**Supporting Statement – Part A**

**Submission of Information for the PPS-Exempt Cancer Hospital Quality Reporting (PCHQR) Program: FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS Proposed Rule**

**(OMB# 0938-1175; CMS-10431)**

# **Background**

This is a revision of the currently approved information collection request. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services’ (CMS’) quality reporting programs promote higher quality, more efficient healthcare for Medicare beneficiaries by collecting and reporting on quality-of-care metrics. This information is made available to consumers, both to empower Medicare beneficiaries and inform decision-making, as well as to incentivize healthcare facilities to make continued improvements.

Specifically, CMS has implemented quality measure reporting programs for multiple settings, including for the PPS-exempt cancer hospital (PCH) setting, to achieve its overarching priorities and initiatives, including the Meaningful Measure 2.0 Initiative[[1]](#footnote-3). In particular, Meaningful Measures 2.0 promotes innovation and modernization of all aspects of quality to better address health care priorities and measurement gaps, reduce burden, and increase efficiency by: (1) using only high-value quality measures impacting key quality domains, (2) aligning measures across value-based programs and across partners, including CMS, federal, and private entities, (3) prioritizing outcome and patient-reported measures, and (4) transforming measures to be fully digital and incorporating all-payer data.

The information collection requirements through the FY 2027 program year are currently approved under OMB control number 0938-1175 (expiration date November 30, 2027). This request covers data collection requirements for the FY 2028 program year and subsequent years. This revised information collection request includes changes in burden associated with the proposed removal of the Hospital Commitment to Health Equity, Screening for Social Drivers of Health, and Screen Positive Rate for Social Drivers of Health measures, as well as updated wage rates.

# **B. Justification**

**1. Need and Legal Basis**

Pursuant to section 1866(k)(1) of the Social Security Act, starting in FY 2014 and for subsequent fiscal years, PCHs, as described in section 1886(d)(1)(B)(v) of the Social Security Act, shall submit selected quality measures to the CMS. Such data shall be submitted in a form and manner and at a time specified by the Secretary. We continue to require PCHs to meet the procedures previously set forth for making public the data/measure rates submitted under the PCHQR Program. As CMS’s aim is to facilitate high quality of care in a meaningful and effective manner while simultaneously remaining mindful of the reporting burden on the PCHs, CMS intends to reduce duplicative reporting efforts whenever possible by leveraging existing infrastructure.

* 1. **PCHQR Program Quality Measures**

The PCHQR Program seeks to collect and publicly report data on quality-of-care metrics for the PCH setting. Measure data are submitted via one of three modes: (1) web-based, (2) claims-based; (3) and survey-based, as seen in Table 1.

. For web-based measures, measure data are submitted differently depending on the measure. Some measures are calculated using data submitted to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s (CDC) National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN): the COVID–19 Vaccination Coverage Among Healthcare Personnel (HCP) measure under OMB control number 0920-1317 (expiration date January 31, 2028) and all other NHSN measures under OMB control number 0920-0666 (expiration date December 31, 2027). For Patient Engagement/Experience of Care, structural, and process measures, PCHs are required to submit measure data via CMS’ Hospital Quality Reporting (HQR) system with the exception of the Hospital Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (HCAHPS) Survey. For the HCAHPS Survey, PCHs are required to administer the survey and submit the survey data to CMS. These survey administration burdens are captured under OMB control number 0938-0981 (expiration date November 30, 2027).

For measure data submitted as “claims-based”, information is derived through analysis of administrative Medicare Fee-for-Service (FFS) claims and beneficiary enrollment data and do not require additional effort or burden from hospitals.

