

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (Act) (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at <https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/request.htm>. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in paragraph 7 of the Act.

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20551-0001, not later than October 17, 2022.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (Chris P. Wangen, Assistant Vice President) 90 Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480-0291:

1. *Mark Jon Vis, Worthington, Minnesota*; to acquire voting shares of First Rushmore Bancorporation, Inc., Worthington, Minnesota, and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of First State Bank Southwest, Pipestone, Minnesota, by becoming a co-trustee of the First State Bank Southwest KSOP Plan and Trust, Worthington, Minnesota.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas (Karen Smith, Director, Applications) 2200 North Pearl Street, Dallas, Texas 75201-2272:

1. *The Linda Lewis McSween Trust fbo Paul E. McSween III, Paul E. McSween III, as trustee, the Linda Lewis McSween Trust fbo Linda McSween Satel, Linda McSween Satel, as trustee, the Linda Lewis McSween Trust fbo Juliet McSween Zacher, Juliet McSween Zacher, as trustee, and the Linda Lewis McSween Trust fbo Jennifer McSween Canavan, Jennifer McSween Canavan,*

as trustee, all of San Antonio, Texas; to join the McSween Family Control Group, a group acting in concert, to retain voting shares of Jefferson Bancshares, Inc., and thereby indirectly retain voting shares of Jefferson Bank, both of San Antonio, Texas.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Michele Taylor Fennell,

Deputy Associate Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2022-21307 Filed 9-29-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Rescindment of a system of records notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Trade Commission (FTC or Commission) is issuing a public notification of its intent to rescind the Privacy Act System of Records Notice (SORN) on the Staff Time and Activity Reporting (STAR) System—FTC (FTC—II-13) and remove it from its existing inventory of SORNs.

DATES: This change is effective on September 30, 2022.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file a comment online or on paper. Write "Privacy Act SORN Rescindment" on your comment and file your comment online at <https://www.regulations.gov> by following the instructions on the web-based form. If you prefer to file your comment on paper, mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite CC-5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20580. Because your comment will become publicly available at <https://www.regulations.gov>, you are solely responsible for making sure your comment does not include any sensitive or confidential information. Comments containing material for which confidential treatment is requested must be filed in paper form, must be clearly labeled "Confidential," and must comply with FTC Rule 4.9(c), 16 CFR 4.9(c).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: G. Richard Gold, Attorney, Office of the General Counsel, FTC, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20580, (202-326-3355).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to the provisions of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, 5 U.S.C. 552a, the FTC is rescinding the Staff Time and Activity Reporting (STAR) System—FTC

(FTC—II-13) system of records notice and removing it from its system of records inventory. During a review of agency SORNs, the Commission determined that the STAR SORN was written to describe a database that has been decommissioned and no longer exists.

The STAR System combined matter data as well as time and attendance data for FTC employees. The FTC will continue to separately maintain matter-related data in its Matter Management System (FTC—I-5) about individual employee participation in such matters, and also maintain employee time and attendance data in its employee payroll system (FTC—III-1).

This rescindment will eliminate an unnecessary duplicate notice and ensure compliance with the Privacy Act of 1974 and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-108, *Federal Agency Responsibilities for Review, Reporting, and Publication under the Privacy Act*. Rescinding the STAR SORN will have no adverse impacts on individuals and will also promote the overall streamlining and management of FTC Privacy Act systems of records.

SYSTEM NAME AND NUMBER:

Staff Time and Activity Reporting (STAR) System—FTC (FTC—II-13).

HISTORY:

85 FR 16349, 16352-53 (March 23, 2020).

By direction of the Commission.

April J. Tabor,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2022-21250 Filed 9-29-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

[60Day-22-0041; Docket No. ATSDR-2022-0004]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information,

invites the general public and other federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on a proposed information collection project titled “National Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) Registry.” The National ALS Registry collects information from persons with ALS to better describe the prevalence and potential risk factors for ALS.

DATES: ATSDR must receive written comments on or before November 29, 2022.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. ATSDR–2022–0004 by any of the following methods:

Federal eRulemaking Portal: www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

Mail: Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. ATSDR will post, without change, all relevant comments to www.regulations.gov.

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal (www.regulations.gov) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS H21–8, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; Telephone: 404–639–7118; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of a previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;
4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses; and
5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

National Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) Registry (OMB Control No. 0923–0041, Exp. 01/31/2023)—Revision—Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR).

Background and Brief Description

The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) is requesting a three-year Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) clearance for a Revision information collection request (ICR) titled the “The National Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) Registry” (OMB Control No. 0923–0041, Exp. 01/31/2023).

In 2008, Public Law 110–373 (the ALS Registry Act) amended the Public Health Service Act for ATSDR to: (1) develop a system to collect data on amyotrophic lateral sclerosis ALS and other motor neuron disorders that can be confused with ALS, misdiagnosed as ALS, or progress to ALS; and (2) establish a national registry for the collection and storage of such data to develop a population-based registry of cases. Under these two mandates, ATSDR established the National Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) Registry.

