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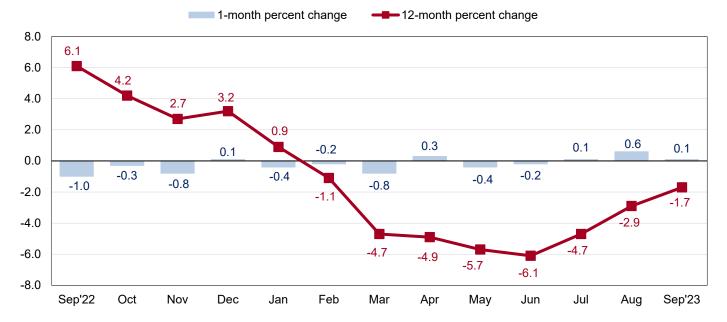
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U.S. IMPORT AND EXPORT PRICE INDEXES – SEPTEMBER 2023

Prices for U.S. imports ticked up 0.1 percent in September following a 0.6-percent advance the previous month, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Higher fuel prices drove the September increase. U.S. export prices rose 0.7 percent in September, after advancing 1.1 percent in August.

Chart 1. One-month and 12-month percent changes in the Import Price Index: September 2022 – September 2023



Imports

The price index for U.S. imports increased 0.1 percent in September as higher fuel prices more than offset lower nonfuel prices. U.S. import prices last declined on a monthly basis in June, and advanced 0.9 percent in the third quarter of 2023. Despite the recent increases, prices for U.S. imports declined 1.7 percent for the year ended in September. (See table 1.)

Fuel Imports: Import fuel prices advanced 4.4 percent in September, after rising 8.8 percent in August. The index has not recorded a 1-month decline since May 2023. Higher prices for petroleum in September more than offset a drop in natural gas prices. In spite of the recent increases, import fuel prices decreased 8.9 percent for the year ended in September. Prices for import petroleum rose 4.9 percent in September following a 9.0-percent increase the previous month. Import petroleum prices fell 6.6 percent over the past 12 months. In contrast, the price index for import natural gas declined 7.8 percent, after advances of 13.4 percent in August and 13.7 percent in July. Prices for natural gas decreased 53.8 percent from September 2022 to September 2023.

All Imports Excluding Fuel: Prices for nonfuel imports decreased 0.2 percent for the second consecutive month in September. Lower prices in September for foods, feeds, and beverages; nonfuel industrial supplies and materials; capital goods; and automotive vehicles all contributed to the September decline in nonfuel import prices. Nonfuel import prices fell 0.8 percent over the past year.

Foods, Feeds, and Beverages: The price index for import foods, feeds, and beverages declined 1.3 percent in September, the largest monthly drop since the index fell 1.5 percent in August 2022. The decline was driven by lower fruit prices.

Nonfuel Industrial Supplies and Materials: Prices for nonfuel industrial supplies and materials fell 0.5 percent in September led by lower prices for unfinished metals, paper, and selected building materials. Nonfuel industrial supplies and materials prices have not risen on a monthly basis since February 2023.

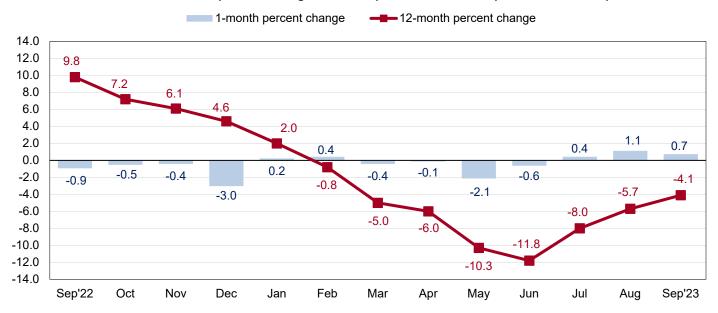
Finished Goods: Prices for most of the major import finished goods categories declined in September. Capital goods prices declined 0.1 percent for the second consecutive month. The September decrease was driven by lower prices for oil drilling, mining, and construction machinery and equipment. Prices for import automotive vehicles edged down 0.1 percent in September, after being unchanged the previous month. The decline was led by lower prices for parts, engines, bodies, and chassis. The price index for import consumer goods was unchanged in September.

Table A. Percent change in Import and Export Price Indexes, selected categories

		IMPORTS			EXPORTS	
Month	All imports	Fuel imports	Nonfuel imports	All exports	Agricultural exports	Non- agricultural exports
2022						
September	-1.0	-6.3	-0.3	-0.9	-0.8	-0.9
October	-0.3	-2.2	-0.1	-0.5	-0.6	-0.5
November	-0.8	-3.9	-0.3	-0.4	2.8	-0.9
December	0.1	-2.3	0.4	-3.0	-2.4	-3.1
2023						
January	-0.4	-4.8	0.2	0.2	-0.8	0.3
February	-0.2	-5.6	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.3
March	-0.8	-4.4	-0.5	-0.4	-1.8	-0.2
April	0.3	4.6	-0.1	-0.1	0.4	-0.1
May	-0.4	-5.0	0.0	-2.1	-2.3	-2.1
June	-0.2	1.1	-0.3	-0.6	-1.4 ^r	-0.5
July	0.1	1.2 ^r	-0.1	0.4 ^r	0.5	0.4 ^r
August	0.6 ^r	8.8 ^r	-0.2 ^r	1.1 ^r	-2.1 ^r	1.5 ^r
September	0.1	4.4	-0.2	0.7	-1.1	1.0
Sept. 2021 to 2022	6.1	32.5	3.5	9.8	12.7	9.5
Sept. 2022 to 2023	-1.7	-8.9	-0.8	-4.1	-7.8	-3.8

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Chart 2. One-month and 12-month percent changes in the Export Price Index: September 2022 - September 2023



Exports

U.S. export prices rose 0.7 percent in September following a 1.1-percent increase in August. Higher prices for nonagricultural exports in September more than offset lower agricultural prices. Despite the recent advances, prices for U.S. exports decreased 4.1 percent over the past year. The 12-month drop in September was the smallest over-the-year decline since February 2023. (See table 2.)

Agricultural Exports: The price index for agricultural exports fell 1.1 percent in September, after decreasing 2.1 percent the previous month. Lower prices in September for soybeans, corn, wheat, and meat all contributed to the decline in agricultural export prices. Prices for agricultural exports fell 7.8 percent from September 2022 to September 2023.

All Exports Excluding Agriculture: Prices for nonagricultural exports rose 1.0 percent in September following a 1.5-percent increase the previous month. Higher prices for nonagricultural industrial supplies and materials, automotive vehicles, and capital goods in September offset lower prices for consumer goods and nonagricultural food. Despite the recent increases, nonagricultural export prices declined 3.8 percent for the year ended in September.

