Supporting Statement

Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

 U.S. Tax-Exempt Income Tax Returns

OMB Control Number 1545-0047

1. CIRCUMSTANCES NECESSITATING COLLECTION OF INFORMATION

Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 6033 generally requires organizations exempt from federal income tax under IRC section 501(a) to file an annual return. Revenue Procedure 95-48, IRC section 6033 and its associated Treasury Regulations provide exceptions to the annual return filing.

These forms are used by tax-exempt organizations to specify their items of gross income, receipts and disbursements, and other information for the purpose of carrying out the internal revenue laws. In general, all information an organization reports on or with its return will be available to the public for inspection as required by IRC section 6104. The data received is used to prevent organizations from abusing their tax-exempt status and to provide the public with financial information about nonprofit organizations.

OMB clearance for the burden estimate will be requested before the relevant tax filing season but after the IRS has had the opportunity to update its models with prior year data and to make necessary revisions to draft forms (including providing drafts to public for comment) and is sought on an annual basis instead of on the regular 3-year Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) cycle. Doing so ensures that new and updated forms can be made available for use on a timelier basis.

This information collection request (ICR) covers the actual reporting, recordkeeping, and third-party disclosure burden associated with the forms and their affiliated schedules and regulations, listed below. Forms that are used by other tax filers (e.g., individuals, businesses, trusts and estates) are marked with an asterisk (\*). These forms will continue to report burden for other taxpayers under separate OMB numbers.

