

Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey for IRF

Instructions for this form are available at: http://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/forms/instr/TOI-57.151-IRF.pdf

*required for saving Tracking #: Facility ID: *Survey Year: **Facility Characteristics (completed by Infection Preventionist)** *Ownership (check one): ☐ For profit ☐ Not for profit, including church ☐ Government ☐ Veterans Affairs *Affiliation (check one): ☐ Hospital System ☐ Independent ☐ Multi-facility organization (specialty hospital network) *How would you describe your licensed inpatient rehabilitation facility? (check one) ☐ Free-standing ☐ Healthcare facility based In the previous calendar year, indicate the following counts for the Rehabilitation Facility: *Total number of rehab beds: *Average daily census: *Number of patient days: *Average length of stay: *Indicate the number of admissions with the primary diagnosis for each of the following rehabilitation categories (*must* sum to the total number of admissions listed below) a. Traumatic spinal cord dysfunction: b. Non-traumatic spinal cord dysfunction: c. Stroke: d. Brain dysfunction (non-traumatic or traumatic): e. Other neurologic conditions (for example, multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease, f. Orthopedic conditions (incl. fracture, joint replacement, other): g. All other admissions: *Total number of admissions: *Number of admissions on a ventilator: *Number of pediatric (≤ 18 years old) admissions: Facility Microbiology Laboratory Practices (completed with input from Microbiology Laboratory Lead) *1. Does your facility have its own on-site laboratory that performs antimicrobial ☐ Yes \square No bacterial susceptibility testing? Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that would permit identification of any individual or institution is collected with a guarantee that it will be held in strict confidence, will be used only for the purposes stated, and will not otherwise be disclosed or released without the consent of the individual, or the institution in accordance with Sections 304, 306 and 308(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC 242b, 242k, and 242m(d)). CDC 57.151 (Front). Rev 10, v13.0 Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 91 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering, and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this

burden to CDC, Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Rd., MS H21-8, Atlanta, GA 30333, ATTN: PRA (0920-0666)





	ctices (continued)		
1a. If No, where is your facility's	antimicrobial susceptibility testing p	erformed? (check one)	
☐ Affiliated medical center	☐ Commercial referral laboratory	☐ Other local/regional, no reference laboratory	on-affiliated
1b. If Yes, do you also send out	any antimicrobial susceptibility testi	ng (check one) ☐ Yes	□No
 *2. For Enterobacterales, Pseudom methods are used for: (1) Primary susceptibility testing (2) Secondary, supplemental, or 	-	·	e which
If your laboratory does not perfo	rm susceptibility testing, indicate the	methods used at the outside l	aboratory.
Use the testing codes listed below (1) Primary	w the table. (2) Secondary	Comments	
1 = Kirby-Bauer disk diffusion	4 = ThermoFiscer/Sensititre	7 = Gradient Diffusion Strip Etest, Liofilchem)	(e.g.
2 = bioMérieux/Vitek	5 = Beckman Coulter/MicroScan	8 = Send out test, method r	not known
			ommente
3 = BD Phoenix	6 = Selux Diagnostics	9 =Other (describe in the C section)	
	6 = Selux Diagnostics ndary/supplemental antimicrobial sus Tested	section)	
*3. Does either the primary or secon (check all that apply): Drug	ndary/supplemental antimicrobial sus Tested	section) sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	
*3. Does either the primary or second (check all that apply): Drug Cefiderocol	ndary/supplemental antimicrobial sus Tested	section) section) section)	
*3. Does either the primary or secon (check all that apply): Drug	ndary/supplemental antimicrobial sus Tested	section) sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	
*3. Does either the primary or second (check all that apply): Drug Cefiderocol Ceftazidime-Avibacta	ndary/supplemental antimicrobial sus Tested	section) sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	
*3. Does either the primary or second (check all that apply): Drug Cefiderocol Ceftazidime-Avibacta Ceftolozane-Tazobac	ndary/supplemental antimicrobial sus Tested	section) sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	
*3. Does either the primary or second (check all that apply): Drug Cefiderocol Ceftazidime-Avibacta Ceftolozane-Tazobac Eravacycline	Tested m	section) Sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	
*3. Does either the primary or second (check all that apply): Drug Cefiderocol Ceftazidime-Avibacta Ceftolozane-Tazobact Eravacycline Plazomicin	Tested m	section) Sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	
*3. Does either the primary or second (check all that apply): Drug Cefiderocol Ceftazidime-Avibacta Ceftolozane-Tazobacta Eravacycline Plazomicin Imipenem-Relebactar	Tested m	section) Sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	
*3. Does either the primary or second (check all that apply): Drug Cefiderocol Ceftazidime-Avibacta Ceftolozane-Tazobact Eravacycline Plazomicin Imipenem-Relebactar Meropenem-Vaborba	Tested m	section) Sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	
*3. Does either the primary or second (check all that apply): Drug Cefiderocol Ceftazidime-Avibacta Ceftolozane-Tazobac Eravacycline Plazomicin Imipenem-Relebactar Meropenem-Vaborba Aztreonam-Avibactan Sulbactam-Durlobacta *4. Has the laboratory implemented a. Third Generation Cephalosp	Tested Tested m	section) Sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	
*3. Does either the primary or second (check all that apply): Drug Cefiderocol Ceftazidime-Avibacta Ceftolozane-Tazobact Eravacycline Plazomicin Imipenem-Relebactar Meropenem-Vaborbat Aztreonam-Avibactant Sulbactam-Durlobactat *4. Has the laboratory implemented	Tested Tested m	section) Sceptibility testing (AST) include Not Tested	e the following