**Table 1. Currently Approved PCHQR Program Measures for the FY 2027 Program Year and Subsequent Years**

|  |
| --- |
| **Measure Type and Name** |
| **Safety and Healthcare-Associated Infection Measures** |
| Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infection Outcome Measure (CLABSI)\* |
| Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection Outcome Measure (CAUTI)\* |
| Harmonized Procedure Specific Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Outcome Measure (currently includes SSIs following Colon Surgery and Abdominal Hysterectomy Surgery)\* |
| Facility-wide Inpatient Hospital-onset *Clostridium difficile* Infection (CDI) Outcome Measure\* |
| Facility-wide Inpatient Hospital-onset Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) Bacteremia Outcome Measure\* |
| Influenza Vaccination Coverage Among Healthcare Personnel (HCP)\* |
| COVID-19 Healthcare Personnel (HCP) Vaccination Coverage Among Healthcare Personnel\*\* |
| **Clinical Process/Oncology Care Measures** |
| Proportion of Patients Who Died from Cancer Receiving Chemotherapy in the Last 14 Days of Life (EOL-Chemo) |
| Proportion of Patients Who Died from Cancer Not Admitted to Hospice (EOL-Hospice) |
| **Intermediate Clinical Outcome Measures** |
| Proportion of Patients Who Died from Cancer Admitted to the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) in the Last 30 Days of Life (EOL-ICU) |
| Proportion of Patients Who Died from Cancer Admitted to Hospice for Less Than Three Days (EOL-3DH) |
| **Claims-Based Outcome Measures** |
| Admissions and Emergency Department (ED) Visits for Patients Receiving Outpatient Chemotherapy |
| 30-Day Unplanned Readmissions for Cancer Patients |
| Surgical Treatment Complications for Localized Prostate Cancer |
| **Patient Engagement/Experience of Care Measures** |
| Documentation of Goals of Care Discussions Among Cancer Patients |
| HCAHPS Survey\*\*\* |
| **Structural Measures** |
| Patient Safety\* |
| **Health Equity Measures** |
| Hospital Commitment to Health Equity |
| Screening for Social Drivers of Health |
| Screen Positive Rate for Social Drivers of Health |

\*Burden for these measures are accounted for under OMB control number 0920-0666.

\*\*Burden for this measure is accounted for under OMB control number 0920-1317.

\*\*\*Burden for this measure is accounted for under OMB control number 0938-0981.

In the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule, we proposed to remove three measures beginning with the FY 2026 program year: (1) the Hospital Commitment to Health Equity measure; (2) the Screening for Social Drivers of Health measure; and (3) the Screen Positive Rate for Social Drivers of Health measure.

Additionally, we are proposing to update the Extraordinary Circumstances Exception (ECE) policy and codify the process for requesting or granting an ECE. This proposed update would explicitly include *extensions* as a type of extraordinary circumstances relief option, in addition to exceptions. Because the process for requesting or granting an ECE would remain the same as the current ECE process, these updates would not affect burden associated with the submission of the ECE form, which is accounted for under OMB control number 0938-1022 (expiration date January 31, 2026).

* 1. **PCHQR Program Administrative Forms**

CMS has implemented procedural requirements that align the current quality reporting programs, including the PCHQR, Hospital Inpatient Quality Reporting (IQR), Hospital Readmissions Reduction, Hospital Outpatient Quality Reporting, Hospital-Acquired Condition (HAC) Reduction, and Hospital Value-Based Purchasing (VBP) Programs. These procedural requirements involve submission of forms to comply with the PCHQR Program requirements. Unlike other existing quality reporting programs, however, the PCHQR Program is not linked to any payment penalties if quality measures are not submitted.

The PCHQR Program uses four administrative forms: (1) Notice of Participation Form; (2) Data Accuracy and Completeness Acknowledgement (DACA) Form; (3) Measures Exception Form; and (4) Extraordinary Circumstances Exception (ECE) Form. These forms are used across ten quality programs (Hospital IQR Program, Hospital Outpatient Quality Reporting Program, Inpatient Psychiatric Facility Quality Reporting Program, PCHQR Program, Ambulatory Surgical Center Quality Reporting Program, Hospital VBP Program, Hospital-Acquired Condition Reduction Program, Hospital Readmissions Reduction Program, End Stage Renal Disease Quality Incentive Program, and Rural Emergency Hospital Quality Reporting Program), therefore we have included the burden associated with these forms under OMB control number 0938-1022 (Hospital IQR Program). Most of these forms are not completed on an annual basis, but on a need-to-use, exception basis, and most PCHs will not need to complete any of these forms in any given year.Thus, the burden for providers associated with forms utilized in the PCHQR Program is nominal, if any.

