had 7.73% market share of executed volume of multiply-listed equity & ETF options trades. 17

The Exchange believes that the proposed waiver of the Cap reflects this competitive environment because it is designed to continue to incent Floor Brokers to direct manual and QCC transactions to the Exchange, to provide liquidity and to attract order flow. To the extent that Floor Brokers are encouraged to utilize the Exchange as a primary trading venue for all transactions, all Exchange market participants stand to benefit from the improved market quality and increased opportunities for price improvement. The Exchange notes that it operates in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily favor competing venues. In such an environment, the Exchange must continually review, and consider adjusting, its fees and credits to remain competitive with other exchanges. For the reasons described above, the Exchange believes that the proposed rule change reflects this competitive environment.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change is effective upon filing pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) ¹⁸ of the Act and subparagraph (f)(2) of Rule 19b–4 ¹⁹ thereunder, because it establishes a due, fee, or other charge imposed by the Exchange.

At any time within 60 days of the filing of such proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings under Section 19(b)(2)(B) ²⁰ of the Act to

determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an email to *rule-comments@* sec.gov. Please include file number SR-NYSEAMER-2025-46 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–1090.

All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEAMER-2025-46. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (https://www.sec.gov/ rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the filing will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEAMER-2025-46 and should be submitted on or before August 27, 2025.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority. 21

Vanessa A. Countryman,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–14854 Filed 8–5–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

21 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[OMB Control No. 3235-0732]

Agency Information Collection
Activities; Submission for OMB
Review; Comment Request; Extension:
Business Conduct Standards for
Security-Based Swap Dealers and
Major Security-Based Swap
Participants

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–2736

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") is submitting to the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") this request for extension of the proposed collection of information provided for in Business Conduct Standards for Security-Based Swap Dealers and Major Security-Based Swap Participants 1 (17 CFR 240.3a67-10, 240.3a71-3,240.3a71-6, 240.15Fh-1 through 15Fh-6 and 240.15Fk-1), under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) ("Exchange Act").

In 2010, Congress enacted the Dodd-Frank Act, establishing a comprehensive framework for regulating the over-the-counter swaps markets.² As required by Title VII of the Dodd-Frank Act, new section 15F(h) of the Exchange Act established business conduct standards for security-based swap Dealers ("SBS Dealers") and Major security-based swap Participants ("collectively "SBS Entities") in their dealings with counterparties, including special entities.³

Continued

¹⁷ Based on a compilation of OCC data for monthly volume of equity-based options and monthly volume of equity-based ETF options, see id., the Exchanges market share in equity-based options decreased from 8.17% for the month of June 2024 to 7.73% for the month of June 2025.

^{18 15} U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

^{19 17} CFR 240.19b-4(f)(2).

²⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2)(B).

¹ Business Conduct Standards for Security-Based Swap Dealers and Major Security-Based Swap Participants, Exchange Act Release 77617 (Apr. 14, 2016), 81 FR 29959 (May 13, 2016). See also Business Conduct Standards for Security-Based Swap Dealers and Major Security-Based Swap Participants; Correction, Exchange Act Release 77617A (May 19, 2016), 81 FR 32643 (May 24, 2016). (together, the "BCS Rules")

² Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, Public Law 111–203, 124 Stat. 1376 (2010) ("Dodd-Frank Act").

^{3 &}quot;Special Entity" means: a federal agency; State, State agency, city, county, municipality, other political subdivision of a State, or any instrumentality, department, or a corporation of or established by a State or political subdivision of a State; any employee benefit plan subject to Title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002); any governmental plan, as defined in Section 3 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002); any endowment, including an endowment that is an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3));

In 2016, in order to implement the Dodd-Frank Act, the Commission adopted the BCS Rules for SBS Dealers and Major SBS Participants, 4 a comprehensive set of business conduct standards and chief compliance officer ("CCO") requirements applicable to SBS Entities, that are designed to enhance transparency, facilitate informed customer decision-making, and heighten standards of professional conduct to better protect investors.

Rules 15Fh–1 through 15Fh–6 and 15Fk–1 require SBS Entities to:

- Verify whether a counterparty is an eligible contract participant and whether it is a special entity;
- Disclose to the counterparty material information about the securitybased swap, including material risks, characteristics, incentives and conflicts of interest;
- Provide the counterparty with information concerning the daily mark of the security-based swap;
- Provide the counterparty with information regarding the ability to require clearing of the security-based swap;
- Communicate with counterparties in a fair and balanced manner based on principles of fair dealing and good faith;
- Establish a supervisory and compliance infrastructure; and
- Designate a CCO that is required to fulfill the described duties and provide an annual compliance report.