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	L HEALTHCARE Y NETWORK		e: 12/31/25 c.gov/nhsr
(c. Ertapenem breakpoints for <i>Enterobacterales</i> in 2012	□Yes	□ No
C	d. Carbapenem breakpoints for <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> in 2012	□Yes	□No
Facility	Microbiology Laboratory Practices (continued)		
•	e. Fluroquinolone breakpoints for <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> <u>in</u> 2019	□Yes	□ No
f	Fluroquinolone breakpoints for <i>Enterobacterales</i> in 2019	\square Yes	\square No
٤	g. Aminoglycoside breakpoints for Enterobacterales in 2023	\square Yes	\square No
ŀ	n. Aminoglycoside breakpoints for Pseudomonas aeruginosa in 2023	\square Yes	\square No
i	. Piperacillin-tazobactam breakpoints for Pseudomonas aeruginosa in 2023	\square Yes	\square No
j	. Piperacillin-tazobactam breakpoints for Enterobacterales in 2022	□Yes	□ No
r <u>-</u>	Does the laboratory test bacterial isolates for presence of a carbapenemase? (this does not include automated testing instrument expert rules) 5a. If Yes, indicate what is done if carbapenemase production is detected: (check one) Change susceptible carbapenem results to resistant Report carbapenem MIC results without an interpretation No changes are made in the interpretation of carbapenems, the test is used for epidemio infection control practices 5b. If Yes, which test is routinely performed to detect carbapenemase: (check all that apply)	☐ Yes	
	☐ Nucleic Acid Amplification ☐ mCIM/CIM ☐ NG-Test Carba-5 (or other		
	Test (PCR, Cepheid, etc.) lateral flow assay)		
	☐ Modified Hodge Test ☐ Carba NP ☐ Other		
*6. [Enterobacterales spp. □ Pseudomonas aeruginosa □ Acinetobacterales spp. □ Pseudomonas aeruginosa □ Acinetobacterales spo. □ Pseudomonas aeruginos	er bauma Intimicrol	a <i>nnii</i> bial
E	BioFire FilmArray, Luminex Verigene, etc.		
	□ Yes		
	□ No [if checked, skip questions 7 and 8]		
6	Ga. If Yes, which test panel(s) does your facility use? (check all that apply) □ Accelerate PhenoTest BC □ BioFire FilmArray BCID □ BioFire FilmArray BCID □ BioFire FilmArray BCID □ GenMark ePlex BCID-GP □ GenMark ePlex BCID-GP □ GenMark ePlex BCID-FP □ Luminex Verigene BC-GP □ Luminex Verigene □ MALDI-TOF MS directly from positive blood culture (e.g., SepsiTyper) □ MALDI-TOF MS based antimicrobial resistance detection □ T2Biosystems T2Bacteria □ T2Biosystems T2Candida □ T2Biosystems T2F	CID-GN BC-GN	ce



	Other Commercial Test(s) (Leave Comment)
	Other Laboratory Developed Test(s) (Leave Comment)
Facility Mic	robiology Laboratory Practices (continued)
	cenario where the <i>mecA</i> resistance marker and <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> are detected by rapid molecular g in a blood specimen, select the procedure(s) your facility conducts. (check one)
	Our laboratory does not perform <i>mecA</i> testing using rapid molecular methods. [If checked, skip question 7a.]
	Culture based phenotypic antimicrobial susceptibility testing is not performed. [If checked, skip question 7a.]
	Culture based phenotypic antimicrobial susceptibility testing is performed. A text indicating results of the corresponding rapid molecular testing and/or the interpretation of the rapid molecular testing result is added to the phenotypic test result.
	Culture based phenotypic antimicrobial susceptibility testing is performed. No text indicating corresponding rapid molecular testing and/or interpretation is added.
b	both rapid molecular and culture based phenotypic antimicrobial susceptibility testing are performed for a lood specimen to detect drug resistance in <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , and discordance is found between their esults, how are results reported? (check one)
	Further testing is not pursued. Results are reported separately.
	Further testing is not pursued. The phenotypic result is overridden by the rapid molecular test result when an antimicrobial resistance marker is detected.
	Further testing is performed to identify the reason for the discordance. Results are modified based on the further analysis.
	cenario where the <i>bla_{CTX-M}</i> (CTX-M) resistance marker and <i>Escherichia coli</i> are detected by rapid molecular g in a blood specimen, select the procedure(s) your facility conducts. (check one)
	Culture based phenotypic antimicrobial susceptibility testing is not performed. [If checked, skip question 8a.]
	Culture based phenotypic antimicrobial susceptibility testing is performed. A text indicating results of the corresponding rapid molecular testing and/or the interpretation of the rapid molecular testing result is added to the phenotypic test result.
	Culture based phenotypic antimicrobial susceptibility testing is performed. No text indicating corresponding rapid molecular testing and/or interpretation is added.
S	both rapid and culture based phenotypic antimicrobial susceptibility testing are performed for a blood pecimen to detect drug resistance in <i>Escherichia coli</i> and discordance is found between their results, how re results reported? (check one)
	Further testing is not pursued. Results are reported separately.





	Further testing is not pursued. The phe an antimicrobial resistance marker is d		esult is overridden by the rapid molecular test result when
			on for the discordance. Results are modified based on the
	further analysis.	the reaso	of the discordance. Results are modified based of the
- 111, 841		D.	
	biology Laboratory Practices (contin		allocted at your facility? (about one)
	is yeast identification performed for spe	cimens c	offected at your facility? (check one)
	On-site laboratory		
_	Affiliated medical center		
	,		
	Other local/regional, non-affiliated refe		·
	Yeast identification not available (spec affiliate/commercial/other laboratory) [I		east identification is not performed onsite or at any d, skip questions 10-14]
Answer questi	ions 10-14 for the laboratory that <u>peri</u>	forms yea	ast identification for your facility:
*10.Which	of the following methods are used for ye	east identi	ification? (check all that apply)
	DI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS)	☐ Micro	
□ MAL	.DI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper)		automated Manual Kit (for example, API 20C, RapID, rube, PNA-FISH, etc.)
☐ Vite			sequencing
	Phoenix	☐ Othe	r (specify):
*11.Does th	ne laboratory routinely use chromogenic	agar for	the identification or differentiation of <i>Candida</i> isolates?
□Yes	□ No	□Unkı	nown
*12.Candio	a isolated from which of the following bo	ody sites	are usually fully identified to the species level? (check all
that ap			
□ Bloc			Respiratory
		e, CSF)	Other (specify):
☐ Urin	e		☐ None are fully identified to the species level
*13.Does th	ne laboratory employ any PCR molecula	ar tests to	identify Candida from blood specimens?
□Yes	□ No	☐ Unkı	nown
13a.	If Yes, which PCR molecular tests are	used to id	dentify Candida from blood specimens?
	T2Candida Panel		
	BioFire BCID		
	GenMark ePlex BCID		
	Other, specify:		
□ 13b.	Unknown If yes and you get a positive result, does	es this lah	culture the blood to obtain an isolate?
	Yes, always		
_	, y -		