|  | **Form/Schedule** | **Description** |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Form T\* | Used to provide information on timber accounts when a sale or deemed sale under sections 631(a), 631(b), or other exchange has occurred during the tax year.  |
|  | 1023 | Used to apply for recognition as a tax-exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. |
|  | 1023-EZ | A streamlined version of Form 1023 used by certain organizations to apply for recognition as a tax-exempt organization under IRC section 501(c)(3). |
|  | 1024 | Used by most types of organizations to apply for recognition of exemption under IRC section 501(a). |
|  | 1024-A | Used to apply for recognition of exemption from federal income tax under IRC section 501(c)(4). |
|  | 1028 | Used by a farmers' cooperative to apply for recognition of exempt status under section 521. A farmers' cooperative, as defined in section 521, is an association of farmers, fruit growers, or persons with similar occupations that is organized and operated on a cooperative basis. |
|  | 1116 Sch B\* | Used to reconcile the prior year foreign tax carryover with the current year foreign tax carryover. |
|  | 1116 Sch C\* | Used to report foreign tax redeterminations that occurred in the current tax year and how they relate to prior tax years. |
|  | 1116\* | Used to support the foreign tax credit claimed for the amount of any income, war profits, and excess profits tax paid or accrued during the taxable year to any foreign country or U.S. possession. |
|  | 1120-POL\* | Used by political organizations and certain exempt organizations use Form 1120-POL to report their political organization taxable income and income tax liability under IRC section 527. |
|  | 1127\* | Used to request an extension of time to pay taxes. |
|  | 1128\* | Used to request a change in tax year. |
|  | 2220\* | Used to determine if the entity is subject to the penalty for underpayment of estimated taxes and calculate the penalty. |
|  | 2848\* | Used to authorize and individual to represent the taxpayer before the IRS. |
|  | 3115\* | Used to request a change in either an overall method of accounting or the accounting treatment of any item. |
|  | 3468\* | Used to claim the investment credit. |
|  | 3800\* | Used to claim general business credits. |
|  | 4136\* | Used to claim a credit on certain fuels. |
|  | 4255\* | Used to figure the increase in tax for the recapture of investment credit claimed and for the recapture of a qualifying therapeutic project grant. |
|  | 4562\* | Used to claim a deduction for depreciation and amortization, make the election under IRC section 179 to expense certain property, and provide information on the business/investment use of automobiles and other listed property. |
|  | 461\* | Used to determine excess business loss that is treated as a net operating loss. |
|  | 4684\* | Used to report gains and losses from casualties and thefts. |
|  | 4720 | Used by certain individuals, private foundations, supporting organizations, sponsoring organizations, tax-exempt organizations, public charities, charitable organizations, charitable remainder trusts, hospital organizations, private colleges and universities to compute certain excise taxes which may be due under IRC chapters 41 and 42. |
|  | 4797\* | Used to report the sale of certain business property. |
|  | 5227\* | Used to report the financial activities of a split-interest trust described in section 4947(a)(2) and to determine whether the trust is treated as a private foundation and subject to the excise taxes under Chapter 42. |
|  | 5471 Sch E\* | Used to report taxes paid, accrued, or deemed paid by a foreign corporation for which a foreign tax credit is allowed. |
|  | 5471 Sch G-1\* | Used by foreign corporations that are participants in a cost sharing arrangement. This schedule is used to report the foreign corporation's intangible development costs, reasonably anticipated benefits share, and platform contributions for the tax year. |
|  | 5471 Sch H\* | Used to report a foreign corporation's current earnings and profits for U.S. tax purposes. |
|  | 5471 Sch I-1\* | Used to report information determined at the controlled foreign corporation (CFC) level with respect to amounts used in the determination of income inclusions by U.S. shareholders under IRC section 951A. |
|  | 5471 Sch J\* | Used to report a CFC's accumulated E&P in its functional currency. |
|  | 5471 Sch M\* | Used to report the transactions that occurred during the foreign corporation's annual accounting period ending with or within the U.S. person's tax year. |
|  | 5471 Sch O\* | Used to report the organization or reorganization of a foreign corporation and the acquisition or disposition of its stock. |
|  | 5471 Sch P\* | Used to report the previously taxed earnings and profits (PTEP) in the U.S. shareholders annual PTEP accounts with respect to a CFC in the CFC's functional currency and the U.S. shareholder's U.S. dollar basis in that PTEP. |
|  | 5471 Sch Q\* | Used to report the CFC's income, deductions, taxes, and assets by CFC income groups for purposes of IRC sections 960(a) and (d). |
|  | 5471 Sch R\* | Used to report basic information pertaining to distributions from foreign corporations. |
|  | 5471\* | Used to report information with respect to certain foreign corporations as required by IRC sections 6038 and 6046. |
|  | 5578 | Used by organizations that operate tax-exempt private schools to provide the IRS with the annual certification of racial nondiscrimination required by Revenue Procedures 75-50 and 2019-22. |
|  | 5884-C | Used by qualified tax-exempt organizations to claim the work opportunity credit for qualified first-year wages paid to qualified veterans who begin working for the organization on or after November 22, 2011, and before January 1, 2026. The qualified veteran must be performing services in activities related to the purpose or function constituting the basis of the organization's exemption under IRC section 501. |
|  | 5884-D | Used by qualified tax-exempt organizations to claim the 2020qualified disaster employee retention credit againstcertain payroll taxes. |
|  | 6069 | Used by coal mine operators who make contributions to tax-exempt black lung benefit trusts to determine the maximum allowable income tax deduction and the amount of excise tax on the excess. Black lung benefit trusts or certain related parties use Form 6069 to report initial taxes imposed on the trust or certain related parties under IRC sections 4951 or 4952. |
|  | 6198\* | Used to figure the profit (loss) from an at-risk activity, the amount at risk, and the deductible amount of the loss. |
|  | 6497\* | Used by persons who administer government programs that provide nontaxable grants or subsidized energy financing under programs whose principal purpose is energy production or conservation to report the grants and financing. The form is also used to report funds received from the proceeds of tax-exempt bonds that have been used to finance energy conservation or production property. |
|  | 7004\* | Used to request an automatic 6-month extension of time to file the returns shown on the form. |
|  | 7203\* | Used by S corporation shareholders to figure potential limitations of their share of the S corporation’s deductions, credits, and other items that can be deducted on their return. |
|  | 7204\* | Used for elections to claim a provisional credit for contested foreign income taxes as provided in Treasury Regulations sections 1.905-1(c)(3) and 1.905-1(d)(4). |
|  | 7205\* | Used to claim deduction for IRC section 179D energy efficient commercial buildings, identify taxpayer as a designer or the building owner, and provide information on the person performing the certification and completing the allocation. |
|  | 7207\* | Used to claim the advanced manufacturing credit under IRC section 45X. |
|  | 7210\* | Used to claim the clean hydrogen credit under IRC section 45V |
|  | 7211\* |  Used to claim the clean electricity production credit that you produced at each qualified facility.  |
|  | 7213\* | Used to claim a nuclear power production credit. |
|  | 7217\* | Is filed by any partner receiving a distribution of property from a partnership in a non-liquidating or liquidating distribution to report the basis of the distributed property, including any basis adjustment to such property as required by section 732(a)(2) or (b). |
|  | 7218\* | Used to claim the section 45Z credit for the production of qualified clean fuel produced and sold after 2024. |
|  | 8038 | Used by the issuers of tax-exempt private activity bonds to provide the IRS with the information required by IRC section 149 and to monitor compliance with the requirements of IRC sections 141 through 150. |
|  | 8038-B | Used to report specific information on Build America Bonds and Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds. |
|  | 8038-CP | Used by issuers of build America bonds, recovery zone economic development bonds, and specified tax credit bonds who elect to receive a direct payment from the federal government equal to a percentage of the interest payments on these bonds. |
|  | 8038-CP Schedule A | Used to compute the amount of the refundable credit payment allowed under IRC section 6431(f) and must be completed for all specified tax credit bonds. |
|  | 8038-G | Used by issuers of tax-exempt governmental bonds to provide the IRS with the information required by IRC section 149(e) and to monitor compliance with the requirements of IRC sections 141 through 150. |
|  | 8038-GC | Used by issuers of tax-exempt governmental obligations with issue prices under $100,000 to provide IRS with the information required by IRC section 149(e) and to monitor compliance with the requirements of IRC sections 141 through 150. |
|  | 8038-R |  Used by issuers of state and local bonds to request a refund of amounts paid with Form 8038-T. |
|  | 8038-T | Used by issuers of tax-exempt bonds and any other bonds subject to the provisions of IRC section 148 to make arbitrage rebate and related payments. |
|  | 8038-TC | Used by the issuers of qualified tax credit bonds and specified tax credit bonds to provide the IRS with the information required by IRC section 149(e). |
|  | 8282 | Used by donee organizations to report information to the IRS and donors about dispositions of certain charitable deduction property made within three years after the donor contributed the property. |
|  | 8283\* | Used to report information about noncash charitable contributions |
|  | 8283-V\* | Used to pay the filing fee required to claim a deduction of more than $10,000 for a charitable contribution of an easement on the exterior of a building in a registered historic district. |
|  | 8328 | Used by the issuing authority of private activity bonds or a state to elect to carry forward its unused volume cap for one or more carryforward purposes under IRC sections 146(f) and 142(k). |
|  | 8330 | Used by issuers (states and political subdivisions) of Mortgage Credit Certificates (MCCs) to provide the IRS with information required by IRC section 25 and Treasury Regulations section 1.25-8T(b). |
|  | 8453-TE | Used by tax-exempt organizations to authenticate the electronic Forms 990, 990-EZ, 990-PF, 990-T, 1120-POL, 4720, 5227, 5330, 8038-CP, or 8868 for tax years 2021 and later. This form is also used to authorize the electronic return originator or intermediate service provider to transmit via a third-party transmitter, and to authorize an electronic funds withdrawal for payment of federal taxes owed. |
|  | 8453-X | After electronically submitting Form 8871, an authorized official must sign, date and send Form 8453-X to Dept Of the Treasury-IRS, Ogden, UT, 84201. Upon receipt of this form, the Internal Revenue Service will send the organization a username and password that must be used to file an amended or final Form 8871 or to electronically file Form 8872, Political Organization Report of Contributions and Expenditures. |
|  | 8621\* | Used by direct or indirect shareholder of a passive foreign investment company or qualified electing fund each tax year in which the shareholder holds stock in a passive foreign investment company or qualified electing fund. |
|  | 8718 | Used by organizations applying for federal income tax exemption to pay the user fee. This form is not used by filers of Forms 1023, 1023-EZ, or 1024-A. |
|  | 8824\* | Used to report the exchange of business or investment property of a like kind. |
|  | 8826\* | Used to claim the disabled access credit. This credit is part of the general business credit. |
|  | 8835\* | Used to claim the credit for electricity that you produced from certain renewable resources at each qualified facility. |
|  | 8838\* | Used for gain recognition agreements under IRC sections 367(a) and 367(e)(2). |
|  | 8865 Sch G\* | Used to comply with the reporting requirements that must be satisfied in applying the gain deferral method. |
|  | 8865 Sch H\* | Used to report certain events related to IRC section 721(c) property using the gain deferral method. |
|  | 8865 Sch K-1\* | Used to report a specific partner's share of the partnership income, deductions, credits, etc. |
|  | 8865 Sch K-2\* |  Used to report items of international tax relevance from the operation of a partnership. . |
|  | 8865 Sch K-3\* |  Used to report the share of the items reported on Schedule K-2. The information reported on Schedule K-3 is used to report information on a partner’s tax or information returns. |
|  | 8865 Sch O\* | Used to report the transfer of property to a foreign partnership and certain dispositions by a foreign partnership. |
|  | 8865 Sch P\* | Used to report the acquisition, disposition, and change of interest in a foreign partnership. |
|  | 8865\* | Used to report the information required under IRC section 6038 (reporting with respect to controlled foreign partnerships), section 6038B (reporting of transfers to foreign partnerships), or section 6046A (reporting acquisitions, dispositions, and changes in foreign partnership interests). |
|  | 8866\* | Used to figure the interest due or to be refunded under the look-back method of section 167(g)(2) for property placed in service after September 13, 1995, that is depreciated under the income forecast method as described in section 167(g). |
|  | 8868 | Used by an exempt organization to request an automatic 6-month extension of time to file its return. This form is also used by the trustee of a trust to request an extension of time to file Form 1041-A or Form 5227. |
|  | 8870 | Used by certain charitable organizations or charitable remainder trusts to report premiums paid on certain life insurance, annuity, and endowment contracts (personal benefits contracts). |
|  | 8871 | Used by political organizations to notify the IRS that they are to be treated as a tax-exempt IRC section 527 organizations by filing Form 8871. Political organizations must also use Form 8871 to notify the IRS of any material change in the information reported on a previously filed Form 8871. |
|  | 8872 | Used by tax-exempt IRC section 527 political organizations to report certain contributions received and expenditures. The form is filed periodically during the year with due dates depending on various factors explained in the instructions. |
|  | 8879-TE | Used by an entity subject to tax and an electronic return originator (ERO) when the entity subject to tax wants to use a personal identification number (PIN) to electronically sign an electronic return and, if applicable, authorize and electronic funds withdrawal. An entity subject to tax who doesn’t use Form 8879-TE must use Form 8453-TE. This form is used for tax years 2021 and later. |
|  | 8886\* | Used to disclose participation in reportable transactions by taxpayers as described in Treasury Regulations section 1.6011-4. |
|  | 8886-T | Used by certain tax-exempt entities to disclose information with respect to participation in a prohibited tax shelter transaction as described by Treasury Regulations section 1.6033-5. |
|  | 8899 | Used by a donee organization to report net income |
|  | 8911\* | Used to figure your credit for alternative fuel vehicle refueling property you placed in service during your tax year. The part of the credit attributable to business/investment use is treated as a general business credit. Any part of the credit not attributable to business/investment use is treated as a personal credit.Partnerships and S corporations must file this form to claim the credit. All other taxpayers aren’t required to complete or file this form if their only source for this credit is a partnership or S corporation. Instead, they can report this credit directly on line 1s in Part III of Form 3800, General Business Credit. |
|  | 8911 Sch A\* | Used to figure the credit amount for each alternative fuel vehicle refueling property or project they place in service during the tax year. |
|  | 8933\* | Used to claim the section 45Q carbon oxide sequestration credit. |
|  | 8933 Sch A\* | Used for disposal or enhanced oil recovery owner certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch B\* | Used for disposal operator certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch C\* | Used to enhance oil recovery operator certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch D\* | Used for recapture certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch E\* | Used for election certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch F\* | Used for utilization certification. |
|  | 8936\* | Use Form 8936 and Schedule A (Form 8936) to figure the following credits for clean vehicles you placed in service during your tax year. |
|  | 8936 Sch A\* | Used to figure the credit amount for each clean vehicle placed in service during the tax year. |
|  | 8940 | Organizations exempt under section 501(c)(3) may file Form 8940 for miscellaneous determinations under sections 507, 509(a), 4940, 4942, 4945, and 6033. Nonexempt charitable trusts may also file a Form 8940 for an initial determination under section 509(a)(3). |
|  | 8941\* | Used by eligible small employers to figure the credit for small employer health insurance premiums for tax years beginning after 2009. |
|  | 8949\* | Used to report sales and exchanges of capital assets. |
|  | 8976 | Used by an organization to notify the IRS of its intent to operate under IRC section 501(c)(4) within 60 days of the organization’s formation. |
|  | 8995\* | Used by certain individuals and eligible estates and trusts to figure the qualified business income deduction. |
|  | 8995-A Schedule A\* | Used to help taxpayers determine if they meet the requirements of IRC 199A and take the qualified business income deduction. |
|  | 8995-A Schedule B\* | Used to help taxpayers to determine if they meet the requirement of IRC 199A and take the qualified business income. Taxpayers use this form to aggregate multiple trades or businesses into a single trade or business for purposes of applying the W-2 wage limitation or the unadjusted basis immediately after acquisition (UBIA) limitation. |
|  | 8995-A Schedule C\* | Used to help taxpayers to determine if they meet the requirements of IRC 199A and take the qualified business income deduction. A taxpayer must complete this form if they have any trades or businesses with a net loss for the current year or a qualified business with a net loss carryforward from prior years. |
|  | 8995-A Schedule D\* | Used to help taxpayers to determine if they meet the requirements of IRC 199A and take the qualified business income deduction. A taxpayer must complete this form if they are a patron in a specified agricultural or horticultural cooperative and are claiming a QBI deduction in relation to their trade or business conducted with the cooperative. |
|  | 8995-A\* | Used to figure the qualified business income deduction. |
|  | 926\* | Used to report certain transfers of tangible or intangible property to a foreign corporation, as required by IRC section 6038B. |
|  | 970\* | Used to elect to use the last-in, first-out inventory method. |
|  | 990 | Used by tax-exempt organizations, nonexempt charitable trusts, and IRC section 527 political organizations to provide the IRS with the information required by IRC section 6033. |
|  | 990 Schedule A | Used to provide the required information regarding public charity status and public support. |
|  | 990 Schedule B | Used to provide information on contributions the organization reported on Form 990, Form 990-EZ, or Form 990-PF. |
|  | 990 Schedule C | Used by organizations exempt from income tax under IRC sections 501(c) and 527 to furnish additional information on political campaign activities or lobbying activities. |
|  | 990 Schedule D | Used to provide the required reporting for donor advised funds, conservation easements, certain art and museum collections, escrow accounts and custodial arrangements, endowment funds, and supplemental financial information. |
|  | 990 Schedule E | Used to report information on private schools. |
|  | 990 Schedule F | Used to provide information on its activities conducted outside the United States by the organization at any time during the tax year. |
|  | 990 Schedule G | Used to report professional fundraising services, fundraising events, and gaming. |
|  | 990 Schedule H | Used by hospital organizations to provide information on the activities and policies of, and community benefit provided by, its hospital facilities and other non-hospital health care facilities that it operated during the tax year. |
|  | 990 Schedule I | Used to provide information on grants and other assistance made by the filing organization during the tax year to organizations, governments, and individuals in the United States. |
|  | 990 Schedule J | Used to report compensation information for certain officers, directors, individual trustees, key employees, and highest compensated employees, and information on certain compensation practices of the organization. |
|  | 990 Schedule K | Used to provide certain information on their outstanding liabilities associated with tax-exempt bond issues. |
|  | 990 Schedule L | Used to provide information on certain financial transactions or arrangements between the organization and disqualified persons under IRC section 4958 or other interested persons. Schedule L is also used to determine whether a member of the organization's governing body is an independent member for purposes of Form 990, Part VI, line 1b. |
|  | 990 Schedule M | Used to report the types of noncash contributions received during the year by the organization and provide reporting of certain information regarding such contributions |
|  | 990 Schedule N | Used to provide information relating to going out of existence or disposing of more than 25 percent of its net assets through sale, exchange, or other disposition. |
|  | 990 Schedule O | Used to provide the IRS with narrative information required for responses to specific questions on Form 990 or 990-EZ, or to explain the organization's operations or responses to various questions. It allows organizations to supplement information reported on Form 990 or 990-EZ. |
|  | 990 Schedule R | Used to provide information on related organizations, on certain transactions with related organizations, and on certain unrelated partnerships through with the organization conducts significant activities. |
|  | 990-EZ | Used by tax-exempt organizations, nonexempt charitable trusts, and IRC section 527 political organizations to provide the IRS with the information required by IRC section 6033. Tax-exempt organizations with gross receipts less than $200,000 and total assets less than $500,000 at the end of the year can use this form to report required information to IRS. |
|  | 990-N | Used by tax-exempt organizations with gross receipts of $50,000 or less that do not file Form 990 or Form 990-EZ. See Publication 5248 for instructions to file online. |
|  | 990-PF | Used by private foundations exempt from income tax under IRC section 501(c)(3) to figure the tax based on investment income, and to report charitable distributions and activities. In addition, Form 990-PF serves as a substitute for the IRC section 4947(a)(1) nonexempt charitable trust’s income tax return, Form 1041, U.S. Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts, when the trust has no taxable income. |
|  | 990-T | Used by exempt organizations to report unrelated business income, figure and report unrelated business income tax liability, report proxy tax liability, claim a refund of income tax paid by a regulated investment company or a real estate investment trust on undistributed long-term capital gain, request a credit for certain federal excise taxes paid or for small employer health insurance premiums paid, and report unrelated business income tax on reinsurance entities. |
|  | 990-T Schedule A | Used to report income and allowable deductions for each separate unrelated trade or business for tax year 2020 and later. |
|  | 990-W | Used by tax-exempt corporations, trusts, and private foundations to figure their estimated tax liability and determine if estimated tax payments are required for tax years 2022 and prior. |