* 1. Notice of Participation Form

To begin participation in the PCHQR Program, PCHs must complete a Notice of Participation. The Notice of Participation explains the participation and reporting requirements for the program. PCHs that previously indicated their intent to participate will be considered active PCHQR Program participants until they submit a withdrawal to CMS. PCHs that no longer wish to participate in the PCHQR Program or those that no longer wish to submit data for publishing on the Compare tool hosted by HHS or its successor website(s) can notify CMS of their decision using the same form discussed above.

* 1. DACA Form

Annually, PCHs participating in quality reporting use the Hospital Quality Reporting DACA form after the end of each reporting year. This requirement was added based on a U.S. Government Accountability Office report from 2006 that recommended that CMS require hospitals to “formally attest to the completeness of the quality data that they submit.” This form, completed annually, is an acknowledgement that the data a hospital has submitted are complete and accurate.

* 1. Measures Exception Form

PCHs that performed **a combined total of 9 or fewer colon surgeries and abdominal hysterectomies** in the calendar year prior to the reporting year are eligible to submit the Measure Exception Form to reduce the burden of reporting the SSI measure.

* 1. ECE Request Form

CMS offers a process for PCHs to request exceptions to the reporting of required quality data when a PCH experiences an extraordinary circumstance not within the control of the PCH, such as a natural disaster.

As noted in section X.D.4, in the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule, we are proposing to update the Extraordinary Circumstances Exception (ECE) policy and codify the process for requesting or granting an ECE. This proposed update would explicitly include extensions as a type of extraordinary circumstances relief option, in addition to exceptions. Because the process for requesting or granting an ECE would remain the same as the current ECE process, these updates would not affect burden associated with the submission of the ECE form, which is accounted for under OMB control number 0938-1022 (expiration date January 31, 2026).

**2. Information Users**

PCHs use the feedback reports provided to CMS to examine their individual PCH-specific care domains and types of patients so they can compare present performance to past performance as well as to national performance norms including other PCHs; to evaluate the effectiveness of care provided to specific types of patients and, in the context of investigating processes of care, to individual patients; to monitor quality improvement outcomes continuously over time and assess their own strengths and weaknesses in the clinical services they provide objectively; and to inform the respective PCH of the care-related areas, activities, and/or behaviors that result in effective patient care, and alert them to needed improvements. Such information is essential to PCHs in initiating quality improvement strategies and can also be used to improve PCHs’ resource planning.

The availability of peer performance enables state agencies and CMS to identify opportunities for improvement in the PCH, and to evaluate more effectively the PCH’s own quality assessment and performance improvement program.

National accrediting organizations such as The Joint Commission (TJC) or state accreditation agencies may wish to use the information to target potential or identified problems during the organization’s accreditation review of that facility.

In November 2014, the PCHQR Program began publicly reporting quality measures on the *Hospital Compare* website, now called the *Compare tool hosted by HHS, currently available at:* [*https://www.medicare.gov/care-compare*](https://www.medicare.gov/care-compare)*, or its successor website(s)*. On December 1, 2020, CMS relocated PCH data to the Provider Data Catalog (PDC). The PDC site can be accessed at <https://data.cms.gov/provider-data/>. The website provides information for consumers and their families about the quality of care provided by an individual hospital, allowing them to see how well patients of one facility fare compared to those in other facilities and to state and national averages. Additionally, in the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule, we are proposing to display PCH quality data on the Compare tool on medicare.gov/care-compare, or its successor website(s). Modeled after the Hospital IQR Program, the PCHQR Program uses quality measures to assist consumers in making informed decisions when choosing a PCH; to monitor the care the PCH is providing; and to stimulate the PCH to further improve quality and identify optimal practice.

Under section 1890A(a)(6) of the Social Security Act, CMS is required to evaluate the impact and efficiency of CMS measures in quality reporting programs and to post the report every three years. Following the compilation of data from the Hospital IQR Program and other CMS programs, CMS’ findings were formally written into the latest triennial National Impact Assessment Report, which was released in CY 2024.[[2]](#footnote-4)

**3**. **Use of Information Technology**

To assist PCHs in participating in standardized data collection initiatives across the industry, CMS continues to improve data collection tools with the goal of making data submission easier (e.g., the automated collection of electronic patient data in EHRs for electronic clinical quality measures (eCQMs) and the collection of data from federal registries like the NHSN), and to increase the utility of the data provided by the PCHs.