NHSN NATIONAL HEALTHCARE SAFETY NETWORK

l/regional, non-affiliate available (specifically, nercial/other laboratory ed) erforms AFST for y ty testing (AFST), exc	ens collected at your faci d reference laboratory AFST is not performed y) [if selected, skip ques your facility: cluding Amphotericin I	onsite or at any tions 15 -19]
l/regional, non-affiliate available (specifically, nercial/other laboratory ed) erforms AFST for y ty testing (AFST), exc	d reference laboratory AFST is not performed y) [if selected, skip ques	onsite or at any tions 15 -19]
l/regional, non-affiliate available (specifically, nercial/other laboratory ed) erforms AFST for y ty testing (AFST), exc	d reference laboratory AFST is not performed y) [if selected, skip ques	onsite or at any tions 15 -19]
l/regional, non-affiliate available (specifically, nercial/other laboratory ed) erforms AFST for y ty testing (AFST), exc	d reference laboratory AFST is not performed y) [if selected, skip ques	onsite or at any tions 15 -19]
l/regional, non-affiliate available (specifically, nercial/other laboratory ed) erforms AFST for y ty testing (AFST), exc	d reference laboratory AFST is not performed y) [if selected, skip ques	onsite or at any tions 15 -19]
erforms AFST for y ty testing (AFST), exc	AFST is not performed y) [if selected, skip ques	tions 15 -19]
ed) erforms AFST for y ty testing (AFST), except	y) [if selected, skip ques	tions 15 -19]
erforms AFST for y ty testing (AFST), exc	our facility:	
erforms AFST for y ty testing (AFST), exc	_	3? (check all that
ty testing (AFST), exc	_	3 ? (check all that
ty testing (AFST), exc	_	3 ? (check all that
	uaing Ampnotericin l	B? (check all that
harma Sciantitic IM	\square Gradient diff	usion (E test)
hermo Scientific™	□ Gradient din	usion (L test)
y):	☐ Unknown	
	•	all that apply)
•	☐ Gradient diffu	ısion (E test)
еспу):	Unknown	
ungal drugs? (check a	all that apply)	
	,	<u>!</u>
•	•	
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	with a Not performed	
atically Performed v	with a Not performed	
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atically Performed v	with a Not performed rder	d Unknown
atically Performed v	with a Not performed rder	Unknown
atically Performed v	with a rder Not performed	Unknown
atically Performed velinician's o	with a Not performed	d Unknown
	ity testing (AFST) of A e (Thermo Scientific™ ecify):	ity testing (AFST) of <i>Amphotericin B</i> ? (check e (Thermo Scientific™ ☐ Gradient diffusecify): ☐ Unknown ☐ Itraconazole ☐ Itraconazole ☐ Itraconazole ☐ Anidulafungin ☐ Anidulafungin ☐ Flucytosine





	Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin
	Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
	Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) (for example, PCR, LAMP)
	NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)
	Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-step algorithm)
	GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)
	GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results
	Toxigenic culture (C. difficile culture followed by detection of toxins)
	Other (specify):
Facility Micro	biology Laboratory Practices (continued)
*21.Which	of the following methods serve as the primary method used for bacterial identification at your facility?
(check	one)
	MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS)
	MALDI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper)
	Automated Instrument (for example, Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, etc.)
	Non-automated Manual Kit (for example, API 20C, biochemicals)
	Rapid Identification (for example, NAAT/PCR, Gene Xpert, etc.)16S rRNA Sequencing
	Other (specify):
	None
facility?	of the following methods serve as the secondary or backup method used for bacterial identification at your (for example, a secondary method if the primary method fails to give an identification, or if the primary I is unavailable). (check one) MALDI-TOF MS System (Vitek MS) MALDI-TOF MS System (Bruker Biotyper) Automated Instrument (for example, Vitek, MicroScan, Phoenix, etc.) Non-automated Manual Kit (for example, API 20C, biochemicals) Rapid Identification (for example, NAAT/PCR, Gene Xpert, etc.) 16S rRNA Sequencing Other (specify):
	trol Practices (completed with input from Hospital Epidemiologist and/or Quality Improvement
Coordinator)	
a. T b. T *24.Is it a p precau	r or fraction of infection preventions (IPs) in facility: Total hours per week performing surveillance: Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance: Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance: Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance: Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance: Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance: Total hours per week performing surveillance: Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance: Total hours per week performing surveillance: Total hours per week performing surveillance: Total hours per week performing surveillance: Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance: Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance: Total hours per week for infection control activities other than surveillance:





SAILITINLIV	TORK
	No
	Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
24a. (ch	If Yes, check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while in your facility eck one):
	All infected and all colonized patients
	Only all infected patients
	Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
	\square Patients admitted to high risk settings
	\square Patients at high risk for transmission
Infection Cor	ntrol Practices (continued)
•	oolicy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with VRE are routinely placed in contact precautions nese patients are in your facility? (check one)
	Yes
	No
	Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
25a. (ch	If Yes, check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while in your facility eck one):
	All infected and all colonized patients
	Only all infected patients
	Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
	\square Patients admitted to high risk settings
	\square Patients at high risk for transmission
•	policy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with CRE (regardless of confirmatory testing for enemase production) are routinely placed in contact precautions while these patients are in your facility? one)
	Yes
	No
	Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients
26a.	If Yes, check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while in your facility eck one):
	All infected and all colonized patients
	Only all infected patients
	Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
Ш	□ Patients admitted to high risk settings
	☐ Patients at high risk for transmission





