**Supporting Statement for**

**Form HA-504, Acknowledgement of Receipt (Notice of Hearing)**

**Form HA-L83, Acknowledgement of Receipt (Notice of Hearing) Cover Letter**

**Form HA-55, Objection to Appearing by Video Teleconferencing**

**Form HA-510 and HA-510-OP1, Waiver of Written Notice of Hearing**

**20 CFR 404.936, 404.938, 404.950, 416.1436, 416.1438, 416.1450**

**OMB No. 0960-0671**

A. **Justification**

1. **Introduction/Authoring Law and Regulations**

Sections *205(b)(1),* and *1631(c)(1)(A)* and *(B*) of the *Social Security Act (Act),* and *20 CFR 404.936, 404.938, 416.1436* and *416.1438* of the *Code of Federal Regulations (Code)* authorize the Social Security Administration (SSA) to collect the information on Form HA-504, Form HA-55, and Form HA-510. The *Act* and the regulations require claimants to: (1) acknowledge receipt of the Notice of Hearing and (2) indicate whether they will attend their hearing at the time and date shown on the notice. Sections *205(d)* and *1631(c)* of the *Act,* as well as *20 CFR 404.936(d),(e),(f), 404.950(a), 416.1436(d),(e),(f),* and *416.1450(a)* of the *Code* authorize SSA to: (1) establish the time and place of the hearing and (2) ask claimants to present evidence during the hearing.

1. **Description of Collection**

If a claimant is dissatisfied with one of the determinations or decisions listed in *20 CFR 404.930* or *416.1430*, the claimant may request a hearing with a judge.

At certain stages of the appeal process, SSA reaches out to the claimant to schedule a hearing. We use the information obtained on these completed forms to manage the means by which SSA conducts the hearing before an administrative law judge (judge) or administrative appeals judges (judge), and the scheduling of the hearing with the judge.

Upon receiving a request for a hearing [covered under OMB Control No. 0960-0269, the request for a hearing is normally received by the Field Office and transmitted to the Office of Hearings operations (OHO)], OHO will mail the claimant a notice detailing the time, manner, and location of the hearing. The notice will also include claimant-specific guidance for how to prepare for and what to expect at the hearing. To generate this letter, an OHO technician will consult the electronic folder, Case Processing and Management System (CPMS) or Hearings and Appeals Case Processing System (HACPS) to review the claimant’s casefile. They will then use the Document Generation System (DGS) or HACPS to enter in the relevant information. DGS or HACPS will then generate the notice, and the OHO technician will use the centralized printing system to generate the notice with supplemental documents, if any, to the claimant.

Upon review and completion of the information collection, the respondent will submit it back to OHO, either via mail or in certain circumstances via the Electronic Records Express system (see #3 below).

SSA offers a variety of mechanisms for holding the hearing. Typically, these include in‑person hearings as well as video teleconferencing (VTC) hearings, in which a claimant visits an SSA facility to hold a video hearing with a remote ALJ (while every claimant has the right to receive an in-person hearing, VTC hearings offer claimants the opportunity for an earlier hearing date or at a facility that requires less travel). Additionally, during the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency SSA provided alternative forums for holding the hearing that do not require going to an SSA facility. These include telephone-based hearings as well as the use of Microsoft Teams, which allows claimants to hold online video hearings via their personal video-enabled electronic device (e.g., smartphone or computer). The below paragraphs detail the purpose and use of specific notices under this control number.

SSA uses Form HA-55 as a way for the claimants to opt-out of an appearance via video teleconferencing (VTC) for their hearing with the judge. If they choose not to make their appearance via VTC, they must return the HA-55 to SSA within 30 days of receiving the notice, prior to SSA scheduling the hearing. The cover letter for the HA-55, the HA‑L2, also explains the good cause stipulation for opting out of VTC after the 30‑day period passes, and includes directions for verifying a new residence address if the claimant moved since submitting the request for hearing. Normally, if a claimant uses the HA-55 to opt out of VTC, SSA schedules the claimant’s appearance via an in-person hearing. If the claimant changes residences, we retain the right to determine how the claimant will appear at the hearing. SSA conducts approximately 28 percent of all our hearings via video teleconferencing.