The primary operational goal of the Registry is to obtain reliable information on the incidence and prevalence of ALS, and to better describe the demographic characteristics (age, race, sex, and geographic location) of persons with ALS. The secondary operational goal of the surveillance system/Registry is to collect additional information on potential risk factors for ALS, including,

but not limited to, family history of ALS, smoking history, military service, residential history, lifetime occupational exposure, home pesticide use, hobbies, participation in sports, hormonal and reproductive history (women only), caffeine use, trauma, health insurance, open-ended supplemental questions, and clinical signs and symptoms.

With those goals in mind, persons with ALS first joined the Registry in 2010. Those interested in taking part answered a series of validation questions. If determined to be eligible, they created an online account to enroll in the Registry. Next, they were asked to complete up to 17 one-time voluntary survey modules, each taking up to five minutes. New registrants were also asked to complete a longitudinal disease progression survey (modified from the ALS Functional Rating Scale—Revised [ALSFRS–R]) at regular intervals over their first three years in the Registry.

A biorepository component was added in 2016. At the time of enrollment, interested registrants can request additional information about the biorepository and provide additional contact information. ATSDR selects a geographically representative sample from among the interested registrants to collect specimens. There are two types of specimen collections, in-home and postmortem. The in-home collection includes blood, urine, hair, nails, and saliva. The postmortem collection includes the brain, spinal cord, cerebral spinal fluid (CSF), bone, muscle, and skin.

Researchers can now request access to registrants’ specimens, data, or both through an ATSDR research application process. Once approved for scientific merit, validity, and human subjects protections, ATSDR makes the requested data and/or specimens available to the requester.

ATSDR also collaborates with ALS service organizations to conduct outreach activities through their local chapters and districts as well as on a national level. The service organizations provide ATSDR with monthly reports on their outreach efforts in support of the Registry.

Under this Revision ICR, the respondent types still include persons with ALS, researchers, and ALS service organizations. In summary, three main revisions to the ICR are proposed.

First, based on feedback from patients, caregivers, researchers as well as the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) Collaborating Center for Questionnaire Design and Evaluation Research, ATSDR proposes to restructure the original five-minute

survey modules to make them more user-friendly and easier to navigate for patients. These changes are designed to increase completion rates for all surveys. Therefore, ATSDR requests to restructure the layouts of the 17 one-time ALS survey modules. The previously approved questions in the 17 modules are reorganized into the Essential Questionnaire and one of the four Follow-up Question modules: (1) Demography; (2) Lifestyle Information; (3) Environmental Factors; and (4) ALS-associated Clinical Factors. Questions determined to be critical in capturing the information about Registry participant at the time of enrollment is grouped as Essential Questionnaire. The remaining questions from one-time survey are evaluated for proper classification in the new format.

The five-minute disease progression survey requirements remain unchanged. In Year 1, new registrants are asked to complete the disease progression survey at zero (baseline), three, and six months. The disease progression survey at zero (baseline) months will be administered after completion of the Essential Questionnaire. In Year 2 and Year 3,

they are asked to repeat the disease progression survey on their anniversary date and at six months. Therefore over three years, new registrants are requested to complete the survey seven times. For time burden estimation, the number of responses is rounded up to three times per year.

As a second revision, ATSDR proposes to release state level data as four-year rolling averages for ALS incidence, prevalence, and mortality. Case counts for the four-year moving average will only be released for states with more than 16 ALS cases and is consistent with United States Cancer Statistics practices where cases or deaths are small and tend to have poor reliability.

In addition to identifying cases through Registry enrollment, ATSDR currently identifies additional cases from three large national administrative databases (Medicare, Veterans Health Administration, and Veterans Benefits Administration). As a third revision, ATSDR aims to achieve more complete ALS case ascertainment by adding several new data sources, including state ALS registries, non-profit ALS organizations, national ALS

multidisciplinary clinics affiliated with academic research institutions and hospital systems, and health insurance companies and neurologists.

There is a change to the total time burden requested for persons with ALS due to reformatting and restructuring the one-time survey questions. This reformatting has reduced the overall time burden per year by 188 hours from the previously approved 1,945 hours. The annual number of responses requested is 11,549, which is an increase of 3,000 over the previously approved 8,549 responses. This increase is due to the more accurate presentation of each online survey module in a separate row in the burden table. Previously, the 17 online survey modules were aggregated in a single row in the burden table. CDC requests OMB approval for an estimated 1,757 burden hours annually. Participation in this information collection is completely voluntary for persons with ALS and for researchers. ALS service organizations report their outreach information under contract with ATSDR. There are no costs to the respondents other than their time to participate.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Persons with ALS	ALS Case Validation Questions	1,670	1	2/60	56
	ALS Case Registration Form	1,500	1	10/60	250
	Essential Questionnaire	750	1	6/60	75
	Disease Progression Survey	750	3	5/60	188
	Follow-up Questions—Demography	750	1	2/60	25
	Follow-up Questions—Lifestyle Information.	750	1	32/60	400
	Follow-up Questions—Environmental Factors.	750	1	23/60	288
	Follow-up Questions—ALS-associated and Clinical Factors.	750	1	7/60	88
	ALS Biorepository Specimen Processing Form and In-Home Collection.	325	1	30/60	162
	ALS Biorepository Saliva Collection	350	1	10/60	58
Researchers	ALS Registry Research Application Form.	36	1	30/60	18
	Annual Update	24	1	15/60	6
ALS Service Organizations	Chapter/District Outreach Reporting Form.	135	12	5/60	135
	National Office Outreach Reporting Form.	2	12	20/60	8
Total	1,757