To prevent duplicate reporting of taxpayer burden, the following regulations should continue to be assigned to OMB number 1545-0047. The burden imposed by these regulations is entirely reflected in the estimated burden for the forms listed above.

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| Treasury Regulations |
| 1.147(f)-1 | 1.509(a)-3 | 1.6033-2 |
| 1.166-2 | 1.509(a)-5(a)(3) | 1.6033-3 |
| 1.501(c)(9)-5(a) | 1.512(a)-4 | 1.6043-3 |
| 1.501(c)(17)-3(c) | 1.512(a)-6 | 31.6001-1 |
| 1.501(r)-3 | 1.166-2 | 31.6001-2 |
| 1.501(r)-4 | 1.1388-1 | 31.6001-3 |
| 1.501(r)-6 | 1.6001-1 | 31.6001-5 |
| 1.503(c)-1 | 1.6012-2 | 31.6001-6  |
| 1.506-1 | 1.6012-3 |  |

1. USE OF DATA

These forms are used by tax-exempt entities to report their income tax liability. The data on these forms and their schedules will be used in determining that the items claimed are properly allowable and for general statistical use.

1. USE OF IMPROVED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY TO REDUCE BURDEN

Electronic filing is currently available for forms and schedules used by tax-exempt entities.

1. EFFORTS TO IDENTIFY DUPLICATION

The information obtained through this collection is unique and is not already available for use or adaptation from another source.

1. METHODS TO MINIMIZE BURDEN ON SMALL BUSINESSES OR OTHER SMALL ENTITIES

The collection of information requirement will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small tax-exempt entities with annual gross receipts of $50,000 or less may file the Form 990-N (“e-Postcard”), which requires minimal reporting of information. Medium-sized tax-exempt entities with gross receipts less than $200,000 and total assets less than $500,000 may file the simplified Form 990-EZ.

1. CONSEQUENCES OF LESS FREQUENT COLLECTION ON FEDERAL PROGRAMS OR POLICY ACTIVITIES

Consequences of less frequent information collection on federal programs or policy activities could consist of the inability to fulfill tax administration responsibilities by the IRS, inaccurate and untimely filing of tax returns, and an increase in tax violations.

1. SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRING DATA COLLECTION TO BE INCONSISTENT WITH GUIDELINES IN 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2)

There are no special circumstances requiring data collection to be inconsistent with guidelines in 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2).

1. CONSULTATION WITH INDIVIDUALS OUTSIDE OF THE AGENCY ON AVAILABILITY OF DATA, FREQUENCY OF COLLECTION, CLARITY OF INSTRUCTIONS AND FORMS, AND DATA ELEMENTS

In response to the Federal Register notice dated September 11, 2024 (89 FR 73746), IRS received public comments from several parties. The full comments will be included within submission to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The summary of the comments and the IRS responses are below:

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| **Comment** | **TEGE Response** (12-11-2024) |
| **National Association of Charitable Gift Planners**Proposal to Amend Internal Revenue Service Form 990 to add a new requirement to report “testamentary contributions” received by tax exempt organizations | The IRS administers the tax law in effect and solicits information on forms to administer the tax laws. The proposed change does not relate to any tax law requirements and would not result in the collection of any information the IRS needs in order to administer the tax laws. The tax law and tax administration needs therefore do not support imposing the burden that would result from requiring the referenced reporting. |
| **Aspen Institute’s Program on Philanthropy and Social Innovation et al.**1. Address Missing Grants Data (Forms 990 and 990-PF)
2. Further Improve 990 Data Access, Usability and Efficiency
	1. Clearly organize and label 990 XML data releases to improve access and efficiency.
	2. In addition to including a listing of the filings for each release, links to the schema used for that filing should be provided.
	3. Ensure that the schemas are complete and release historical versions.
	4. Make the new TEOS assets easier to find.
	5. Provide an index to the URLs of 990 PDFs currently accessible via TEOS and continue to upload PDF images.
	6. Appoint a 990 technical liaison within the IRS.
3. Continue to Maintain a Regular and Timely 990 Data Release Schedule
4. Report Government Revenue on Form 990 and Include EINs of Grants on Form 990-PF
	1. Create a dedicated line for government reimbursements (e.g., Medicare/Medicaid and Contracts) in Part VIII, line 2(a).
	2. Clarify the distinction between grants and contracts that benefit the public versus those payments that serve the needs of a government unit.
	3. Improve the Reporting of Grants Information by Adding EINs of Grantees to 990-PFs
5. Continue to Make Essential SOI Data Publicly Available and Address 990-PF Gaps
 | Comments 1, 2, and 3TEGE is aware of and greatly appreciates Aspen Institute’s concerns regarding improvements to public accessibility to exempt organization data disclosable under section 6104. IRS is currently working to address concerns expressed by stakeholders regarding improving the availability and utility of the Form 990 data on irs.gov. For more information, see <https://www.irs.gov/charities-non-profits/teos-improvements> for more information on this effort.For purposes of the OMB’s implementation of the Paperwork Reduction Act, Aspen Institute’s comments regarding release and format of Form 990-series return data are not germane to minimizing taxpayer burden while collecting information the IRS needs to administer the Code provisions, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.  Tax compliance burden is defined as the time and money taxpayers spend to comply with their tax filing responsibilities. See 86 Fed. Reg. 54508 (Oct. 1, 2021). These comments relate to third parties (e.g., researchers) utilizing the publicly available data for purposes unrelated to tax filing and/or tax law compliance responsibilities.Comment 2:As mentioned above, the specific comments relate to third parties (e.g., researchers) utilizing the publicly available data for purposes unrelated to tax filing and/or tax law compliance responsibilities. However, since the last comment period the IRS has released several dataset guides intended to help all dataset users at [Tax Exempt Organization Search (TEOS) dataset guides | Internal Revenue Service](https://www.irs.gov/charities-non-profits/tax-exempt-organization-search-teos-dataset-guides). Comment 4* 1. The current Form 990 and corresponding instructions provide for accurate reporting of government services revenues as necessary for tax administration and consistent with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) requirements. For tax administration purposes, the IRS must distinguish between an organization's receipt of "gifts, grants, and contributions" on one hand (reported on Part VIII, line 1 of Form 990) and "gross receipts from ... performance of services" (program services revenue) (reported on Part VIII, line 2 of Form 990) and also "support ... from a governmental unit." See IRC 509(a)(2), 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). Treasury regulations provide guidance regarding how to distinguish grants from gross receipts and how to identify revenue that constitutes "support from a governmental unit” and provide examples. See Treas. Reg. 1.509(a)-3(f), (g); 1.170A-9(f)(8). Published legal guidance further confirms that Medicaid and Medicare payments are treated as gross receipts for the performance of services and reported on line 2. See Rev. Proc. 83-153, 1983-2 C.B. 48. The form and instructions provide for accurate reporting consistent with these tax law authorities, including explicit reference in the instruction to reporting Medicaid and Medicare payments as program services revenue on line 2 of Part VIII of Form 990. The tax law and tax administration needs therefore do not support imposing the burden that would result from requiring more specific or different reporting of these government revenues beyond the categories currently in place on the Form 990. In addition, hospitals required to file Schedule H (Form 990), Hospitals, report revenues from Medicaid (Part I, line 7b) and Medicare (Part III, Section B).
	2. Current instructions for Part VIII lines 1e and 2 accurately describe the distinction between contributions (including grants) from governments and payments for services from governments and include relevant examples taken directly from Treasury Regulations 1.509(a)-3(g). The instructions do not provide interpretive examples that go beyond published legal guidance. Furthermore, applicable regulations confirm that the label on an agreement is not determinative whether a government payment is a contribution (grant) or a gross receipt from the performance of services related to an exempt purpose (program services revenues). See Treas. Reg. 1.509(a)-3(g)(1) (“The fact that the agreement, pursuant to which payment is made, is designated a ‘contract’ or a ‘grant’ is not controlling for purposes of classifying the payment under section 509(a)(2)”).
	3. The IRS will consider this recommendation after duly weighing the various interests of all parties affected, including additional burden such a change would place on an organization against the potential tax administration benefit the additional information may provide.