extende	olicy in your facility that patients infected or colonized with suspected or confirmed ESBL-producing or ed spectrum cephalosporin resistant <i>Enterobacterales</i> are routinely placed in contact precautions while eatients are in your facility? (check one)
	Yes
	No
□ 27a. (ch	Not applicable: my facility never admits these patients If Yes, check the type of patients that are routinely placed in contact precautions while in your facility eck one):
	All infected and all colonized patients
	Only all infected patients
	Only infected or colonized patients with certain characteristics (check all that apply)
	\square Patients admitted to high risk settings
	\square Patients at high risk for transmission
Infection Con	itrol Practices (continued)
•	our facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for CRE? This includes screening for sat your facility performed by public health laboratories and commercial laboratories.
	☐ Yes ☐ No
28a. apr	
	Surveillance testing at admission for all patients
	Surveillance testing of epidemiologically-linked patients of newly identified CRE patients (for example, roommates)
	Surveillance testing at admission of high-risk patients (for example, admitted from LTAC or LTCF)
	Surveillance testing at admission of patients admitted to high-risk setting (for example, ICU)
	Surveillance testing of all patients in the facility or in a specific high-risk settings (for example, ICU) at prespecified intervals (for example, weekly point prevalence survey)
	Other (specify):
28b. fac	If Yes, what method is routinely used by the lab conducting CRE testing of screening swabs form your ility? (check all that apply)
	Culture-based methods
	PCR
	Other (specify):
	ne facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for Candida auris? This includes ing for patients at your facility performed by public health laboratories and commercial laboratories.
22	□ Yes □ No
29a. all t	If Yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for <i>Candida auris</i> ? (check that apply)
	Surveillance testing at admission for all patients
	Dana 0 of 24





	Surveillance testing of epidemiologically-linked patients of newly identified <i>Candida auris</i> patients (for example, point prevalence surveys in response to a case, patients in the same room or unit as a case)
	Surveillance testing at admission of high-risk patients (check all that apply)
	☐ Patients admitted from long-term acute care (LTAC) or long-term care facility (LTCF)
	☐ Patients with recent (for example, within 6 months) overnight hospital stay outside the United States
	☐ Patients admitted to high-risk settings (for example, ICU)
	☐ Other (specify):
	Surveillance testing of all patients in the facility or in a specific high-risk settings (for example, ICU) at prespecified intervals (for example, weekly point prevalence survey)
	Other (specify):
29b.	If Yes, what method is routinely used by the lab conducting <i>Candida auris</i> testing of screening swabs
_	m your facility?
	Culture-based methods
	PCR
	Other (specify):
Infection Cor	ntrol Practices (continued)
*30. Does t	the facility routinely perform screening testing (culture or non-culture) for MRSA for any patients admitted? \Box Yes \Box No
30a. ap _l	If Yes, in which situations does the facility routinely perform screening testing for MRSA? (check all that ply)
	Surveillance testing at admission for all patients
	Surveillance testing at admission of high-risk patients (for example, admitted from long-term acute care [LTAC] or long-term care facility [LTCF], or dialysis patients)
	Surveillance testing at admission of patients admitted to high-risk setting (for example, ICU)
	Surveillance testing of pre-operative patients to prevent surgical site infections
	Other (specify):
•	our facility have a policy to routinely use chlorhexidine bathing for any adult patients to prevent infection or ission of MDROs at your facility?
	□ Yes □ No
staphyl	ne facility have a policy to routinely use a combination of topical chlorhexidine <u>AND</u> an intranasal anti- lococcal agent (mupirocin, iodophor, or an alcohol based intranasal agent) for any adult patients to prevent care-associated infections or reduce transmission of resistant pathogens?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
	ewardship Practices vith input from Physician and Pharmacist Stewardship Leaders)
*33.Facility □	leadership has demonstrated commitment to antibiotic stewardship efforts: (check all that apply) Providing stewardship program leader(s) dedicated time to manage the program and conduct daily stewardship interventions.





	Allocating resources (for stewardship efforts.	or example, IT support,	training for stewardship team) to support antibiotic
	Having a senior execut resources and support		nt of contact or "champion" to help ensure the program has on.
	Presenting information annually.	on stewardship activitie	es and outcomes to facility leadership and/or board at least
	Ensuring the stewardsh and/or board at least a		ortunity to discuss resource needs with facility leadership
	Communicating to staff	about stewardship acti	vities, via email, newsletters, events, or other avenues.
	Providing opportunities	for hospital staff training	g and development on antibiotic stewardship.
	Providing a formal state statement approved by	• •	tibiotic stewardship (for example, a written policy or
	Ensuring that staff from contributing to steward:		nts and groups (for example, IT and hospital medicine) are
	None of the above		
	·	·	antibiotic stewardship program management and outcomes.
Antibiotic Ste	ewardship Practices (c	ontinued)	
34a.	If Yes, what is the posit	ion of this leader? (che	ck one)
	Physician	ion of this leader. (one	ok one)
	Pharmacist		
	Co-led by both Pharma	cist and Physician	
	Other (for example, RN	-	•
34b.	, ,	s selected, which of the	following describes your antibiotic stewardship physician
	Has antibiotic stewards	hip responsibilities in th	neir contract, job description or performance review
	Is physically on-site in y	your facility (either part-	time or full-time)
	Completed an ID fellow	<i>r</i> ship	
	Completed a certificate	program on antibiotic s	stewardship
	Completed other training	ng(s) (for example, conf	erences or online modules) on antibiotic stewardship
	None of the above		
•) leader): What percent ntract or job descriptio	time of antibiotic stewa	their contract or job description' is selected (for physician dship activities is specified in the physician (co) leader's
	□ 1-10% □ 51-75%	□ 11-25% □ 76-100%	□ 26-50%□ Not specified
	L 31 13/0	□ 10 100/0	□ Not Specified



