



**DRO-ISG-2023-02**

**Draft Interim Staff Guidance Augmenting NUREG-1791,  
“Guidance for Assessing Exemption Requests from the  
Nuclear Power Plant Licensed Operator Staffing  
Requirements Specified in 10 CFR 50.54(m),” for Licensing  
Commercial Nuclear Plants under 10 CFR Part 53**

**October 2024**

**DRAFT INTERIM STAFF GUIDANCE AUGMENTING NUREG-1791, “GUIDANCE FOR ASSESSING EXEMPTION REQUESTS FROM THE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT LICENSED OPERATOR STAFFING REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN 10 CFR 50.54(M),” FOR LICENSING COMMERCIAL NUCLEAR PLANTS UNDER 10 CFR PART 53**

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**PURPOSE**

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff is providing this interim staff guidance (ISG) to facilitate NRC staff review of staffing plans submitted under Title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (10 CFR) Part 53, “Risk-Informed, Technology-Inclusive Regulatory Framework for Commercial Nuclear Plants” (Part 53). For the purpose of reviewing the staffing plans described in Part 53, this ISG augments NUREG-1791, “Guidance for Assessing Exemption Requests from the Nuclear Power Plant Licensed Operator Staffing Requirements Specified in 10 CFR 50.54(m),” Revision 0, issued July 2005.

This guidance provides a flexible review process and a set of systematic methods that the NRC staff can use to evaluate a wide range of staffing plans that may be submitted under Part 53. The NRC staff will review the staffing plans submitted for Part 53 applications and the supporting analyses to determine whether the proposed minimum staffing levels will be sufficient to provide assurance that plant safety functions can be maintained across all modes of plant operations.

Accordingly, this ISG enables the use of performance-based staffing requirements in Part 53, which allow, in part, an applicant to propose the minimum staffing required at its facility. Specifically, it allows the applicant to propose the minimum number, positions, and qualifications of licensed operators across all modes of operation, in lieu of the NRC prescribing the number of licensed operators assigned to each unit during specific modes. The approach results in a staffing level that is appropriate for the facility’s design, concept of operations, and workload levels for licensed operators.

This ISG also includes review guidance for use of available engineering expertise in lieu of a dedicated shift technical advisor.

**BACKGROUND**

On July 11, 1983, the NRC published a licensed operator staffing rule in the *Federal Register* (48 FR 31611) that required all licensees of nuclear power units to provide a minimum number of licensed operators and senior operators on shift at all times to respond to normal and emergency conditions (10 CFR 50.54(m)). This rule was created in the aftermath of the accident at Three Mile Island Nuclear Generating Station (TMI) to ensure that operating nuclear power units were adequately staffed with licensed personnel. The control room staffing levels in 10 CFR 50.54(m) are the result of a number of studies and investigations conducted by the NRC, the industry, and other groups, as well as the recommended changes in the numbers, qualifications, and organization of nuclear power plant personnel. Before the TMI accident, NRC regulations only required the presence of a licensed senior operator at the facility or readily

available on call during operation and an operator or senior operator present at the controls at all times during operation.

The control room staffing levels in 10 CFR 50.54(m) are based on the concept of operations for large light-water reactors (LLWRs) and could require too many or too few operators for a facility licensed under proposed Part 53, depending on that facility's design, concept of operations, and workload levels for licensed operators. NUREG-1791 provides a process for systematically reviewing and assessing requests for exemptions from the licensed operator staffing requirements contained in 10 CFR 50.54(m) by licensees of nuclear power plants licensed under 10 CFR Part 50, "Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities," or 10 CFR Part 52, "Licenses, Certifications, and Approvals for Nuclear Power Plants." The purpose of the NRC staff's review using NUREG-1791 is to ensure public health and safety by verifying that the applicant's staffing plan and supporting analyses sufficiently justify the requested exemption.

Under Frameworks A and B of Part 53, staffing plans must meet the requirements in 10 CFR 53.730(f), as opposed to 10 CFR 50.54(m). The regulation at 10 CFR 53.730(f) provides a performance-based requirement that involves human factors engineering-based analyses and assessments to determine a safe level of staffing. Consequently, NUREG-1791 provides an appropriate framework for reviewing staffing plans submitted to meet the relevant proposed Part 53 requirements, as it provides a systemic method for evaluating a wide variety of proposals. To clarify how the methodology described in NUREG-1791 can be used to demonstrate compliance with 10 CFR 53.730(f), the staff developed this ISG to augment NUREG-1791 for the purpose of reviewing Part 53 staffing plans. The goal of such reviews is to ensure that the design and operational characteristics for a commercial nuclear plant licensed under Part 53 are appropriately considered in evaluations of proposed minimum staffing levels.

The goal of the Part 53 rulemaking effort is to develop the regulatory infrastructure to support the licensing of commercial nuclear plants. The NRC is in the process of developing the rule language for Part 53, and this ISG is subject to change based on the outcome of that rulemaking. Key documents related to the Part 53 rulemaking, including proposed rule language and stakeholder comments, can be found at [Regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov) under Docket ID NRC-2019-0062.

## **RATIONALE**

The current review guidance related to staffing requirements is specifically for requests for exemptions from the licensed operator staffing requirements contained in 10 CFR 50.54(m) by licensees of nuclear power plants licensed under 10 CFR Part 50 or 10 CFR Part 52. It may not fully (or efficiently) provide a technology-inclusive, risk-informed, and performance-based review approach for other reactor technologies or identify the information NRC staff should ensure is included in an application. The development of new guidance to support staff readiness to perform consistent and predictable licensing reviews of Part 53 commercial nuclear plants is warranted.