Comment 5:For issues regarding the release of tax information by Statistics of Income, please refer to https://www.irs.gov/statistics/soi-tax-stats-upcoming-data-releases. |
| **Minnesota Council of Nonprofits**Comments regarding:1. Withdrawing and replacing the current Form 1023-EZ
2. Agreement with the Aspen Group’s comments to modify reporting of revenues earned from government grants and contracts
3. More timely public accessibility for Form 990 data
 | Comment 1: The use and content of Form 1023-EZ is a policy matter beyond the scope of issues under the Paperwork Reduction Act. Comment 2:See also our response to Comment 4 from Aspen Institute’s Program on Philanthropy and Social Innovation et al.Comment 3: In general, comments regarding release of exempt organization returns for public review are beyond the scope of soliciting comments on the proposed and/or continuing information collections. See also our response to Comment 1 from Aspen Institute’s Program on Philanthropy and Social Innovation et al. |
| **Groom Law Group**1. Recommend amending Form 990-T, Part III, 1c to include the following language, “If you are attaching Form 3800 because you are claiming credit transfer election amounts associated with Forms 3468, 8835, 7211, 7218, 7210, 8933, 7205, 8911, 8908, or 7213, attach a statement that claiming such credits will not result in unrelated business income tax. Attach a copy of your form 3800 to such statement in addition to attaching it to this form.”
2. Recommend changes to proposed forms and instructions on IRA tax credits and deductions (Forms 1065, 1066, 1120, 1120-C, 1120-F, 1120-H, 1120-ND, 1120-S, 1120-SF, 1120-FSC, 1120-L, 1120-PC, 1120-PC, 1120-REIT, 1120-RIC, 1120-POL, and related attachments)
 | Comment 1:Section 6417 provides special rules to allow for applicable entities to receive an elective pay election regardless of whether the use of the property is related or unrelated to the applicable entity’s tax-exempt purpose. The statute provides that, for any applicable entity making an elective pay election, any applicable credit is determined:1. without regard to the restrictions regarding use of property by tax-exempt organizations and government entities including Indian tribal governments found in sections 50(b)(3) and (4)(A)(i), and
2. by treating any property with respect to which such credit is determined as used in a trade or business of the applicable entity.

Form 990T is filed by tax-exempt organizations to report any unrelated business income (UBI) and to claim certain tax credits and make an elective pay election. Any applicable entity filing a Form 990T to claim an elective pay election (regardless of any UBI reported on the return) is required to attach a Form 3800. The instructions to the Form 3800 provide that:**Credit ordering for taxpayers making elective payment election**. If you made an elective payment election for certain current credits reported on Part III, credit amounts allowed as a net elective payment election amount in column (i) of Part III are treated as payments and are not considered for carryback and carryforward rules. This also applies to applicable entities. Any applicable entity with UBI tax under section 512 uses an applicable credit with respect to a facility or property only if it is not part of the net elective payment amount in column (i) of Part III and regardless of whether or not such facility or property was used in connection with the unrelated business. The 3800 instructions provide further examples on how to calculate the net elective payment election amounts. In general, the filing organization is responsible for determining what is unrelated to its exempt purpose. Therefore, the IRS does not require a clarifying statement on the 990T with respect to the whether or not an elective pay election constitutes UBI. Comment 2:Comments regarding Forms 1065, 1066, 1120, 1120-C, 1120-F, 1120-H, 1120-ND, 1120-S, 1120-SF, 1120-FSC, 1120-L, 1120-PC, 1120-PC, 1120-REIT, 1120-RIC, 1120-POL, and related attachments are not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. They will not be addressed here. |
| **National Council of Nonprofits**Comments regarding:1. Extending the OMB review and public comment process for forms and schedules used by tax-exempt organizations for an additional 60 days;
2. Improving the timeliness of public accessibility of filed Forms 990;
3. Revising Form 990 to better reflect the reporting of government revenue received by charitable organizations and to provide a clearer definition of the term “gross receipts;” and
4. Revoking the current Form 1023-EZ and seeking stakeholder input for establishing a more appropriate process for determining the tax-exempt status of certain charitable entities.
 | Comment 1:Comments regarding the timing of the comment period are outside the scope of TEGE’s involvement. They will not be addressed here.Comment 2:In general, comments regarding release of exempt organization returns for public review are beyond the scope of soliciting comments on the proposed and/or continuing information collections. See also our response to Comment 1 from Aspen Institute’s Program on Philanthropy and Social Innovation et al.Comment 3:The current Form 990 and corresponding instructions provide for accurate reporting of government services revenues as necessary for tax administration and consistent with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) requirements. For tax administration purposes, the IRS must distinguish between an organization's receipt of "gifts, grants, and contributions" on one hand (reported on Part VIII, line 1 of Form 990) and "gross receipts from ... performance of services" (program services revenue) (reported on Part VIII, line 2 of Form 990) and also "support ... from a governmental unit." See IRC 509(a)(2), 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). Treasury regulations provide guidance regarding how to distinguish grants from gross receipts and how to identify revenue that constitutes "support from a governmental unit” and provide examples. See Treas. Reg. 1.509(a)-3(f), (g); 1.170A-9(f)(8). Published legal guidance further confirms that Medicaid and Medicare payments are treated as gross receipts for the performance of services and reported on line 2. See Rev. Proc. 83-153, 1983-2 C.B. 48. The form and instructions provide for accurate reporting consistent with these tax law authorities, including explicit reference in the instruction to reporting Medicaid and Medicare payments as program services revenue on line 2 of Part VIII of Form 990. The tax law and tax administration needs therefore do not support imposing the burden that would result from requiring more specific or different reporting of these government revenues beyond the categories currently in place on the Form 990. In addition, hospitals required to file Schedule H (Form 990), Hospitals, report revenues from Medicaid (Part I, line 7b) and Medicare (Part III, Section B).Current instructions for Part VIII lines 1e and 2 accurately describe the distinction between contributions (including grants) from governments and payments for services from governments and include relevant examples taken directly from Treasury Regulations 1.509(a)-3(g). The instructions do not provide interpretive examples that go beyond published legal guidance. Furthermore, applicable regulations confirm that the label on an agreement is not determinative whether a government payment is a contribution (grant) or a gross receipt from the performance of services related to an exempt purpose (program services revenues). See Treas. Reg. 1.509(a)-3(g)(1) (“The fact that the agreement, pursuant to which payment is made, is designated a ‘contract’ or a ‘grant’ is not controlling for purposes of classifying the payment under section 509(a)(2)”).See also our response to Comment 4 from Aspen Institute’s Program on Philanthropy and Social Innovation et al.Comment 4:The fourth comment relates to the use of Form 1023-EZ, which is a policy matter beyond the scope of issues under the Paperwork Reduction Act.  |
| **The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation**Comments regarding some of the forms required if conducting international investment activity referenced in Schedule F of Form 990 (Form 926 *Return by a U.S. Transferor of Property to a Foreign Corporation*, Form 8865, *Return of U.S. Persons With Respect to Certain Foreign Partnerships*, and Form 5471, *Information Return of U.S. Persons With Respect to Certain Foreign Corporations*)  | Comments regarding Forms 926, 8865, and 5471 are not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. They will not be addressed here. |
| **MacArthur Foundation**Comments regarding Forms 926, 8865, and 5471 related to direct and indirect investment vehicles | Comments regarding Forms 926, 8865, and 5471 are not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. They will not be addressed here. |
| **The Kresge Foundation**1. Comments regarding the utility of and potential streamlined reporting of Section 4945 expenditure responsibility information on Form 990-PF2. Comments regarding Forms 926, 8865, and 5471 related to direct and indirect investment vehicles | Comment 1:We note that most of the comments request additional guidance or clarification of various issues in the instructions.  In general, guidance is issued by Treasury and Chief Counsel.  Requests for guidance can be submitted as suggestions for the Priority Guidance Plan.We will consider specific form revisions provided in the comments after duly weighing the various interests of all parties affected.Comment 2:Comments regarding Forms 926, 8865, and 5471 are not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. They will not be addressed here. |
| **Bureau of Economic Analysis**Comment supporting the continued collection of data by the IRS on Form 990-PF, Form 990-EZ and Form 990 requests to be informed about any modifications to the form | The IRS appreciates the comment from another governmental agency and will provide public updates in the usual course of any changes to any series 990 forms. |
| **The Commonwealth Fund**Comments regarding the structure of and information required on the Form 990-PF, including differences between private foundation filers and private operating foundation filers | The IRS will consider these recommendations after duly weighing the various interests of all parties affected, including additional burden any changes would place on an organization against the potential tax administration benefit the additional information may provide.  |
| **The Horizons School**Comment regarding 990 eFile difficulties | Comments regarding a specific taxpayer are not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. However, the general fact pattern described is one (among many others) that the IRS is currently working to address with new educational resources as part of the larger ongoing TEOS Modernization project.  |
| **Ben Bachrach**Comment recommending the 990-EZ filing limit be raised for organizations with no paid staff and no paid officers | The IRS will consider these recommendations after duly weighing the various interests of all parties affected, including additional burden any changes would place on an organization against the potential tax administration benefit the additional information may provide. However, creating additional rules relating to filing eligibility may add complexity to the filing rules and require significant IT and administration efforts for the IRS. |
| **Dava Pirzada**Comment regarding author’s opinion of an existing tax-exempt organization | Author’s comment does not relate to the Form 990 and is applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. The comment will not be addressed here, but commenters can submit a complaint to the IRS about a tax-exempt organization via Form 13909.  |
| **Lisa Johnson**Comment generally supporting Form 990 reporting | We acknowledge the commenter’s support. If the public has a complaint about a particular organization, they can submit a compliant via Form 13909. |
| **Neko Carrillo**Comment regarding author’s opinion of an existing tax-exempt organization | Author’s comment does not relate to the Form 990 and is not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. The comment will not be addressed here, but commenters can submit a complaint to the IRS about a tax-exempt organization via Form 13909. |
| **Jennifer Tarlton**Comment regarding US legal structure of tax-exemption | Author’s comment does not relate to the Form 990 and is applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. |
| **Melodie Janyja**Comment regarding author’s general opinion of tax-exempt organizations that “meld church and state” | Author’s comment does not relate to the Form 990 and is not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. The comment will not be addressed here, but commenters can submit a complaint to the IRS about a specific tax-exempt organization via Form 13909. |
| **Melissa Baker**Comment regarding author’s opinion of existing tax-exempt organizations | Author’s comment does not relate to the Form 990 and is not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. The comment will not be addressed here, but commenters can submit a complaint to the IRS about a tax-exempt organization via Form 13909. |
| **Kierstyn Godenzi-Stanard**General comments on potential abuses in the tax-exempt sector | Author’s comment does not relate to the Form 990 and is not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. The comment will not be addressed here, but commenters can submit a complaint to the IRS about a specific tax-exempt organization via Form 13909. |
| **Jason Marcus**Comment regarding author’s opinion of an existing tax-exempt organization | Author’s comment does not relate to the Form 990 and is not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. The comment will not be addressed here, but commenters can submit a complaint to the IRS about a tax-exempt organization via Form 13909. |
| **Josie Eppinette**Comment recommending taxing churches to pay for universal healthcare | Author’s comment does not relate to the Form 990 and is not applicable to OMB’s request for comments on forms under OMB number 1545-0047. |
| **Putnam Barber**Comment encouraging the IRS to cease using Form 1023-EZ | See comment 1 re: Mn. Council on Nonprofits. |
| **Dearborn Symphony**Comment requesting increase in threshold eligibility for Form 990-EZ | The IRS will consider these recommendations after duly weighing the various interests of all parties affected, including additional burden any changes would place on an organization against the potential tax administration benefit the additional information may provide. |
| **PKF O’Connor Davies**Comment suggesting 32 updates to the Form 990-PF | We appreciate the comments provided by PKF O’Connor Davies regarding forms in the 1545-0047 bucket. We note that most of the comments request additional guidance or clarification of various issues in the instructions.  In general, guidance is issued by Treasury and Chief Counsel.  Requests for guidance can be submitted as suggestions for the Priority Guidance Plan.We will consider specific form revisions provided in the comments after duly weighing the various interests of all parties affected. |