As reflected by the collection and reporting of claims-based quality measures, efforts are made to reduce burden by limiting the adoption of measures requiring the submission of patient-level information that must be acquired through chart-abstraction and to employ existing data and data collection systems. The complete list of measures and data collection forms are organized by type of data collected and data collection mechanism in Table 1.

For claims-based measures, this section is not applicable, because claims-based measures are calculated based on data that are already reported to the Medicare program for payment purposes. Therefore, no additional information collection or information technology will be required of PCHs for these measures.

**4. Duplication of Efforts**

The information to be collected is not duplicative of similar information collected by CMS or other efforts to collect quality of care data for PCH care. Where possible, we have selected measures that are currently reported through a common mechanism for all hospitals to conduct uniform measure reporting across settings. For example, we leverage data reported to the CDC through the NHSN so as not to require duplicate reporting.

**5. Small Business**

Information collection requirements were designed to allow maximum flexibility specifically for small PCH providers participating in the PCHQR Program. This effort assists small PCH providers in gathering information for their own quality improvement efforts. We define a “small hospital” as one with 1-99 inpatient beds; 4 of the 11 PCHs that report data for the PCHQR Program meet this definition. We provide a help-desk hotline for troubleshooting purposes and 24/7 free information available on the QualityNet website through a Questions and Answers (Q&A) function.

**6. Less Frequent Collection**

CMS has designed the collection of quality-of-care data to be the minimum necessary for reporting of data on measures that are meaningful indicators of cancer patient care, and for calculation of summary figures to be used as reliable estimates of PCH performance. Claims-based measures are calculated from Medicare FFS claims data; hospitals submit claims for reimbursement or payment per claims processing timeliness requirements. To collect the information less frequently would compromise the timeliness of any calculated estimates. In addition, the NHSN web-based COVID-19 HCP Vaccination Coverage Among Healthcare Personnel measure collected by the CDC is submitted for at least one self-selected week during each month of the reporting quarter. To collect these measure data less frequently would compromise the timeliness of any calculated estimates.

**7. Special Circumstances**

There are no special circumstances.

**8. Federal Register Notice/Outside Consultation**

The 60-day Federal Register notice of the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule (RIN 0938-AV45, CMS-1833-P) was published on April 30, 2025 (90 FR 18002).

Measures adopted for the PCHQR Program are required by statute to undergo a recognized consensus process. Section 1890(b) of the Social Security Act requires CMS to develop quality and efficiency measures through a “consensus-based entity.” To fulfill this requirement, the Partnership for Quality Measurement (PQM) provides input on the Measures under Consideration (MUC) list as part of the Pre-Rulemaking Measure Review (PRMR) process. We refer readers to <https://p4qm.org/PRMR-MSR> for more information on the PRMR process.

CMS is additionally supported in this program’s efforts by the CDC, Health Resources and Services Administration, and the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality. These organizations consult with CMS on an ongoing basis, providing technical assistance in developing and/or identifying quality measures, and assisting in making collected information accessible, understandable, and relevant to the public. CMS also regularly engages interested parties (e.g. solicitation of comments).

**9. Payments/Gifts to Respondent**

Section 1866(k) of the Social Security Act applies to hospitals described in section 1886(d)(1)(B)(v) of the Social Security Act and requires PCHs to report data in accordance with the requirements of the PCHQR Program for purposes of measuring and making publicly available information on the quality of care furnished by PCHs, however, there is no reduction in payment to a PCH that does not report data. No payments or gifts will be given to PCHs for participation.

**10. Confidentiality**

We pledge privacy to the extent provided by law. As a matter of policy, CMS will prevent the disclosure of personally identifiable information contained in the data submitted. All information collected under the PCHQR Program will be maintained in strict accordance with statutes and regulations governing confidentiality requirements for CMS data, including the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and the Quality Improvement Organizations confidentiality requirements, which can be found at 42 C.F.R. Part 480. In addition, the tools used for transmission of data are considered confidential forms of communication, and there are safeguards in place in accordance with HIPAA Privacy and Security Rules to protect the submission of patient information, at 45 CFR Part 160 and 164, Subparts A, C, and E. Only PCH-specific data will be made publicly available as mandated by statute.