## **APPLICABILITY**

The guidance in this ISG would be limited to the NRC staff review of staffing plans for commercial nuclear plants submitted under Part 53 that are subject to the provisions of proposed 10 CFR 53.760–53.795 (i.e., plants with operators with specific operators' licenses to manipulate a control of a facility). Guidance for the review of staffing plans for facilities that meet the criteria for generally licensed reactor operators is not within the scope of this document, though portions of this ISG (e.g., engineering expertise) may be adapted for the review of these staffing plans.

## **GUIDANCE**

### **Organization of the Interim Staff Guidance**

This document presents guidance that augments NUREG-1791 for the purpose of NRC staff reviews of staffing plans for commercial nuclear plants submitted under Part 53; all references to NUREG-1791 throughout this document refer to the stated 2005 edition. This ISG is presented in an order and format that aligns with NUREG-1791, adding or modifying each review section. It is meant to be used in conjunction with NUREG-1791. The ISG directs the reviewer when to refer to NUREG-1791 for review instructions or information and when to use the instructions and information in the ISG.

### **Abstract, Forward, and Executive Summary to NUREG-1791**

The “Abstract,” “Foreword,” and “Executive Summary” sections of NUREG-1791 present background and general information relevant to all power reactor licensees or applicants for an operating license under 10 CFR Part 50 and 10 CFR Part 52. For Part 53 applications, the staff can use the information in these sections of NUREG-1791 with the understanding that wherever the term “exemption request” appears, it can be interpreted to mean “staffing plan submittal,” as appropriate.

# PART I INTRODUCTION

## 1. OVERVIEW OF THE GUIDANCE DOCUMENT

### 1.1 Purpose and Scope

The following text replaces section 1.1 of NUREG-1791, “Guidance for Assessing Exemption Requests from the Nuclear Power Plant Licensed Operator Staffing Requirements Specified in 10 CFR 50.54(m),” issued July 2005, in its entirety.

The purpose of this document is to provide the staff of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) with a process for evaluating staffing plans submitted to meet the requirements specified in Title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (10 CFR) 53.730(f). This guidance provides a flexible review process and a set of systematic methods that the NRC staff can use to evaluate a wide range of staffing plans that may be submitted under 10 CFR Part 53, “Risk-Informed, Technology-Inclusive Regulatory Framework for Commercial Nuclear Plants” (Part 53). The NRC staff will review such plans submitted for Part 53 applications and supporting analyses to determine whether the proposed minimum staffing levels will be sufficient to provide assurance that plant safety functions can be maintained across all modes of plant operations.

### 1.2 Background

The following text replaces NUREG-1791, section 1.2, in its entirety.

The introduction of new reactor designs and the increased use of advanced automation in existing nuclear power plants will likely change the roles, responsibilities, composition, and size of the crews required to control plant operations. The design features and concepts of operations for new generations of reactors, as well as the introduction of new automated or digital systems into existing plants, may lead to changes to the roles and numbers of staff needed to safely operate the plant. For the purposes of this guidance document, the term *concept of operations* defines the goals and expectations for the facility and establishes the high-level considerations to address as the detailed design evolves. A human factors engineering (HFE)-focused concept of operations should address the following areas:

- facility missions (plant goals)
- agents’ roles and responsibilities<sup>1</sup>
- staffing, qualifications, and training
- management of normal operations
- management of off-normal conditions and emergencies
- management of maintenance and modifications
- management of tests, inspections, and surveillances

The NRC developed NUREG-1791 to assist the staff in evaluating requests for exemptions from 10 CFR 50.54(m), which contains control room staffing requirements based upon the concept of operations for LLWRs in plants licensed under 10 CFR Part 50, “Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities,” or 10 CFR Part 52, “Licenses, Certifications, and

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<sup>1</sup> The roles and responsibilities of operating personnel and automation (or any combination thereof) that are responsible for completing plant functions.

Approvals for Nuclear Power Plants.” The guidance in this ISG augments that provided in NUREG-1791, giving the NRC staff a similar methodology for evaluating staffing plans submitted under Part 53.

**1.1 Impact of New Technologies on the Roles and Responsibilities of Licensed Personnel**

This section of NUREG-1791 is applicable as written.

**1.2 Limitations of the Current Regulatory Structure**

This section can be used for reference, as it provides background information about the prescriptive staffing requirements for LLWRs.

**1.3 Implications for the Review of Exemption Requests [Staffing Plans]**

This section of NUREG-1791 is used by substituting the term “exemption request” with the term “staffing plan.”

**1.4 Applicability**

This section of NUREG-1791 is not applicable to this ISG.

**1.5 Organization of the Guidance**

This section of NUREG-1791 is applicable as written.

## **2. OVERVIEW OF THE REVIEW PROCESS**

The overview of the review process provided in NUREG-1791, including figure 2, “The Exemption Request Review Process,” is applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with the term “staffing plan.”

# PART II

## EVALUATION OF STAFFING PLAN SUBMITTAL

### 1. REVIEW THE STAFFING PLAN SUBMITTAL

#### 1.1 Discussion

NUREG-1791, section 1.1, is applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with the term “staffing plan submittal.”

#### 1.1.1 **Scope of the Staffing Plan**

The following text replaces NUREG-1791, section 1.1.1, in its entirety.

