Data Management Standard Operating Procedures Survey

Introduction- In this data management survey, data management is defined as "the process of validating, organizing, protecting, maintaining, and processing scientific data to ensure the accessibility, reliability, and quality of the scientific data to its users." The research lifecycle is the process that a researcher takes to complete a project or study from its inception to its completion. Data management is involved in every step of the research process. These terms may appear in the survey items.

Q1. During the last 5 years, which of the following roles did you hold on a research project you were involved with where there were data management, data processing, data storage, data sharing, or data analysis tasks? (check all that apply)	
Principal investigator	
CO-investigator	
Collaborator	
Consultant	
Postdoc	
Doctoralstudent	
Master's student	
☐ Project manager	
Other (please specify):	

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0990-XXXX. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 45 minutes per response, including the time to review instructions. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, OS/OCIO/PRA, 200 Independence Ave., S.W., Suite 336-E, Washington D.C. 20201, Attention: PRA Reports Clearance Officer

Q2. During the last 5 years, was any of your research activity supported by the following agencies? (check all that apply)	ng
ACF(ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES)	
ACL (ADMINISTRATION FOR COMMUNITY LIVING)	
AHRQ (AGENCY FOR HEALTHCARE RESEARCH & QUALITY'S)	

ASA (ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO ADMINISTRATION)
ASFR (ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR FINANCIAL RESOURCES)
ASH (ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH)
ASPA (ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC AFFAIRS)
ASPE (ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR PLANNING & EVALUATION)
ASPR (ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR PREPAREDNESS & RESPONSE)
ASL (ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR LEGISLATION)
ATSDR (AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY)
CDC (CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL & PREVENTION)
CFBNP (CENTER FOR FAITH-BASED & NEIGHBORHOODPARTNERSHIPS)
CMS (CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES)
CTO (OFFICE OF THE CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICE)
DAB (DEPARTMENT APPEALS BOARD)
FDA (FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION)
HHS (U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES)
HRSA (HEALTH RESOURCES & SERVICES ADMINISTRATION'S)
IEA (OFFICE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL & EXTERNAL AFFAIRS)
IHS (INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE)
IOS (IMMEDIATE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY)
NIH (NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF HEALTH)
OCR (OFFICE FOR CIVILRIGHTS)
OGA (OFFICE OF GLOBAL AFFAIRS)
OGC (OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL)
OIG (OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL'S)
OMHA (OFFICE OF MEDICARE HEARINGS & APPEALS)
ONC (OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL COORDINATOR FOR HEALTH INFORMATION CHNOLOGY)
ONS (OFFICE OF NATIONAL SECURITY)
SAMHSA (SUBSTANCE ABUSE & MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION)
Other (please specify):
All of the above

Q3. Were you or your lab involved in the following activities? (check all that apply)
☐ Data collection
☐ Data processing
☐ Data storage
■ Data sharing
☐ Data documentation
☐ Data reporting
Other (please specify):
All of the above
Q4. Do you have a data management standard operating procedures (SOPs) for the project? (FYI, data management SOPs usually describe how, at a practical level, research data from the time of acquisition are: handled, stored, retained, and shared within a research group, with collaborators, and across the broader scientific community.) If "Yes" please check the following areas where data management SOPs are adopted (check all that apply)
Yes, if "Yes" please check the following areas where data management SOPs are adopted (check all that apply)
☐ Data collection
☐ Data processing
☐ Data storage
☐ Data sharing
☐ Data reporting
□ No
Not sure what data management SOP is
Other (please specify):
Q5. How often do you or your lab develop data management SOPs for your research projects?
O Always
Often

O Sometimes
Rare
O Never
O Does not apply
Often adopt an established one and revise
Q6. What are your or your lab's reasons for having data management SOPs? (check all that apply)
Required by funding agency
Required by institution
Required by supervisor/research group leader
Good research practice
U Other (please specify):
Often adopt an established one and revise
Q7. What are your or your lab's reasons for not having data management SOPs? (check all that apply)
Not required by project funder
Lack of knowledge or experience with creating a data management plan
Unaware of any tools or guidance that could help with creating data management plan
Not required/appropriate to field of research
Time and effort required
Lack of training/expertise within research group
Lack of local support/guidance
Absence of institutional data management policy
☐ Do not know
Other (please specify):