1. EXPLANATION OF DECISION TO PROVIDE ANY PAYMENT OR GIFT TO RESPONDENTS

The IRS will not provide any payment or gift to respondents.

1. ASSURANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY OF RESPONSES

Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential as required by 26 U.S.C. 6103. However, certain information provided by tax-exempt entities are open to public inspection as required by 26 U.S.C. 6104.

1. JUSTIFICATION OF SENSITIVE QUESTIONS

Privacy impact assessments (PIA) have been conducted for information collected under this request as part of the “Business Master File (BMF),” and Privacy Act System of Records notices (SORN) have been issued for the following systems: Treasury/IRS 22.062-Electronic Filing Records; Treasury/IRS 24.030-Customer Account Data Engine (CADE) Individual Master File; Treasury/IRS 24.046-CADE Business Master File; Treasury/IRS 34.037-IRS Audit Trail and Security Records System; Treasury/IRS 42.001-Examination Administrative File; Treasury/IRS 42.021-Compliance Programs and Project Files; Treasury/IRS 50.001-Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations Correspondence Control Records; Treasury/IRS 50.003-Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations, Reports of Significant Matters in Technical; Treasury/IRS 50.222-Tax Exempt/Government Entities (TE/GE) Case Records Management. The Department of Treasury PIAs can be found at <https://www.irs.gov/privacy-disclosure/privacy-impact-assessments-pia>.

Title 26 U.S.C. 6109 requires inclusion of identifying numbers in returns, statements, or other documents for securing proper identification of persons required to make such returns, statements, or documents and is the authority for social security numbers (SSNs) in IRS systems.

1. ESTIMATED BURDEN OF INFORMATION COLLECTION &
2. ESTIMATED TOTAL ANNUAL COST BURDEN TO RESPONDENTS

**PRA Approval of Forms Used by Tax-Exempt Taxpayers**

Under the PRA, OMB assigns a control number to each ''collection of information'' that it reviews and approves for use by an agency. The PRA also requires agencies to estimate the burden for each collection of information. Burden estimates for each control number are displayed in (1) PRA supporting statement that accompanies collections of information, (2) Federal Register notices, and (3) OMB's database of approved information collections.

Forms 990, 990-EZ, 990-PF, 990-N, 990-T, and all attachments to these forms (see the Appendix-A to this supporting statement) are used by tax-exempt organizations to report their information and tax return filing obligations.

**Taxpayer Compliance Burden Model**

Taxpayer compliance burden is defined as the time and money taxpayers spend to comply with their information and tax reporting responsibilities. Time-related activities include recordkeeping, tax planning, gathering tax materials, learning about the law and what the taxpayer needs to do, and completing and submitting the return. Out-of-pocket costs include expenses such as purchasing tax software, paying a third-party preparer, and printing and postage. Taxpayer compliance burden does not include a taxpayer’s tax liability, economic inefficiencies caused by sub-optimal choices related to tax deductions or credits, or psychological costs.

The IRS uses the Taxpayer Compliance Burden Model for Tax-Exempt Organization Reporting Burden to estimate the burden experienced by tax-exempt organizations when complying with Federal tax laws. The model is based on a survey of Tax Year 2017 and 2018 tax-exempt organization information and tax return filers that was fielded in 2019 and 2020. The model is updated annually to account for legislative and regulatory changes. This methodology for estimating burden focuses on the characteristics and activities undertaken by tax-exempt organizations in meeting their information and tax return filing obligations.

The methodology is based on the primary drivers associated with observed tax-exempt organization information and tax return reporting burden. These include total revenue, assets, expenses, and liabilities, type of Form 990, type of organization, and the complexity of the tax-exempt organization’s income generated from assets and investments. Indicators of tax law and administrative complexity, as reflected in the tax laws and instructions, are incorporated into the model.

**Taxpayer Burden Estimates**

Summary results for Fiscal Year 2025 using the Taxpayer Compliance Burden Model burden estimation methodology for tax-exempt organizations are presented below. The data shown are the best forward-looking estimates available for tax-exempt organization information and tax returns filed for Tax Year 2024. The burden estimates are based on statutory requirements as of December 1, 2024.

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| **Burden Total Estimates for the Form 990 series of returns and associated forms, schedules, and regulations** |
| **Fiscal Year 2025** |
|   | Fiscal Year 2024 | Program Change due to Technical Adjustment | Program Change Due to Legislative Adjustment | Program Change Due to Agency Adjustment | Fiscal Year 2025 |
| Number of Taxpayers | 1,698,500 | 12,800 | - | - | 1,711,300 |
| Burden in Hours | 75,500,000 | (2,060,000) | - | - | 73,440,000 |
| Burden in Monetized Hours | $3,903,500,000 | ($16,500,000) | - | - | $3,887,000,000 |
| Out-of-Pocket Costs | $1,978,400,000 | ($15,000,000) | - | - | $1,963,400,000 |
| Total Monetized Burden\* | $5,882,000,000 | (31,600,000) | - | - | $5,850,400,000 |
| Source: IRS:RAAS:KDA:BRDN (12-10-2024)\*Total monetized burden = Burden in Monetized Hours + Out-of-Pocket Costs. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.**Note**: Reported time and cost burdens are national averages and do not necessarily reflect a “typical” case. Most taxpayers experience lower than average burden, with taxpayer burden varying considerably by taxpayer type. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.  |

Tax return data are used to calculate a monetization rate for each tax-exempt organization return. A lower bound is set at the federal median wage rate from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) Survey. Rates from the OES and the BLS Employer Costs for Employee Compensation from the National Compensation Survey are used for the upper bound. Specifically, we use the 90th percentile for accountants and auditors from the OES and the ratio of total compensation to wages and salaries from the private industry workers (management, professional, and related occupations) to account for fringe benefits. The change in estimated aggregate compliance burden is due to technical adjustments as described in supporting statement question 15.

The following additional breakouts of average burden are provided for transparency in understanding the average estimated burden experienced by taxpayers. Table 1 shows the average burden by the type of Form 990. Table 2 shows the average burden for Forms 990, 990-EZ and PF by total positive income. Total positive income is defined as the sum of all positive income amounts reported on the return.

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| Table 1—Fiscal Year 2025 Form 990 Series Taxpayer Compliance Cost Estimates |
|  | Type of Return |
|  | Form 990 | Form 990-EZ | Form 990-PF | Form 990-T | Form 990-N |
| Projections of the Number of Returns to be Filed with IRS | 355,200 | 216,400 | 131,300 | 222,800 | 785,600 |
| Estimated Average Total Time (Hours) | 107 | 69 | 53 | 42 | 5 |
| Estimated Average Total Out-of-Pocket Costs | $2,900 | $600 | $2,200 | $2,200 | $20 |
| Estimated Average Total Monetized Burden | $9,900 | $1,700 | $4,600 | $5,800 | $100 |
|  |
| Estimated Total Time (Hours) | 38,140,000 | 15,000,000 | 7,010,000 | 9,370,000 | 3,920,000 |
| Estimated Total Out-of-Pocket Costs | $1,035,000,000 | $131,400,000 | $285,200,000 | $496,400,000 | $15,400,000 |
| Estimated Total Monetized Burden | $3,507,500,000 | $366,600,000 | $600,100,000 | $1,297,700,000 | $78,500,000 |
| Source: IRS:RAAS:KDA:BRDN (12-10-2024)Note. Amounts above are for FY2025. Reported time and cost burdens are national averages and do not necessarily reflect a “typical” case. Most taxpayers experience lower-than-average burden, with taxpayer burden varying considerably by taxpayer type. Detail may not add due to rounding. |

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| **Fiscal Year 2025** |
| **Table 2 – Taxpayer Burden Forms 990/990-EZ/990-PF by Total Positive Income** |
| Total Positive Income | Average Time (hrs) | Average Out-of-Pocket Costs | Average Monetized Burden |
| 1. < $10k | 44 | $370 | $809 |
| 2. $10k to $50k | 71 | $652 | $1,507 |
| 3. $50k to $100l | 81 | $719 | $1,869 |
| 4. $100k to $1mil | 91 | $1,437 | $4,050 |
| 5. > $1mil | 108 | $3,834 | $13,110 |
| Source: IRS:RAAS:KDA:BRDN (12-10-2024) |

1. ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The federal government cost estimate for product development is based on a model that considers the following three cost factors for each information product: aggregate labor costs for development, including annualized startup expenses, operating and maintenance expenses, and distribution of the product that collects the information. These costs do not include any activities such as taxpayer assistance and enforcement.