The applicant’s staffing plan should include information about the following:

- composition of the minimum shift complement of personnel controlling the plant, including number of licensed and nonlicensed operators and their positions and qualifications
- number of units controlled per control room or alternative location(s)
- number of units for which a licensed operator or senior operator is responsible<sup>2</sup>
- responsibilities of the staff controlling the plant, including any combination of responsibilities for operations, maintenance, radiological protection, chemistry, fire brigade, engineering, security, refueling, fuel handling, and emergency response
- the numbers, positions, and responsibilities of support personnel in the areas of plant operations, equipment surveillance and maintenance, radiological protection, chemistry control, fire brigades, engineering, security, and emergency response
- definitions of operating modes and how operating mode affects the minimum shift complement
- a description of how units are controlled during operation, including which operator positions are present at the controls
- a description of how the plant is monitored during operation, including portable monitoring devices that allow responsible personnel to monitor plant parameters from either outside the control room or off site
- details of how engineering expertise will be available to the on-shift operating personnel, in accordance with 10 CFR 53.730(f)(1)

The applicant’s staffing plan should address the following, if relevant:

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<sup>2</sup> Operators specifically licensed under 10 CFR 53.760–53.795 may also be referred to as “reactor operators” and “senior reactor operators.”

- the definition of new operational functions not traditionally assigned to licensed operators at LLWRs
- control of operations at multiple sites from one control room

As part of the staffing plan submittal, the applicant should define any new terminology or operational concepts not addressed in Part 53. If the intent or basis for new terminology or operational concepts is not clear, the staff should request clarification from the applicant.

### **1.1.2 Information Completeness**

This section of NUREG-1791 is applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with the term “staffing plan.”

### **1.2 Applicant Submittals**

This section of NUREG-1791 is applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with the term “staffing plan submittal” and deleting the following element from the list of what the applicant should submit with the staffing plan: “a description of the specific aspects of 10 CFR 50.54(m) from which an exemption is requested.”

### **1.3 Review Criteria**

The following text replaces NUREG-1791, section 1.3, in its entirety.

The reviewer should ensure that each of the following criteria has been met:

- Confirm that exemptions from other related regulations are either unnecessary or have been appropriately identified and described by the applicant. If additional exemptions are required that have not been identified by the applicant, the applicant should be informed and the reviewer should discuss the issue with their management and the project manager.
- Confirm that that the scope of the staffing plan includes information about the minimum shift complement of personnel controlling the plant, including number of licensed and nonlicensed operators and their positions, qualifications, and responsibilities, including how many units each operator controls or monitors.
- Confirm that the scope of the staffing plan includes information about how engineering expertise will be available to the on-shift operating personnel, including details of the position such as location, expected response time, access to plant status information and methods of communication.
- Confirm that the terms used in the submittal are fully defined.
- Confirm that adequate data and information have been submitted to meet the data requirements for the remainder of the review.



## 1.4 Additional Resources

The following text replaces NUREG-1791, section 1.4, in its entirety.

The following regulations and guidance should be considered:

- 10 CFR 53.725(c), which provides definitions for automation, auxiliary operator, generally licensed reactor operator, controls, operator, and senior operator
- 10 CFR 53.730(f), which contains requirements for the staffing plan submitted by a Part 53 applicant or licensee
- 10 CFR 53.740(c), which states that, “except as provided under § 53.735, the facility licensee may not permit the manipulation of the controls of a commercial nuclear plant by anyone who is not an operator or senior operator or generally licensed reactor operator, as appropriate”
- 10 CFR 53.740(d), which states that “Facility licensees for interaction-dependent-mitigation facilities that have not yet certified the permanent cessation of operations and permanent removal of fuel from the reactor vessel as described under § 53.1070 must designate senior operators to be responsible for supervising the licensed activities of operators.”
- 10 CFR 53.740(e), which states that “Apparatus and mechanisms other than controls, the operation of which may affect the reactivity or power level of a reactor, must be manipulated only while plant conditions are being monitored by an individual who is an operator or senior operator or a generally licensed reactor operator, as appropriate”
- 10 CFR 53.740(h), which states that “facility licensees may take reasonable action that departs from a license condition or a technical specification (contained in a license issued under this part) in an emergency when this action is immediately needed to protect the public health and safety and no action consistent with license conditions and technical specifications that can provide adequate or equivalent protection is immediately apparent. Such facility licensee action must be approved, as a minimum, by a senior operator or a generally licensed reactor operator, as applicable, or, after certifying the permanent cessation of operations and permanent removal of fuel from the reactor vessel as described under §§ 53.1070 by a certified fuel handler, senior operator, or generally licensed reactor operator, as applicable, prior to taking the action”
- 10 CFR 53.780(b), which provides the licensed operator and senior licensed operator initial examination requirements
- “Commission Policy Statement on Engineering Expertise on Shift,” published in the *Federal Register* (50 FR 43621) on October 28, 1985, which provides information about the use of a shift technical advisor (STA)—an STA position is not required for Part 53 staffing plans, but the policy statement provides information about engineering expertise on shift
- The Commission policy statement titled “Education for Senior Reactor Operators and

Shift Supervisors at Nuclear Power Plants,” published in the *Federal Register* (54 FR 33639) on August 15, 1989, which provides information about the background of the engineering expertise requirement in 10 CFR 53.730(f)(1)

- NUREG-0800, “Standard Review Plan,” Sections 13.1.2–13.1.3, “Operating Organization,” which contains acceptance criteria for evaluating staffing plans at LLWRs that the staff should consider when reviewing Part 53 staffing plans; the staff should consider how the following attributes of a staffing plan may or may not be necessary to ensure that plant safety functions can be maintained by the proposed staffing plan:
  - Acceptance Criterion C.1: A shift supervisor with a senior operator’s license, who is also a member of the station supervisory staff, is on site at all times when at least one unit is loaded with fuel.
  - Acceptance Criterion C.2: An auxiliary operator (nonlicensed) is assigned to the control room when a reactor is operating.
  - Acceptance Criterion C.6: The assignment, stationing, and relief of operators and senior operators within the control room is as described in Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.114, “Guidance to Operators at the Controls and to Senior Operators in the Control Room of a Nuclear Power Unit.”
  - Acceptance Criterion D: Staffing plans include total complements of licensed personnel of no less than that required by five shift rotations.
- NUREG/CR-6838, “Technical Basis for Regulatory Guidance for Assessing Exemption Requests from the Nuclear Power Plant Licensed Operator Staffing Requirements Specified in 10 CFR 50.54(m),” which provides the technical basis for the guidance presented in NUREG-1791 and this ISG

