H-2A Case Number: ___

_____ Case Status: ___

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order Form ETA-790A U.S. Department of Labor



A. Job Offer Information

2. Workers	a. Total	b. H-2A	Workers			Period o	of Intended E				
Needed *	n gonorolly rogu	iro the work		8. First Date		7 dovo o		ast Date			
	generally requoced to guest						week?"		Yes	□ N	0
6. Anticipated	days and hou	s of work per	r week (an en	try is required	for each box be	elow) *		7. Hour	rly Worl		
	a. Total Hou	rs	c. Monday	e.	Wednesday		g. Friday	a	_:	□ <i>A</i> -□ F	
	b. Sunday		d. Tuesday	f	Thursday		h. Saturday	b.			λM
	b. Suriday	Tom	porary Agric			o Offer I	1	D	· —	— — F	PM
(A respon	se must begin	in the space _l	provided bel	ow on this f	orm. Use Ac	ddendun	n C only if a	dditional :	space i	s nee	ded.)
8b. Wage Off		3c. Per*	8d. Pie	ce Rate Off	fer § 8e. P	riece Ra	te Units §				
\$		HOUR MONTH		ce Rate Off	fer § 8e. P	iece Ra	te Units §				
\$8f. Estimated		HOUR MONTH Special Pay	\$	•	8e. P			using	□ Y€	es 🗆	l No
8g. Is overtim Addendum C	Hourly Rate /	HOUR MONTH Special Pay *?* If yes, ple is needed. *n A providing	\$	e in the space	ce provided	below o	on this form,	ū			I No □ N/A

______ Determination Date: ______ Validity Period: _____ to ___

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order



Form ETA-790A U.S. Department of Labor	THE OF STREET

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order Form ETA-790A U.S. Department of Labor



B. Minimum Job Qualifications/Requirements							
1. Education: minimum U.S. diploma/degree required. *	1 Education: minimum U.S. diploma/degree required *						
	helor's ☐ Master's or higher ☐ Other degree (JD, MD, etc.)						
2. Work Experience: number of months required. *	3. Training: number of months required. *						
4. Basic Job Requirements (check all that apply) § □ a. Certification/license requirements □ b. Driver requirements □ c. Criminal background check □ d. Drug screen □ e. Lifting requirement lbs.	☐ f. Exposure to extreme temperatures ☐ g. Extensive pushing or pulling ☐ h. Extensive sitting or walking ☐ i. Frequent stooping or bending over ☐ j. Repetitive movements						
5a. Supervision: does this position supervise the work of other employees? *	No 5b. If "Yes" to question 5a, enter the number of employees worker will supervise. §						
6. Additional Information Regarding Job Qualifications/Requirements. * (A response must begin in the space provided below on this form. Use Addendum C if additional space is needed. If no additional skills or requirements, enter "NONE" below)							
C. Place of Employment Information							
Place of Employment Address/Location *							
2. City * 3. S	ate * 4. Postal Code * 5. County *						
6. Additional Place of Employment Information. (If no add	onal information, enter " NONE " below) *						
7. Is a completed Addendum B providing additional info agricultural businesses who will employ workers, or to attached to this job order? *							
D. Housing Information							
Housing Address/Location *							
2. City * 3. S	ate * 4. Postal Code * 5. County *						
6. Type of Housing (check only one) * ☐ Employer-provided ☐ (including mobile or range)	7. Total Units * 8. Total Occupancy * blic accommodations						
9. Identify the entity that determined the housing met all ☐ Local authority ☐ SWA ☐ Other State authority							
10. Additional Housing Information. (If no additional information)							

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order Form ETA-790A **U.S. Department of Labor**



11. Is a completed Addendum B providing additional information on housing that will be provided to workers attached to this job order? *	□ Yes □ N/A

E. Additional Material Terms and Conditions of the Job Offer

Respond to each item below and mark the checkbox to indicate that the corresponding section(s) of the Form ETA-790A, Addendum C, providing a detailed explanation of the material term(s) or condition(s) of employment is attached to this job order.

1a. Provision of Meals: Description of how the employer will provide each worked provided or secured housing with three meals per day or furnish free and confacilities for workers to prepare their own meals. *			
☐ WILL NOT charge workers for meals.		.	
1b. The employer: *	\$	per day, if mea	als are provided.
2. Daily Transportation: Description of how the employer will provide transportation to each worker who resides in employer provided or secured housing, at no cost to workers, from the location of such housing and, if applicable, centralized pick-up points to the places of employment at the beginning and end of each workday. If the daily transportation at no cost to workers is available to workers who do not reside in employer-provided housing, specify the transportation benefit to the worker(s). *			
3a. Inbound/Outbound Transportation: Description of how the employer will pro (a) to the place of employment from the place from which the worker has come inbound) and (b) from the place of employment to the place from which the worke State whether such transportation, and related daily subsistence, will be provide employer will make payment to the worker for reasonable costs incurred (e.g., reimbursement).*	to work for the r departed (<i>i.e</i> led by the emp	e employer (<i>i.e.</i> , , outbound). oloyer or how the	П
3b. During the travel described in Item 3a, the employer will pay for	a. no less th	a\$	_per day *
or reimburse daily meals by providing each worker *	b. no more	th \$ n	per day with receipts *
 Deductions from Pay: Description of all deduction(s) from the worker's payor required to make by law <u>and</u> all other deductions not required by law the emp worker's paycheck, and, if known, the amount(s) for each deduction. * 			
5. Labor Neutrality: Does the employer agree to bargain in good faith over the neutrality agreement with a requesting labor organization? If no, please provious they have declined in section 5a.	terms of a pro de an explana	oposed labor tion for why	Yes, I will bargain in good faith over the terms of a proposed labor neutrality agreement.
			Or
			No, I will not bargain in good faith over the terms of a proposed labor neutrality agreement.
5a. Explain why the employer has declined to bargain in good faith over the terms with a requesting labor organization.	of a proposed	d labor neutrality	
mar a requesting labor organization.			

Form ETA-790A FOR DEPARTMENT OF LABOR USE ONLY Page 4 of 10

H-2A Case Number: _

Case Status: _

Determination Date: ____

_____ Validity Period: ____

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order Form ETA-790A U.S. Department of Labor



6. Other Material Terms and Conditions: Description(s) of any other material terms, conditions, and benefits (monetary and non-monetary) that will be provided by the employer under this job offer. *	
F. Referral and Hiring Instructions	
Explain how the SWA may refer prospective applicants for employment under this job order, including verifiable information for the employer, methods of contacting the employer directly, and the days and hours applicants will be considered for the job opportunity. * (A complete response must be included in the space below on this form. Use of Addendum C is not permitted.) Addendum C is not permitted.	e contact
2. Employer Telephone Number to Apply * 3. Extension § 4. Employer Email Address to Apply *	
5. Employer Website Address (URL) to Apply *	

G. Conditions of Employment and Assurances for H-2A Agricultural Clearance Orders

By virtue of my signature below, I **HEREBY CERTIFY** my knowledge of and compliance with 20 CFR 653, subpart F, 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, 29 CFR part 501, and all applicable Federal, State, and local employment-related laws and regulations, including employment-related health and safety laws, and certify the following conditions of employment:

- 1. JOB OPPORTUNITY: Employer assures that the job opportunity identified in this clearance order (hereinafter also referred to as the "job order") is a full-time temporary position being placed with the SWA in connection with an H-2A Application for Temporary Employment Certification for H-2A workers and this clearance order satisfies the requirements for agricultural clearance orders in 20 CFR part 653, subpart F and the requirements set forth in 20 CFR 655, subpart B. This job opportunity offers U.S. workers no less than the same benefits, wages, and working conditions that the employer is offering, intends to offer, or will provide to H-2A workers and complies with the requirements at 20 CFR part 655, subpart B. The job opportunity is open to any qualified U.S. worker regardless of race, color, national origin, age, sex, religion, handicap, or citizenship.
- 2. **NO STRIKE, LOCKOUT, OR WORK STOPPAGE**: Employer assures that this job opportunity, including all places of employment for which the employer is requesting temporary agricultural labor certification does not currently have workers on strike or being locked out in the course of a labor dispute. 20 CFR 655.135(b).
- HOUSING FOR WORKERS: Employer agrees to provide or secure housing for the H-2A workers and those workers in corresponding employment who are not reasonably able to return to their residence at the end of the work day. That housing complies with the applicable local, State, and/or Federal standards and is sufficient to house the specified number of workers requested through the clearance system. The employer will provide the housing without charge to the worker. Any charges for rental housing will be paid directly by the employer to the owner or operator of the housing. If public accommodations or public housing are provided to workers, the employer agrees to pay all housing-related charges directly to the housing's management. The employer agrees that charges in the form of deposits for bedding or other similar incidentals related to housing (e.g., utilities) must not be levied upon workers. However, the employer may require workers to reimburse them for damage caused to housing by the individual worker(s) found to have been responsible for damage which is not the result of normal wear and tear related to habitation. When it is the prevailing practice in the area of intended employment and the occupation to provide family housing, the employer agrees to provide family housing at no cost to workers with families who request it. The employer agrees to permit workers residing in employer-furnished housing to invite, or accept at their discretion, guests to their living quarters and/or the common areas or outdoor spaces near such housing during time that is outside of the workers' workday, subject only to reasonable restrictions designed to protect worker safety or prevent interference with other workers' enjoyment of these areas. Where employer-furnished housing in which any H-2A worker or worker in corresponding employment engaged in agriculture as defined and applied in 29 U.S.C. 203(f) resides is located on property or in a facility not readily accessible to the public, the employer further agrees not to deny a labor organization access to the common areas or outdoor spaces near such housing for the purpose of meeting with workers, provided that such meetings occur outside of the workers' workday and do not exceed a total of 10 hours per month. 20 CFR 655.122(d), 655.135(n), 653.501(c)(3)(vi).

Form ETA-790A	FOR DEPARTMENT O	FOR DEPARTMENT OF LABOR USE ONLY			
H-2A Case Number:	Case Status:	Determination Date:	Validity Period:	to	

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order Form ETA-790A U.S. Department of Labor



Request for Conditional Access to Intrastate or Interstate Clearance System: Employer assures that the housing disclosed on this clearance order will be in full compliance with all applicable local, State, and/or Federal standards at least 20 calendar days before the housing is to be occupied. 20 CFR 653.502(a)(3). The Certifying Officer will not certify the application until the employer provides evidence that housing has been inspected and approved or, in the case of rental or public accommodations, is otherwise in full compliance.

- 4. WORKERS' COMPENSATION COVERAGE: Employer agrees to provide workers' compensation insurance coverage in compliance with State law covering injury and disease arising out of and in the course of the worker's employment. If the type of employment for which the certification is sought is not covered by or is exempt from the State's workers' compensation law, the employer agrees to provide, at no cost to the worker, insurance covering injury and disease arising out of and in the course of the worker's employment that will provide benefits at least equal to those provided under the State workers' compensation law for other comparable employment. 20 CFR 655.122(e).
- 5. **EMPLOYER-PROVIDED TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT**: Employer agrees to provide to the worker, without charge or deposit charge, all tools, supplies, and equipment required to perform the duties assigned. 20 CFR 655.122(f), .210(d), or .302(c).
- 6. MEALS: Employer agrees to provide each worker with three meals a day or furnish free and convenient cooking and kitchen facilities to the workers that will enable the workers to prepare their own meals. Where the employer provides the meals, the job offer will state the charge, if any, to the worker for such meals. The amount of meal charges is governed by 20 CFR 655.173. 20 CFR 655.122(g). When a charge or deduction for the cost of meals would bring the worker's wage below the minimum wage set by the FLSA at 29 U.S.C. 206, the charge or deduction must meet the requirements of 29 U.S.C. 203(m) of the FLSA, including the recordkeeping requirements found at 29 CFR 516.27.

For workers engaged in the herding or production of livestock on the range, the employer agrees to provide each worker, without charge or deposit charge, (1) either three sufficient meals a day, or free and convenient cooking facilities and adequate provision of food to enable the worker to prepare his own meals. To be sufficient or adequate, the meals or food provided must include a daily source of protein, vitamins, and minerals; and (2) adequate potable water, or water that can be easily rendered potable and the means to do so. 20 CFR 655.210(e).

- 7. **TRANSPORTATION AND DAILY SUBSISTENCE**: Employer agrees to provide the following transportation and daily subsistence benefits to eligible workers.
 - A. Transportation to Place of Employment (Inbound)

If the worker completes 50 percent of the work contract period, and the employer did not directly provide such transportation or subsistence or otherwise has not yet paid the worker for such transportation or subsistence costs, the employer agrees to reimburse the worker for reasonable costs incurred by the worker for transportation and daily subsistence from the place from which the worker came to work for the employer to the employer's place of employment, whether in the U.S. or abroad. The amount of the transportation payment must be no less (and is not required to be more) than the most economical and reasonable common carrier transportation charges for the distances involved. The amount the employer will pay for daily subsistence expenses are those amounts disclosed in this clearance order, which are at least as much as the employer would charge the worker for providing the worker with three meals a day during employment (if applicable), but in no event will be less than the amount permitted under 20 CFR 655.173(a). The employer understands that the Fair Labor Standards Act applies independently of the H-2A requirements and imposes obligations on employers regarding payment of wages. 20 CFR 655.122(h)(1).

B. Transportation from Place of Employment (Outbound)

If the worker completes the work contract period, or is terminated without cause, and the worker has no immediate subsequent H-2A employment, the employer agrees to provide or pay for the worker's transportation and daily subsistence from the place of employment to the place from which the worker, disregarding intervening employment, departed to work for the employer. Return transportation will not be provided to workers who voluntarily abandon employment before the end of the work contract period, or who are terminated for cause, if the employer follows the notification requirements in 20 CFR 655.122(n).

If the worker has contracted with a subsequent employer who has not agreed in such work contract to provide or pay for the worker's transportation and daily subsistence expenses from the employer's place of employment to such subsequent employer's place of employment, the employer must provide for such expenses. If the worker has contracted with a subsequent employer who has agreed in such work contract to provide or pay for the worker's transportation and daily subsistence expenses from the employer's place of employment to such subsequent employer's place of employment, the subsequent employer must provide or pay for such expenses.

The employer is not relieved of its obligation to provide or pay for return transportation and subsistence if an H-2A worker is displaced as a result of the employer's compliance with the employer's obligation to hire U.S. workers who apply or are referred after the employer's date of need during the recruitment period set out in 20 CFR 655.135(d). 20 CFR 655.122(h)(2).

C. Daily Transportation

Employer agrees to provide transportation between housing provided or secured by the employer and the employer's place(s) of employment at no cost to the worker. 20 CFR 655.122(h)(3).

D. Compliance with Transportation Standards

Employer assures that all employer-provided transportation will comply with all applicable Federal, State, or local laws and regulations. Employer agrees to provide, at a minimum, the same transportation safety standards, driver licensure, and vehicle insurance as

Form ETA-790A	FOR DEPART	FOR DEPARTMENT OF LABOR USE ONLY			of 10
H-2A Case Number:	Case Status:	Determination Date:	Validity Period:	to	

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order Form ETA-790A U.S. Department of Labor



required under 29 U.S.C. 1841 and 29 CFR 500.104 or 500.105 and 29 CFR 500.120 to 500.128. The employer shall not operate any employer-provided transportation that is required by the U.S. Department of Transportation regulations, including 49 CFR 571.208, to be manufactured with seat belts, unless all passengers and the driver are properly restrained by seat belts meeting standards established by the U.S. Department of Transportation, including 49 CFR 571.209 and 49 CFR 571.210. If workers' compensation is used to cover transportation, in lieu of vehicle insurance, the employer will ensure that such workers' compensation covers all travel or that vehicle insurance exists to provide coverage for travel not covered by workers' compensation. Employer agrees to have property damage insurance. 20 CFR 655.122(h)(4).

8. THREE-FOURTHS GUARANTEE: Employer agrees to offer the worker employment for a total number of work hours equal to at least three-fourths of the workdays of the total period beginning with the first workday after the arrival of the worker at the place of employment or the advertised contractual first date of need, whichever is later, and ending on the expiration date specified in the work contract or in its extensions, if any. 20 CFR 655.122(i). In the event the worker begins working later than the specified beginning date of the contract, the guarantee period begins with the first workday after the arrival of the worker at the place of employment, and continues until the last day during which the work contract and all extensions thereof are in effect. 20 CFR 655.122(i)(1)(i).

The employer may offer the worker more than the specified hours of work on a single workday. For purposes of meeting the three-fourths guarantee, the worker will not be required to work for more than the number of hours specified in the job order for a workday, or on the worker's Sabbath or Federal holidays. If, during the total work contract period, the employer affords the U.S. or H-2A worker less employment than that required under this guarantee, the employer will pay such worker the amount the worker would have earned had the worker, in fact, worked for the guaranteed number of days. An employer will not be considered to have met the work guarantee if the employer has merely offered work on three-fourths of the workdays if each workday did not consist of a full number of hours of work time as specified in the job order. All hours of work actually performed may be counted by the employer in calculating whether the period of guaranteed employment has been met. Any hours the worker fails to work, up to a maximum of the number of hours specified in the job order for a workday, when the worker has been offered an opportunity to work, and all hours of work actually performed (including voluntary work over 8 hours in a workday or on the worker's Sabbath or Federal holidays), may be counted by the employer in calculating whether the period of guaranteed employment has been met. 20 CFR 655.122(i).

If the worker is paid on a piece rate basis, the employer agrees to use the worker's average hourly piece rate earnings or the required hourly wage rate, whichever is higher, to calculate the amount due under the three-fourths guarantee. 20 CFR 655.122(i).

If the worker voluntarily abandons employment before the end of the period of employment set forth in the job order, or is terminated for cause, and the employer follows the notification requirements in 20 CFR 655.122(n), the worker is not entitled to the three-fourths guarantee. The employer is not liable for payment of the three-fourths guarantee to an H-2A worker whom the Department of Labor certifies is displaced due to the employer's requirement to hire qualified and available U.S. workers during the recruitment period set out in 20 CFR 655.135(d), which lasts until 50 percent of the period of the work contract has elapsed (50 percent rule). 20 CFR 655.122(i).

Important Note: In circumstances where the work contract is terminated due to contract impossibility under 20 CFR 655.122(o), the three-fourths guarantee period ends on the date of termination.

- 9. <u>EARNINGS RECORDS</u>: Employer agrees to keep accurate and adequate records with respect to the workers' earnings at the place or places of employment, or at one or more established central recordkeeping offices where such records are customarily maintained. The records must include each worker's permanent address, and, when available, permanent email address, and phone number(s). All records must be available for inspection and transcription by the Department of Labor or a duly authorized and designated representative, and by the worker and representatives designated by the worker as evidenced by appropriate documentation. Where the records are maintained at a central recordkeeping office, other than in the place or places of employment, such records must be made available for inspection and copying within 72 hours following notice from the Department of Labor, or a duly authorized and designated representatives. The content of earnings records must meet all regulatory requirements and be retained by the employer for a period of not less than 3 years after the date of certification by the Department of Labor. 20 CFR 655.122(j).
- 10. **HOURS AND EARNINGS STATEMENTS**: Employer agrees to furnish to the worker on or before each payday in one or more written statements the following information: (1) the worker's total earnings for the pay period; (2) the worker's hourly rate and/or piece rate of pay; (3) the hours of employment offered to the worker (showing offers in accordance with the three-fourths guarantee as determined in 20 CFR 655.122(i), separate from any hours offered over and above the guarantee); (4) the hours actually worked by the worker; (5) an itemization of all deductions made from the worker's wages; (6) if piece rates are used, the units produced daily; (7) beginning and ending dates of the pay period; and (8) the employer's name, address and FEIN. 20 CFR 655.122(k).

For workers engaged in the herding or production of livestock on the range, the employer is exempt from recording and furnishing the hours actually worked each day, the time the worker begins and ends each workday, as well as the nature and amount of work performed, but otherwise must comply with the earnings records and hours and earnings statement requirements set out in 20 CFR 655.122(j) and (k). The employer agrees to keep daily records indicating whether the site of the employee's work was on the range or off the range. If the employer prorates a worker's wage because of the worker's voluntary absence for personal reasons, it must also keep a record of the reason for the worker's absence. 20 CFR 655.210(f).

11. **DELAYED START DATE OF WORK**: In the event of a minor delay in the start date of work, the employer will notify each worker and the State Workforce Agency of the delay, in accordance with 20 CFR 655.175(b)(2)(i). The employer will provide to all workers who are already traveling to the place of employment, upon their arrival and without cost to the workers until work commences, daily subsistence in the same amount required during travel under 20 CFR 655.122(h)(1). If the employer fails to provide timely notification to any worker(s), the employer will pay such worker(s) for each hour of the offered work schedule in the job order, for each day that work is delayed, for a period up to 14 calendar days, in accordance with 20 CFR 655.175(b)(2)(ii). Employers must continue to provide housing

Form ETA-790A	FOR DEPART	FOR DEPARTMENT OF LABOR USE ONLY			ge 7 of 10
H 2A Casa Number	Casa Status:	Determination Date:	Validity Period:	to	

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order Form ETA-790A U.S. Department of Labor



in accordance with 20 CFR 655.122(d). The employer will comply with similar obligations to U.S. workers under 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3), described further below in Item 23, ADDITIONAL ASSURANCES FOR CLEARANCE ORDERS.

12. RATES OF PAY: The employer agrees that it will offer, advertise in its recruitment, and pay at least the Adverse Effect Wage Rate (AEWR); a prevailing wage rate, if the OFLC Administrator has approved a prevailing wage survey for the applicable crop activity or agricultural activity and, if applicable, a distinct work task or tasks performed in that activity; the agreed-upon collective bargaining rate, the Federal minimum wage, the State minimum wage, or any other wage rate it intends to pay, whichever is highest. Where these wage rates are expressed in different units of pay, the employer must list the highest applicable wage rate for each unit of pay in its job order and must offer and advertise all of these wage rates in its recruitment. If the applicable AEWR or prevailing wage is adjusted during the contract period, and that new rate is higher than the highest of the AEWR, the prevailing wage, the collective bargaining rate, the Federal minimum wage, or the State minimum wage, the employer will increase the pay of all employees in the same occupation to the higher rate no later than the effective date of the adjustment. If the new AEWR or prevailing wage is lower than the rate guaranteed on this job order, the employer will continue to pay at least the rate guaranteed on this job order.

At the end of the pay period, the employer must calculate workers' wages using the wage rate that will result in the highest wages for each worker in each pay period. Where the wage rates set forth in § 655.120(a)(1) include both hourly and non-hourly wage rates, the employer must calculate each worker's wages, in each pay period, using the highest wage rate for each unit of pay, and pay the worker the highest of these wages for that pay period. When calculating wages based on an hourly wage rate, the calculation must reflect every hour or portion thereof worked during a pay period. The wages actually paid cannot be lower than the wages that would result from the wage rate(s) guaranteed in the job order. Where a worker performs multiple activities or tasks, each of which have different applicable wage rates, the employer must evaluate, with respect to each activity or task performed in the pay period, which of the applicable wage rates would result in the highest wage for the worker for the work performed and to pay the worker the highest wage with respect to each activity or task performed. 20 CFR 655.120, 655.122(l)(1) and (2). Where applicable, the employer agrees to pay the worker any overtime pay earned by the worker pursuant to the circumstances for the payment of overtime pay as described in this Form ETA-790A and in compliance with any applicable Federal, State, or local law requiring the overtime pay.

For workers engaged in the herding or production of livestock on the range, the employer agrees to pay the worker at least the monthly AEWR, the agreed-upon collective bargaining wage, or the applicable minimum wage imposed by Federal or State law or judicial action, in effect at the time work is performed, whichever is highest, for every month of the job order period or portion thereof. If the offered wage disclosed in this clearance order is based on commissions, bonuses, or other incentives, the employer guarantees that the wage paid will equal or exceed the monthly AEWR, the agreed-upon collective bargaining wage, or the applicable minimum wage imposed by Federal or State law or judicial action, whichever is highest, and will be paid to each worker free and clear without any unauthorized deductions. The employer may prorate the wage for the initial and final pay periods of the job order period if its pay period does not match the beginning or ending dates of the job order. The employer also may prorate the wage if an employee is voluntarily unavailable to work for personal reasons. 20 CFR 655.210(g). Where applicable, the employer agrees to pay the worker any overtime pay earned by the worker pursuant to the circumstances for the payment of overtime pay as described in this Form ETA-790A and in compliance with any applicable Federal, State, or local law requiring the overtime pay.

- FREQUENCY OF PAY: Employer agrees to pay workers when due based on the frequency disclosed in this clearance order. 20 CFR 655.122(m).
- 14. TERMINATION FOR CAUSE OR ABANDONMENT OF EMPLOYMENT: If a worker is terminated for cause, or voluntarily abandons employment before the end of the contract period, the employer is not responsible for providing or paying for the subsequent transportation and subsistence expenses of that worker, and that worker is not entitled to the three-fourths guarantee, if the employer notifies the U.S. Department of Labor and, if applicable, the Department of Homeland Security, in writing or by any other method specified by the Department of Labor or the Department of Homeland Security in the Federal Register, not later than 2 working days after the abandonment or termination occurs. A worker is terminated for cause only where the employer terminates the worker for failure to meet productivity standards or failure to comply with employer policies or rules, and only where the employer satisfies six conditions: The worker has been informed (in a language understood by the worker) of the policy, rule, or productivity standard, or reasonably should have known of the policy, rule, or productivity standard; the job offer disclosed any productivity standard that is the basis for termination; compliance was within the worker's control; the policy, rule, or productivity standard is reasonable and applied consistently; the employer undertakes a fair and objective investigation; and the employer engages in progressive discipline. A worker will be deemed to have abandoned the work contract after the worker fails to show up for work at the regularly scheduled time for 5 consecutive work days without the consent of the employer. 20 CFR 655.122(n).
- 15. CONTRACT IMPOSSIBILITY: The work contract may be terminated before the end date of work specified in the work contract if the services of the workers are no longer required for reasons beyond the control of the employer due to fire, weather, or other Act of God that makes fulfillment of the contract impossible, as determined by the Department of Labor. In the event that the work contract is terminated, the employer agrees to fulfill the three-fourths guarantee for the time that has elapsed from the start date of work specified in the work contract to the date of termination. The employer also agrees that it will make efforts to transfer the worker to other comparable employment acceptable to the worker and consistent with existing immigration laws. In situations where a transfer is not affected, the employer agrees to return the worker at the employer's expense to the place from which the worker, disregarding intervening employment, came to work for the employer, or transport the worker to his/her next certified H-2A employer, whichever the worker prefers. The employer will also reimburse the worker the full amount of any deductions made by the employer from the worker's pay for transportation and subsistence expenses to the place of employment. The employer will also pay the worker for any transportation and subsistence expenses incurred by the worker to that employer's place of employment. The amounts the employer will pay for subsistence expenses per day are those amounts disclosed in this clearance order. The amount of the transportation payment must not be less (and is not required to be more) than the most economical and reasonable common carrier transportation charges for the distances involved. 20 CFR 655.122(o).

Form ETA-790A	FOR DEPARTMENT OF LABOR USE ONLY			Page 8 of 1
H-2A Case Number:	Case Status:	Determination Date:	Validity Period:	to

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order Form ETA-790A U.S. Department of Labor



The employer is not required to pay for transportation and daily subsistence from the place of employment to a subsequent employer's place of employment if the worker has contracted with a subsequent employer who has agreed to provide or pay for the worker's transportation and subsistence expenses from the present employer's place of employment to the subsequent employer's place of employment. 20 CFR 655.122(h)(2).

- 16. **DEDUCTIONS FROM WORKER'S PAY**: Employer agrees to make all deductions from the worker's paycheck required by law. This job offer discloses all deductions not required by law which the employer will make from the worker's paycheck and all such deductions are reasonable, in accordance with 20 CFR 655.122(p) and 29 CFR part 531. The wage requirements of 20 CFR 655.120 will not be met where undisclosed or unauthorized deductions, rebates, or refunds reduce the wage payment made to the employee below the minimum amounts required under 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, or where the employee fails to receive such amounts free and clear because the employee kicks back directly or indirectly to the employer or to another person for the employer's benefit the whole or part of the wage delivered to the employee. 20 CFR 655.122(p).
- 17. **DISCLOSURE OF WORK CONTRACT**: Employer agrees to provide a copy of the work contract to an H-2A worker no later than the time at which the worker applies for the visa, or to a worker in corresponding employment no later than on the day work commences. For an H-2A worker coming to the employer from another H-2A employer or who does not require a visa for entry to the United States, the employer agrees to provide a copy of the work contract no later than the time an offer of employment is made to the H-2A worker. A copy of the work contract will be provided to each worker in a language understood by the worker, as necessary or reasonable. In the absence of a separate, written work contract entered into between the employer and the worker, the work contract at minimum will be the terms of this clearance order, including all Addenda, the certified H-2A Application for Temporary Employment Certification and any obligations required under 8 U.S.C. 1188, 29 CFR part 501, or 20 CFR part 655, subpart B. 20 CFR 655.122(q).
- 18. **NO UNFAIR TREATMENT**: The employer agrees that it has not and will not intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, discharge, or in any manner discriminate against, and has not and will not cause any person to intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, or in any manner discriminate against, any person who has:
 - a. Filed a complaint under or related to 8 U.S.C. 1188, 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, , 29 CFR part 501, or any Department regulation promulgated under 8 U.S.C. 1188;
 - Instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding under or related to 8 U.S.C. 1188, 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, 29 CFR part 501, or any Department regulation promulgated under 8 U.S.C. 1188;
 - c. Testified or is about to testify in any proceeding under or related to 8 U.S.C. 1188, 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, 29 CFR part 501, or any Department regulation promulgated under 8 U.S.C. 1188;
 - d. Consulted with an employee of a legal assistance program or an attorney on matters related to 8 U.S.C. 1188, 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, 29 CFR part 501, or any Department regulation promulgated under 8 U.S.C. 1188;
 - e. Consulted with a key service provider on matters related to 8 U.S.C. 1188, 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, 29 CFR part 501, or any Department regulation promulgated under 8 U.S.C. 1188;
 - f. Exercised or asserted on behalf of themself or others any right or protection afforded by 8 U.S.C. 1188, 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, 29 CFR part 501, or any Department regulation promulgated under 8 U.S.C. 1188; or
 - g. Filed a complaint, instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding, or testified or is about to testify in any proceeding under or related to any applicable Federal, State, or local laws or regulations, including safety and health laws.

With respect to any person engaged in agriculture as defined and applied in 29 U.S.C. 203(f), the employer agrees that it has not and will not intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, discharge or in any manner discriminate against, and has not and will not cause any person to intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, or in any manner discriminate against, any person who has engaged in activities related to self-organization, including: any effort to form, join, or assist a labor organization; a secondary activity such as a secondary boycott or picket; or other concerted activities for the purpose of mutual aid or protection relating to wages or working conditions; or refused to engage in any such activities.

- 19. WORKER VOICE AND EMPOWERMENT: With respect to any H-2A worker or worker in corresponding employment engaged in agriculture as defined and applied in 29 U.S.C. 203(f), employed at the place(s) of employment included in Form ETA-9142A, the employer agrees to:
 - a. Provide to a labor organization, upon request, a complete list of such workers and the workers' contact information
 - b. Permit workers to designate a representative to attend any meeting between the employer and the worker where the worker reasonably believes that the meeting may lead to discipline; permit workers to receive advice and active assistance from the designated representative during such meetings; and permit designated representatives access to the place of employment or privately owned property to attend such meetings.
 - c. Refrain from engaging in coercive employer speech intended to oppose workers' protected activity unless the employer explains the purpose of the meeting or communication, assures workers that attendance or participation is voluntary and that they can leave at any time, assures workers that nonattendance or nonparticipation will not result in reprisals, rewards, or benefits; and obtains affirmative consent for a worker to talk to that worker in work areas during working hours concerning their rights to engage in protected activity and assures the worker that such discussions are entirely voluntary and that they may end the meeting or discussion at any time without loss of pay.
- 20. NO CONFISCATION OF TRAVEL OR IDENTITY DOCUMENTS: The employer agrees that it will not hold or confiscate a worker's passport, visa, or other immigration or government identification document except where the worker states in writing that: the worker voluntarily requested that the employer keep these documents safe, the employer did not direct the worker to submit such a request, and the worker understands that the passport, visa, or other immigration or government identification document will be returned to the worker immediately upon the worker's request.

Form ETA-790A	FOR DEPARTMENT OF LABOR USE ONLY				Page 9 of 10
H-2A Case Number:	Case Status:	Determination Date:	Validity Period:	to	

H-2A Agricultural Clearance Order Form ETA-790A U.S. Department of Labor



- 21. **LABOR ASSURANCE**: The employer agrees to either bargain in good faith over the terms of a proposed labor neutrality agreement with a requesting labor organization, or not bargain in good faith over the terms of a proposed labor neutrality agreement and provide an explanation for why it has declined to do so. See 20 CFR 655.135(m)(4).
- 22. NO WAIVER OF RIGHTS: The employer has not and will not seek to have a worker waive any rights conferred under 8 U.S.C. 1188, 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, or 29 CFR part 501. No person may prohibit a worker from communicating with the Department of Labor or other Federal, State, or local agency concerning the worker's rights under 8 U.S.C. 1188, 20 CFR part 655, subpart B, or 29 CFR part 501, including under other applicable laws. See 20 CFR 655.135(e), (h); 29 CFR 501.5.

23. ADDITIONAL ASSURANCES FOR CLEARANCE ORDERS:

- A. Employer agrees to provide to workers referred through the clearance system the number of hours of work disclosed in this clearance order for the week beginning with the anticipated first date of need, unless the employer has amended the first date of need at least 10 business days before the original first date of need as described in 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(iv). 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(i).
- B. Pursuant to 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(iv), the employer agrees to notify the OHO or SWA immediately upon learning that a crop is maturing earlier or later, or that weather conditions, over-recruitment, or other factors have changed the terms and conditions of employment. If there is a change to the date of need, the employer will notify the order-holding office or SWA, and each worker who has been placed on the clearance order using the contact information the worker provided to the employer, in writing (email and other forms of electronic written notification are acceptable) at least 10 business days prior to the original date of need. The employer must maintain records of the notification and the date notification was provided to the order-holding office or SWA and workers for 3 years. If the employer does not properly notify the order-holding office or SWA and workers at least 10 business days prior to the original date of need, the employer will provide housing and subsistence to all workers placed on the clearance order who are already traveling to the place of employment, without cost to the workers, until work commences, and, consistent with paragraph (c)(5) of this section, will pay the placed workers for the hours listed on the clearance order, at a rate consistent with paragraph (c)(5) of this section, for each day work is delayed up to 2 weeks or provide alternative work. 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(iv).
- C. Employer agrees that no extension of employment beyond the period of employment specified in the clearance order will relieve it from paying the wages already earned, or if specified in the clearance order as a term of employment, providing transportation from the place of employment, as described in paragraph 7.B above. 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(ii).
- D. Employer assures that all working conditions comply with applicable Federal and State minimum wage, child labor, social security, health and safety, farm labor contractor registration, and other employment-related laws. 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(iii).
- E. Employer agrees to expeditiously notify the OHO or SWA by emailing and telephoning immediately upon learning that a crop is maturing earlier or later, or that weather conditions, over-recruitment, or other factors have changed the terms and conditions of employment. 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(iv).
- F. If acting as a farm labor contractor (FLC) or farm labor contractor employee (FLCE) on this clearance order, the employer assures that it has a valid Federal FLC certificate or Federal FLCE identification card and when appropriate, any required State FLC certificate. 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(v).
- G. Employer assures that outreach workers will have reasonable access to the workers in the conduct of outreach activities pursuant to 20 CFR 653.107. 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(vii).

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read and reviewed this clearance order, including every page of this Form ETA-790A and all supporting addendums, and that to the best of my knowledge, the information contained therein is true and accurate. This clearance order describes the actual terms and conditions of the employment being offered by me and contains all the material terms and conditions of the job. 20 CFR 653.501(c)(3)(viii). I understand that to knowingly furnish materially false information in the preparation of this form and/or any supplement thereto or to aid, abet, or counsel another to do so is a federal offense punishable by fines, imprisonment, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 2, 1001.

1. Last (family) name *	2. First (given) name *		3. Middle initial §
4. Title *			
5. Signature (or digital signature) *		6. Date	signed *

For Public Burden Statement, see the Instructions for Form ETA-790/790A.

Form ETA-790A	FOR DEPARTMENT OF		Page 10 of 10	
H-2A Case Number:	Case Status:	Determination Date:	Validity Period:	to