Q8. Do you or your lab often develop metadata for your research project (if rare or never, skip the next question)? (FYI - Metadata is simply data about data, such as the

description and context of the data. It helps to organize, find, and understand data).
O Always
Often
O Sometimes
ORare
O Never
O Do not know what metadata is
O Does not apply
Q9. Is your or your lab metadata usually auto-generated with a software tool or self-developed?
O Auto-generated
O Self-developed
O Not sure
O Does not apply
Q10. Do you or your lab usually develop a record-keeping practice for the following lifecycles of your project? (FYI - Record keeping is the practice of tracking information, including needed documentation, in a systematic way.) (check all that apply)
Organizing research projects
☐ Planning experiments
Recording data
Analyzing the results
Storing these records for future reference
Other (please specify):
None of the above (note of select "None of the above", all check boxes should be unchecked)
Q11. Which of the following would help you or your lab sustain a record-keeping practice? (check all that apply)
Requirement by funding agency

Get an online training course (such as a seminar, webinar, etc.)	
Get a document (publications, white papers, etc.) on record-keeping best practices	
Buy a book on record-keeping best practices	
Acquire a software tool that provides record-keeping best practices	
Other (please specify):	
Q12. What kinds of data do the research projects that you or your lab are involved with generate?	
Experimental, e.g., captured in the laboratory, including but not limited to gene sequences, chromatograms, etc.	
Observational, e.g., sensor readings, sensory observations, etc.	
Computational/Simulation, e.g., computer-generated from test models, disease spread production model, etc.	
Derived, e.g., text and data mining, compiled databases, etc.	
Other (please specify):	
Does not apply	
Does not apply Q13. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data? Scheck all that apply)	
Q13. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data?	
Q13. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data? check all that apply)	
Q13. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data? check all that apply) Create a data dictionary to describe data	
Q13. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data? check all that apply) Create a data dictionary to describe data Use data validation to avoid data entry errors	
Q13. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data? check all that apply) Create a data dictionary to describe data Use data validation to avoid data entry errors Chose self-explanatory file names so that the data files can easily be found	
213. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data? check all that apply) Create a data dictionary to describe data Use data validation to avoid data entry errors Chose self-explanatory file names so that the data files can easily be found File folders are logically organized (such as chronological organization at each level)	
213. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data? check all that apply) Create a data dictionary to describe data Use data validation to avoid data entry errors Chose self-explanatory file names so that the data files can easily be found File folders are logically organized (such as chronological organization at each level) Maintain data organization with a lab notebook with detailed information on data	
213. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data? I check all that apply) Create a data dictionary to describe data Use data validation to avoid data entry errors Chose self-explanatory file names so that the data files can easily be found File folders are logically organized (such as chronological organization at each level) Maintain data organization with a lab notebook with detailed information on data Maintain data organization with an online lab notebook with detailed information on data	1
Q13. What practices do you or your lab follow in managing your organization of data? Indeed all that apply) Create a data dictionary to describe data Use data validation to avoid data entry errors Chose self-explanatory file names so that the data files can easily be found File folders are logically organized (such as chronological organization at each level) Maintain data organization with a lab notebook with detailed information on data Maintain data organization with an online lab notebook with detailed information on data Create a "Readme" file to store every command line used for data collection and organization Use a version of control software (such as Subversion) to store all versions of a given collection	1

research (check all that apply)? (If you select two or more items, please also rank them in the next screen.)					
Audio files (e.g., interviews, instructions for the experimental procedures, etc.)					
Data automatically generated from or by computer programs					
☐ Data collected from sensors/instruments (e.g., microscopes)					
☐ Databases (e.g., Excel, Access, SQL, MySQL, Oracle)					
☐ Digital photographs and other images					
Documents or reports (e.g., Word, PDF, etc.)					
☐ Genomic data					
GIS (Geographic Information Systems)					
☐ Laboratory notebooks (digital)					
Observational data					
Spreadsheets					
Standard operating procedures and protocols					
☐ Survey results & interview transcripts					
Text files (e.g., .txt)					
☐ Video files					
Websites and blogs					
Non-digital research data (e.g., notebooks, physical samples, field notes, etc.)					
Other (please specify):					
Q14. This is a follow-up question to the previous question: Please rank your choices					
from the previous question to reflect how frequently these types of digital					
files/records/data are generated as part of your or your lab's research. (Items at the top					
of the list are those that are generated more frequently, those at the bottom are					
generated less frequently.)					