## **2. REVIEW THE CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS**

### **2.1–2.4**

The review steps and criteria of NUREG-1791, sections 2.1–2.4, are applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with “staffing plan” and adding the following items to the list in section 2.2:

- load-following operations
- refueling operations

If available at the time of this review, the staff should review the characterization of the facility performed by the HFE reviewer in accordance with appendix A.2 to DRO-ISG-2023-03, “Development of Scalable Human Factors Engineering Review Plans.” The characterization provides an overview of key considerations for the staff’s review of HFE program elements, including staffing and qualifications. Likewise, if the staffing plan review yields insights not in the characterization of the facility, the characterization may need to be revised.

Additionally, in section 2.4, the current version of NUREG-0711, “Human Factors Engineering Program Review Model,” and DRO-ISG-2023-03 should be used as an additional resource.

### **3. REVIEW THE OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS**

#### **3.1–3.3**

The review steps of NUREG-1791, sections 3.1–3.3, are applicable by substituting the terms “exemption,” “exemption request,” or “exemptions to 10 CFR 50.54(m)” with “staffing plan” or “staffing plan submittal” as they relate to a staffing plan submitted by an applicant under 10 CFR 53.730(f).

The applicant should analyze the full range of operational conditions that the personnel in the staffing plan will be expected to manage.

#### **3.4 Additional Resources**

The additional resources in NUREG-1791, section 3.4, are applicable with the addition of the following:

- NUREG-0711: *Human Factors Engineering Program Review Model*, Section 11.4.1 Sampling of Operational Conditions, (NRC, 2012) [in lieu of previous versions listed]
- NUREG-0800: *Standard Review Plan*, Chapter 18, Revision 3 (NRC, 2016), Attachment B, *Methodology to Assess the Workload of Challenging Operational Conditions In Support of Minimum Staffing Level Reviews*, Section 1, Identify Challenging Operating Conditions

### **4. REVIEW OPERATING EXPERIENCE**

#### **4.1–4.3**

The review steps of NUREG-1791, sections 4.1–4.3, are applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with “staffing plan” and replacing the seventh bullet in section 4.3 with the following:

- The applicant has identified the risk-important or safety-significant human actions associated with existing plants, systems, or relevant technologies that could potentially impact the staffing plan, if approved.

#### **4.4 Additional Resources**

The additional resources in NUREG-1791, section 4.4, are applicable with the addition of the following:

- NUREG-0711: *Human Factors Engineering Program Review Model*, Section 3, “Operating Experience Review” (NRC, 2012) [in lieu of previous versions listed]

## **5. REVIEW THE FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS AND FUNCTION ALLOCATION**

### **5.1–5.4**

The review steps, review criteria, and additional resources of NUREG-1791, sections 5.1–5.4, are applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with “staffing plan.” The reviewer should refer to the current revision of NUREG-0711 instead of Revision 2 (2004).

## **6. REVIEW THE TASK ANALYSIS**

### **6.1–6.2**

The review steps of NUREG-1791, sections 6.1–6.2, are applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with “staffing plan.” In addition, reviewers can use the guidance in NUREG-0800, “Standard Review Plan for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants: LWR Edition,” chapter 18, “Human Factors Engineering,” Revision 3, issued December 2016, attachment B, “Methodology to Assess the Workload of Challenging Operational Conditions in Support of Minimum Staffing Level Reviews,” to assess high-workload scenarios during the task analysis phase of HFE design. The results from this type of task analysis can be used to support the staffing and qualification analysis.

### **6.1 Review Criteria**

The following replaces NUREG-1791, section 6.3, in its entirety.

The reviewer should ensure that each of the following criteria has been met:

- The set of tasks identified as applicable to the staffing plan analysis is complete and appropriately characterized.
- The task performance requirements for key tasks were identified.
- The tasks for each licensed operator position were identified and characterized.
- The data analyses were performed using appropriate parameters and methods.
- The assumptions and estimates used in conducting the analyses were documented and appropriate.

### **6.2 Additional Resources**

The additional resources listed in NUREG-1791, section 6.4, are applicable with the addition of Regulatory Information Letter 2020-07, “Cognitive Task Analysis: Technical Basis and Guidance Development,” dated April 1, 2022. The reviewer should refer to the current revision of NUREG-0711 instead of Revision 2 (2004).

## **7. REVIEW THE JOB DEFINITIONS**

## 7.1 Discussion

The following replaces NUREG-1791, section 7.1, in its entirety.

The purpose of the job definition review is to confirm that the applicant has established clear and rational job definitions for the personnel who will be responsible for controlling the plant and maintaining plant safety functions. For an existing plant in which new systems and strategies will be implemented, the purpose of the review is to ensure that the applicant has retained clear and rational job definitions for control personnel. A *job* is defined as the group of tasks and functions that are assigned to a personnel position. A *job definition* specifies the responsibilities, authorities, knowledge, skills, and abilities that the applicant has determined are necessary to perform the tasks and functions assigned to a job.

The applicant should provide the job definition for each position in the staffing plan. For example, the applicant could describe the functions and tasks of the on-shift supervisor position, including their responsibilities for coordinating and overseeing the activities of reactor operators and executing the emergency plan.