NATIONAL HEALTHCARE SAFETY NETWORK

lea	•	d is selected: In an averag ic stewardship activities in	e week, what percentage of your facility? (check one)	time does the ph	ysician (co)
	□ 1-10%	□ 11-25%	□ 26-50%		
	□ 51-75%	□ 76-100%			
34e. ph	If Pharmacist or Co-learmacist leader? (che		following describes your an	tibiotic stewardsh	nip
	•		eir contract, job description o	r performance rev	view
	Is physically on-site i	n your facility (either part-t	me or full-time)	•	
		D residency and/or ID fello	•		
	•	ate program on antibiotic st	•		
	•		rences or online modules) or	n antibiotic stewa	rdship
	None of the above	3(-) (,		
со	ntract or job descript ☐ 1-10% ☐ 51-75%	t ion ? (check one) □ 11-25% □ 76-100%	□ 26-50%		
Antibiotic Sto	ewardship Practices	•			
34g.	If 'Pharmacist' or 'Co	ladi ia aalaatad. In an arra	rage wook what parcentage		
(00		-led' is selected: In an ave	•		pharmacist
(cc	o) leader spend on ant	ibiotic stewardship activitie	s in your facility? (check one		e pharmacist
(cc	o) leader spend on ant \Box 1-10%	ibiotic stewardship activitie	•		e pharmacist
(cc	o) leader spend on ant	ibiotic stewardship activitie	s in your facility? (check one		e pharmacist
34h.	o) leader spend on ant 1-10% 51-75% If Pharmacist or Othe	ibiotic stewardship activitie □ 11-25% □ 76-100%	s in your facility? (check one 26-50% cility have a designated physic)	
34h.	o) leader spend on ant 1-10% 51-75% If Pharmacist or Othe	ibiotic stewardship activitie □ 11-25% □ 76-100% er is selected: Does your fa	s in your facility? (check one 26-50% cility have a designated physic)	
34h. po 34i. If a	o) leader spend on ant 1-10% 51-75% If Pharmacist or Othe int of contact and supp	ibiotic stewardship activities 11-25% 76-100% er is selected: Does your factor the non-physician leader or co-leader for the	s in your facility? (check one 26-50% cility have a designated physic	sician who can se □ Yes	erve as a □ No
34h. po 34i. If a im	o) leader spend on ant 1-10% 51-75% If Pharmacist or Other int of contact and supplete pharmacist is not the proving antibiotic use a	ibiotic stewardship activities 11-25% 76-100% er is selected: Does your factor for the non-physician left to the set your factor for the at your facility?	s in your facility? (check one 26-50% cility have a designated physeader? program, is there at least or	sician who can se Yes ne pharmacist res Yes	erve as a □ No
34h. po 34i. If a im	o) leader spend on ant 1-10% 51-75% If Pharmacist or Other int of contact and supplete pharmacist is not the proving antibiotic use a	ibiotic stewardship activities 11-25% 76-100% er is selected: Does your factor for the non-physician left to the set your factor for the at your facility?	s in your facility? (check one 26-50% cility have a designated physeader?	sician who can se Yes ne pharmacist res Yes	erve as a No sponsible for
34h. poi 34i. If a imp *35.Our fac □ Prospec 35a. auc	o) leader spend on ant 1-10% 51-75% If Pharmacist or Other int of contact and supplet a pharmacist is not the proving antibiotic use a cility has the following particle and feedbace If Prospective audit and feedbace	ibiotic stewardship activities 11-25% 76-100% er is selected: Does your factor for the non-physician left to the non-physician left your facility? priority antibiotic stewardsleck for specific antibiotic again of feedback is selected: Compare the non-physician left to the n	s in your facility? (check one 26-50% cility have a designated physeader? program, is there at least or nip interventions: (check all the	sician who can se Yes ne pharmacist res Yes nat apply) gram monitors pi	erve as a No sponsible for No
34h. poi 34i. If a imp *35.Our fac □ Prospec 35a. auc	o) leader spend on ant 1-10% 51-75% If Pharmacist or Other int of contact and supp a pharmacist is not the proving antibiotic use a cility has the following positive audit and feedback If Prospective audit and dit and feedback interv	ibiotic stewardship activities 11-25% 76-100% er is selected: Does your factor for the non-physician left to the non-physician left your facility? priority antibiotic stewardsleck for specific antibiotic again of feedback is selected: Compare the non-physician left to the n	s in your facility? (check one 26-50% cility have a designated physeader? program, is there at least or ip interventions: (check all the	sician who can se Yes ne pharmacist res Yes nat apply) gram monitors pi	erve as a No sponsible for No
34h. po 34i. If a imp *35.Our fac □ Prospec 35a. auc rec	o) leader spend on ant 1-10% 51-75% If Pharmacist or Other int of contact and supp a pharmacist is not the proving antibiotic use a cility has the following positive audit and feedback If Prospective audit and dit and feedback interv	ibiotic stewardship activities 11-25% 76-100% er is selected: Does your factor for the non-physician leader or co-leader for the fat your facility? priority antibiotic stewardsleads for specific antibiotic againd feedback is selected: Coventions (for example, by the selection of the fact your facility?	s in your facility? (check one 26-50% cility have a designated physeader? program, is there at least or ip interventions: (check all the	Sician who can set I Yes	Prospective





350. (fo	r example, by tracking which agents are requested for which conditions).
`	□Yes□No
assist with	specific treatment recommendations, based on national guidelines and local pathogen susceptibilities, to a antibiotic selection for common clinical conditions (for example, community-acquired pneumonia, urinary tions, skin and soft tissue infection).
35c.	If Facility-specific treatment recommendations is selected: For which common clinical conditions?
	Community-acquired pneumonia,
	Urinary tract infection
	Skin and soft tissue infection
	None of the above
	If Facility-specific treatment recommendations is selected: Our stewardship program monitors adherence our facility's treatment recommendations for antibiotic selection for common clinical conditions (for ample, community-acquired pneumonia, urinary tract infection, skin and soft tissue infection).
0-	☐ Yes ☐ No
35e.	If Yes: For which common clinical conditions?
	Community-acquired pneumonia,
	Urinary tract infection
	Skin and soft tissue infection
	None of the above
	f the above
	ewardship Practices (continued)
*36.Our fac that ap	cility has a policy or formal procedure for other interventions to ensure optimal use of antibiotics: (check all ply)
	Early administration of effective antibiotics to optimize the treatment of sepsis
	Treatment protocols for Staphylococcus aureus bloodstream infection
	Stopping unnecessary antibiotic(s) in new cases of Clostridioides difficile infection (CDI)
	Review of culture-proven invasive (for example, bloodstream) infections
	Review of planned outpatient parenteral antibiotic therapy (OPAT)
	The treating team to review antibiotics 48-72 hours after initial order (specifically, antibiotic time-out)
	Assess and clarify documented penicillin allergy
	Using the shortest effective duration of antibiotics at discharge for common clinical conditions (for example, community- acquired pneumonia, urinary tract infections, skin and soft tissue infections)
	None of the above
at (If 'Using the shortest effective duration of antibiotics at discharge for common clinical conditions' is ected: Our stewardship program monitors adherence in using the shortest effective duration of antibiotics discharge for common clinical conditions (for example, community-acquired pneumonia, urinary tract ections, skin and soft tissue infections), at least annually.