The government computes cost using a multi-step process. First, the government creates a weighted factor for the level of effort to create each information collection product based on variables, such as complexity, number of pages, type of product, and frequency of revision. Second, the total costs associated with developing the product such as labor cost, and operating expenses associated with the downstream impact such as support functions, are added together to obtain the aggregated total cost. Then, the aggregated total cost and factor are multiplied together to obtain the aggregated cost per product. Lastly, the aggregated cost per product is added to the cost of shipping and printing each product to IRS offices, National Distribution Center, libraries, and other outlets. The result is the government cost estimate per product.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Product** | **Aggregate Cost per Product (factor applied)** |  | **Printing and Distribution** |  | **Government Cost Estimate per Product** |
| Tax-Exempt Forms and Instructions | $7,279,110 |  | $11,371 |  | $7,290,481 |
| **Totals** | **$7,279,110** |  | **$11,371** |  | **$7,290,481** |
| Table costs are based on 2023 actuals obtained from IRS Chief Financial Officer and Media and Publications |
| \* New product costs will be included in the next collection update.  |

See the attached Government Cost document in the supplementary documents section for more information.

The government cost estimates for processing tax returns and performing related functions in the Submission Processing Campus(es) includes salaries and benefits only. Other costs such as real estate, programming, recruitment, equipment and supplies are not included.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Estimated Filers** | **Processing Cost - Paper Returns** |  | **Processing Cost - Electronic Returns** |  | **Government Cost Estimate** |
| 1,711,300 | $172,157 | + | $301,873 | = | $474,030 |
| **Total** | **$474,030** |
| Table costs estimates are based on FY2023 IRS Cost Estimate References. |

The total government cost estimate for this collection is $7,764,511.

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1. REASONS FOR CHANGE IN BURDEN

The year-over-year change in burden is analyzed and reported by technical adjustments, legislative adjustments, and agency adjustments.

**Changes Due to Technical Adjustment:** There are significant adjustments in the year-over-year technical changes. The impact on burden related to these changes is shown in the table below. Altogether, technical adjustments lead to a decrease in burden. Increases from macroeconomic adjustments and population growth between Fiscal Year 2024 and Fiscal Year 2025 were offset by an overestimate of the number of Fiscal Year 2024 filers last year and decreases from incorporating updated population filer data. Overall, technical adjustments lead to a 3% decrease in aggregate time and a 1% decrease in aggregate out-of-pocket costs.

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| **Technical Adjustments** | **Number of Taxpayers** | **Burden in Hours** | **Burden in Monetized Time**  | **Burden in Dollars**  | **Monetized Total Burden\*** |
| Updated Fiscal Year 2024 Population Counts | (21,300) | (2,550,000) | (83,300,000) | (54,600,000) | (137,900,000) |
| Updated Fiscal Year 2024 Macro Adjustments | - | - | 15,700,000 | 7,900,000 | 23,600,000 |
| Updated Data | - | 15,000 | (95,300,000) | (45,700,000) | (141,000,000) |
| Updated Fiscal Year 2025 Population Counts | 34,100 | 485,000 | 44,500,000 | 26,500,000 | 71,000,000 |
| Updated Fiscal Year 2025 Macro Estimates | - | - | 101,900,000 | 50,800,000 | 152,700,000 |
| Total Technical Adjustments | 12,800 | (2,050,000) | (16,500,000) | (15,100,000) | (31,600,000) |
| Source: IRS:RAAS:KDA:BRDN (12-10-2024)Macro Adjustments = Adjustments for macroeconomic factors like inflation\* Monetized Total Burden = Burden in Monetized Time + Burden in Dollars. Detail may not add due to rounding. |

**Changes Due to Legislative Adjustment:** The Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (IRA), P.L. 117-169, introduced changes that result in legislative burden. IRA introduced and expanded a number of clean energy provisions. Year-over year changes associated with the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) are allocated to legislative adjustments. Note that the year-over-year legislative adjustment is the difference between updated Fiscal Year 2024 legislative estimates and Fiscal Year 2025 legislative estimates. The year-over-year change between Fiscal Year 2024 and Fiscal Year 2025 estimates attributed to IRA do not lead to changes in estimated burden. There is still significant uncertainty about program participation. Tax Year 2023 tax returns have only recently become available, and Form 990-T extension filings are not yet available. More granular estimates will be provided once IRA provision participation from Tax Year 2023 has been verified.

**Changes Due to Agency Adjustment:** There were no independent and significant year-over-year Agency changes impacting the burden calculations for this collection.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Requested** | **Program Change Due to Agency Adjustment** | **Program Change Due to Legislative Adjustment** | **Program Change Due to Technical Adjustment** | **Program Change Due to Potential Violation of the PRA** | **Previously Approved** |
| Annual Number of Responses | 1,711,300 | - | - | 12,800 | - | 1,698,500 |
| Annual Time Burden (Hr.) | 73,440,000 |  |  | (2,060,000) | - | 75,500,000 |
| Monetized Time | $3,887,000,000 | - | - | ($16,500,000) | - | $3,903,500,000 |
| Annual Cost Burden ($) | $1,963,400,000 | - | - | ($15,000,000) | - | $1,978,400,000 |
| Monetized Total Burden\* | $5,850,400,000 | - | - | ($31,600,000) | - | $5,882,000,000 |
| Source: IRS:RAAS:KDA:BRDN(12-10-2024)\*Monetized Total Burden = Monetized Time + Annual Cost Burden |

1. PLANS FOR TABULATION, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS AND PUBLICATION

The data on these forms and their schedules will be used in computing the tax liability and also for general statistical use.

1. REASONS WHY DISPLAYING THE OMB EXPIRATION DATE IS INAPPROPRIATE

The IRS believes that displaying the OMB expiration date is inappropriate, because it could cause confusion by leading taxpayers to believe that the forms and regulations expire as of the expiration date. Taxpayers are not likely to be aware that the IRS intends to request renewal of the OMB approval and obtain a new expiration date before the old one expires.

1. EXCEPTION TO THE CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

There are no exceptions to the certification statement for this collection.

# Appendix A: Forms

The following forms and associated schedules are used by tax-exempt organizations. Forms marked with an asterisk (\*) are also filed by other taxpayers (e.g., individuals, businesses, etc.).