Data related to the PCHQR Program is housed in the HQR application group. CMS’ HQR is a General Support System (GSS) housing protected health information (PHI). Users who access CMS’ HQR system are identity-managed to permit access to the system and have role-based restrictions (including log-in and password) to the data they can see. The System of Records Notice (SORN) in use for the quality programs including the PCHQR Program is MBD 09-70-0536, as modified on February 14, 2018 (83 FR 6591).

**11. Sensitive Questions**

There are no questions of a sensitive nature associated with the forms. Case-specific clinical data elements will be collected and are necessary to calculate statistical measures. These statistical measures are the basis of all subsequent improvement initiatives derived from this collection and cannot be calculated without case-specific data. Case-specific data will not be released to the public and are not releasable by requests under the Freedom of Information Act. Only PCH-specific data will be released to the public after PCHs have had an opportunity to review the data that are to be made public, as mandated by statute. The patient-specific data remaining in the CMS clinical data warehouse after the data are aggregated for release for public reporting will continue to be subject to the strict confidentiality regulations in 42 CFR Part 480.

**12. Burden Estimate (Total Hours & Wages)**

* + - * 1. **Background**

For the PCHQR Program, the burden associated with meeting program requirements includes the time and effort associated with completing administrative requirements and collecting and submitting data on the required measures for the 11 PCHs participating in the PCHQR Program.

In the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule, we proposed to remove three measures beginning with the FY 2026 program year: (1) the Hospital Commitment to Health Equity measure; (2) the Screening for Social Drivers of Health measure; and (3) the Screen Positive Rate for Social Drivers of Health measure. We are not proposing any additional policies which will not affect information collection burden under OMB control number 0938-1175.

* + - * 1. **Burden for the FY 2027 Payment Determination**

Our currently approved burden estimates are based on an assumption of 11 PCHs. For the purposes of burden estimation, we assume all activities associated with the PCHQR Program will be completed by Medical Records Specialists, with the exception of survey completion which will be completed by patients. These staff are qualified to complete the tasks associated with the submission of data to clinical registries and the completion of any of the other applicable forms associated with activities related to the PCHQR Program.

OMB has currently approved 109 hours at a cost of $2,844 for the FY 2027 program year under OMB control number 0938-1175, accounting for information collection burden experienced by 11 PCHs. As shown in Table 3, we estimate a baseline burden of 109 hours at a cost of $3,032 for the FY 2027 program year, accounting for updated wage rates.

We reiterate that our estimates exclude burden associated with the previously approved NHSN measures, which are submitted separately under OMB control number 0920-0666. These estimates also exclude the burden associated with the HCAHPS Survey which is submitted separately under OMB control number 0938-0981, as well as the burden associated with the COVID-19 HCP Vaccination Coverage among Healthcare Personnel measure, for which data are submitted under OMB control number 0920-1317. Finally, we do not include burden associated with claims-based measures as these measures are calculated using claims data submitted by the PCHs as part of their reimbursement process and are calculated by CMS without additional information collection, not by the PCHs.

**Table 2. Currently Approved Burden Estimates for the PCHQR Program for the FY 2027 Program Year**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***Measure Set*** | ***Estimated time per record (minutes) -FY 2027 Program Year*** | ***Number reporting quarters per year -FY 2027 Program Year*** | ***Number of respondents*** | ***Average number records per PCH per quarter*** | ***Annual burden (hours) per PCH*** | ***Total Burden Hours for FY 2027 Program Year*** |
|
|
|
| **PATIENT ENGAGEMENT/EXPERIENCE OF CARE MEASURES** |
| Documentation of Goals of Care Measure | 10 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 0.167 | 2 |
|  |
| **STRUCTURAL MEASURES** |
| Hospital Commitment to Health Equity Measure | 10 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 0.167 | 2 |
|  |
| **PROCESS MEASURES** |
| Screening for Social Drivers of Health Measure (Survey) | 0.033 | 1 | 3,025 | 1 | 9.17 | 101 |
| Screening for Social Drivers of Health Measure (Reporting) | 10 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 0.167 | 2 |
| Screen Positive Rate for Social Drivers of Health Measure | 10 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 0.167 | 2 |
|  |
| **Total Burden Hours** |   |  |  |   |   | **109** |
| **Total Burden for Surveys @ Average Individual Labor rate (101 hours x $25.63/hr)** | **$2,589** |
| **Total Burden @ Medical Records Specialist labor rate (8 hours x $55.38/hr)** | **$443** |
| **Total Burden** | **$3,032** |