A new job could be created that has no analogue in an existing plant or under the Part 53 regulations. As a hypothetical example, a specialist job could be created in which an individual is uniquely trained and qualified to troubleshoot the software that supports new systems or new human-system interfaces (HSIs), and to assume control if the systems fail and backups must be used.

A job may consist of conflicting interrelated responsibilities and authorities. A classic example of conflicting responsibilities would be a senior operator in a traditional control room, who is charged with maintaining an overview of operational conditions. Assigning responsibilities for operating the plant could compromise their ability to maintain “the big picture.” In the past, conflicting responsibilities have included responsibilities for taking control actions or responding to information requests from personnel outside of the control room. The reviewer should ensure that the applicant’s job definitions appropriately prioritize the responsibilities of each job and do not incorporate role conflicts that affect plant safety or the ability to prioritize maintaining plant safety functions.

An important aspect of the job definition review is to ensure that the qualifications necessary for each job are delineated. The qualifications consist of the knowledge, skills, and abilities/aptitudes (KSAs) an individual must possess to meet the performance criteria established for the tasks assigned to the job. The information derived from the function and task analyses should provide a basis for identifying the KSAs for each job. The job definition review will be necessary for each job described in the staffing plan.

The Part 53 staffing requirement for engineering expertise replaces the traditional STA job (10 CFR Part 50 and 10 CFR Part 52) with a more flexible requirement for technical assistance to be available to the on-shift operating crew if they encounter a situation not covered by training or procedures. The original purpose of the STA, in the aftermath of the accident at TMI Unit 2, was to improve the ability of the on-shift operating crew to recognize, diagnose, and effectively respond to plant transients and abnormal conditions. With an increased reliance on automation and passive safety features, the staff expects that reactors licensed under Part 53 will have very

few (if any) risk-significant operator actions during plant transients and abnormal events. The purpose of this requirement is for a qualified person to provide on-shift operators technical support if a situation arises that is not covered by operator training or operating procedures.

The staff considered the function of the traditional STA role and Commission policies for on-shift education and engineering expertise when creating this requirement, which offers flexibilities for providing such expertise. For example, the engineering expertise requirement could be met by personnel serving in a dual-role capacity as part of the on-shift operating crew as a senior operator, or, if applicable, as a generally licensed reactor operator, on the unit(s) to which they are assigned. This is similar to the dual STA/senior reactor operator model at operating LLWRs licensed under 10 CFR Part 50 or 10 CFR Part 52.

The Part 53 requirement for engineering expertise is aligned with Commission policy for “Education for Senior Reactor Operators and Shift Supervisors at Nuclear Power Plants” (54 FR 33639), in which the Commission acknowledged the potential for situations to arise that are not covered by training or operating procedures, and therefore there is a “need for some individuals on each nuclear power plant operating shift who have an innate understanding of the systems-level performance of a nuclear power plant” and “knowledge of scientific and engineering fundamentals and the basic scientific principles that govern the behavior of electrical, mechanical and other engineering systems.” This kind of knowledge is acquired from an academic degree program in a technical discipline. Individuals with technical degrees can use their in-depth knowledge when called upon to assess the causes of a novel incident and determine the appropriate response.

Personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement should maintain an appropriate level of awareness of plant status at an interval that allows them to provide accurate technical assistance to the on-shift operating personnel. They should be aware of equipment that is out of service and major plant evolutions and either attend important shift turnovers and briefs or be able to access the relevant information that would be included in those activities. Personnel assigned to the job use engineering expertise and knowledge of a plant’s design and operation to assess abnormal events and can advise the on-shift operators on courses of action to take to maintain plant safety functions. During an actual accident event, the engineer could support the operators until the emergency response organization is staffed and additional resources are available to assist with event response, mitigation, and recovery.

## **7.2 Applicant Submittals**

The review steps of NUREG-1791, section 7.2, are applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with “staffing plan.” The first item in the list of applicant submittals, for a description of the scope and impacts, does not apply to this type of staffing plan review and can be removed from the list of applicant submittals. Additionally, use the instructions below for reviewing an applicant’s submittal for the job of fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement.

The applicant should submit a description of how engineering expertise will be available to the on-shift operating personnel during all plant conditions. The description should include the following details:

- education and experience prerequisites for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement
- scope of the training program for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise

requirement

- responsibilities for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement, including expectations for maintaining awareness of plant status
- location and expected response time of personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement, including how the facility licensee plans to determine that the response time is adequate
- if personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement will be responsible for more than one plant facility at a time, the number, location, and design of reactors (or plant facilities) assigned to personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement
- primary and backup communication method(s) between on-shift operating personnel and personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement
- data and display(s) available to personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement, including the data refresh rate
- how reliability and integrity for the data and communications are maintained
- how tasks, data displays, and communication methods for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement were or will be validated to be adequate to support these personnel in performing their duties to be sufficient for their intended purpose (e.g., results from human factors validation tests that show the HSI is adequate)

### **7.3 Review Criteria**

The following replaces NUREG-1791, section 7.3, in its entirety.