SSA uses Form HA-504 (all versions) to acknowledge the claimants will appear for their hearing with a judge; establish the time and place of the hearing; and remind claimants to gather evidence in support of their claim. The difference between the HA‑504, HA‑504‑OP1, and the HA-504-OP2 is the language used for the selection checkboxes as determined by the type of appearance for the hearing (in-person, traditional video, online video, or phone teleconference). SSA determines which version of the form to use based on where the claimant lives, as well as the location of the judge and experts involved in the case. We schedule a claimant’s appearance by phone or online video in extraordinary circumstances when it is not possible to schedule an appearance in-person or through video teleconferencing. Depending on the claimant’s response, the judge will either: (1) prepare for the hearing as scheduled; or (2) reschedule the hearing for a different date or location. The cover letter for the HA‑504, the HA-L83, explains the claimants’ need to notify SSA of their wish to object to the time and place set for the hearing no later than five days prior to the hearing or 30 days after they receive the HA‑504. The HA-L83 also explains the good cause stipulation for missing the deadline for objecting to the time and place of the hearing. In addition, the HA-L83 explains to the claimants how to submit in writing any additional evidence they would like the judge to consider during their hearing, or any objections they have to the issues on their claim.

SSA uses Form HA-510, or HA-510-OP1, for the claimant to document that they waive their right to receive the Notice of Hearing as specified in the HA-L83 cover letter for the HA-504, Notice of Hearing. The difference between the two forms is that we send the HA-501-OP1 at the beginning of our business process, to allow representatives and claimants to use this waiver in anticipation of filling all of the hearing time slots, should a rescheduled hearing cause a time slot to reopen. Leaving it optional for the respondents to complete, if they are interested in waving the 75-day requirement to receive the hearing notice earlier in the process so they can schedule their hearings more quickly (for instance, if a cancellation occurs and an earlier time slot becomes available). We typically use the HA-510 when there is a last minute available opening on the judge’s schedule due to a cancellation or postponement of a hearing. If the claimants agree to fill the time slot to have their hearings earlier, then the claimants also agree to waive the requirement to receive the hearing notice 75 days prior to the scheduled hearing. In those cases, the claimant fills out one version each of Forms HA-510 and HA‑504 prior to the hearing.

SSA finds that approximately 69.4% of mailed claimants do not submit any form acknowledging receipt of the scheduled appointment. SSA notes that this does not mean it does not move forward with hearings in these cases; the hearing takes place unless it is postponed for other reasons. SSA finds that among the approximately 30.6% of claimants who do respond acknowledging receipt, 24.9% of claimants submit the acknowledgement within the required 30 days, whereas approximately 5.7% submit after 30 days.

Overall, 9.4% of claimants “no show” their actual hearing date. 37.3% of these no-shows are ultimately rescheduled, typically because good cause is found for rescheduling.

SSA notes that there is relatively little variance in whether a claimant responds with the acknowledgement depending on if they have an appointed representative. Among the approximately 69.4% of all cases have a “no response,” 63.6% are represented, and approximately 36.4% are not represented. In general, at the hearing stage, 73.5% of claimants have an appointed representative (please note this may be imprecise and is based on the data SSA has available).

**Explanation of Notices Procedures Related to Collection**

Except as otherwise indicated, SSA sends the Notice of Hearing at least 75 days before the hearing, and sends an additional follow-up reminder 28 days before the hearing. SSA does not send notices by electronic modalities such as text message or email.

**COVID-19 Enhanced Outreach**

As a public service during the pandemic, while our hearing offices are closed, we implemented both a telephone process for hearings, as well as a new Microsoft Teams (MS Teams) process for hearings to ensure we can conduct hearings with the public rather than suspend them.