* + - * 1. **Updated Hourly Wage Rate**

While the most recent data from the BLS reflects a median hourly wage of $$23.45 per hour for all medical records specialists, $27.69 is the mean hourly wage for “general medical and surgical hospitals,” which is an industry within medical records specialists (we note that BLS does not provide median occupation wage rates for individual industries).[[3]](#footnote-5) We believe the industry of “general medical and surgical hospitals” is more specific to our settings for use in our calculations than other industries that fall under medical records specialists, such as “office of physicians” or “nursing care facilities.” We calculate the cost of overhead, including fringe benefits, at 100 percent of the mean hourly wage, consistent with previous years. This is necessarily a rough adjustment, both because fringe benefits and overhead costs vary significantly by employer and methods of estimating these costs vary widely in the literature. Nonetheless, we believe that doubling the hourly wage rate ($27.69 × 2 = $55.38) to estimate total cost is a reasonably accurate estimation method. Accordingly, we calculate cost burden to hospitals using a wage plus benefits estimate of $55.38 per hour for the PCHQR Program.

* + - * 1. **Patient Engagement/Experience of Care Reporting and Submission Burden**

For the Documentation of Goals of Care Discussions Among Cancer Patients measure, PCHs will report data through CMS’ HQR System on an annual basis during the submission period. We estimate a burden of no more than 10 minutes per PCH per year, as each PCH will only be required to report one aggregate numerator and denominator for all patients. Using the estimate of 10 minutes (or 0.167 hours) per PCH per year, we estimate a total annual burden for the FY 2028 program year and subsequent years of approximately 2 hours across all PCHs (0.167 hours × 11 PCHs) at a cost of $111 (2 hours × $55.38).

* + - * 1. **Process Measure Reporting and Submission Burden**

In the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule, we are proposing to remove the Screening for Social Drivers of Health and Screen Positive Rate for Social Drivers of Health measures beginning with the FY 2026 program year. If these proposals are finalized, there would be no other process measures currently approved for the PCHQR Program, therefore, we estimate no burden associated with reporting or submission of process measures in the FY 2028 program year and subsequent years.

* + - * 1. **Structural Measure** **Reporting and Submission Burden**

In the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule, we are proposing to remove the Hospital Commitment to Health Equity measure beginning with the FY 2026 program year. If this proposal is finalized, there would be no other structural measures currently approved for the PCHQR Program, therefore, we estimate no burden associated with reporting or submission of process measures in the FY 2028 program year and subsequent years.

* + - * 1. **Claims-Based Measure Reporting and Submission Burden**

Claims-based measures are derived through analysis of administrative claims data and do not require additional effort or burden on hospitals. As a result, the PCHQR Program’s claims-based measures (see Table 1) do not influence our burden calculations.

* + - * 1. **Survey Measure Reporting and Submission Burden**

The information collection requirements associated with the HCAHPS survey-based measure are currently approved under OMB control number 0938-0981, which expires November 30, 2027.  As a result, the policy to require data collection for these measures does not influence our burden calculations under OMB control number 0938-1175.

* + - * 1. **Burden Estimate Summary**

As shown in Table 3, in summary under OMB control number 0938-1175, we estimate a total burden of 2 hours at a cost of $111 across the 11 PCHs for data collection and submission for the FY 2028 program year and subsequent years.

**Table 3. Summary of Burden Estimates for the FY 2028 Program Year and Subsequent Years**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Information Collection** | **FY 2028 and Subsequent Program Years**  | **Difference from Currently Approved** |
| Patient Engagement/Experience of Care Measures | 2 | 0 |
| Process Measures | 0 | -105 |
| Structural Measures | 0 | -2 |
| Claims-Based Measures | N/A | 0 |
| Survey-Based Measures | N/A | 0 |
| **Total Burden Hour Estimate** | **2** | **-107** |
| **Total Burden Cost Estimate** | **$111**  | **-$2,921** |

**13. Capital Costs (Maintenance of Capital Costs)**

We do not estimate any additional capital costs associated with the requirements for PCHs under the PCHQR program.