The reviewer should be able to confirm that each of the following criteria has been met:

- Applicable data from the concept of operations, operational conditions, operating experience, functional requirements analysis and function allocation, and task analysis support the roles and responsibilities assigned to each job in the staffing plan.
- The KSA analysis is complete, and the KSAs are consistent with the qualifications required for each job identified in the staffing plan.
- Coherent job descriptions exist for each position included as a part of the staffing plan.
- The job definitions for control personnel who will work in crews are coordinated.
- The applicant's staffing plan adequately accounts for how engineering expertise will be available to the on-shift operating personnel during all plant conditions. Specifically, the reviewer should confirm the following:
  - Education and experience prerequisites for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement, at a minimum, meet the requirements of 10 CFR 53.730(f)(1)(i)–(ii).
  - To meet the requirements of 10 CFR 53.830(c), the training and qualification

program for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement must be derived from a systems approach to training, as defined in 10 CFR 53.725(c). The initial training program for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement is derived from a systems approach to training and includes at a minimum the following:

- o general plant orientation
  - o generic fundamentals (i.e., math, physics, thermodynamics, component design, reactor theory, and chemical theory topics that are of specific relevance to the operation of the specific commercial nuclear plant)
  - o plant systems
  - o conduct of operations
  - o operating procedures and their bases
  - o integrated plant operations
  - o analysis of transient events and accidents
  - o mitigating core damage
  - o lessons learned from operating experience
- Training course design should incorporate a simulation facility for training on conduct of operations, integrated plant operations, and event analysis, when the facility licensee must maintain a simulation facility.
  - The applicant has allocated responsibilities for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement that do not conflict with the command-and-control structure of the on-shift crew. Personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement consult and advise control personnel on appropriate actions but do not direct actions or manipulate plant equipment unless they are also fulfilling a concurrent operational role that would separately authorize them to do so.
  - Data, data refresh rate, and display(s) are adequate for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement.
  - If located off site, personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement have access to the same suite of displays or a similar set of data that is available to the on-shift crew and can respond to requests for assistance in timely manner (not to exceed 10 minutes).
  - If located on site, personnel fulfilling the engineer expertise requirement can arrive within 10 minutes to the location of the on-shift crew to provide technical assistance.
  - Multiple people may be assigned to provide engineering expertise to a given facility at the same time, as long as the other criteria are met.



- If one person is assigned to provide engineering expertise to multiple facilities at the same time, the facilities are of the same or similar design type, and the engineer is capable of identifying and assessing any relevant differences between sites. The applicant has performed an analysis of workload and situational awareness for this organizational structure with adequate results. The applicant should consider any impact to response time and effectiveness when assigning one person to provide engineering expertise to multiple facilities in different geographic regions.
- There are reliable primary and backup methods of communication between on-shift crew and personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement. The primary and backup communication methods are sufficiently diverse to reduce the likelihood of being rendered unavailable simultaneously by the same event.
- Appropriate controls will be maintained to ensure the integrity of the data and communications.
- Tasks, data displays, and communication methods for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement were, or will be, validated.

#### **7.4 Additional Resources**

The following list of resources replaces NUREG-1791, section 7.4, in its entirety.

- *Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, "Energy," Section 53.830, "Training and Qualification of Commercial Nuclear Plant Personnel,"* which requires, in part, that the training program for personnel fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement is derived from a systems approach to training, as defined in 10 CFR 53.725
- NUREG-0711: *Human Factors Engineering Program Review Model*, Revision 6, Section 6, Staffing and Qualifications, and Section 10, Training Program Development (NRC, 2012)
- NUREG-1122: *Knowledge and Abilities Catalog for Nuclear Power Plant Operators: Pressurized Water Reactors* (NRC, 2020)
- NUREG-1123: *Knowledge and Abilities Catalog for Nuclear Power Plant Operators: Boiling Water Reactors* (NRC, 2020)
- DRO-ISG-2023-01: *Operator Licensing Programs*
- RG 1.149: *Nuclear Power Plant Simulation Facilities for Use in Operator License Examinations*, Revision 2 (NRC, 1996)
- RG 1.8: *Qualification and Training of Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants*, Revision 3 (NRC, 2000)
- RG 1.114: *Guidance to Operators at the Controls and to Senior Operators in the Control Room of a Nuclear Power Unit*, Revision 2 (NRC, 1989)

- SECY-21-0039: *Elimination of the Shift Technical Advisor for the NuScale Design* (NRC, 2021)

## **8. REVIEW THE STAFFING PLAN**

### **8.1 Discussion**

NUREG-1791, section 8.1, is applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with the term “staffing plan.”

### **8.2 Applicant Submittals**

The following replaces NUREG-1791, section 8.2, in its entirety.

The staffing plan submitted should include the following elements:

- the set of operational conditions considered for the staffing plan
- the proposed staffing levels, shift composition, and shift schedules for the identified operational conditions
- a description of integrated staff roles across shifts and operational conditions and how they support the staffing plan level
- identification of the types of substitutions allowed within each position, given the concept of operations (for example, a licensed senior operator who is qualified to do so may stand in as the person fulfilling the engineering expertise requirement)
- expected travel time or response times for control personnel who need to move to new locations (e.g., home to the plant or office) or provide other support (e.g., to log in to system control computers from home or a different corporate location), when applicable
- a description of how the staffing plan relates to the larger plant staffing and the support roles that control personnel may play in the larger staffing context
- a description of any allowances for temporary deviations from the proposed minimum staffing levels
- a description of the position(s) and qualifications of individuals who are assigned responsibility for overall plant operation at all times there is fuel in any unit
- a description of how key plant parameters are monitored and how the reactor is controlled during operation
- a description of how plant safety functions are monitored
- a description of how 10 CFR 53.740(g)(1) is met

- a description of how engineering expertise will be available to the on-shift operating personnel during all plant conditions
- a description of any additional roles and responsibilities that control personnel have while on shift
- applicable supporting data from the concept of operations, the set of operational conditions considered, the functional requirements analysis and function allocation, task analysis, job definitions, and the operating experience review

### **8.3 Review Criteria**

The following replaces section 8.3 in its entirety.