Nonagricultural Industrial Supplies and Materials: Nonagricultural industrial supplies and materials prices advanced 2.2 percent in September and 6.8 percent over the past 3 months. The increases in each of the past 3 months were driven by higher fuel prices. Export fuel prices advanced 4.8 percent in September, 7.3 percent in August, and 5.2 percent in July.

Finished Goods: Prices for the major finished goods export categories were mixed in September. Automotive vehicles prices rose 1.0 percent, after advancing 0.3 percent in August. The September increase was the largest 1-month rise since January 2023 and was led by higher passenger cars prices. Prices for export capital goods ticked up 0.1 percent for the third consecutive month in September. Export capital goods prices have not decreased on a monthly basis since November 2022. The September increase was led by a 0.9-percent advance in semiconductor prices. In contrast, the price index for export consumer goods fell 0.3 percent in September, following a 0.3-percent drop in August.

More information for the major import and export price indexes can be found at www.bls.gov/web/ximpim/largest.htm.

Measures of Import and Export Prices by Locality

Imports by Locality of Origin: Prices for imports from China fell 0.3 percent in September, after being unchanged the previous month. The price index for imports from China has not recorded a monthly increase since October 2022. Import prices from China declined 2.6 percent over the past 12 months, the largest over-the-year drop since October 2009. Prices for imports from Japan rose 0.1 percent in September following a 0.1-percent decline in August. Import prices from Japan advanced 1.0 percent over the past year. Prices for imports from Canada increased 0.8 percent in September and 5.6 percent in the third quarter of 2023. Despite those advances, prices for imports from Canada fell 6.7 percent for the year ended in September. Import prices from the European Union and Mexico decreased in September, falling 0.2 percent and 0.1 percent, respectively. Prices for imports from the European Union rose 2.4 percent over the past year and prices for imports from Mexico advanced 3.7 percent. (See table 7.)

Exports by Locality of Destination: The price index for exports to China increased 1.0 percent in September, after declining 0.6 percent in August. Despite the September rise, prices for exports to China decreased 5.3 percent over the past 12 months. Export prices to Japan also rose 1.0 percent in September after being unchanged the previous month. The September advance was the first 1-month increase since the index rose 1.1 percent in February 2023. Prices for exports to Japan fell 7.5 percent over the past year. The price indexes for exports to Canada and Mexico also rose in September, increasing 0.5 percent and 0.2 percent, respectively. Export prices to the European Union advanced 1.1 percent in September, after increasing 0.4 percent in August. (See table 8.)

Terms of Trade Indexes: Terms of trade indexes are based on country, region, or grouping and measure the change in the purchasing power of exports relative to imports. U.S. terms of trade with China rose 1.3 percent in September, after decreasing 0.7 percent in August. Higher export prices to China and lower import prices from China each contributed to the advance. U.S. terms of trade with China decreased 2.8 percent for the year ended in September. The index for U.S. terms of trade with Japan increased 0.9 percent in September, the largest rise since February 2023. U.S. terms of trade with Japan fell 8.4 percent over the past year. In contrast, U.S. terms of trade with Canada declined 0.2 percent in September following a 2.8-percent drop the previous month. The indexes for U.S. terms of trade with Mexico and the European Union rose 0.4 percent and 1.3 percent, respectively, in September. (See table 9.)

Import and Export Services

Imports: Import air passenger fares rose 9.9 percent in September, after declining 14.1 percent in August and 9.2 percent in July. The September upturn was driven by a 17.7-percent advance in European fares. Despite the September increase, import air passenger fares decreased 3.4 percent over the past year. The price index for import air freight increased in September, advancing 4.3 percent following a 13.9-percent decrease the previous month. The September rise was led by higher prices for import freight from Asia. Import air freight prices fell 32.8 percent for the year ended in September. (See table 10.)

Exports: Export air passenger fares declined 4.5 percent in September, after decreasing 8.8 percent the previous month. Lower Latin American/Caribbean and Asian fares in September more than offset higher European fares. The index for export air passenger fares fell 7.2 percent from September 2022 to September 2023, the largest 12-month drop since an 11.5-percent decline for the year ended July 2020. Prices for export air freight decreased 1.8 percent in September following a 2.8-percent increase in August. The September decline was driven by a 3.8-percent drop in Asian air freight prices. Export air freight prices fell 13.9 percent over the past 12 months.

U.S. Import and Export Price Index data for October 2023 are scheduled for release on Thursday, November 16, 2023, at 8:30 a.m. (ET).

Table 1. U.S. import price indexes and percent changes for selected categories of goods: September 2022 to September 2023

[2000=100, unless otherwise noted]

			Index		Percent change					
		Relative			Annual		Mor	nthly		
Description	End Use	importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023	
All commodities		100.000	140.4	140.6	-1.7	-0.2	0.1	0.6	0.1	
All imports excluding food and fuels (Dec. 2010=100)		83.138	107.7	107.6	-1.1	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3	-0.1	
All imports excluding petroleum		90.899	123.4	123.0	-1.2	-0.3	0.0	-0.1	-0.3	
All imports excluding fuels (Dec. 2001=100)		90.358	127.2	126.9	-0.8	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2	
Foods, feeds, & beverages	. 0	7.220	215.4	212.5	3.1	-0.1	2.4	0.7	-1.3	
excluding distilled beverages Nonagricultural foods (fish, distilled		5.804	239.7	236.3	5.1	0.3	3.2	0.7	-1.4	
beverages)	. 01	1.416	157.8	155.8	-4.5	-1.9	-0.5	0.6	-1.3	
Industrial supplies & materials		24.921	247.2	250.7	-7.7	-0.4	-0.5	2.6	1.4	
petroleum		15.935	199.2	197.9	-9.0	-1.2	-1.1	-0.6	-0.7	
fuels (Dec. 2001=100)		15.292 9.657	222.7 217.0	221.6 215.5	-7.2 -5.3	-1.3 -1.9	-1.3 -1.4	-0.9 -0.6	-0.5 -0.7	
Industrial supplies & materials nondurable excluding petroleum		6.163	178.7	177.8	-13.9	-0.2	-0.6	-0.7	-0.5	
Fuels & lubricants	1	9.642	300.3	313.4	-8.9	1.1	1.2	8.8	4.4	
Petroleum & petroleum products		9.101	323.6	339.4	-6.6	1.2	8.0	9.0	4.9	
Crude petroleum		5.759	332.6	352.1	-1.6	-0.5	3.4	8.9	5.9	
Fuels, n.e.scoals & gas	. 101	0.408	169.0	159.8	-45.8	-1.3	9.3	9.7	-5.4	
Natural gas	. 10110	0.299	144.2	133.0	-53.8	-1.5	13.7	13.4	-7.8	
Paper & paper base stocks	. 11	0.525	140.1	136.2	-10.2	3.3	-1.5	-2.4	-2.8	
Materials associated with nondurable										
supplies & materials		5.096	193.8	194.0	-10.6	-0.4	-1.3	-1.4	0.1	
Selected building materials	. 13	1.748	191.1	189.8	-7.1	-0.6	1.7	0.3	-0.7	
Unfinished metals related to durable goods	. 14	3.811	314.4	310.6	-9.1	-3.4	-3.5	-1.4	-1.2	
Finished metals related to durable goods	. 15	2.332	217.1	216.5	0.8	-0.1	-0.5	-0.3	-0.3	
Nonmetals related to durable goods	_	1.766	123.9	123.5	-3.9	-1.9	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3	
Capital goods	. 2	27.715	93.5	93.4	0.6	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	
Electric generating equipment		3.745	129.8	130.1	0.9	-0.2	-0.2	0.5	0.2	
Nonelectrical machinery		22.560	84.3	84.2	0.2	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	
Transportation equipment excluding moto vehicles (Dec. 2001=100)	r	1.410	154.1	154.2	6.4	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.1	
Automotive vehicles, parts & engines		12.858	118.5	118.4	1.6	-0.1	0.5	0.0	-0.1	
Consumer goods, excluding										
automotives	1	27.286	109.8	109.8	-0.3	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	
Nondurables, manufactured		12.763	125.0	125.0	0.2	-0.1	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	
Durables, manufactured	. 41	13.572	95.3	95.2	-0.4	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	
Nonmanufactured consumer goods	. 42	0.952	123.0	123.1	-5.4	-2.2	-2.1	-0.7	0.1	