Q14. Which types of digital files/records/data are generated from your or your lab's

- >> Audio files (e.g., interviews, instructions for the experimental procedures, etc.)
- >> Data automatically generated from or by computer programs
- >> Data collected from sensors/instruments (e.g., microscopes)

➤ Databases (e.g., Excel, Access, SQL, MySQL, Oracle)
>> Digital photographs and other images
>> Documents or reports (e.g., Word, PDF, etc.)
>> Genomic data
➤ GIS (Geographic Information Systems)
>> Laboratory notebooks (digital)
>> Observational data
>> Spreadsheets
>> Standard operating procedures and protocols
>> Survey results & interview transcripts
>> Text files (e.g., .txt)
>> Video files
>> Websites and blogs
>> Non-digital research data (e.g., notebooks, physical samples, field notes, etc.)
>> Other (please specify):
Q15. What kinds of non-digital research data do you or your lab store? (check all that
apply)
Specimens
Samples
Paper records/portfolios
Consent forms
Questionnaires
Notebooks/Lab books
Sketches
Films

☐ Videos
Other (please specify):
Q16. Do you or your lab create digital copies of these data?
O Yes
O Sometimes
○ No
Q17. Who would you usually expect to access and use your or your lab's research data,
apart from yourself? (check all that apply)
Only myself
Other researchers at my institution
Researchers at other academic institutions
☐ Funders
Publishers
General public
Other (please specify):
Q18. Does your or your lab's data usually contain any of the following? (check all that
apply)
Personally identifying data about living individuals
☐ Sensitive personal data
Patient-identifiable data
Commercially sensitive data
Other types of confidential/restricted data
☐ None of the above
■ Not sure
Q19. Do you or your lab always retain data on at least two different types of storage
media or at another location?

O Yes				
O Sometimes				
○ No				
Q20. How many years do you or your lab usually mainta project?	ain older	data fo	or your res	earch
O 1-2 years				
O 3-4 years				
O 5 or more years				
O Indefinitely				
Other (please specify)				
Q21. Which of the following security measures do you of files and data? (check all that apply)	r your lal	o use t	o protect y	our
Access logging				
Anonymization				
Encryption				
Password protection of files				
Physical security (e.g., locked room, controlled access to p	remises)			
☐ Not sure				
Other (please give details):				
None				
Q22. Please indicate roughly how much of your or your in each of the following locations. (The answer options Some, c) Substantial, d) All), e)n/a				
	a)	b)	c)	d)
Hard disk drive of a computer owned by my institution	None	Some	Substantial	All N/A
Hard disk drive of a privately-owned computer	\circ	\circ	\circ	0
External hard drive	Ö	Ö	0	0 0

	a) None	b) Some	c) Substantial	d) All I	N/A
Memory sticks	0	0	0	0	0
Institution-managed network storage	0	0	0	0	0
CD/DVD	0	0	0	0	0
Cloud service – Dropbox	0	0	0	0	0
Cloud service - Google Drive	0	0	0	0	0
Cloud service – OneDrive	0	0	0	0	0
Cloud service – Box	0	0	0	0	0
Cloud service – Other	0	0	0	0	0
Q23. If you or your lab have collected research data and you make sure the data are entered into an electronic for apply)			-		
Double entry (data are entered twice in order to check for miserrors)	smatche	s and o	ther data ent	ry	
Single data entry – data entered by one staff.					
Software scan					
Other (please describe):					
Q24. How do you or your lab currently track and manage phase of your research project? (check all that apply)	your da	ta dur	ing the acti	ve	
Dedicated data management software (please specify)					
☐ In a local database (e.g., within research group)					
In a spreadsheet					
In an electronic logbook					
☐ In a paper logbook					
Other (please specify):				1	
				J	
None of the above					

Q25. How often is your or your lab's data during the active phase of the research project backed up by you, or your colleagues, or your institution?