The review should be able to ensure that each of the following criteria has been met:

- The set of operational conditions identified as applicable to the staffing plan is complete and representative of the staffing plan for the design that exists at the time of staffing plan validation.
- The staffing plan will provide an adequate number of qualified personnel to operate the plant safely and maintain plant safety functions under the operational conditions considered.
- Roles and responsibilities are integrated across shifts and among personnel.
- Travel and response times are adequate for maintaining the safety of the plant.
- The staffing plan uses data from previous sections in a logical, rational manner.
- The staffing plan adequately accounts for how engineering expertise will be available to the on-shift operating personnel during all plant conditions.

### **8.4 Additional Resources**

The resources in NUREG-1791, section 8.4, are applicable.

## **9. REVIEW OF ADDITIONAL DATA AND ANALYSES**

The information in NUREG-1791, section 9, is applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with “staffing plan.”

## **10. REVIEW THE STAFFING PLAN VALIDATION**

### **10.1–10.4**

The review steps, review criteria, and additional resources of NUREG-1791, sections 10.1–10.4, are applicable by substituting the term “exemption request” with “staffing plan,” and the reviewer should refer to the current revision of NUREG-0711 instead of Revision 2 (2004). The following additional resources should be considered:

- DRO-ISG-2023-03, as a resource for alternative validation methods and review criteria
- NUREG-0800, chapter 18, Revision 3 (NRC, 2016), attachment B, “Methodology to Assess the Workload of Challenging Operational Conditions In Support of Minimum Staffing Level Reviews,” section 1, “Identify Challenging Operating Conditions”

## **11. DETERMINE THE ACCEPTABILITY OF THE STAFFING PLAN**

The following replaces NUREG-1791, section 11, in its entirety.

In this step, the NRC staff must make a final decision regarding the acceptability of the staffing plan. The decision will be based on the aggregate findings from the previous steps of the review. The reviewer should be able to satisfactorily answer the following questions regarding the acceptability of the staffing plan:

- Was sufficient justification provided that the following components support the acceptability of the staffing plan:
  - concept of operations
  - operational conditions
  - operating experience
  - functional requirements analyses and function allocation (or reallocation)
  - task analyses
  - job definitions
  - staffing plan
  - additional supporting data and analyses
  - verification and validation of the staffing plan
- Were the range and combination of operational conditions considered by the applicant appropriate and adequate?
- Were the data analyses performed using appropriate parameters and methods?
- Were the assumptions and estimates used in conducting the analyses documented and appropriate?
- Will acceptance of the staffing plan provide reasonable assurance that plant safety functions can be maintained?
- Are minimum staffing requirements implemented through sufficient administrative controls (e.g., technical specifications, the design certification, or a change control process)?
- Are there any exemptions (pending or approved) from the regulations in Part 53 that may affect the acceptability of the staffing plan?

The reviewer should prepare a summary of the overall findings along with the determination of the acceptability of the staffing plan. If the reviewer determines that there is insufficient evidence

to support the staffing plan, they should identify the limitations of the submittals and the further analyses, data, or changes in the staffing plan that are needed.

## APPENDIX A REVIEW CHECKLISTS

Appendix A to NUREG-1791 does not apply to the review of Part 53 staffing plans, although it may be augmented in the future to do so.

## APPENDIX B GLOSSARY

Appendix B to NUREG-1791 is replaced with the following proposed list of terms and definitions for use in a Part 53 staffing plan review using this ISG. The staff will update this appendix as key terms needing definition are identified or revised as the staff works to produce the preliminary proposed rule language, delivers the proposed rule to the Commission, and develops and finalizes related guidance.

**Algorithm:** A step-by-step procedure for solving a problem or accomplishing some task through a process, especially using a computer.

**Automation:** A device or system that (partially or fully) accomplishes a function or task.

**Auxiliary operator:** Staff of a commercial nuclear plant (or facility) who operate plant components but are not required to be licensed under the provisions of Part 53.

**Cognitive workload:** The degree to which a person's mental capabilities are taxed during the performance of the tasks that comprise their job.

**Computer-supported cooperative network:** The use of computers and electronic devices as media through which to communicate in real time.

**Concept of operations:** A description of the goals and expectations for the facility that establishes the high-level considerations to address as the detail design evolves.

**Controls:** With respect to a nuclear reactor, the apparatus and mechanisms that, when used, directly affect the reactivity or power level of the reactor.

**Control personnel:** Individuals licensed to manipulate controls that affect the reactivity or power level of a nuclear reactor, manipulate fuel, direct the activities of individuals so licensed or nonlicensed, or a combination of these.

**Exemption application:** A request for licensing that asks for an exemption from any of the requirements of Part 53.

**Function:** A process or activity that is required to achieve a desired goal.

**Function allocation:** The analysis of the requirements for plant control and the assignment of control functions to personnel or system elements or a combination of personnel or system elements.

**Functional requirements analysis:** The identification of functions that must be performed to prevent or mitigate the consequences of postulated accidents that could damage the plant or cause undue risk to public health and safety.

**Human reliability analysis:** The process of evaluating the potential for and mechanisms of human error that may affect plant safety.

**Human-system interface:** The part of a system through which personnel interact to perform their functions and tasks. In this document, “system” refers to a commercial nuclear plant. Major HSIs include alarms, information displays, controls, and job performance aids.

**Intelligent agent:** Any computer system that interacts with a human to assist in cognitive processing functions or, in some cases, initiate purposeful action(s) as a result of predictions related to the user’s goal (i.e., computer-supported decision-making).

**Integrated system validation:** An evaluation using performance-based tests to determine whether an integrated system design (i.e., hardware, software, and personnel elements) meets performance requirements and acceptably supports safe operation of the plant.

**Job:** A group of tasks that are assigned to a personnel position.

**Job definition:** The responsibilities, authorities, knowledge, skills, and abilities that are necessary to perform the tasks and functions assigned to a job.