¹ Relative importance figures are based on 2021 trade values.

Table 2. U.S. export price indexes and percent changes for selected categories of goods: September 2022 to September 2023

[2000=100, unless otherwise noted]

			Inc	lex		Pe	ercent chan	ge	
		Relative			Annual		Mor	nthly	
Description	End Use	importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023
All commodities		100.000	149.2	150.3	-4.1	-0.6	0.4	1.1	0.7
Agricultural commodities		10.676	236.1	233.5	-7.8	-1.4	0.5	-2.1	-1.1
All exports excluding food and fuels (Dec. 2010=100)		73.114	113.9	114.0	-0.3	-0.5	-0.5	0.2	0.1
All exports excluding fuels (June 2022=100)		82.880	98.8	98.8	-0.2	-0.6	-0.2	-0.2	0.0
Nonagricultural commodities		89.324	142.5	143.9	-3.8	-0.5	0.4	1.5	1.0
Foods, feeds, & beverages	0	9.766	237.6	234.1	-8.3	-1.5	0.6	-2.5	-1.5
Agricultural foods, feeds & beverages, excluding distilled beverages	00	9.387	240.0	236.6	-7.9	-1.5	0.7	-2.5	-1.4
Nonagricultural foods (fish, distilled beverages)	01	0.378	192.0	186.8	-17.2	-2.6	-3.1	-1.3	-2.7
Industrial supplies & materials	1	38.348	202.0	206.4	-10.2	-1.4	0.8	3.5	2.2
Industrial supplies & materials, durable		10.726	208.4	208.2	-1.9	-1.8	-1.7	0.0	-0.1
Industrial supplies & materials, nondurable		27.623	196.8	202.8	-12.7	-1.3	2.0	4.9	3.0
Agricultural industrial supplies & materials	10	1.257	218.9	222.1	-7.1	-1.3	-1.0	1.0	1.5
materials		37.091	201.5	206.0	-10.3	-1.4	0.9	3.5	2.2
Fuels & lubricants	11	17.120	253.3	265.5	-14.6	-0.6	5.2	7.3	4.8
Nonagricultural supplies & materials excluding fuels & building materials	12	19.169	190.2	190.1	-5.7	-2.1	-2.4	0.5	-0.1
Selected building materials	13	0.801	147.3	148.3	-7.1	-1.2	-0.4	0.8	0.7
Capital goods	2	30.847	121.5	121.6	2.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Electrical generating equipment	20	3.441	137.6	137.7	3.4	-0.1	0.3	-0.2	0.1
Nonelectrical machinery Transportation equipment excluding motor	21	22.532	101.6	101.7	0.9	-0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1
vehicles (Dec. 2001=100)	22	4.874	211.2	211.6	7.0	2.0	0.1	0.0	0.2
Automotive vehicles, parts & engines	3	8.222	124.5	125.8	3.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.0
Consumer goods, excluding									
automotives	4	12.817	119.5	119.2	2.1	0.1	0.0	-0.3	-0.3
Nondurables, manufactured	40	6.771	110.9	110.5	1.4	0.0	0.1	-0.2	-0.4
Durables, manufactured Nonmanufactured consumer goods (Dec.	41	4.806	120.1	120.0	4.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	-0.1
2018=100)	42	1.239	128.2	127.2	-1.0	-0.8	-0.7	-1.0	-0.8

¹ Relative importance figures are based on 2021 trade values.

Table 3. U.S. import price indexes and percent changes for selected industries: September 2022 to September 2023

[December 2005=100, unless otherwise noted]