The rules also require SBS Dealers to:

- Determine that recommendations they make regarding security-based swaps are suitable for their counterparties.
- Establish, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to obtain and retain a record of the essential facts concerning each known counterparty that are necessary to conduct business with such counterparty; and
- Comply with rules designed to prevent "pay-to-play."

The rules also define what it means to "act as an advisor" to a special entity,

and require an SBS Dealer who acts as an advisor to a special entity to:

- Make a reasonable determination that any security-based swap or trading strategy involving a security-based swap recommended by the SBS Dealer is in the best interests of the special entity whose identity is known at a reasonably sufficient time prior to the execution of the transaction to permit the SBS Dealer to comply with this obligation; and
- Make reasonable efforts to obtain such information that the SBS Dealer considers necessary to make a reasonable determination that a security-based swap or trading strategy involving a security-based swap is in the best interests of the known special entity.

In addition, the rules require SBS Entities acting as counterparties to special entities to reasonably believe that the counterparty has an independent representative who meets the following requirements:

- Has sufficient knowledge to evaluate the transaction and risks;
- Is not subject to a statutory disqualification;
- Undertakes a duty to act in the best interests of the special entity;
- Makes appropriate and timely disclosures to the special entity of material information concerning the security-based swap;
- Evaluates, consistent with any guidelines provided by the special entity, the fair pricing and the appropriateness of the security-based swap:
- Is independent of the security-based swap dealer or major security-based swap participant that is the counterparty to a proposed securitybased swap.

Under the rules, the special entity's independent representative must also be subject to pay-to-play regulations, and if the special entity is an ERISA plan, the independent representative must be an ERISA fiduciary.

The information that must be collected pursuant to the BCS Rules is intended to increase accountability and transparency in the market. The information should therefore help establish a framework that protects investors and promotes efficiency, competition and capital formation.

Based on a review of recent data, as of 2025, the Commission staff estimates the number of respondents to be as

follows: 53 SBS Dealers, 0 Major SBS Participants, for a total of 53 "SBS Entities." 5 Further, the Commission staff estimate that approximately 46 of these 53 SBS Entities will be dually registered with the CFTC as Swap Entities. The Commission staff also estimate that there are currently 16,061 security-based swap market participants of which 12,406 are also swap market participants.⁶ From October 2021 through September 2022, the Commission staff estimate that there were approximately 377,271 securitybased swap transactions between an SBS Dealer and counterparty that is not an SBS Dealer of which approximately 234,654 were new and 5,559 amended trades (totaling 240,213). The Commission staff estimate there are 283 independent, third-party representatives and 22 in-house independent representatives, for a total of 305 independent representatives.⁷ The Commission staff estimate that there are approximately 14,005 unique SBS Dealer and non-SBS-Dealer pairs.8 The Commission staff have used these estimates in calculating the hour and cost burdens for the rule provisions that the Commission staff anticipate have a "collection of information" burden within the meaning of the PRA.

The Commission staff estimate that the aggregate burden of the ongoing reporting and disclosures required by the BCS Rules, as described above, is approximately 535,595 hours and \$2,522,058 calculated as follows:

or any employee benefit plan defined in Section 3 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002), not otherwise defined as a Special Entity, that elects to be a Special Entity by notifying a swap dealer or major swap participant of its election prior to entering into a swap with the particular swap dealer or major swap participant. 17 CFR part 23.401(c).

⁴ See supra note 1.

⁵ List of Registered Security-Based Swap Dealers and Major Security-Based Swap Participants, available at: https://www.sec.gov/about/divisions-offices/division-trading-markets/list-registered-security-based-swap-dealers-major-security-based-swap-participants (providing the list of registered security-based swap dealers and major security-based swap participants that was updated as of December 31, 2024). Information concerning Swap Entities registered with the CFTC available at: (https://www.cftc.gov/IndustryOversight/Intermediaries/MajorSwapParticipantMSP/index.htm).