O I do not know
O Immediately upon creation
O Daily
O Weekly
O Monthly
On request
O At the end of the project
O Never
Q26. What is your or your lab's primary backup solution for your digital research data?
O Institution-managed backup storage
O Cloud Drive (e.g., Google Drive, Dropbox, OneDrive, etc.)
External hard drive or memory stick/USB/Flash drive
O Hard disk drive of a computer owned by the university
O Hard disk drive of a privately owned computer
O Third party (including commercial data storage)
A discipline-specific or generalist repository
O CD/DVD
O I do not know
Other (please specify):
Q27. Have you or your lab ever lost any research data?
O Yes
○ No
Q28. If you or your lab ever lost research data, what was the cause of the loss? (check all that apply)
□ Notebook damage
File deleted by mistake and was unable to retrieve for some reason

Environmental disaster such as fire or flood						
Equipment failure						
Equipment stolen						
☐ I do not know						
☐ Disk crash						
Other (please specify):]
Q29. What was the impact of the loss of person-person-days)	days?	(pleas		ate hov	w many	
	1-5	6-10		21-30	> 30	N/A
Wasted research effort:	\bigcap	\bigcirc	\bigcap	<u>O</u>	\bigcirc	0
Delay to publication:	O	0	0	O	0	0
Reputational damage:	O	O	O	O	O	0
Failure to meet funder requirements:	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduction in quality of research outputs:	0	0	0	0	0	0
Failure to meet regulatory requirements:	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other (please specify):	0	0	0	0	0	0
Q30. At the minimum, what information should a procedure contain? (check all that apply)	data	manag	gement	standaı	rd oper	ating
Types of data						
☐ Samples						
☐ Data collections						
Software						
☐ Metadata						
☐ Data security						
☐ Data distribution policy						
Other (please specify):						

Q31. Do you or your lab follow any guidelines to ensure good documentation of your data?
O Yes O Sometimes
○ No
Q32. When you describe your research data, what do you usually consider? (check all that apply)
How the data was generated?
☐ The format of the data
The number of records and the number of files
The stages the data pass through (e.g., raw, processed, analyzed, etc.)
What software tools you used to collect data
What hardware tools you used to collect data
Q33. What standard format(s) do you or your lab usually use for <u>managing</u> or <u>maintaining</u> data? (check all that apply)
CSV
Excel
Access
ASCII (text)
SAS
SPSS
☐ Stata
□R
□ XML
Database (SQL/MySQL, Oracle, etc.)
☐ JPEG (or JPG) - Joint Photographic Experts Group
PNG - Portable Network Graphics
GIF - Graphics Interchange Format
☐ TIFF - Tagged Image File

PSD - Photoshop Document
PDF - Portable Document Format
EPS - Encapsulated Postscript
Al - Adobe Illustrator Document
INDD - Adobe Indesign Document
RAW - Raw Image Formats
Other (please specify)
Q34. What standard format(s) do you or your lab usually use for <u>disseminating</u> data? (check all that apply)
□ CSV
☐ Excel
Access
ASCII (text)
SAS
□ SPSS
☐ Stata
\square R
■ XML
☐ Database (SQL/MySQL, Oracle, etc.)
☐ JPEG (or JPG) - Joint Photographic Experts Group
PNG - Portable Network Graphics
GIF - Graphics Interchange Format
TIFF - Tagged Image File
PSD - Photoshop Document
PDF - Portable Document Format
EPS - Encapsulated Postscript
AI - Adobe Illustrator Document
INDD - Adobe Indesign Document
RAW - Raw ImageFormats

Other (please specify)
Q35. How do you or your lab currently share data with others such as your colleagues, collaborators, or others who are interested in your data? (check all that apply)
By emailing data files
Using a cloud storage service, e.g., Dropbox, Google Drive, etc.
Using portable storage, such as CDs, DVDs, memory sticks, etc.
By uploading to a website or FTP server accessible to other researchers
Institutional file-sharing service
Deposit in a public repository/data center
Deposit in institutional repository
Publish it on a website
Publish it in a data journal or other formal publication
Share it on an academic social network
Include it as supplementary data to a published article
Deposit on a code-sharing platform (e.g., GitHub)
Other (please specify):
Q36. Are you or your lab willing to share your research data publicly, once the research is complete?
Yes, I already have done so
O I do not currently, but expect to do so in future
O No
O Not sure
Q37. Why would you or your lab be unwilling to share your data publicly? (Please check all that apply)
I do not want others to see my data
I do not know how to share it easily
☐ I want to keep the data to do further research