Jeffrey M. Zirger,

Lead, Information Collection Review Office,
Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of Science,
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2022-21219 Filed 9-29-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-70-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day-22-1083]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has submitted the information collection request titled “Extended Evaluation of the National Tobacco Prevention and Control Public Education Campaign” to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. CDC previously published a “Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations” notice on June 2, 2022 to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. CDC received two comments related to the previous notice. This notice serves to allow an additional 30 days for public and affected agency comments.

CDC will accept all comments for this proposed information collection project. The Office of Management and Budget is particularly interested in comments that:

- (a) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- (b) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- (c) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;
- (d) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including, through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses; and
- (e) Assess information collection costs.

To request additional information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy

of the information collection plan and instruments, call (404) 639-7570. Comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function. Direct written comments and/or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice to the Attention: CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395-5806. Provide written comments within 30 days of notice publication.

Proposed Project

Extended Evaluation of the National Tobacco Prevention and Control Public Education Campaign (OMB Control No. 0920-1083, Exp. 3/31/2023)—Revision—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

In 2012, HHS/CDC launched the National Tobacco Prevention and Control Public Education Campaign (*Tips*). The primary objectives of *Tips* are to encourage smokers to quit smoking and to encourage nonsmokers to communicate with smokers about the dangers of smoking. *Tips* airs annually in all U.S. media markets on broadcast and national cable TV as well as other media channels including digital video, online display and banners, radio, billboards, and other formats. *Tips* ads rely on evidence-based paid media advertising that highlights the negative health consequences of smoking. *Tips*' primary target audience is adult smokers; adult nonsmokers constitute the secondary audience. *Tips* paid advertisements are aimed at providing motivation and support to smokers to quit, with information and other resources to increase smokers' chances of success in their attempts to quit smoking. A key objective for the nonsmoker audience is to encourage nonsmokers to communicate with smokers they may know (including family and friends) about the dangers of smoking and to encourage them to quit. *Tips* ads also focus on increasing audience's knowledge of smoking-related diseases, intentions to quit, and other related outcomes.

The goal of the proposed information collection is to evaluate the reach of *Tips* among intended audiences and to examine the effectiveness of these

efforts in impacting specific outcomes that are targeted by *Tips*, including quit attempts and intentions to quit among smokers, nonsmokers' communications about the dangers of smoking, and knowledge of smoking-related diseases among both audiences. This will require customized surveys that will capture all unique messages and components of *Tips*. Information will be collected through Web surveys to be self-administered by adults 18 and over on computers in the respondent's home or in another convenient location. Evaluating *Tips*' impact on behavioral outcomes is necessary to determine campaign cost effectiveness and to allow program planning for the most effective campaign outcomes. Because *Tips* content changes, it is necessary to evaluate each yearly implementation of *Tips*.

The proposed information collection will include three survey collections per year (nine surveys in total) generally conducted before, during, and after *Tips* in each year. Using the same methods outlined in the currently approved information collection (OMB Control No. 0920-1083, Exp. 3/31/2023), participants will be recruited from two sources: (1) an online longitudinal cohort of adult smokers and nonsmokers, sampled randomly from postal mailing addresses in the United States (address-based sample, or ABS); and (2) the existing Ipsos KnowledgePanel, an established long-term online panel of U.S. adults. All online surveys, regardless of sample source, will be conducted via the GfK/Ipsos KnowledgePanel Web portal for self-administered surveys.

Information will be collected about smokers' and nonsmokers' awareness of and exposure to specific *Tips* advertisements; knowledge, attitudes, beliefs related to smoking and secondhand smoke; and other marketing exposure. The surveys will also measure behaviors related to smoking cessation (among the smokers in the sample) and behaviors related to nonsmokers' encouragement of smokers to quit smoking, recommendations of cessation services, and attitudes about other tobacco and nicotine products.

It is important to evaluate *Tips* in a context that assesses the dynamic nature of tobacco product marketing and uptake of various tobacco products, particularly since these may affect successful cessation rates. Survey instruments may be updated to include new or revised items on relevant topics, including cigars, noncombustible tobacco products, and other emerging trends in tobacco use.