**Light-water reactor:** A term used to describe reactors that use water that does not include deuterium as a coolant and neutron moderator.

**Licensed operator:** An individual licensed by the NRC as an operator or senior operator for a commercial nuclear plant licensed under Part 53.

**Load following:** A commercial nuclear plant automatically changing its generation of electricity to match expected electrical demand in response to externally originated instructions or signals.

**Model:** A representation of how a complex entity or system is structured and functions.

**Operator:** An individual licensed under the provisions of 10 CFR 53.760–795 to manipulate controls of a commercial nuclear plant.

**Operating experience review:** A review of relevant history from a plant’s ongoing collection, analysis, and documentation of operating experiences, including relevant experience from other plants or other industries.

**Passive safety feature:** Design characteristics that use natural forces, such as convection and gravity, which are less dependent on active systems and components (e.g., pumps and valves) to maintain plant safety.

**Performance-shaping factors:** Factors that influence human reliability through their effects on performance, including environmental conditions, HSI design, procedures, training, and supervision.

**Performance testing:** Testing conducted to verify a simulation facility's performance as compared to actual or predicted reference plant performance.

**Procedures:** Written instructions providing guidance to plant personnel for operating and maintaining the plant and for handling disturbances and emergency conditions.

**Reference plant:** The specific commercial nuclear plant on which a simulation facility's configuration, system control arrangement, and design data are based. The reference plant may or may not be actually constructed.

**Request for exemption:** An analogous term to exemption application (above).

**Senior operator:** An individual licensed under the provisions of 10 CFR 53.760–53.795 to manipulate controls of a commercial nuclear plant and to direct the licensed activities of operators.

**Shift composition:** The different types of jobs that must be filled on each shift and the number of personnel necessary for each of the jobs on a shift.

**Simulator (or simulation facility):** An interface designed to provide a realistic imitation of the operation of a facility, used for either conducting examinations for operator licensing or operator certification, for training, or to establish on-the-job training and experience prerequisites for operator licensing or operator certification eligibility.

**Systems approach to training:** A training program that includes the following five elements:

- (1) systematic analysis of the jobs to be performed
- (2) learning objectives derived from the analysis that describe desired performance after training
- (3) training design and implementation based on the learning objectives
- (4) evaluation of trainee mastery of the objectives during training
- (5) evaluation and revision of the training based on the performance of trained personnel in the job setting

**Situation/situational awareness:** An individual's mental model of what has happened, the current status of the system, and what will happen in the next brief time period.

**Task:** A group of related activities that have a common objective or goal.

**Task analysis:** The identification of requirements for accomplishing tasks (i.e., for specifying the requirements for the displays, data process, controls, and job aids needed to accomplish tasks).

**Validation:** The set of activities to ensure that a system can accomplish its intended use, goals, and objectives in the particular operational environment (see also “integrated system validation”).

**Verification:** The process by which the design is evaluated to determine whether it acceptably satisfies personnel task needs and HFE design guidance.

**Workload:** The physical and cognitive demands placed on plant personnel.

## **APPENDIX C REFERENCES**

Appendix C to NUREG-1791 will be replaced with a list of references applicable to the ISG. This appendix will be provided when the draft ISG is finalized.

### **IMPLEMENTATION**

The NRC staff will use this ISG to support the review of staffing plans submitted under 10 CFR 53.730(f). The NRC intends to incorporate feedback obtained during the public comment period for the Part 53 proposed rule and associated guidance into a final version of this ISG, which, if finalized, will be issued along with the Part 53 final rule.

### **BACKFITTING AND ISSUE FINALITY DISCUSSION**

DRO-ISG-2023-02, if finalized, will not constitute backfitting as defined under proposed 10 CFR 53.1590, “Backfitting,” and as described in Management Directive (MD) 8.4, “Management of Backfitting, Forward Fitting, Issue Finality, and Information Requests.” It would not constitute forward fitting, as that term is defined and described in MD 8.4 or affect the issue finality of any approval issued under proposed Part 53. The guidance will not apply to any current licensees or applicants or existing or requested approvals under proposed Part 53. Therefore its issuance cannot be a backfit or forward fit or affect issue finality. Further, applicants and licensees will not be required to comply with the positions set forth in this ISG.

### **CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW ACT**

Discussion to be provided in the final ISG.

### **PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT**

This ISG provides voluntary guidance for implementing the mandatory information collections in 10 CFR Part 53 that are subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et. seq.). These information collections were approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), under control number 3150-XXXX, respectively. Send comments regarding this information collection to the FOIA, Library, and Information Collections Branch (T6-A10M), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555 0001, or by e-mail to [Infocollects.Resource@nrc.gov](mailto:Infocollects.Resource@nrc.gov), and to the OMB Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: Desk Officer for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 725 17th Street, NW Washington, DC 20503.

### **PUBLIC PROTECTION NOTIFICATION**



The NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the document requesting or requiring the collection displays a currently valid OMB control number.

**FINAL RESOLUTION**

The NRC staff will transition the information and guidance in this ISG into the RG or NUREG series, as appropriate. Following the transition of all pertinent information and guidance in this document into the RG or NUREG series, or other appropriate guidance, this ISG will be closed.

## ACRONYMS

ADAMS	Agencywide Documents Access and Management System
CFR	<i>Code of Federal Regulations</i>
HFE	human factors engineering
HSI	human system interface
ISG	interim staff guidance
KSA	knowledge, skills, and abilities/aptitudes
LLWR	large light-water reactor
LWR	light-water reactor
MD	management directive
NRC	U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
NUREG	U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission technical report designation
NUREG/CR	contractor-prepared NUREG
RG	regulatory guide
SECY	Office of the Secretary
STA	shift technical advisor
TMI	Three Mile Island