Our COVID-19 Enhanced Outreach (CEO) with representatives includes:

* Rather than calling all appointed representatives with cases pending in ready to schedule (RTS) or currently scheduled (SCHD) to determine if their claimants will accept a telephone hearing, we:
  + Send a letter for all cases where the claimant or representative has not responded regarding acceptance of telephone hearing
  + Include a COVID-related form for the representative to complete
  + Request that representative upload this form through the Appointed Representative Services (ARS) if they have access, or fax to the appropriate Hearing Office.

In addition, we continue to roll out MS Teams as an option for video hearings to both unrepresented and represented claimants in addition to telephone hearings. To implement broader use of this online video hearing technology, we revised our CEO process and collection form, as well as the notices we send to claimants and their representatives identifying the date, time, and manner of appearance for their hearings to include the MS Teams hearings process.

The respondents are applicants for Social Security disability payments who request a hearing to appeal an unfavorable entitlement or eligibility determination.

1. **Use of Information Technology to Collect the Information**

SSA did not make Forms HA-504, HA-504-OP1, HA-504-OP2, HA-55, HA-510, or HA‑510-OP1 available electronically under the Government Paperwork Elimination Act, as we prioritized other information collections for full electronic conversions.  In the interim, we evaluated this collection for conversion to a submittable PDF.  Given the high volume of conversions we are coordinating and the more urgent nature of some of the other conversions, we ultimately decided not to prioritize this ICR for conversion to fully submittable PDF at this time.  When we are able to schedule this form for conversion to a submittable PDF, we will submit a Change Request to OMB to request prior approval. However, representatives who have applied for the ARS suite may submit electronic responses through SSA’s web-based application, Electronic Records Express Third-Party (0960-0767), or via facsimile (while we encourage both the appointed representative and the claimant to acknowledge the receipt of the hearing date, we will accept the appointed representative’s response alone). SSA notes that at the hearing level, approximately 73.5% of the respondents have appointed representatives. We show the burden for Electronic Records Express Third Party within the documentation for 0960-0767, so we do not include it here.

1. **Why We Cannot Use Duplicate Information**

The information we collect on these forms does not duplicate information the claimant already presented, nor is it information easily provided by any source other than the claimant. The information we collect is essential for the orderly functioning of the hearing process and safeguards claimants’ rights under the law and regulations.

1. **Minimizing Burden on Small Respondents**

This collection does not affect small businesses or other small entities.

1. **Consequence of Not Collecting Information or Collecting it Less Frequently**

If we did not collect this information, it would disrupt the hearing process for both the claimant and the agency, and could violate statutory and regulatory requirements relating to fair hearings and due process. Therefore, we cannot collect this information less frequently. There are no technical or legal obstacles to burden reduction.

1. **Special Circumstances**

There are no special circumstances that would cause SSA to conduct this information collection in a manner inconsistent with *5 CFR 1320.5*.

1. **Solicitation of Public Comment and Other Consultations with the Public**

SSA published the 60-day advance Federal Register Notice on November 27, 2020 at 85 FR 76142, and we received no public comments. We published the second Notice on January 28, 2021 at 86 FR 7446. If we receive any comments in response to the 30-day Notice, we will forward them to OMB. SSA did not consult members of the public in the development or maintenance of this form.

1. **Payment or Gifts to Respondents**

SSA does not provide payments or gifts to the respondents.

1. **Assurances of Confidentiality**

SSA protects and holds confidential the information in accordance with *42 U.S.C. 1306, 20 CFR 401* and *402, 5 U.S.C. 552* (Freedom of Information Act), *5 U.S.C. 552a* (Privacy Act of 1974), and OMB Circular No. A-130.

1. **Justification for Sensitive Questions**

The information collection does not contain any questions of a sensitive nature.