	□ Yes □ No
*37.Our fac	cility has in place the following specific 'pharmacy-based' interventions: (check all that apply)
	Pharmacy-driven changes from intravenous to oral antibiotics without a physician's order (for example, hospital-approved protocol)
	Alerts to providers about potentially duplicative antibiotic spectra (for example, multiple antibiotics to treat anaerobes)
	Automatic antibiotic stop orders in specific situations (for example, surgical prophylaxis)
	None of the above
*38.Our ste	ewardship program has engaged bedside nurses in actions to optimize antibiotic use. \Box Yes \Box No
38a. tha	If Yes is selected: Our facility has in place the following specific 'nursing-based' interventions: (check all tapply)
	Nurses receive training on appropriate criteria for sending urine and/or respiratory cultures.
	Nurses initiate discussions with the treating team on switching from intravenous to oral antibiotics.
	Nurses initiate antibiotic time-out discussions with the treating team.
	Nurses track antibiotic duration of therapy.
	None of the above
	ewardship program monitors: (check all that apply)
	Antibiotic resistance patterns (either facility- or region-specific), at least annually
	Clostridioides difficile infections (or C. difficile LabID events), at least annually
	Antibiotic use in days of therapy (DOT) per 1000 patient days or day present, at least quarterly
	Antibiotic use in defined daily doses (DDD) per 1000 patient days, as least quarterly
Antibiotic Ste	ewardship Practices (continued)
	Antibiotic expenditures (specifically, purchasing costs), at least quarterly
	Antibiotic use in some other way, at least annually (specify):
	None of the above
*40.Our ste apply)	ewardship team provides the following antibiotic use reports to prescribers, at least annually: (check all that
☐ Individ	ual, prescriber-level reports
☐ Unit- o	r service-specific reports
☐ None o	of the above
•	If 'Individual, prescriber-level reports' or 'Unit- or service-specific reports' is selected: Our stewardship ogram uses these reports to target feedback to prescribers about how they can improve their antibiotic escribing, at least annually.
	□ Yes □ No
*41.Our fac	cility distributes an antibiogram to prescribers, at least annually.



			⊔ Yes	⊔ No
*12 Inform	ation on antibiotic use, antibiotic resistance, and s	tewardshin afforts is reported	to hospital staff	at least
annua		lewardship enorts is reported	☐ Yes	
	·· ·			
antibio all that	of the following groups receive education on optinotic resistance (for example, Grand Rounds, in-sent apply) Prescribers			
	Nursing staff			
	Pharmacists			
	None of the above			
*44.Are pa	atients provided education on important side effects	·	□Yes	□No
44a.	If 'Yes' is selected: How is education to patients		k all that apply)	
		rbally by physician		
	, ,	ne of the above		
	\square Verbally by pharmacist			
Facility Wate	er Management Program (WMP) (Completed wit	th input from WMP team me	mbers.)	
Legion	your facility have a water management program (\nella and other opportunistic waterborne pathogeneral) olderia, Stenotrophomonas, nontuberculous mycol	s (for example, <i>Pseudomona</i> s		of
			□ Yes	□No
Facility Wate	er Management Program (WMP) (continued)			
45a.lf `	Yes, who is represented on your facility WMP tean	า? (check all that apply):		
	Hospital Epidemiologist/Infection Preventionist	☐ Compliance/Safety Offi	icer	
	Hospital Administrator/Leadership	☐ Risk/Quality Manageme	ent Staff	
	Facilities Manager/Engineer	☐ Infectious Disease Clin	ician	
	Maintenance Staff	\square Consultant		
	Equipment/Chemical Acquisition/Supplier	\square Laboratory Staff/Leade	rship	
	Environmental Services	☐ Other (specify):		_
opport infrasti	your facility ever conducted an environmental cunistic waterborne pathogens could grow and structure)? This may include a description of building supply sources, treatment systems, processing steams.	spread in the facility water s g water systems using text or	system (for exan basic diagram th	nple, piping
46a.lf \	Yes, when was the most recent assessment condu	ucted? (check one)		
100.11	. 25, Had the most resem assessment condi-	.c.ca. (c.rook orio)		
			_	. 45



\Box Within the most recent (<1 year ago)	year		en 1 and 3 and ≤3 ye	years ago ars)	□ Mor years)	e than 3 years ago (>3	
*47.Has your facility ever cond modes of transmission, pa WICRA tool can be accessed	atient su	usceptibilit	y, patient	exposure,	and/or pro	gram preparedness?	An example
						☐ Yes	\square No
47a. If Yes, when was th	ne most r	recent ass	essment c	onducted? (check one)		
\square Within the most recent (<1 year ago)	year		en 1 and 3 and ≤3 ye	years ago ars)	□ Mor years)	e than 3 years ago (>3	
*48.Does your facility regularly	monitor 1	the following	ng parame	ters in the b	uilding wate	er system(s)?	
Disinfectant (such as residual	chlorine)	:				□Yes	□No
48a. If Yes, Does your f	acility ha	ive a plan	for correct	ive actions	when disinf	ectant(s) are not within	n acceptable
limits as determined by	the water	er manage	ment prog	ram?		☐ Yes ☐ N	lo
Facility Water Management Prog 48b. If Yes, where and h				lity monitor (disinfectant	(s)? (Check all that ap	oly)
Location	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Annually	Other (specify):	N/A
Entry Points							
Cold Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Water Supply							
Hot Water Return							
Representative Locations Throughout Cold Potable Building Water System(s)							
Representative Locations Throughout Hot Potable Building Water System(s)							