⁶ Unless otherwise noted, estimates were derived from the DTCC–TIW data set (November 30, 2006 through September 2022). In October 2022, DTCC–TIW transaction data went through a major structural change. Commission staff are still in the process of resolving the consistency issue associated with this data.

⁷ See Information About Registered Municipal Advisors as of January 1, 2025 (https:// www.sec.gov/data-research/sec-markets-data/ information-about-registered-municipal-advisors).

⁸ See supra note 6.

IC title	Type of burden	Respondents	Ongoing annual burden	Ongoing annual burden	Industry-wide annual burden	Industry-wide annual burden
			Hours	Cost	Hours	Cost
15Fh-3(b), (c), (d) Disclosures—SBS Entities	Reporting	53	4,120	\$0	218,360	\$0
15Fh-3(b), (c), (d) Disclosures—SBS Transactions Between SBS Dealer and Non-SBSD Counterparty.	Reporting	53	4,427.4	0	234,654	0
15Fh-3(e), (f) Know Your Counterparty and Recommendations (SBS Dealers).	Reporting	53	132.1	0	7,003	0
15Fh-3(g) Fair and Balanced Communications	Reporting	53	2	4,158	106	220,374
15Fh-3(h) Supervision	Reporting	53	540	5,544	28,620	293,832
15Fh-5 SBS Entities Acting as Counterparties to Special Entities	Reporting	53	305	0	16,165	0
15Fh-5 SBS Entities Acting as Counterparties to Special Entities	Third-Party Disclosure	53	305	0	16,165	0
15Fh–6 Political Contributions	Reporting	53	1	29,568	53	1,567,104
15Fk-1 Chief Compliance Officer	Reporting	53	273	8,316	14,469	440,748
Total					535,595	2,522,058

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Written comments are invited on: (a) whether this proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the SEC, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the SEC's estimate of the burden imposed by the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and the assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated, electronic collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

The public may view and comment on this information collection request at: https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAViewICR?ref_nbr=202505-3235-012 or email comment to MBX.OMB.OIRA.SEC_desk_officer@

MBX.OMB.OIRA.SEC_desk_officer@ omb.eop.gov within 30 days of the day after publication of this notice, by September 5, 2025.

Dated: August 1, 2025.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–14852 Filed 8–5–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[OMB Control No. 3235-0597]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Extension: Rule 31 and Form R31

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–2736

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 ("PRA") (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission" or "SEC") is submitting to the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") this request for extension of the proposed collection of information provided for in Rule 31 (17 CFR 240.31) and Form R31 (17 CFR 249.11), under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.).

Section 31 of the Exchange Act requires the Commission to collect fees and assessments from national securities exchanges and national securities associations (collectively, "self-regulatory organizations" or "SROs") based on the volume of their securities transactions. To collect the proper amounts, the Commission adopted Rule 31 and Form R31 under the Exchange Act whereby each SRO must report to the Commission the volume of its securities transactions and the Commission, based on those data, calculates the amount of fees and assessments that each SRO owes pursuant to Section 31. Rule 31 and Form R31 require each SRO to provide these data on a monthly basis.

Currently, there are 31 respondents under Rule 31 that are subject to the collection of information requirements of Rule 31: 28 national securities exchanges, 1 national securities association, and 2 registered clearing agencies that are required to provide certain data in their possession needed by the SROs to complete Form R31, although these 2 clearing agencies are not themselves required to complete and submit Form R31. The Commission estimates that the total burden for all 31 respondents is 480 hours per year. The Commission estimates that, based on previous and current experience, 3 additional national securities exchanges will become registered and subject to

the reporting requirements of Rule 31 over the course of the authorization period and collectively incur a burden of 18 hours per year. Thus, the Commission estimates the collective burden for all respondents (existing and new added together) to be 498 hours per year. The Commission does not believe that the 31 existing or 3 expected new respondents will have to incur any capital or start-up costs, or any additional operational or maintenance costs (other than as already discussed in this paragraph), to comply with the collection of information requirements imposed by Rule 31 and Form R31.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Written comments are invited on: (a) whether this proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's estimate of the burden imposed by the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and the assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated, electronic collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

The public may view and comment on this information collection request at: https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAViewICR?ref_nbr=202505-3235-001 or email comment to MBX.OMB.OIRA.SEC_desk_officer@omb.eop.gov within 30 days of the day after publication of this notice, by September 8, 2025.