|  | **Product** | **Title** |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Form T\* | TIMBER |
|  | 1023 | Application for Recognition of Exemption Under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code |
|  | 1023-EZ | Streamlined Application for Recognition of Exemption Under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code |
|  | 1024 | Application for Recognition of Exemption Under Section 501(a) |
|  | 1024-A | Application for Recognition of Exemption Under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code |
|  | 1028 | Application for Recognition of Exemption Under Section 521 of the Internal Revenue Code |
|  | 1116 Sch B\* | Foreign Tax Carryover Reconciliation Schedule |
|  | 1116 Sch C\* | Foreign Tax Redeterminations |
|  | 1116\* | Foreign Tax Credit |
|  | 1120-POL\* | US Income Tax Return for Certain Political Organizations |
|  | 1127\* | Application for Extension of Time for Payment of Tax Due to Undue Hardship |
|  | 1128\* | Application to Adopt, Change, or Retain a Tax Year |
|  | 2220\* | Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Corporations |
|  | 2848\* | Power of Attorney and Declaration of Representative |
|  | 3115\* | Application for Change in Accounting Method |
|  | 3468\* | Investment Credit |
|  | 3800\* | General Business Credit |
|  | 4136\* | Credit for Federal Tax Paid on Fuels |
|  | 4255\* | Recapture of Investment Credit |
|  | 4562\* | Depreciation and Amortization |
|  | 461\* | Limitation on Business Loss |
|  | 4684\* | Casualties and Thefts |
|  | 4720 | Return of Certain Excise Taxes Under Chapters 41 and 42 of the Internal Revenue Code |
|  | 4797\* | Sale of Business Property |
|  | 5227\* | Split Interest Trust Information Return |
|  | 5471 Sch E\* | Income, War Profits, and Excess Profits Taxes Paid or Accrued |
|  | 5471 Sch G-1\* | Cost Sharing Arrangement |
|  | 5471 Sch H\* | Current Earnings and Profits |
|  | 5471 Sch I-1\* | Information for Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income |
|  | 5471 Sch J\* | Accumulated Earnings & Profits (E&P) of Controlled Foreign Corporation |
|  | 5471 Sch M\* | Transactions Between Controlled Foreign Corporation and Shareholders or Other Related Persons |
|  | 5471 Sch O\* | Organization or Reorganization of Foreign Corporation, and Acquisitions and Dispositions of its Stock |
|  | 5471 Sch P\* | Previously Taxed Earnings and Profits of U.S. Shareholder of Certain Foreign Corporations |
|  | 5471 Sch Q\* | CFC Income by CFC Income Groups |
|  | 5471 Sch R\* | Distributions From a Foreign Corporation |
|  | 5471\* | Information Return of U.S. Persons With Respect to Certain Foreign Corporations |
|  | 5578 | Annual Certification of Racial Nondiscrimination for a Private School Exempt From Federal Income Tax |
|  | 5884-C | Work Opportunity Credit for Qualified Tax-Exempt Organizations Hiring Qualified Veterans |
|  | 5884-D | Employee Retention Credit for Certain Tax-Exempt Organizations Affected by Qualified Disasters |
|  | 6069 | Return of Certain Excise Taxes on Mine Operators, Black Lung Trusts, and Other Persons Under Sections 4951, 4952, and 4953 |
|  | 6198\* | At-Risk Limitations |
|  | 6497\* | Information Return of Nontaxable Energy Grants or Subsidized Energy Financing |
|  | 7004\* | Application for Automatic Extension of Time To File Certain Business Income Tax, Information, and Other Returns |
|  | 7203\* | S Corporation Shareholder Stock and Debt Basis Limitations |
|  | 7204\* | Consent to Extend the Time to Assess Tax Related to Contested Foreign Income Taxes - Provisional Foreign Tax Credit Agreement |
|  | 7205\* | Energy Efficient Commercial Buildings Deduction |
|  | 7207\* | Advanced Manufacturing Production Credit |
|  | 7210\* | Clean Hydrogen Production Credit |
|  | 7211\* | Clean Electricity Production Credit |
|  | 7213\* | Nuclear Power Production Credit. |
|  | 7217\* | Distributions From a Partnership of Property With Partner Basis Adjustments. |
|  | 7218\* | Clean Fuel Production Credit. |
|  | 8038 | Information Return for Tax-Exempt Private Activity Bond Issues |
|  | 8038-B | Information Return for Build America Bonds and Recovery Zone |
|  | 8038-CP | Return for Credit Payments to Issuers of Qualified Bonds |
|  | 8038-CP Schedule A | Specified Tax Credit Bonds Interest Limit Computation |
|  | 8038-G | Information Return for Tax-Exempt Governmental Bonds |
|  | 8038-GC | Information Return for Small Tax-Exempt Governmental Bond Issues, Leases, and Installment Sales |
|  | 8038-R | Request for Recovery of Overpayments Under Arbitrage Rebate Provisions |
|  | 8038-T | Arbitrage Rebate, Yield Reduction and Penalty in Lieu of Arbitrage Rebate |
|  | 8038-TC | Information Return for Tax Credit Bonds and Specified Tax Credit Bonds |
|  | 8282 | Donee Information Return |
|  | 8283\* | Noncash Charitable Contributions |
|  | 8283-V\* | Payment Voucher for Filing Fee Under Section 170(f)(13) |
|  | 8328 | Carryforward Election of Unused Private Activity Bond Volume Cap |
|  | 8330 | Issuer's Quarterly Information Return for Mortgage Credit Certificates (MCCs) |
|  | 8453-TE | Tax Exempt Entity Declaration and Signature for Electronic Filing |
|  | 8453-X | Political Organization Declaration for Electronic Filing of Notice of Section 527 Status |
|  | 8621\* | Information Return by a Shareholder of a Passive Foreign Investment Company or Qualified Electing Fund |
|  | 8718 | User Fee for Exempt Organization Determination Letter Request |
|  | 8824\* | Like-Kind Exchanges |
|  | 8826\* | Disabled Access Credit. |
|  | 8835\* | Renewable Electricity Production Credit. |
|  | 8838\* | Consent to Extend the Time to Assess Tax Under Section 367 - Gain Recognition Agreement |
|  | 8865 Sch G\* | Statement of Application of the Gain Deferral Method under Section 721(c) |
|  | 8865 Sch H\* | Acceleration Events and Exceptions Reporting Relating to Gain Deferral Method Under Section 721(c) |
|  | 8865 Sch K-1\* | Sch K-1 Partner's Share of Income Deductions Credits, etc. |
|  | 8865 Sch K-2\* | Partners' Distributive Share Items—International. |
|  | 8865 Sch K-3\* | Partner's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc.—International. |
|  | 8865 Sch O\* | Transfer of Property to a Foreign Partnership |
|  | 8865 Sch P\* | Acquisitions, Dispositions, and Changes of Interest in a Foreign Partnership |
|  | 8865\* | Return of U.S. Persons with Respect to Certain Foreign Partnerships |
|  | 8866\* | Interest Computation Under the Look-Back Method for Property Depreciated Under the Income Forecast Method. |
|  | 8868 | Application for Automatic Extension of Time To File an Exempt Organization Return |
|  | 8870 | Information Return for Transfers Associated With Certain Personal Benefit Contracts |
|  | 8871 | Political Organization Notice of Section 527 Status |
|  | 8872 | Political Organization Report of Contributions and Expenditures |
|  | 8879-TE | IRS e-file Signature Authorization for a Tax Exempt Entity |
|  | 8886\* | Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement |
|  | 8886-T | Disclosure by Tax-Exempt Entity Regarding Prohibited Tax Shelter Transaction |
|  | 8899 | Notice of Income From Donated Intellectual Property |
|  | 8911\* | Alternative Fuel Vehicle Refueling |
|  | 8911 Sch A\* | Alternative Fuel Vehicle Refueling Property. |
|  | 8933\* | Carbon Oxide Sequestration Credit. |
|  | 8933 Sch A\* | Disposal or Enhanced Oil Recovery Owner Certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch B\* | Disposal Operator Certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch C\* | Enhanced Oil Recovery Operator Certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch D\* | Recapture Certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch E\* | Election Certification. |
|  | 8933 Sch F\* | Utilization Certification. |
|  | 8936\* | Clean Vehicle Credit. |
|  | 8936 Sch A\* | Clean Vehicle Credit Amount |
|  | 8940 | Request for Miscellaneous Determination |
|  | 8941\* | Credit for Small Employer Health Insurance Premiums |
|  | 8949\* | Sales and Other Dispositions of Capital Assets |
|  | 8976 | Notice of Intent to Operate Under Section 501(c)(4) |
|  | 8995\* | Qualified Business Income Deduction Simplified Calculation |
|  | 8995-A Schedule A\* | Specified Service Trades or Businesses |
|  | 8995-A Schedule B\* | Aggregation of Business Operations |
|  | 8995-A Schedule C\* | Loss Netting and Carryforward |
|  | 8995-A Schedule D\* | Special Rules for Patrons of Agricultural or Horticultural Cooperatives |
|  | 8995-A\* | Qualified Business Income Deduction |
|  | 926\* | Return by a U.S. Transferor of Property to a Foreign Corporation |
|  | 970\* | Application to Use LIFO Inventory Method |
|  | 990 | Return of Organization Exempt From Income Tax Under Section 501(c), 527, or 4947(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (except private foundations) |
|  | 990 Schedule A | Public Charity Status and Public Support |
|  | 990 Schedule B | Schedule of Contributors |
|  | 990 Schedule C | Political Campaign and Lobbying Activities |
|  | 990 Schedule D | Supplemental Financial Statements |
|  | 990 Schedule E | Schools |
|  | 990 Schedule F | Statement of Activities Outside the United States |
|  | 990 Schedule G | Supplemental Information Regarding Fundraising or Gaming Activities |
|  | 990 Schedule H | Hospitals |
|  | 990 Schedule I | Grants and Other Assistance to Organizations, Governments, and Individuals in the United States |
|  | 990 Schedule J | Compensation Information |
|  | 990 Schedule K | Supplemental Information on Tax-Exempt Bonds |
|  | 990 Schedule L | Transactions With Interested Persons |
|  | 990 Schedule M | Noncash Contributions |
|  | 990 Schedule N | Liquidation, Termination, Dissolution, or Significant Disposition of Assets |
|  | 990 Schedule O | Supplemental Information to Form 990 or 990-EZ |
|  | 990 Schedule R | Related Organizations and Unrelated Partnerships |
|  | 990-EZ | Short Form Return of Organization Exempt From Income Tax Under section 501(c), 527, or 4947(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (except private foundations) |
|  | 990-N | Form 990-N Electronic Notice (e-Postcard) for Tax-Exempt Organizations Not Required to File Form 990 or Form 990-EZ |
|  | 990-PF | Return of Private Foundation or Section 4947(a)(1) Trust Treated as Private Foundation |
|  | 990-T | Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return (and proxy tax under section 6033(e)) |
|  | 990-T Schedule A | Unrelated Business Taxable Income From an Unrelated Trade or Business |
|  | 990-W | Estimated Tax on Unrelated Business Taxable Income for Tax-Exempt Organizations (and on Investment Income for Private Foundations) |