1. **Estimates of Public Reporting Burden**

The chart below shows the burden for all of the forms and cover letters in this information collection:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Modality of Completion** | **Number of Respondents** | **Frequency of Response** | **Average Burden Per Response (minutes)** | **Total Annual Burden (hours)** | **Average Theoretical Hourly Cost Amount (dollars)\*** | **Total Annual Opportunity Cost (dollars)\*\*** |
| HA-504**+**  HA-504-OP1 HA-504-OP2 | 900,000 | 1 | 30 | 450,000 | $18.22\* | $8,199,000\*\* |
| HA-L83 - 404.936(e); 416.1436(e) | 900,000 | 1 | 30 | 450,000 | $18.22\* | $8,199,000\*\* |
| HA-L83 - Good cause for missing deadline -  404.936(e)(1); 416.1436(e)(1) | 5,000 | 1 | 5 | 417 | $18.22\* | $7,598\*\* |
| HA-L83 - Objection stating issues in notice are incorrect – sent 5 days prior to hearing  404.939; 416.1439 | 45,000 | 1 | 5 | 3,750 | $18.22\* | $68,325\*\* |
| HA-55 –  404.936; 404.938; 416.1436; 416.1438 | 850,000 | 1 | 5 | 70,833 | $18.22\* | $1,790,577\*\* |
| HA-L2 - Verification of New Residence  404.936(c)(1); 416.1436(d)(1) | 45,000 | 1 | 5 | 3,750 | $18.22\* | $68,325\*\* |
| HA-L2 - Notification of objection to video teleconference more than 30-days after receipt of notice showing good cause  404.936(c)(2); 416.1436(d)(2) | 13,500 | 1 | 10 | 2,250 | $18.22\* | $40,995\*\* |
| HA-510;  HA-510-OP1 - 404.938(a); 416.1438(a) | 4,000 | 1 | 2 | 133 | $18.22\* | $2,423\*\* |
| **Totals** | **2,762,500** |  |  | **981,133** |  | **$18,376,243\*\*** |

**+** Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we have temporarily closed hearing offices to the public. We are currently not conducting hearings in person with administrative law judges. We are holding all hearings with the administrative law judges by telephone and online video while offices remain closed. We are using different versions of the HA-504 depending on the format of the hearing (HA‑504 is used for in-person/traditional VTC, HA‑504‑OP1 is used for phone, HA‑504-OP2 is used for online video). At this time, we are unable to provide an accurate breakdown of their usages individually until offices reopen. The combined total for all of the versions is a good estimate.

**Public Reporting Burdens for the COVID-19 Enhanced Outreach**

We estimate a total universe of approximately 560,000 respondents for this COVID‑related outreach project. This number represents 280,000 cases in “Ready to Schedule” (RTS) and “Scheduled” (SCHD) statuses with attorney or non-attorney representatives, plus a courtesy copy to the claimant. We will also conduct a follow-up call for cases without a returned form. We expect 25% or less will be non-responsive. The numbers on this chart reflect our estimates for this outreach project:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Modality of Completion** | **Number of Respondents** | **Frequency of Response** | **Average Burden Per Response (minutes)** | **Total Annual Burden (hours)** | **Average Theoretical Hourly Cost Amount (dollars)\*** | **Total Annual Opportunity Cost (dollars)\*\*** |
| Pre-hearing Outreach to Representatives:  CEO Letter and Form Mailed to Representative | 280,000 | 1 | 10 | 46,667 | $25.72\* | $1,200,275\*\* |
| Prehearing outreach carbon copy to represented claimants  (no response required by claimant):  Courtesy Copy of CEO Letter to Claimant | 280,000 | No response required | 2 | 9,333 | $25.72\* | $240,045\*\* |
| CEO Follow up Call with Representative – no form returned (non-responsive) | 70,000 | 1 | 5 | 5,833 | $25.72\* | $150,025\*\* |
| **Totals** | **630,000** |  |  | **61,833** |  | **$1,590,345\*\*** |