			Inc	lex		Pe	ercent chan	ge	
		Relative			Annual		Mor	nthly	
Description	NAICS	importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023
Nonmanufacturing		8.712	155.2	160.7	-3.1	-0.8	3.4	6.8	3.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	2.235	222.7	221.0	6.2	-0.8	5.6	1.0	-0.8
Crop production	111 112	1.788 0.277	231.5 118.2	229.5 115.9	5.0	-0.7 -1.2	6.0 5.8	1.0 2.2	-0.9 -1.9
Mining Oil and gas extraction Mining (except oil and gas) (Dec. 2022=100)	21 211 212	6.476 6.202 0.274	151.6 150.3 110.3	159.2 158.1 111.4	-5.7 -6.3	-0.8 -0.7 -1.7	2.7 3.6 -14.4	9.0 9.2 4.3	5.0 5.2 1.0
Manufacturing		90.960	122.1	122.0	-1.5	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	-0.1
Manufacturing, part 1 Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product	31 311	11.401 4.235	138.9 188.3	137.8 184.3	-0.1 -0.7	-0.2 -0.4	-0.2 -0.4	0.1 0.3	-0.8 -2.1
manufacturing	312 315	1.184 3.194	141.0 118.7	141.8 118.6	5.4 -0.3	0.0 -0.2	0.3 -0.1	0.5 -0.2	0.6 -0.1
manufacturing	316	1.369	127.0	127.2	-0.6	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2
Manufacturing, part 2 Paper manufacturing Petroleum and coal products	32 322	19.918 0.966	143.6 122.6	144.2 120.4	-6.4 -7.1	0.5 1.5	-0.9 -0.7	0.9 -1.3	0.4 -1.8
manufacturing	324 325	3.166 10.983	146.8 149.3	151.5 149.4	-13.4 -5.7	4.8 -0.3	-3.1 -0.9	9.1 -0.6	3.2 0.1
manufacturing Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	326 327	2.635 1.073	133.8 145.9	133.8 145.3	0.0 2.6	-0.1 -0.8	-0.2 -0.3	-0.2	-0.4
Manufacturing, part 3 Primary metal manufacturing	33 331	59.641 4.682	112.4 218.6	112.2 215.9	-0.1 -6.2	-0.4 -2.8	-0.1 -2.1	-0.2 -1.1	-0.2 -1.2
Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product	332 333	3.288 7.722	147.8 132.0	147.3 132.1	-2.5 3.3	-0.3 -0.2	-0.5 0.2	-0.3 0.0	-0.3 0.1
manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance, and	334	16.657	72.5	72.5	-1.6	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.0
component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing Furniture and related product	335 336	5.975 13.077	127.9 117.6	127.7 117.4	0.5 1.9	-0.1 -0.1	0.0 0.6	0.1 0.0	-0.2 -0.2
manufacturing	337 339	2.007 6.233	128.9 128.0	129.5 127.4	0.1 0.8	0.2 -0.2	0.0 -0.3	-0.4 0.2	0.5 -0.5

¹ Relative importance figures are based on 2021 trade values.

NOTES: Data may be revised in each of the 3 months after original publication.

Table 4. U.S. export price indexes and percent changes for selected industries: September 2022 to September 2023

[December 2005=100, unless otherwise noted]

[Bedefined 2000-100, unless enterwise I	, ctou,		Inc	lex		Pe	ercent chan	ge	
		Relative			Annual			nthly	
Description	NAICS	importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023
Nonmanufacturing		14.733	176.6	182.5	-18.7	-2.0	4.3	0.7	3.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11 111	5.208 4.888	197.7 209.0	193.2 203.7	-14.3 -15.3	-2.9 -3.0	1.9 1.8	-4.3 -4.6	-2.3 -2.5
Mining Oil and gas extraction (Dec. 2021=100) Mining (except oil and gas)	21 211 212	9.525 8.225 1.300	109.7 97.7 132.9	116.7 104.9 133.0	-21.1 -22.5 -7.0	-1.5 -0.2 -7.0	5.9 6.9 -0.1	3.7 4.9 -3.8	6.4 7.4 0.1
Manufacturing		83.633	134.7	135.1	-1.2	-0.2	-0.2	1.2	0.3
Manufacturing, part 1 Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	31 311 312	6.910 5.121 0.518	173.0 204.4 140.6	172.9 204.4 140.7	-2.8 -3.2 -1.0	-0.2 0.0 -2.6	-0.7 -0.6	0.1 0.2 0.5	-0.1 0.0 0.1
Manufacturing, part 2	32	26.555	139.1	140.2	-5.1	-0.7	-0.1	3.7	0.8
Wood product manufacturing (Dec. 2017=100)	321 322 324	0.401 1.492 7.228	114.4 139.6 165.9	116.0 137.9 170.4	-8.5 -11.3 -5.4	-1.6 -5.7	-0.7 2.0 2.8	0.5 -0.8 14.1	1.4 -1.2 2.7
Chemical manufacturing	325	14.190	132.7	132.7	-5.1	-0.7	-1.6	0.5	0.0
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	326 327	2.279 0.772	133.8 133.4	134.4 133.2	2.8	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.4
manufacturing	327	0.772 50.168	133.4 128.8	133.2 129.0	-1.0 1.5	0.2 -0.1	1.2 -0.1	0.3 0.1	-0.1 0.2
Primary metal manufacturing	331 333	4.203 9.559	199.5 150.3	198.0 150.3	-6.3 4.7	-1.8 0.1	-2.2 0.3	-0.5 0.4	-0.8 0.0
manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	334 335	12.744 3.577	83.0 136.2	83.2 136.1	-2.1 3.8	-0.2 -0.1	-0.1 0.4	-0.1 -0.1	0.2 -0.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	336 339	12.131 4.931	144.3 138.7	145.5 138.4	4.8 3.1	0.8 0.3	0.1 0.1	0.2 -0.3	0.8 -0.2

¹ Relative importance figures are based on 2021 trade values.

NOTES: Data may be revised in each of the 3 months after original publication.

Table 5. U.S. import price indexes and percent changes for selected categories of goods: September 2022 to September 2023

[2000=100, unless otherwise noted]