# Appendix B: Regulatory Guidance

| **Treasury Decisions (TD), Revenue Procedures (Rev Proc), IRS Notices, and IRS Announcements** |
| --- |
|  | **Product** | **Title** |
|  | Announcement 2004-38 | Election of Alternative Deficit Reduction Contribution |
|  | Announcement 2004-43 | Election of Alternative Deficit Reduction Contribution |
|  | Notice 2002-27 | IRA Required Minimum Distribution Reporting |
|  | Notice 2004-59 | Plan Amendments Following Election of Alternative Deficit Reduction Contribution |
|  | Notice 2005-41 | Guidance Regarding Qualified Intellectual Property Contributions |
|  | Notice 2006-105 | Extension of Election of Alternative Deficit Reduction Contribution |
|  | Notice 2006-107 | Diversification Requirements for Qualified Defined Contribution Plans Holding Publicly Traded Employer Securities |
|  | Notice 2006-109 | Interim Guidance Regarding Supporting Organizations and Donor Advised Funds |
|  | Notice 2007-70 | Charitable Contributions of Certain Motor Vehicles, Boats, and Airplanes. Reporting requirements under Sec. 170(f)(12)(D) |
|  | Notice 2008-113 | Relief and Guidance on Corrections of Certain Failures of a Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan to Comply with §409A(a) in Operation |
|  | Notice 2009-26 | Build America Bonds and Direct Payment Subsidy Implementation |
|  | Notice 2009-31 | Election and Notice Procedures for Multiemployer Plans under Sections 204 and 205 of WRERA |
|  | Notice 2010-6 | Relief and Guidance on Corrections of Certain Failures of a Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan to Comply with §409A(a) |
|  | Notice 2010-80 | Modification to the Relief and Guidance on Corrections of Certain Failures of a Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan to Comply with §409A(a) |
|  | Notice 2011-43 | Transitional Relief under Internal Revenue Code §6033(j) for Small Organizations |
|  | Notice 2012-48 | Tribal Economic Development Bonds |
|  | Notice 2014-4 | Interim Guidance Regarding Supporting Organizations |
|  | Notice 2015-83 | Tribal Economic Development Bonds: Use of Volume Cap for Draw-down Loans |
|  | Notice 2017-9 | De Minimis Error Safe Harbor to the I.R.C. §§ 6721 and 6722 Penalties |
|  | Notice 2021-56 | Standards that an LLC must Satisfy to be Exempt |
|  | Notice 2023-38 | Domestic Content Bonus Credit Guidance under Sections 45, 45Y, 48, and 48E |
|  | Notice 2024-9  | Statutory Exceptions to Phaseout Reducing Elective Payment Amounts for Applicable Entities if Domestic Content Requirements are Not Satisfied. |
|  | Notice 2024-41  | Expansion of Applicable Projects for Safe Harbor in Notice 2023-38 and New Elective Safe Harbor to Determine Cost Percentages for Adjusted Percentage Rule. |
|  | Notice 97-45 | Highly Compensated Employee Definition |
|  | Publication 1075 | Tax Information Security Guidelines for Federal, State and Local Agencies |
|  | Publication 4839 | Annual Form 990 Filing Requirements for Tax-Exempt Organizations (Forms 990, 990-EZ, 990-PF, 990-BL and 990-N (e-Postcard) |
|  | Revenue Procedure 80-27 | Group exemption letters |
|  | Revenue Procedure 98-19 | Exceptions to the notice and reporting requirements of section 6033(e)(1) and the tax imposed by section 6033(e)(2) |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2004-15 | Waivers of Minimum Funding Standards |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2008-62 and 2017-55 | Substitute Mortality Tables for Single Employer Defined Benefit Plans |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2009-43 | Revocation of Elections by Multiemployer Defined Benefit Pension Plans to Freeze Funded Status under section 204 of WRERA |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2010-52 | Extension of the Amortization Period for Plan Sponsor of a Multiemployer Pension Plan |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2014-11 | Procedures for reinstating the tax-exempt status of organizations that have had their tax-exempt status automatically revoked under section 6033(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”) for failure to file required Annual Returns or notices for three consecutive years |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2014-40 | Procedures for applying for and for issuing determination letters on the exempt status under §501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) using Form 1023-EZ, Streamlined Application for Recognition of Exemption Under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2014-55 | Election Procedures and Information Reporting with Respect to Interests in Certain Canadian Retirement Plans |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2015-21 | Rulings and determination letters |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2016-27 | Application Procedures for Approval of Benefit Suspensions for Certain Multiemployer Defined Benefit Pension Plans under §432(e)(9) |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2017-43 | Application Procedures for Approval of Benefit Suspensions for Certain Multiemployer Defined Benefit Pension Plans under §432(e)(9) |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2017-57 | Procedures for Requesting Approval for a Change in Funding Method |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2018-4 | Updating Procedures for Guidance on Matters Under IRS TE/GE Division |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2018-38 | Returns by exempt organizations and returns by certain non-exempt organizations |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2021-37 | Pre-Approved Pension Plans |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2021-48 | Examination of returns and claims for refund, credit or abatement; determination of correct tax liability. |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2022-14 | List of Automatic Changes |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2023-1 | Rulings and Determination Letters |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2023-4 | Types of Advice Available to Taxpayers |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2023-5 | Procedures for Issuing Determination Letters |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2023-24 | Changes in Accounting Periods and in Methods of Accounting |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2023-38 | Domestic Content Bonus Credit Guidance under Sections 45, 45Y , 48 , and 48E |
|  | Revenue Procedure 2024-23  | Changes in Accounting Periods and in Methods of Accounting. |
|  | Revenue Ruling 2000-35 | Automatic Enrollment in Section 403(b) Plans |
|  | TD 7845 | Inspection of Applications for Tax Exemption and Applications for Determination Letters for Pension and Other Plans |
|  | TD 7852 | Registration Requirements with Respect to Debt Obligations |
|  | TD 7898 | Employers Qualified Educational Assistance Programs |
|  | TD 7952 | Indian Tribal Governments Treated As States For Certain Purposes |
|  | TD 8002 | Substantiation of Charitable Contributions |
|  | TD 8019  | Public Inspection of Exempt Organization Return |
|  | TD 8033 | Tax Exempt Entity Leasing |
|  | TD 8069 | Qualified Conservation Contributions |
|  | TD 8073 | Effective Dates and Other Issues Arising Under the Employee Benefit Provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1984 |
|  | TD 8086 | Election for $10 Million Limitation on Exempt Small Issues of Industrial Development Bonds; Supplemental Capital Expenditure Statements (LR-185-84 Final) |
|  | TD 8124 | Time and Manner of Making Certain Elections Under the Tax Reform Act of 1986 |
|  | TD 8357 | Certain cash or deferred arrangements (CODAs) and employee and matching contributions under employee plans |
|  | TD 8376 | Qualified Separate Lines of Business |
|  | TD 8396 | Regulations relating to a bank's determination of worthlessness of a debt |
|  | TD 8400 | Taxation of Gain or Loss from Certain Nonfunctional Currency Transactions (Section 988 Transactions) |
|  | TD 8476 | Arbitrage Restrictions on Tax-Exempt Bonds |
|  | TD 8540 | Final regulations relating to the valuation of annuities, interests for life or terms of years, and remainder or reversionary interests. |
|  | TD 8619 | Final regulations relating to eligible rollover distributions from tax-qualified retirement plans and section 403(b) annuities. |
|  | TD 8635 | Nonbank Trustee Net Worth Requirements |
|  | TD 8690 | Deductibility, Substantiation, and Disclosure of Certain Charitable Contributions |
|  | TD 8712 | Definition of Private Activity Bonds |
|  | TD 8718 | Arbitrage Restrictions on Tax-Exempt Bonds |
|  | TD 8769 | Permitted Elimination of Pre-retirement Optional Forms of Benefit |
|  | TD 8791 | Guidance Regarding Charitable Remainder Trusts and Special Valuation Rules for Transfers of Interests in Trusts |
|  | TD 8801 | Arbitrage Restrictions on Tax-Exempt Bonds |
|  | TD 8802 | Certain Asset Transfers to a Tax-Exempt Entity |
|  | TD 8814 |  Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) Taxation of Amounts Under Employee Benefit Plans |
|  | TD 8816 | Roth IRAs |
|  | TD 8861 | Private Foundation Disclosure Rules |
|  | TD 8933 | Qualified Transportation Fringe Benefits |
|  | TD 8978 | Excise Taxes on Excess Benefit Transactions (REG-246256-96) |
|  | TD 8987 | Required Distributions from Retirement Plans |
|  | TD 9075 | Compensation Deferred Under Eligible Deferred Compensation Plans |
|  | TD 9076 | Special Rules Under Section 417(a)(7) for Written Explanations Provided by Qualified Retirement Plans After Annuity Starting Dates |
|  | TD 9079 | Ten or More Employer Plan Compliance Information |
|  | TD 9083 | Golden Parachute Payments |
|  | TD 9088 | Compensatory Stock Options Under Section 482 |
|  | TD 9092 | Split-Dollar Life Insurance Arrangements |
|  | TD 9097 | Arbitrage Restrictions Applicable to Tax-Exempt Bonds Issued by State and Local Governments |
|  | TD 9099 | Disclosure of Relative Values of Optional Forms of Benefit |
|  | TD 9142 | Deemed IRAs in Qualified Retirement Plans |
|  | TD 9169 | Retirement plans; Cash or deferred arrangements under section 401(k) and matching contributions or employee contributions under section 401(m) Regulations |
|  | TD 9237 | Designated Roth Contributions to Cash or Deferred Arrangements Under Section 401(k) |
|  | TD 9324 | Designated Roth Contributions Under Section 402A |
|  | TD 9334 | Requirement of Return and Time for Filing |
|  | TD 9340 | Revised Regulations Concerning Section 403(b) Tax-Sheltered Annuity Contracts |
|  | TD 9447 | Automatic Contribution Arrangements |
|  | TD 9472 | Notice Requirements for Certain Pension Plan Amendments Significantly Reducing the Rate of Future Benefit Accrual |
|  | TD 9492 | Excise Taxes on Prohibited Tax Shelter Transactions and Related Disclosure Requirements; Disclosure Requirements with Respect to Prohibited Tax Shelter Transactions; Requirement of Return and Time for Filing |
|  | TD 9495 | Qualified Zone Academy Bonds: Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions |
|  | TD 9641 | Reduction or Suspension of Safe Harbor Contributions |
|  | TD 9708 | Additional Requirements for Charitable Hospitals; Community Health Needs Assessments for Charitable Hospitals; Requirement of a Section 4959 Excise Tax Return and Time for Filing the Return |
|  | TD 9724 | Summary of Benefits and Coverage, Uniform Glossary for ACA Group Health Plans |
|  | TD 9741 | General Allocation and Accounting Regulations Under Section 141; Remedial Actions for Tax-Exempt Bonds |
|  | TD 9765 | Suspension of Benefits under the Multiemployer Pension Reform Act of 2014 |
|  | TD 9777 | Arbitrage Guidance for Tax-Exempt Bonds |
|  | TD 9801 | Issue Price Definition for Tax-Exempt Bonds |
|  | TD 9845 | Public Approval of Tax-Exempt Private Activity Bonds |
|  | TD 9846 | Regulations Regarding the Transition Tax Under Section 965 and Related Provisions |
|  | TD 9855 | Regulations To Prescribe Return and Time for Filing for Payment of Section 4960, 4966, 4967, and 4968 Taxes and To Update the Abatement Rules for Section 4966 and 4967 Taxes |
|  | TD 9866 | Guidance Related to Section 951A (Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income) and Certain Guidance Related to Foreign Tax Credits |
|  | TD 9873 | Regulations on the Requirement To Notify the IRS of Intent To Operate as a Section 501(c)(4) Organization |
|  | TD 9898 | Guidance Under Section 6033 Regarding the Reporting Requirements of Exempt Organizations |
|  | TD 9902 | Guidance Under Sections 951A and 954 Regarding Income Subject to a High Rate of Foreign Tax |
|  | TD 9917 | Guidance on the Determination of the Section 4968 Excise Tax Applicable to Certain Colleges and Universities |
|  | TD 9933 | Unrelated Business Taxable Income Separately Computed for Each Trade or Business |
|  | TD 9938 | Tax on Excess Tax-Exempt Organization Executive Compensation |
|  | TD 9972 | Electronic-Filing Requirements for Specified Returns and Other Documents |
|  | TD 9975 | Pre-Filing Registration Requirements for Certain Tax Credit Elections |
|  | TD 9979 | Additional Guidance on Low-Income Communities Bonus Credit Program |
|  | TD 9988 | Elective Payment of Applicable Credits; Elective Payment of Advanced Manufacturing Investment Credit; Final Rules; Election To Exclude Certain Unincorporated Organizations Owned by Applicable Entities From Application of the Rules on Partners and Partnerships. |
|  | TD 9998  | Increased Amounts of Credit or Deduction for Satisfying Certain Prevailing Wage and Registered Apprenticeship Requirements. |