**Grand Total**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Modality of Completion** | **Number of Respondents** | **Frequency of Response** | **Average Burden Per Response (minutes)** | **Total Annual Burden (hours)** | **Average Theoretical Hourly Cost Amount (dollars)\*** | **Total Annual Opportunity Cost (dollars)\*\*** |
| **Grand Total** | **3,827,490** |  |  | **1,186,999** |  | **$19,966,588\*\*** |

\* We based these figures on average DI hourly wages for single students based on SSA’s current FY 2020 data (<https://www.ssa.gov/legislation/2020Fact%20Sheet.pdf>), and on average U.S. citizen’s hourly salary, as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data (<https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes231011.htm>), as well as a combination of those two figures (for the paper form, as we do not collect data on whether the paper forms are filled out by individuals or representatives or both).

\*\* This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on recipients of Social Security payments to complete this application; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the application. **There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the application**.

We base our burden estimates on current management information data, which includes data from years of conducting this information collection. Per our management information data, we believe that the burden times on the above chart accurately show the average burden per response for reading the instructions, gathering the facts, and answering the questions. The total burden for this ICR is **1,186,999** burden hours (reflecting SSA management information data), which results in an associated theoretical (not actual) opportunity cost financial burden of **$19,966,588**. SSA does not charge respondents to complete our applications.

1. **Annual Cost to the Respondents**

This collection does not impose a known cost burden on the respondents.

1. **Annual Cost to the Federal Government**

The annual cost to the Federal Government is approximately $2,705,717. This estimate accounts for costs from the following areas:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Description of Cost Factor** | **Methodology for Estimating Cost** | **Cost in Dollars\*** |
| Designing and Printing the Form | Design Cost + Printing Cost | $31,417 |
| Distributing, Shipping, and Material Costs for the Form | Distribution + Shipping + Material Cost | $174,000 |
| SSA Employee (e.g., field office, 800 number, DDS staff) Information Collection and Processing Time | GS-9 employee x # of responses x processing time | $2,496,880 |
| Full-Time Equivalent Costs | Out of pocket costs + Other expenses for providing this service | $0\* |
| Systems Development, Updating, and Maintenance | GS-9 employee x man hours for development, updating, maintenance | $3,420 |
| Quantifiable IT Costs | Any additional IT costs | $0\* |
| **Total** |  | **$2,705,717** |

\* We have inserted a $0 amount for cost factors that do not apply to this collection.

SSA is unable to break down the costs to the Federal government further than we already have.  The Office of Hearings Operations (OHO) prints the form(s) locally and mails them to the claimants and representative payees who complete and return these forms to OHO by mail (the costs for printing and mailing are included in the first two lines of the above chart).  An OHO employee scans the paper forms into the electronic record file (as noted above, if the representative payee uses ERE, OMB No. 0960-0767, to submit these forms, SSA employees do not do anything at all; however, we account for all of these ERE transactions under OMB No. 0960-0767). We have calculated these costs as accurately as possible based on the information we collect for creating, updating, processing, and maintaining these information collections.

1. **Program Changes or Adjustments to the Information Collection Request**

There are no changes to the public reporting burden.

1. **Plans for Publication Information Collection Results**

SSA will not publish the results of the information collection.

1. **Displaying the OMB Approval Expiration Date**

OMB granted SSA an exemption from the requirement to print the OMB expiration date on its program forms. SSA produces millions of public-use forms with life cycles exceeding those of an OMB approval. Since SSA does not periodically revise and reprint its public-use forms (e.g., on an annual basis), OMB granted this exemption so SSA would not have to destroy stocks of otherwise useable forms with expired OMB approval dates, avoiding Government waste.

1. **Exceptions to Certification Statement**

SSA is not requesting an exception to the certification requirements at *5 CFR 1320.9* and related provisions at *5 CFR 1320.8(b)(3)*.

**B**. **Collections of Information Employing Statistical Methods**

SSA does not use statistical methods for this information collection.