrEP, please visit https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/clinicians/prevention/prep.html