[2000=100, unless otherwise noted]			Inc	dex	Percent change					
	Harmo-	Relative			Annual			nthly		
Description	nized system	importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023	
Live animals; animal products	1	1.581	239.1	234.1	0.1	-1.0	0.8	1.4	-2.1	
Meat and edible meat offal	02	0.421	335.4	324.7	-2.1	1.4	2.8	0.1	-3.2	
Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates	03	0.780	151.0	147.9	-7.3	-3.3	-1.6	1.3	-2.1	
Vegetable products	П	2.236	257.8	246.3	0.5	-0.8	4.2	0.7	-4.5	
Edible vegetables, roots, and tubers Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruit or	07	0.581	522.3	533.7	6.5	-1.3	10.5	-0.9	2.2	
melons	08	0.798	127.1	119.4	9.2	0.7	9.0	0.5	-6.1	
Coffee, tea, mate and spices	09	0.384	298.2	291.4	-9.7	-0.7	-2.5	1.5	-2.3	
Animal or vegetable fats and oils (Dec. 2009=100)	III	0.386	149.3	145.8	-3.2	-1.2	-0.9	4.1	-2.3	
Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and	IV	2.204	107.0	107.4	4.0	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.1	
Sugars and sugar confectionary (Dec.		3.394	197.3	197.4	4.8	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.1	
2021=100)	17	0.216	116.4	117.0	10.1	0.7	0.1	1.0	0.5	
2009=100)	18	0.251	125.0	126.2	23.1	2.3	2.1	1.1	1.0	
2022=100)	21	0.391	97.8	97.6	_	0.4	-0.5	0.1	-0.2	
Beverages, spirits, and vinegar	22	1.114	154.7	155.6	5.5	-0.1	0.3	0.5	0.6	
Mineral products	V	9.749	307.8	321.3	-8.6	1.0	0.7	8.8	4.4	
substances and mineral waxes	27	9.414	301.3	314.9	-9.0	1.2	1.3	9.1	4.5	
Products of the chemical or allied industries	VI	10.489	171.3	171.7	-2.9	-0.5	-0.9	0.2	0.2	
Inorganic chemicals	28	0.597	493.8	511.5	-6.0	-0.2	-1.8	-3.0	3.6	
Organic chemicals	29	2.336	142.1	142.4	-2.7	-1.3	-1.1	-0.6	0.2	
Pharmaceutical products	30	5.211	147.2	147.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.7	-0.1	0.0	
Fertilizers (Dec. 2022=100)	31	0.391	73.4	72.4	_	-1.2	-4.8	15.4	-1.4	
Tanning extracts; dye, pigments, varnish,	00	0.007	100.0	100.0		0.0	4.0	4.0	0.1	
paints & putty (Dec. 2022=100) Miscellaneous chemical products	32 38	0.207 0.814	102.9 118.4	103.0 118.6	- -0.5	-0.9 -1.2	-1.0 -1.2	1.9 -0.3	0.1 0.2	
Plastics and articles thereof; rubber and		0.014	110.4	110.0	0.0	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.2	
articles thereof	VII	4.061	154.8	154.3	-3.9	0.2	-0.5	-1.8	-0.3	
Plastics and articles thereof	39	2.617	153.0	152.1	-6.7	0.1	-0.8	-2.4	-0.6	
Rubber and articles thereof	40	1.444	161.6	161.8	2.0	0.2	-0.1	-0.4	0.1	
Woodpulp, recovered paper, and paper products	X	0.961	128.8	126.4	-7.7	2.0	-1.0	-1.5	-1.9	
Textile and textile articles	XI	4.409	120.6	120.4	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	
Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted	62	1.212	126.7	126.4	0.0	-0.2	-0.4	0.1	-0.2	
Headgear, umbrellas, artificial flowers,	02	1.212	120.7	120.4	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.2	
etc	XII	1.199	126.8	126.9	0.1	0.2	0.2	-0.2	0.1	
Footwear and parts of such articles	64	0.971	123.6	123.8	-0.1	0.2	0.2	-0.2	0.2	
Stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, ceramics, glass etc	XIII	0.934	138.1	137.4	2.4	-0.4	-0.2	-0.1	-0.5	
Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos,										
or mica (Dec. 2020=100)	68	0.343	102.9	102.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.8	
Glass and glassware (Dec. 2021=100)	70	0.328	108.4	108.0	6.4	-0.5	-0.4	-0.6	-0.4	
Pearls, stones, precious metals, imitation jewelry, and coins	XIV	3.185	224.8	222.8	-1.8	-2.4	-4.0	0.9	-0.9	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. U.S. import price indexes and percent changes for selected categories of goods: September 2022 to September 2023 — Continued [2000=100, unless otherwise noted]

			Ind	ex	Percent change					
	Harmo-	Relative			Annual		Mor	nthly		
Description	nized system	importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023	
Base metals and articles of base metals	XV	6.155	230.7	228.1	-4.7	-1.2	-0.2	-1.2	-1.1	
Articles of iron or steel	73	1.843	201.0	195.3	-5.0	-1.3	0.0	-1.1	-2.8	
Copper and articles thereof	74	0.542	380.6	369.9	5.9	-2.0	0.2	2.2	-2.8	
Aluminum and articles thereof	76	1.044	186.5	186.5	-2.1	-0.7	-0.1	-1.8	0.0	
Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof Miscellaneous articles of base metal	82 83	0.451 0.544	133.2 146.9	133.0 147.0	2.5 -3.7	0.0 -0.5	0.4 -0.1	0.5 -0.2	-0.2 0.1	
Machinery, electrical equipment, TV image and sound recorders, parts, etc	XVI	29.791	82.6	82.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.1	
parts thereof	84	15.232 14.559	89.8 75.8	89.7 75.7	0.6	-0.1 -0.3	0.0	0.1 -0.1	-0.1 -0.1	
Vehicles, aircraft, vessels and associated transport equipment Motor vehicles and their parts Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof (Dec.	XVII 87	10.868 10.242 0.516	122.2 121.2 108.8	122.1 121.1 109.1	1.8 1.6	-0.1 0.0 -0.3	0.7 0.6 0.6	-0.1 -0.1	-0.1 -0.1	
2020=100)	XVIII 90	4.152 3.853	108.5	108.6	4.9 3.1 2.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	XX	4.823	120.2	120.1	0.1	0.0	-0.2	0.1	-0.1	
Furniture & stuffed furnishings; lamps & lighting fittings, nesoi; prefab bldgs Toys, games and sports equipment; parts and accessories thereof.	94	2.738	127.3	127.6	-0.5	0.0	0.0	-0.3 0.7	0.2	
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	96	0.301	148.0	148.0	8.7	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	

¹ Relative importance figures are based on 2021 trade values.

Table 6. U.S. export price indexes and percent changes for selected categories of goods: September 2022 to September 2023

[2000=100, unless otherwise noted]

	Harmo-	Relative		l	l Annual	Percent change Annual Monthly						
	Haiiiio-	immortonee				+ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Description	nized system	importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023			
_ive animals; animal products	1	2.046	258.0	258.6	-7.9	-0.8	-1.1	-0.2	0.2			
Meat & edible meat offal (Dec. 2006=100)	02	1.307	221.9	218.6	-2.7	0.6	0.4	0.7	-1.5			
Fish and crustaceans, mollusks and aquatic												
invertebrates (Dec. 2022=100)	03	0.224	78.6	75.5	_	-3.9	-4.6	-2.6	-3.9			
/egetable products	П	4.943	260.8	253.6	-13.7	-2.9	1.8	-4.9	-2.8			
Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruit or												
melons	08	0.770	129.1	131.5	1.0	-3.7	-4.1	-2.1	1.9			
Cereals	10	1.654	269.6	255.4	-23.5	-0.6	-4.1	-6.8	-5.3			
Oilseeds and misc. grains, seeds, fruits, plants, straw and fodder	12	1.977	290.9	280.8	-12.6	-6.0	10.5	-5.8	-3.5			
Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and	IV	2 000	106 5	10E E	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.5			
Miscellaneous edible preparations (Dec.	l v	3.022	186.5	185.5	0.2	0.2	-1.0	0.2	-0.5			
2017=100)	21	0.687	119.5	119.0	10.4	8.0	0.4	0.5	-0.4			
2008=100)	22	0.467	108.2	107.3	-0.9	-0.1	-0.7	-0.4	-0.8			
industries; prepared animal feed	23	0.735	289.6	284.7	-15.6	-1.9	-4.7	-0.2	-1.7			
Mineral products	V	16.809	302.8	317.3	-15.2	-0.7	4.7	7.9	4.8			
Ores, slag and ash (Dec. 2012=100)	26	0.469	125.2	122.5	-3.0	-4.9	-7.2	2.7	-2.2			
Mineral fuels, oils and residuals, bituminous												
substances and mineral waxes	27	16.119	290.9	305.7	-15.6	-0.5	5.2	8.1	5.1			
Products of the chemical or allied	.,,											
industries	VI	12.831	162.8	162.8	-1.8	-0.2	-1.0	0.5	0.0			
Pharmaceutical products Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery	30	4.423	108.7	108.4	2.3 5.2	0.0	-0.3	-0.1 -0.3	-0.3 -0.1			
cosmetic or toilet preparations Soap; lubricants; waxes, polishing or	33	0.858	148.5	148.4	5.2	0.1	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1			
scouring products; candles, pastes	34	0.479	139.0	139.0	2.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0			
Miscellaneous chemical products	38	2.282	192.7	192.3	4.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	-0.2			
Plastics and articles thereof; rubber and												
articles thereof	VII	4.516	156.6	157.4	-5.5	-0.9	-1.1	0.1	0.5			
Plastics and articles thereof	39	3.716	153.3	154.3	-6.8	-1.0	-1.5	0.1	0.7			
Rubber and articles thereof	40	0.800	170.3	170.2	1.7	-0.4	0.8	0.2	-0.1			
Nood, wood charcoal, cork, straw, baskets and wickerwork (Dec. 2014=100)	IX	0.462	105.9	107.2	-12.0	-2.7	-1.4	1.3	1.2			
Woodpulp, recovered paper, and paper												
products	X	1.644	140.4	138.5	-12.5	-4.8	2.0	0.0	-1.4			
Woodpulp and recovered paper (Dec. 2019=100)	47	0.436	130.7	128.9	-31.1	-14.8	6.9	-1.6	-1.4			
Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, paper or paperboard	48	0.969	146.4	144.0	-3.1	-1.0	0.4	0.7	-1.6			
Cotton, including yarns and woven fabrics thereof	52	0.562	164.4	168.7	-14.8	0.3	-0.6	3.9	2.6			
Stone, plaster, cement, asbestos,												
ceramics, glass etc	XIII	0.754	149.4	149.4	1.3	0.2	1.4	0.3	0.0			
Glass and glassware (Dec. 2019=100)	70	0.465	114.3	114.3	2.8	0.1	2.8	0.0	0.0			
Pearls, stones, precious metals, imitation jewelry, and coins	XIV	4.492	308.4	305.5	-3.2	-2.1	-2.7	-0.5	-0.9			
	XV	4.464	208.9	209.7	-0.1	-1.2	-0.3	-0.3	0.4			
Base metals and articles of base metals	^ V											
Base metals and articles of base metals Copper and articles thereof	74	0.590	263.0	262.7	8.3	-2.2	0.2	1.9	-0.1			

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. U.S. export price indexes and percent changes for selected categories of goods: September 2022 to September 2023 — Continued [2000=100, unless otherwise noted]

			Ind	ex		Pe	rcent chan	ge	
	Harmo-	Relative			Annual		Mor	nthly	
Description	nized system	importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023
Miscellaneous articles of base metal (Dec. 2022=100)	83	0.321	103.0	103.0	_	0.1	1.2	0.0	0.0
Machinery, electrical equipment, TV image and sound recorders, parts, etc	XVI	25.888	106.7	106.9	1.9	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2
parts thereof	84	15.080 10.808	130.7 81.6	130.8 81.9	4.1 -0.8	0.8	0.1	0.1 -0.1	0.1
'		10.000	01.0	01.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.4
Vehicles, aircraft, vessels and associated transport equipment Motor vehicles and their parts	XVII 87	9.088 6.857	150.9 125.7	152.3 127.2	2.9 2.3	0.1 0.1	0.2 0.3	0.3 0.3	0.9 1.2
Optical, photo, measuring, medical & musical instruments; & timepieces	XVIII	5.635	118.2	118.1	3.3	0.1	0.5	0.2	-0.1
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	XX	1.200	135.3	134.8	1.5	0.0	-0.6	-0.4	-0.4
Furniture; stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings nesoi	94	0.575	148.7	147.8	-1.8	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-0.6
Toys, games and sports equipment; parts and accessories thereof	95	0.488	117.8	117.7	7.8	0.0	-0.4	0.1	-0.1

¹ Relative importance figures are based on 2021 trade values. NOTES: Data may be revised in each of the 3 months after original publication.

Table 7. U.S. import price indexes and percent changes by locality of origin: September 2022 to September 2023

[2000=100, unless otherwise noted]

		Inc	lex		Р	ercent chang	je	
	Relative			Annual		Mor	nthly	
Description	importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023
Industrialized Countries ²	100.000	146.4	146.7	-1.5	-0.4	0.4	1.2	0.2
Nonmanufacturing	11.757 87.692	267.2 136.8	278.3 136.4	-3.8 -0.9	-1.0 -0.3	3.0 0.1	10.0 0.1	4.2 -0.3
Canada Nonmanufacturing Manufacturing	100.000 32.715 66.333	177.8 263.2 158.2	179.2 274.5 156.9	-6.7 -4.7 -7.5	-0.6 -1.1 -0.3	1.5 3.0 0.8	3.3 10.7 -0.1	0.8 4.3 -0.8
European Union	100.000 99.185	156.8 152.5	156.5 152.2	2.4 2.5	-0.1 -0.1	0.3 0.2	0.5 0.5	-0.2 -0.2
France (Dec. 2003=100)	100.000	152.4	151.7	6.4	0.5	-0.1	0.4	-0.5
Germany (Dec. 2003=100)	100.000	125.1	124.9	0.8	-0.4	-0.1	0.2	-0.2
United Kingdom (Dec. 2003=100)	100.000	136.2	137.3	2.2	-0.3	0.4	0.1	8.0
Latin America ³ Nonmanufacturing Manufacturing	100.000 14.533 85.174	170.1 335.9 136.8	171.0 340.4 137.3	0.4 -2.2 1.1	0.2 0.4 0.2	0.9 4.9 0.2	-0.2 3.4 -0.9	0.5 1.3 0.4
Mexico (Dec. 2003=100) Nonmanufacturing (Dec. 2008=100) Manufacturing (Dec. 2008=100)	100.000 10.379 89.338	147.1 201.9 98.9	146.9 189.0 99.5	3.7 10.9 3.2	0.5 2.6 0.2	2.3 23.9 0.4	0.4 2.4 0.1	-0.1 -6.4 0.6
Pacific Rim (Dec. 2003=100) ⁴	100.000	102.8	102.7	-1.5	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
China (Dec. 2003=100)	100.000	101.7	101.4	-2.6	-0.4	-0.3	0.0	-0.3
Japan	100.000	101.1	101.2	1.0	0.0	0.4	-0.1	0.1
Taiwan (Dec. 2018=100)	100.000	109.7	109.6	-1.4	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	-0.1
Asian NICs ⁵	100.000	95.8	95.9	-2.4	0.3	-0.2	0.5	0.1
ASEAN (Dec. 2003=100) ⁶	100.000	101.5	101.4	-2.0	-0.5	-0.4	-0.1	-0.1
Asia Near East (Dec. 2003=100) ⁷	100.000	223.0	223.8	-6.8	-0.8	2.5	4.1	0.4

¹ Relative importance figures are based on 2021 trade values.

NOTES: Data may be revised in each of the 3 months after original publication.

Regions are not mutually exclusive.

² Western Europe, Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Mexico, Central America, South America, and the Caribbean.

⁴ China, Japan, Australia, Brunei, Indonesia, Macao, Malaysia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, and the Asian Newly Industrialized Countries.

⁵ Asian Newly Industrialized Countries - Hong Kong, Singapore, South Korea, and Taiwan.

⁶ Association of Southeast Asian Nations - Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, and Vietnam.

⁷ Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, United Arab Emirates, and Yemen.

Table 8. U.S. export price indexes and percent changes by locality of destination: September 2022 to September 2023

[December 2017=100, unless otherwise noted]

		Ind	dex	Percent change						
	Relative			Annual		Mor	nthly			
Description	Description Importance Aug. 2023 2024 2025 2020		Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023			
Industrialized Countries ²	100.000	120.3	121.0	-0.7	-0.3	0.9	0.8	0.6		
Nonmanufacturing	12.853	142.1	146.7	-9.3	-1.9	7.5	2.8	3.2		
Manufacturing	85.379	118.0	118.3	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.3		
Canada	100.000	127.7	128.4	-0.1	-0.1	0.6	0.3	0.5		
Nonmanufacturing (Dec. 2020=100)	7.768	135.9	138.6	-17.7	-1.7	5.0	2.6	2.0		
Manufacturing (Dec. 2020=100)	90.514	119.4	119.9	1.8	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4		
European Union	100.000	118.1	119.4	0.3	-0.5	1.2	0.4	1.1		
Nonmanufacturing	15.879	141.8	151.8	1.9	-2.1	5.3	3.5	7.1		
Manufacturing	82.414	113.9	113.9	0.0	-0.1	0.6	-0.2	0.0		
Germany	100.000	117.7	117.9	3.9	-0.6	1.5	0.2	0.2		
Latin America ³	100.000	125.3	126.1	-8.2	-0.1	0.6	2.8	0.6		
Nonmanufacturing	8.994	138.9	140.1	-41.3	-1.9	5.8	-0.4	0.9		
Manufacturing	90.460	124.6	125.4	-2.6	0.1	0.0	3.2	0.6		
Mexico	100.000	125.7	125.9	-7.2	-0.4	1.1	1.9	0.2		
Nonmanufacturing	7.792	120.3	119.3	-51.2	-3.5	10.5	-2.4	-0.8		
Manufacturing	91.681	127.3	127.7	0.2	-0.1	0.2	2.4	0.3		
Pacific Rim ⁴	100.000	113.4	114.1	-4.3	-1.0	0.2	0.3	0.6		
Nonmanufacturing	21.462	122.5	125.9	-12.4	-3.0	3.1	1.0	2.8		
Manufacturing	77.425	112.8	112.8	-1.0	-0.2	-0.5	0.0	0.0		
China	100.000	1	109.3	-5.3	-1.7	1.0	-0.6	1.0		
Nonmanufacturing	28.025	111.2	113.1	-12.7	-3.8	3.9	-0.8	1.7		
Manufacturing	70.862	109.5	110.2	-1.7	-0.8	-0.1	-0.5	0.6		
Japan	100.000	110.5	111.6	-7.5	-0.9	-1.3	0.0	1.0		
Nonmanufacturing	24.199	119.9	123.4	-22.5	-2.1	-1.8	0.4	2.9		
Manufacturing	74.728	108.2	108.6	0.2	-0.3	-0.9	-0.3	0.4		

¹ Relative importance figures are based on 2021 trade values.

NOTES: Data may be revised in each of the 3 months after original publication.

Regions are not mutually exclusive.

² Western Europe, Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa.

³ Mexico, Central America, South America, and the Caribbean.

⁴ China, Japan, Australia, Brunei, Indonesia, Macao, Malaysia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, and the Asian Newly Industrialized Countries.

Table 9. U.S. terms of trade indexes and percent changes by locality: September 2022 to September 2023¹

[December 2017=100, unless otherwise noted]

	Inc	dex		F	Percent change	е	
			Annual		Mor	nthly	
Description	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023
Industrialized Countries ²	100.6	101.0	0.9	0.1	0.5	-0.4	0.4
Canada	94.4	94.2	7.2	0.4	-0.8	-2.8	-0.2
European Union	101.4	102.7	-2.0	-0.4	1.0	-0.1	1.3
Germany	108.3	108.6	3.0	-0.2	1.6	-0.1	0.3
Latin America ³	109.7	109.8	-8.5	-0.3	-0.3	3.0	0.1
Mexico	110.2	110.6	-10.4	-0.9	-1.2	1.4	0.4
Pacific Rim ⁴	108.5	109.3	-2.8	-0.6	0.3	0.2	0.7
China	106.5	107.9	-2.8	-1.3	1.3	-0.7	1.3
Japan	104.4	105.3	-8.4	-0.9	-1.7	0.1	0.9

¹ Terms of trade indexes are derived by dividing the export price index by the corresponding import price index and multiplying by 100.

NOTES: Data may be revised in each of the 3 months after original publication.

Regions are not mutually exclusive.

² Western Europe, Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa.

³ Mexico, Central America, South America, and the Caribbean.

⁴ China, Japan, Australia, Brunei, Indonesia, Macao, Malaysia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, and the Asian Newly Industrialized Countries.