Other (specify):							
Water temperature: 48c. If Yes, does your fa	cility hav	/e a plan f	or correctiv	/e actions w	hen water t	☐ Yes emperatures are not w	□ No ⁄ithin
acceptable limits as det	ermined	by the wa	ter manag	ement progi	ram?	□ Yes	□ No
48d. If Yes, where and how frequently does your facility monitor water temperature? (check all that apply)							
Location	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Annually	Other (specify):	N/A
Entry Points							
Cold Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Water Supply							
Hot Water Return							
Representative Locations Throughout Cold Potable Building Water System(s)							
Representative Locations Throughout Hot Potable Building Water System(s)							
Other (specify):							
Water pH: 48e. If Yes, does your fa as determined by the w Facility Water Management Prog	icility hav	/e a plan f	or correctiv			☐ Yes DH is not within accept ☐ Yes	□ No
48e. If Yes, does your fa	acility hav ater mar gram (W	/e a plan fonagement	or correctiv program? .inued)	/e actions w	hen water p	☐ Yes oH is not within accept ☐ Yes	□ No able limits
48e. If Yes, does your fa as determined by the w Facility Water Management Prog	acility hav ater mar gram (W	ve a plan for nagement with the design of th	or correctiv program? .inued)	ve actions w	hen water p	☐ Yes DH is not within accept ☐ Yes ck all that apply)	□ No able limits
48e. If Yes, does your fa as determined by the w Facility Water Management Prog 48f. If Yes, where and how to	acility have atter man gram (Wifrequently	ve a plan for nagement MP) (cont y does you	or corrective program? Sinued) ur facility n	ve actions w	hen water pr	☐ Yes DH is not within accept ☐ Yes ck all that apply)	□ No able limits □ No
48e. If Yes, does your far as determined by the was determined by	acility have ater mare gram (Water frequent) Daily	ve a plan for nagement MP) (conting does you week!	or corrective program? Cinued) ur facility nothly	ve actions w	hen water pr pH? (chec	☐ Yes DH is not within accept ☐ Yes Ck all that apply) Other (specify):	□ No able limits □ No
48e. If Yes, does your far as determined by the was determined by	acility have atter many gram (Wifrequently Daily	ve a plan for nagement MP) (control y does you week!	or corrective program? cinued) ur facility nothly	ve actions w	hen water pr pH? (chec	☐ Yes DH is not within accept ☐ Yes Ck all that apply) Other (specify): ☐ ☐	□ No able limits □ No N/A
48e. If Yes, does your far as determined by the was determined by	cility have atter many gram (W) frequently	ve a plan for nagement with the plan of th	or corrective program? inued) ur facility nothly	ve actions w	r pH? (chec	☐ Yes DH is not within accept ☐ Yes Ck all that apply) Other (specify): ☐ ☐	□ No able limits □ No ■ N/A □ □
48e. If Yes, does your far as determined by the was determined by	cility have atter many gram (W) frequently	ve a plan for nagement MP) (cont y does you Weekl y	or corrective program? inued) ur facility n Monthly	ve actions w	hen water properties of the control	☐ Yes DH is not within accept ☐ Yes Ck all that apply) Other (specify): ☐ ☐	□ No able limits □ No ■ N/A □ □ □
48e. If Yes, does your far as determined by the work. Facility Water Management Programmer 48f. If Yes, where and how to the second se	pacility have atter many pram (W) frequently Daily	we a plan for nagement with the plan for nagemen	or corrective program? inued) ur facility n Monthly	ve actions w	hen water prepared to the control of	☐ Yes DH is not within accept ☐ Yes Ck all that apply) Other (specify): ☐ ☐ ☐	No able limits No No N/A



Water System(s)							
Other (specify):							
Heterotrophic plate count (HPC) testing: 48g. If Yes, does your facility have a plan for corrective actions when heterotrophic plate counts are not within						□ No	
Location	Daily	Weekl	Monthly	Quarterly	Annually	Other (specify):	N/A
Entry Points							П
Cold Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Water Supply							
Hot Water Return							
Representative Locations Throughout Cold Potable Building Water System(s)							
Representative Locations Throughout Hot Potable Building Water System(s)							
Other (specify):							
Specific environmental <i>Legi</i> 48i. If Yes, does your facility within acceptable limits	/ have a as deter	plan for co	the water r			-	☐ No a are not ☐ No
Facility Water Management Prog		<u> </u>	-				
48j. If Yes, where an how from	equently	does you	r facility pe	rform <i>Legioi</i>	nella testinç	g? (check all that apply	')
Location	Daily	Weekl	Monthly	Quarterly	Annually	Other (specify):	N/A
Entry Points							
Cold Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Water Supply							
Hot Water Return							
Representative Locations							
Throughout Cold Potable Building Water System(s)							



Throughout Hot Potable Building Water System(s)							
Other (specify):							
Specific environmental <i>Pse</i> 48k. If Yes, does your f are not within acceptab 48l. If Yes, where an how fr	acility ha	ave a plan as determi	for correctined by the	water man	agement pr		
Location	Daily	Weekly	Monthl y	Quarterly	Annually	Other (specify):	N/A
Entry Points							
Cold Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Potable Water Storage Tank(s)							
Hot Water Supply							
Hot Water Return							
Representative Locations Throughout Cold Potable Building Water System(s)							
Representative Locations Throughout Hot Potable Building Water System(s)							
Other (specify):							
*49.Does your facility water mawastewater premise plumbi Yes Venous Thromboembolism	_					nsmission of pathoger	
linked to clinical de Our facility ☐ Our facility provides ☐ Our facility provides ☐ Our facility perform provides clinician fe	TE preve ultidiscip cility-wid cision su has emb \(\sigma\) Yes s VTE pros s VTE pros s audits redback ne incide	ention policelinary tears be VTE presport for a sedded the evention eventio	cy. In that add evention propriate evention for the control of the	resses VTE otocol that in VTE prophy ention protocol cor clinicians or patients or patients ar ent.	prevention ncludes VT ylaxis optio ocol in admi annually. luring their e on risk-ap	E and bleeding risk as ns. ssion order sets.	sessments laxis and



 $\hfill \Box$ Our facility does not use any of the above VTE prevention practices.