I do not have funding to cover the costs involved
It is impractical to share the data due to its size
☐ It is impractical to share the data due to its format
■ Never considered it
☐ No data center for the discipline
☐ No re-use potential
■ Not required by funder
☐ Sensitive/confidential data
☐ Waiting for the university to set up a data archive
I do not have permission to share the data
I want to patent/commercialize my research
I do not want my data to be used for commercial purposes
Other (please specify):
Q38. When you or your lab report your data, do you validate or cross-validate the
results?
results? O Yes
O Yes
O Yes O Sometimes
O Yes O Sometimes O No
 Yes Sometimes No Does not apply Q39. Are you or your lab always willing to share your raw data with other colleagues?
 Yes Sometimes No Does not apply Q39. Are you or your lab always willing to share your raw data with other colleagues? (may add a follow-up question)
 Yes Sometimes No Does not apply Q39. Are you or your lab always willing to share your raw data with other colleagues? (may add a follow-up question) Yes, if yes, please answer the following (check all apply)
 Yes Sometimes No Does not apply Q39. Are you or your lab always willing to share your raw data with other colleagues? (may add a follow-up question) Yes, if yes, please answer the following (check all apply) Who recorded the data?
 Yes Sometimes No Does not apply Q39. Are you or your lab always willing to share your raw data with other colleagues? (may add a follow-up question) Yes, if yes, please answer the following (check all apply) Who recorded the data? When did they record it?
 Yes Sometimes No Does not apply Q39. Are you or your lab always willing to share your raw data with other colleagues? (may add a follow-up question) Yes, if yes, please answer the following (check all apply) Who recorded the data? When did they record it? Where was the measurement preformed (at which facility)?
 Yes Sometimes No Does not apply Q39. Are you or your lab always willing to share your raw data with other colleagues? (may add a follow-up question) Yes, if yes, please answer the following (check all apply) Who recorded the data? When did they record it? Where was the measurement preformed (at which facility)? What system and instrument(s) were used?

No
Q40. If you or your lab share the data, are you concerned that others may validate the results you reported and may find results that may suggest your original reports might have errors?
O Yes
O Sometimes
○ No
O Does not apply
Q41. When you or your lab share your data, do you prepare a codebook or user guide for your others?
O Yes
O Sometimes
○ No
O Does not apply
Q42. When you or your lab share your data, do you prepare the methodology about your data?
O Yes
O Sometimes
○ No
O Does not apply
Q43. Does your institution have a data management policy document?
O Yes
○ No
O Does not apply

Q44. Does your institution provide a protocol on procedures, standards, and guidelines for data management?

○ Yes				
ONo				
O Does not apply				
Q45. Do you expect to make use of institution	onal services	designed	to support	data
management and sharing?				
O I already use these services				
O I do not currently use these services, but I exp	ect to in the f	uture		
O I do not expect to use these services				
O I do not know what services are available				
O There are no services available				
O Not sure				
options for each item are: a) Not at all conce concerned, d) Moderately concerned, e) Qui	_	-	rned, c) Soi	mewhat
	a) Not at all concerned		c) Somewhat concerned	d) Quite concerned o
Delays in getting access to data	0	0	0	0
Disputes over ownership of research data, e.g., conflicts over intellectual property rights	0	0	0	0
Inability to access data due to obsolescence, expired software license, etc.	0	0	0	0
Insufficient storage space for research data	0	0	0	0
Insufficient security over confidential data	O	0	0	O
Inability to interpret data (e.g., due to poor/lost documentation or inadequate descriptions)	0	0	0	0
Inability to maintain control of my data and understand how it is used	0	0	0	0
Lack of file-naming/metadata conventions	0	0	0	0



Q47. Would you value training on any of the following? (check all that apply)
Citing research data
Collaboration and sharing of data
Citing software
Copyright and intellectual property rights within a data context
☐ Creating or working with .xml documents (including text-mining)
☐ Data licensing
Developing a research data management plan for a funding application
Ethics, consent, and legal issues with research data
Funder requirements for research data management
Guidance on costing data management in grant applications
Long-term storage of your data
Publishing research data
☐ Security of data
☐ Support in data selection, metadata creation, and licensing for preservation
Technical support for data processing (e.g., database design, High Performance Computing (HPC))
Other (please specify):
None
Q48. Would you be interested in a data management standard operating procedures (DMSOP) online toolkit where you could point and click to generate your own DMSOP document?
O Yes
ONo
O Not sure
Q49. Please provide any further comments or observations you would like to make on support for research <i>data collection</i> procedures:

Q50. Please provide any further comments or observations you would like to make on support for research <i>data processing</i> procedures:
Q51. Please provide any further comments or observations you would like to make on support for research <i>data storage</i> procedures:
Q52. Please provide any further comments or observations you would like to make on support for research <i>data sharing</i> procedures:
Q53. Please provide any further comments or observations you would like to make on support for research <i>data reporting</i> procedures: