



Hemovigilance Module Adverse Reaction Acute Hemolytic Transfusion Reaction

*Required for saving	
*Facility ID#:	NHSN Adverse Reaction #:
Patient Information	
*Patient ID:	*Gender: M F Other *Date of Birth:/
Sex at Birth: ☐ M ☐ F	☐ Unknown Gender Identity (Specify):
Social Security #:	Secondary ID: Medicare #:
Last Name:	First Name: Middle Name:
Ethnicity Hispanic	or Latino Not Hispanic or Not Latino
	Indian/Alaska Native Asian Black or African American awaiian/Other Pacific Islander White
Group A/Transitional	tional ABO / Rh + Transitional ABO / Rh - Rh Group B/Transitional
Rh Patient Medical Histo	Rh Group O/Transitional Rh Group AB/Transitional Rh
	tting diagnosis. (Use ICD-10 Diagnostic codes/descriptions)
Code:	
Code:	
Code:	
	rlying indication for transfusion. (Use ICD-10 Diagnostic codes/descriptions)
Code:	
Code:	Description:
Code:	Description: Description:
Code: Code: List the patient's como	Description:
Code: Code: List the patient's como	Description: Description: UNKNOWN Diagnostic codes/descriptions) NONE
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Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that would permit identification of any individual or institution is collected with a guarantee that it will be held in strict confidence, will be used only for the purposes stated, and will not otherwise be disclosed or released without the consent of the individual, or the institution in accordance with Sections 304, 306 and 308(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC 242b, 242k, and 242m(d)).

Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 20 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC, Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Rd., MS D-74, Atlanta, GA 30333 ATTN: PRA (0920-0666).



List the patient's relevant medical procedure including past procedures and procedures to be performed during the current hospital or outpatient stay. (Use ICD-10 Procedure NONE	WN					
codes/descriptions/						
Code: Description:						
Code: Description:						
Code: Description:	—					
Additional Information						
Transfusion History						
Has the patient received a previous transfusion?						
Blood Product: WB RBC Platelet Plasma Cryoprecipitate Granulo	cyte					
Date of Transfusion:/ UNKNOWN						
Was the patient's adverse reaction transfusion-related?						
If yes, provide information about the transfusion adverse reaction.						
Type of transfusion adverse reaction: Allergic AHTR DHTR DSTR FNHTF	}					
☐ HTR ☐ TTI ☐ PTP ☐ TACO ☐ TAD ☐ TA-GVHD ☐ TRALI ☐ UNKNO	WN					
OTHER Specify						
Reaction Details						
*Date reaction occurred:// *Time reaction occurred:: Time unknown						
*Facility location where patient was transfused:	_					
Is this reaction associated with an incident?						
Investigation Results						
* Acute hemolytic transfusion reaction (AHTR)						
Immune Antibody: Non-immune (specify)						
*Case Definition						
Check the following that occurred during, or within 24 hours of cessation of transfusion with <i>new</i> onset:						
Back/flank pain Chills/rigors Epistaxis Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)						
Oliguria/anuria Hypotension Fever Hematuria (gross visual hemolysis)						
Pain and/or oozing at IV site Renal failure						
Check all that apply: Decreased fibrinogen Decreased haptoglobin Elevated bilirubin						
Elevated LDH Hemoglobinemia Hemoglobinuria Plasma discoloration c/w hemolysis						
Spherocytes on blood film Positive direct antiglobulin test (DAT) for anti-IgG or anti-C3						
Positive elution test with alloantibody present on the transfused red blood cells						
Serologic testing is negative, and physical cause (e.g., thermal, osmotic, mechanical, chemical) is						
confirmed.						
Physical cause is excluded but serologic evidence is not sufficient to meet definitive criteria.						
Physical cause is suspected and serologic testing is negative.						
AHTR is suspected, but symptoms, test results, and/or information are not sufficient to confirm reaction	n.					
Other signs and symptoms: (check all that apply)						
Generalized: Nausea/vomiting						
Cardiovascular: Shock						