Prevention	on Practices
*51.Ou	ur facility utilizes a checklist or bundle for prevention of the following HAIs. (Check all that apply)
	CLABSI
	At what minimum, regular frequency is adherence to the checklist/bundle monitored/measured? Check one.
	□ Weekly
	□ Monthly
	□ Quarterly
	□ Yearly
	□ PRN
	□ Other
	□ Not regularly monitored/measured
	Is checklist/bundle adherence shared routinely with the clinical team?
	□ Yes □ No □ Unknown
	CAUTI
	At what minimum, regular frequency is adherence to the checklist/bundle monitored/measured? Check one.
	□ Weekly
	□ Monthly □ Overterly
	□ Quarterly
	□ Yearly
	□ PRN
	□ Other
	□ Not regularly monitored/measured
	Is checklist/bundle adherence shared routinely with the clinical team?
	□ Yes □ No □ Unknown
D	
	on Practices (continued)
	CDI LabID Event At what minimum, regular frequency is adherence to the checklist/bundle monitored/measured? Check one.
	□ Weekly
	□ Monthly
	□ Quarterly
	□ Yearly
	□ PRN
	□ Other
	□ Not regularly monitored/measured
	Is checklist/bundle adherence shared routinely with the clinical team?
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
	MRSA Bacteremia LabID Event
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		~	frequency is adf	nerence to	the checklist/bu	ındle	e monitored/mea	asured? Check one.	
		Weekly							
		Monthly							
		Quarterly							
		Yearly PRN							
	П	Other							
		Not regularly mon	itorod/moacurod						
		klist/bundle adhere			the clinical team	2			
	13 (116)	✓ Yes		No	ine ciinicai team	:	Unknown		
	COLO								
		-	frequency is adh	nerence to	the checklist/bu	ındle	e monitored/mea	asured? Check one.	
		Weekly							
		Monthly							
		Quarterly							
		Yearly							
		PRN							
		Other	:4 <i>(</i>						
		Not regularly mon	itorea/measurea						
	Is ched	cklist/bundle adhere	ence shared routi	nely with t	the clinical team	?			
		□ Yes		No			Unknown		
	HYST	SSI							
			frequency is adh	nerence to	the checklist/bu	ındle	e monitored/mea	asured? Check one.	
		Weekly							
		Monthly							
		Quarterly							
		Yearly							
		PRN							
		Other							
		Not regularly mon	itored/measured						
	Is chec	klist/bundle adhere	ence shared routi	nely with t	the clinical team'	?			
		□ Yes		No			Unknown		
	None o	of the above							1
Preventio	n Pract	ices (continued)							
*F2 D:	d f.	a cility (ar a my mart a	f.vo.vr fo cility () inc	nlamant a	many IIAI myoyo	i.	o otrotoov, viitlei		
	-			•	•			n the last calendar uments (for example,	
								upported by varying	
		idence.	cc recommend	ations Ct	imperialarii or ot	uac	gics) and are s	apported by varying	
		□ Yes		No			Unknown		
If y	es, ched	ck all HAIs that app	ly.						
		SI (check all that ap	nly)						
Ц	CLADS	א נטופטג מוו נוומנ מף	Piy <i>)</i>						
								Page 21 of 2) /





		Bacteremia LabID Event (check all that apply) Process for monitoring and validation of compliance of daily CHG bathing in applicable patient populations (for example, adult ICU patients) Process for multidisciplinary review of occurrences of hospital-onset MRSA bacteremia (for example, root cause analysis) to assess modifiable risk factors Establish process in collaboration with environmental services to routinely assess adequacy of room
Proventic	on Broot	ices (continued)
		care providers and infection control personnel Other (specify):
		difficile testing Implementation of laboratory alert system to immediately report positive <i>C. difficile</i> results to clinical
		3rd and 4th generation cephalosporins) Implementation of laboratory protocol to ensure testing of only appropriate specimens (for example, unformed stool) or a clinical decision support system to help reduce unnecessary <i>Clostridioides</i>
		Establish process in collaboration with environmental services to routinely assess adequacy of room cleaning Restriction of antibiotics with the highest risk for CDI (for example, fluoroquinolones, carbapenems,
	CDI La	bID Event (check all that apply) Use of an EPA-registered (EPA List K) sporicidal disinfectant for environmental cleaning/disinfection or use of additional disinfection of CDI patient rooms with no-touch technologies (for example, UV light disinfection)
		Other (specify):
		Incorporation of appropriate indications for urine culturing into electronic medical record system, as part of standardized institutional protocol for diagnostic stewardship
		an indwelling urinary catheter Process for consideration of bladder management alternatives to indwelling urethral catheterization in selected patients when appropriate
		access to supplies for aseptic indwelling urinary catheter insertion Implementation of a nurse-driven indwelling urinary catheter removal protocol or implementation of automatic stop orders requiring review of current indications and renewal of order for continuation of
	CAUTI	(check all that apply) Documentation of daily assessment for indwelling urinary catheter necessity Bundling of indwelling urinary catheter insertion supplies in convenient location to ensure efficient
		Other (specify):
		Use of antiseptic-containing caps/covers for central line ports Use of antiseptic- or antimicrobial-impregnated central lines
		for aseptic central line insertion Use of chlorhexidine-containing dressings for central lines in patients >2 months of age
		Bundling of central line insertion supplies to ensure efficient access to supplies in convenient location





	and infection control personnel of new MRSA-colonized and/or MRSA-infected patients Implementation of universal gowns and gloves upon entry into adult ICU patient rooms, regardless of MRSA status
	unless contraindicated, prior to elective colorectal surgery Monitor compliance with antimicrobial prophylaxis guidelines being appropriately provided Use of impervious plastic wound protectors for GI surgery Implementation of preoperative warming for at least 30 minutes prior to surgery to prevent intraoperative hypothermia Use of negative pressure dressings in patients who may benefit Use of antiseptic-impregnated sutures Other (specify):
	hysterectomy Monitor compliance with antimicrobial prophylaxis guidelines being appropriately provided Implementation of preoperative warming for at least 30 minutes prior to surgery to prevent intraoperative hypothermia Use of negative pressure dressings in patients who may benefit Use of antiseptic-impregnated sutures
role?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown yes, check all HAIs that apply.
	at frequency is training or education is provided? Check all that apply. Upon hire When new product or processes are implemented Quarterly Yearly PRN
Prevention Pra	ctices (continued)
□ CAU At wi	at frequency is training or education is provided? Check all that apply. Upon hire





☐ Quarterly☐ Yearly☐ PRN☐ Other
CDI LabID Event At what frequency is training or education is provided? Check all that apply Upon hire When new product or processes are implemented Quarterly Yearly PRN Other
MRSA Bacteremia LabID Event At what frequency is training or education is provided? Check all that apply Upon hire When new product or processes are implemented Quarterly Yearly PRN Other
COLO SSI At what frequency is training or education is provided? Check all that apply Upon hire When new product or processes are implemented Quarterly Yearly PRN Other
HYST SSI At what frequency is training or education is provided? Check all that apply Upon hire When new product or processes are implemented Quarterly Yearly PRN Other