**14. Cost to Federal Government**

The cost to the Federal Government for maintaining multiple hospital quality reporting program activities is for supporting data system architecture, data storage, maintenance and updating of information technology infrastructure on the HQR system secure portal, providing ongoing technical assistance to hospital and data vendors, calculation of claims-based measures and validation, measure development and maintenance, the provision of hospitals with feedback and preview reports, as well as costs associated with public reporting. These costs are estimated at $10,050,000 annually for the validation and quality reporting contracts. Additionally, this program requires one CMS staff at a GS-13 Step 5 level to operate. GS-13 Step 5 approximate annual salary is $136,658 plus benefits (30%) of $40,108 for a total cost of $176,766. The total annual cost to the Federal Government is $10,226,766.

For most of the claims-based measures, the cost to the Federal Government is minimal. CMS uses data from the CMS National Claims History system that are already being collected for provider reimbursement; therefore, no additional data will need to be submitted by PCHs for claims-based measures.

**15. Program or Burden Changes**

We previously requested and received approval for total annual burden estimates under this OMB control number for the FY 2028 program year of 109 hours at a cost of $2,844 as a result of policies finalized in the FY 2025 IPPS/LTCH PPS final rule. Accounting for updated wage rates, the total cost of $2,844 increases to $3,032. For the FY 2028 program year, based on the policies in the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule, we estimate a total burden of 2 hours at a cost of $111 (a decrease of 107 hours and $2,733 from our estimate in the FY 2025 IPPS/LTCH PPS final rule).

The proposal in the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule to remove the Hospital Commitment to Health Equity measure beginning with the FY 2026 program year results in an annual burden decrease of 2 hours and $111. The proposals to remove the Screening for Social Drivers of Health and Screen Positive for Social Drivers of Health measures result in an annual burden decrease of 105 hours and $2,810. The aggregate decrease due to these policies and adjustments is 107 hours (-2 - 105) and $2,921 (-$111 - $2,810) as shown in Table 3.

The burden hours have decreased from 109 to 2 hours.

**16. Publication/Tabulation Dates**

The goal of the data collection is to tabulate and publish PCH-specific data. We will continue to display PCH quality information for public viewing as required by Social Security Act section 1866(k)(4) for the PCHQR Program. PCH data from this initiative is currently used to populate the Provider Data Catalog, available at: https://data.cms.gov/provider-data. Data are presented on the Provider Data Catalog in a format mainly aimed towards consumers, patients, and the general public, providing access to PCH-specific quality measure performance rates along with state and national performance rates. For certain quality measures, data are presented on the Provider Data Catalog in performance categories of Better, No Different, or Worse than the National Rate. More detailed measure data, including the data used for the Provider Data Catalog, are also available to the public as downloadable files at https://data.cms.gov/provider-data. PCH quality data on the Provider Data Catalog are currently updated on a quarterly and annual basis. One of the goals of the PCHQR Program is to publicly display data on all measures adopted for the Program. In the FY 2026 IPPS/LTCH PPS proposed rule, we are proposing to display PCH quality data on the Compare tool on medicare.gov/care-compare, or its successor website(s). We note, however, that in certain circumstances we may decide to delay public display as we evaluate the accuracy of the measure data.

**17. Expiration Date**

We will display the approved expiration date on each of the forms included as appendices to this PRA, which would become available on the *QualityNet* website (https://qualitynet.cms.gov). We will also display the approved expiration date prominently on the *QualityNet* website’s PCHQR Program pages used to document our measure specifications and reporting guidance.

**18. Certification Statement**

We are not claiming any exceptions to the Certification for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions Statement.

# **Collection of Information Employing Statistical Methods**

The use of statistical methods does not apply to this form.

1. https://www.cms.gov/medicare/quality/cms-national-quality-strategy/meaningful-measures-20-moving-measure-reduction-modernization [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
2. The latest 2024 Impact Assessment Report, as well as earlier reports from 2012, 2015, 2018, and 2021 may be found at: <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/QualityMeasures/National-Impact-Assessment-of-the-Centers-for-Medicare-and-Medicaid-Services-CMS-Quality-Measures-Reports>. [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
3. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Outlook Handbook, Medical Records Specialists. Accessed on March 17, 2025. Available at https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes292072.htm [↑](#footnote-ref-5)