Cutaneous: Other rash Pruritus (itching) Urticaria (hives) Hemolysis/Hemorrhage: Hemoglobinemia Positive antibody screen Pain: Abdominal pain Bilateral infiltrates on chest x- ray Shortness of breath Hypoxemia Other: (specify) *Severity Did the patient receive or experience any of the following? Hospitalization, inlcuding prolonged hospitalization Disability and/or incapacitation Other medically important conditions Death Unknown or not stated *Imputability Which best describes the relationship between the transfusion and the reaction? ABO or other allotypic RBC antigen incompatibility is known. Only transfusion-related (i.e., immune or non-immune) cause of acute hemolysis is present. There are other potential causes present that could explain acute hemolysis, but transfusion is the most likely cause. Other causes of acute hemolysis are more likely, but transfusion cannot be excluded. There is conclusive evidence beyond reasonable doubt of a cause other than the transfusion. The relationship between the adverse reaction and the transfusion is unknown or not stated. Did the transfusion occur at your facility? YES NO								
Pain: Abdominal pain								
Respiratory: Bilateral infiltrates on chest x-								
Respiratory: Shortness of breath								
Other: (specify) *Severity Did the patient receive or experience any of the following? No treatment required Symptomatic treatment only Hospitalization, inlcuding prolonged hospitalization Life-threatening reaction Disability and/or incapacitation Congenital anomaly or birth defect(s) of the fetus Other medically important conditions Death Unknown or not stated *Imputability Which best describes the relationship between the transfusion and the reaction? ABO or other allotypic RBC antigen incompatibility is known. Only transfusion-related (i.e., immune or non-immune) cause of acute hemolysis is present. There are other potential causes present that could explain acute hemolysis, but transfusion is the most likely cause. Other causes of acute hemolysis are more likely, but transfusion cannot be ruled out. Evidence is clearly in favor of a cause other than the transfusion, but transfusion cannot be excluded. There is conclusive evidence beyond reasonable doubt of a cause other than the transfusion. The relationship between the adverse reaction and the transfusion is unknown or not stated.								
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Did the transfusion occur at your facility? YES NO								
Module-generated Designations								
NOTE: Designations for case definition, severity, and imputability will be automatically assigned in the NHSN application based on responses in the corresponding investigation results section above.								
*Do you agree with the <u>case definition</u> designation?								
^Please indicate your designation								
*Do you agree with the <u>severity</u> designation?								
^Please indicate your designation								
*Do you agree with the <i>imputability</i> designation?								
Patient Treatment								
Did the patient receive treatment for the transference reaction.								
If yes, select treatment(s): Medication (Select the type of medication)								
instalcation (Select the type of medication)								
Antipyretics Antihistamines Inotropes/Vasopressors Bronchodilator Diuretics								
Intravenous Immunoglobulin Intravenous steroids Corticosteroids Antibiotics								



Safety I	Antithymocyte glob	ulin Cyclo	osporin (Other	www.cuc.go	v/IIII3II			
Volume resuscitation (Intravenous colloids or crystalloids)									
Respiratory support (Select the type of support) Mechanical ventilation Noninvasive ventilation Oxygen									
Renal replacement therapy (Select the type of therapy) Hemodialysis Peritoneal Continuous Veno-Venous Hemofiltration									
Phle Oth	ebotomy er Specify:								
Outcome									
*Outcome:	Death:/_	lajor or long-terr	·	Minor or no equelae	Not determ	mined			
^If recipient died, relationship of transfusion to death: Definite Probable Possible Doubtful Ruled Out Not determined Cause of death: Was an autopsy performed? Yes No									
Component	t Details								
*Was a particular unit implicated in (i.e., responsible for) the adverse reaction?									
Transfusion Start and End Date/Time	*Component code (check system used)	Amount transfused at reaction onset	^Unit number (Required for Infection and TRALI)	*Unit expiration Date/Time	*Blood group of unit	Implic ated Unit?			
^IMPLICATED	UNIT			_					
	ISBT-128	Entire unit Partial unitmL			A- A+ B- B+ AB- AB+ O- O+ N/A	Y			
	ISBT-128 Codabar 	Entire unit Partial unitmL			A- A+ B- B+ AB- AB+ O- O+ N/A	N			
Custom Field	ds								
Label			Label						
		<u> </u>							
Comments			<u>'</u>						

