

## NHCI Community Health Workers Pilot Program Pre/Post Assessment

### Module 7: Care Coordination: Effective Collaboration with Health Care Professionals

#### Introduction

Please answer the questions below before you begin the NHCI Community Health Workers (CHW) Pilot Program Module.

Your answers are completely confidential and will only be used to improve future NHCI CHW Pilot Program training and education.

---

1. The role of community health workers in blood pressure control includes which of the following?
  - a) Providing direct medical care to patients
  - b) Coordinating health care services for patients
  - c) Conducting research studies on blood pressure control
  - d) Training health care teams on blood pressure measurement
  - e) Don't know
  
2. How can community health workers effectively communicate with health care teams to improve patient care? Please select all that apply.
  - a) Scheduling regular meetings with health care teams
  - b) Sharing patient information and updates with health care teams
  - c) Collaborating on care plans and treatment goals
  - d) All of the above
  - e) Don't know
  
3. Please select True or False for the following statement: Medication adherence is NOT a crucial aspect of high blood pressure control.
  - a) True
  - b) False
  - c) Don't know
  
4. What strategies can community health workers use to support medication adherence in patients or community member? Please select all that apply.
  - a) Providing medication reminders and organizing pillboxes
  - b) Educating patients about the importance of medication adherence
  - c) Assisting with medication refills and tracking prescription renewals
  - d) All of the above
  - e) Don't know

## NHCI Community Health Workers Pilot Program Pre/Post Assessment

5. How does patient or community member follow-up care with their health care team contribute to blood pressure control?
- a) It ensures continuity of care and monitors treatment progress
  - b) It focuses on managing acute symptoms during emergencies
  - c) It reduces the need for medication and lifestyle modifications
  - d) It replaces regular health care visits for long-term monitoring
  - e) Don't know
6. What types of follow-up care activities can community health workers assist with? Please select all that apply.
- a) Scheduling follow-up appointments with health care teams
  - b) Monitoring and recording blood pressure readings over time
  - c) Providing support and encouragement for lifestyle changes
  - d) All of the above
  - e) Don't know
7. Please select True or False for the following statement: Community health workers can independently modify a patient's prescribed medication dosage.
- a) True
  - b) False
  - c) Don't know
8. What should community health workers do if they notice potential issues or concerns regarding a patient's blood pressure control?
- a) Document and report the findings to health care teams
  - b) Adjust the patient's medication dosage without consulting a health care team
  - c) Provide the patient with alternative treatments and therapies
  - d) Discontinue the patient's medication immediately
  - e) Don't know
9. How can community health workers support patient engagement in their own blood pressure control? Please select all that apply.
- a) Facilitating patient education and self-management programs
  - b) Encouraging patients to take an active role in their health care decisions
  - c) Providing resources for tracking blood pressure and health behaviors
  - d) All of the above
  - e) Don't know

## NHCI Community Health Workers Pilot Program Pre/Post Assessment

10. Please select True or False for the following statement: Care coordination solely involves communication between community health workers and health care teams, with no involvement from the patient.
- a) True
  - b) **False**
  - c) Don't know

We thank you for your time spent taking this assessment. Your response has been recorded.