Table 10. U.S. international price indexes and percent changes for selected transportation services: September 2022 to September 2023

[2000=100, unless otherwise noted]

Description		Index		Percent change				
	Relative importance Aug. 2023 ¹	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023	Annual	Monthly			
				Sep. 2022 to Sep. 2023	May 2023 to Jun. 2023	Jun. 2023 to Jul. 2023	Jul. 2023 to Aug. 2023	Aug. 2023 to Sep. 2023
Air Freight								
Import Air Freight	100.000	206.9	215.9	-32.8	5.8	0.1	-13.9	4.3
Europe (Dec. 2003=100)	28.822	194.8	181.0	-31.8	1.5	-13.8	4.0	-7.1
Asia	70.633	194.2	213.2	-33.5	7.5	5.6	-20.4	9.8
Export Air Freight	100.000	179.3	176.0	-13.9	-2.8	-0.2	2.8	-1.8
Europe (Dec. 2006=100)	25.248	140.4	142.0	-12.9	1.2	2.0	-1.4	1.1
Asia (Dec. 2011=100)	54.344	144.5	139.0	-12.5	-2.3	0.4	4.8	-3.8
Inbound Air Freight	100.000	155.9	156.4	-33.2	1.2	0.1	-6.0	0.3
Europe (Dec. 2003=100)	31.239	156.5	148.0	-18.5	1.4	-7.8	6.0	-5.4
Asia	56.986	136.1	141.8	-40.4	1.0	4.5	-12.6	4.2
Outbound Air Freight	100.000	168.6	176.1	-23.7	2.6	-6.9	0.8	4.4
Europe (Dec. 2003=100)	30.174	170.1	172.0	-11.6	0.9	1.6	-2.0	1.1
Asia	52.919	179.0	191.0	-29.3	6.8	-13.1	2.2	6.7
Air Passenger Fares								
Import Air Passenger Fares	100.000	158.2	173.9	-3.4	10.0	-9.2	-14.1	9.9
Europe	44.885	175.7	206.8	1.1	11.6	-11.0	-18.4	17.7
Asia	6.149	165.8	170.9	-12.6	7.6	-6.4	-11.0	3.1
Latin America/Caribbean	16.389	142.6	138.6	-0.5	6.3	-1.7	-9.9	-2.8
Export Air Passenger Fares	100.000	188.1	179.6	-7.2	9.3	4.2	-8.8	-4.5
Europe	21.478	235.8	237.7	1.8	17.8	3.1	-13.0	0.8
Asia	13.027	223.6	199.4	-6.8	6.7	3.9	0.2	-10.8
Latin America/Caribbean	51.944	182.2	174.3	-6.3	7.6	4.3	-9.7	-4.3

¹ Relative importance figures are based on 2021 trade values.

TECHNICAL NOTE

Import and Export Goods and Services Price Indexes - All indexes use a modified Laspeyres formula and are not seasonally adjusted. Price indexes are reweighted annually, with a 2-year lag in the weights. Published series use a base year of 2000=100 where possible. More detailed index series and additional information may be obtained at www.bls.gov/mxp or by calling (202) 691-7101.

Merchandise Goods Classification Systems - The merchandise price indexes are published using three classification systems. Items are classified by end use according to the Bureau of Economic Analysis Classification System, by industry according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), and by product category according to the Harmonized System (HS). While classification by end use and product category are self-explanatory, some notes are in order for classifying items by industry. In the NAICS imports and exports tables, items are classified by output industry, not input industry. As an example, NAICS import index 326 (plastics and rubber products manufacturing) includes outputs such as manufactured plastic rather than inputs such as petroleum. The NAICS classification structure also matches the classification system used by the Producer Price Index (PPI) to produce the NAICS primary products indexes.

Import Price Goods Indexes - Items are classified by the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States Annotated (TSUSA). Import prices are based on U.S. dollar prices paid by the U.S. importer. The prices are generally either "free on board" (f.o.b.) foreign port or "cost, insurance, and freight" (c.i.f.) U.S. port transaction prices, depending on the practices of the individual industry. The index for crude petroleum is calculated from data collected by the U.S. Department of Energy.

<u>Export Price Goods Indexes</u> - Items are classified by the Harmonized Schedule B classification system of the U.S. Bureau of the Census. The prices used are generally either "free alongside ship" (f.a.s.) factory or "free on board" (f.o.b.) transaction prices, depending on the practices of the individual industry. Prices used in the grain index, excluding rice, are obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Services Price Indexes - Indexes for import and export air passenger fares calculate changes in the average revenue received per passenger by foreign carriers from U.S. residents and by U.S. carriers from foreign residents, respectively. Data are obtained from an airline consulting service and report on tickets sold by travel agencies, travel websites, and directly by the airlines. Taxes and fees are included in both the import and export air passenger fares indexes. Import air passenger fares data have used the airline consulting service source since September 2008. Before April 2018, the export air passenger fares data were collected directly by BLS from U.S. airlines. The air freight indexes are calculated from data collected directly from airlines. These data exclude mail and passenger baggage. The scope of the service being priced is the movement of freight from airport to airport only, and does not include any ground transportation or port service. The air freight indexes are presented using two definitions: balance of payments (which represents transactions between U.S. and foreign residents) and international (which represents transactions inbound to and outbound from the United States.) Fact sheets specifying detailed information for each services industry are available at www.bls.gov/mxp under "MXP Publications."

<u>Import Price Indexes by Locality of Origin</u> - Prices used in these indexes are a subset of the data collected for the import price indexes. The indexes are specific to a country, region, or grouping and, beginning with January 2002, are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) covering goods-producing industries. Nonmanufactured goods are defined as NAICS 11 and 21, and manufactured goods are defined as NAICS 31-33.

<u>Export Price Indexes by Locality of Destination</u> - Prices used in these indexes are a subset of the data collected for the export price indexes. The indexes are specific to a country, region, or grouping and are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) covering goods-producing industries. Nonmanufactured goods are defined as NAICS 11 and 21, and manufactured goods are defined as NAICS 31-33.

<u>Terms of Trade Indexes</u> - Terms of trade indexes measure the relative price of exports in terms of import prices for a specific country, region, or grouping. The indexes are calculated as one country, region, or grouping's all-export goods price index divided by the corresponding all-import goods price index on a scale of 100.

<u>Relative Importance</u> - A relative importance is a specific index's price-updated value share (expressed as a percentage) of overall imports or exports at a specific point in time. Relative importance values are affected by the trade weights at the point indexes are reweighted and index changes relative to other indexes since the reweight point. If an index is rising in value relative to other indexes over time, the relative importance will increase as well.

<u>Revision Policy</u> - To reflect the availability of late reports and corrections by respondents, monthly data may be revised in each of the 3 months after original publication. After 3 months, no further data revisions take place. For example, data first published in the January release will be subject to revision in the releases for February, March, and April.

<u>Rounding Policy</u> - Index values are rounded to the tenth decimal place after being calculated. All percent changes are then derived from the rounded index values and subsequently rounded to the tenth decimal place.

<u>Uses of the Data</u> - The primary use of the indexes is to deflate trade statistics, notably the foreign trade sector of the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) constructed by the Department of Commerce. Other published indexes are useful for general market analysis. For trade in international services, balance of payments indexes are used for deflating NIPA, while international indexes are more appropriate for market analysis.

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<u>Additional Information</u> - More detailed data are available on the Import/Export Price Indexes home page at www.bls.gov/mxp. For import and export price indexes data requests, send an email to mxpinfo@bls.gov.

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