

**SUPPORTING STATEMENT**  
Internal Revenue Service (IRS)  
Request for Discharge from Personal Liability Under  
Internal Revenue Code Section 2204 or 6905 (Form 5495)  
OMB # **1545-0432**

1. CIRCUMSTANCES NECESSITATING COLLECTION OF INFORMATION

Ordinarily, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has 3 years after an income tax, gift tax, or estate tax return has been filed to assess tax and demand payment of any deficiency. The executor representing a decedent's estate, or a fiduciary of a decedent's trust may request a discharge from personal liability for the decedent's income, gift, and estate taxes.

Form 5495 provides guidance under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) sections 2204 and 6905 for executors of estates and fiduciaries of decedent's trusts. The form, filed after regular filing of an Estate, Gift, or Income tax return for a decedent, is used by the executor or fiduciary to request discharge from personal liability for any deficiency for the tax and periods shown on the form.

2. USE OF DATA

The data collected will be used by the IRS to determine if an executor or trust fiduciary should be relieved of liability for certain income, gift, and estate taxes of a decedent.

3. USE OF IMPROVED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY TO REDUCE BURDEN

The IRS has no plans to offer electronic filing due to the low number of filers.

4. EFFORTS TO IDENTIFY DUPLICATION

The information obtained through this collection is unique and is not already available for use or adaptation from another source.

5. METHODS TO MINIMIZE BURDEN ON SMALL BUSINESSES OR OTHER SMALL ENTITIES

The collection of information requirement will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

6. CONSEQUENCES OF LESS FREQUENT COLLECTION ON FEDERAL PROGRAMS OR POLICY ACTIVITIES

The collections of information in this form permits the IRS to determine if an executor or trust fiduciary should be relieved of liability for certain income, gift, and estate taxes of a decedent. Consequences of less frequent collection of this information could result in an increase of fraudulent requests or incorrect discharge of personal liability and deficiency from certain tax

of a decedent.

7. SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRING DATA COLLECTION TO BE INCONSISTENT WITH GUIDELINES IN 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2)

There are no special circumstances requiring data collection to be inconsistent with Guidelines in 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2).

8. CONSULTATION WITH INDIVIDUALS OUTSIDE OF THE AGENCY ON AVAILABILITY OF DATA, FREQUENCY OF COLLECTION, CLARITY OF INSTRUCTIONS AND FORMS, AND DATA ELEMENTS

A Federal Register Notice (90 FR 16773) was published regarding the burden for Form 5495 on April 21, 2025, inviting public comments. No comments were received.

9. EXPLANATION OF DECISION TO PROVIDE ANY PAYMENT OR GIFT TO RESPONDENTS

There are no special circumstances requiring payment or gift to be provided to any respondent(s).

10. ASSURANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY OF RESPONSES

Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential as required by 26 USC 6103.

11. JUSTIFICATION OF SENSITIVE QUESTIONS

A privacy impact assessment (PIA) has been conducted for information collected under this request as part of the “Individual Master file (IMF)”, “Business Master file (BMF)” and a Privacy Act System of Records notice (SORN) has been issued for these systems under IRS 24.030 – Customer Account Data Engine (CADE) Individual Master File; IRS 24.046 - CADE Business Master File (BMF); IRS 34.037 - IRS Audit Trail and Security Records System. The Internal Revenue Service PIA’s can be found at <https://www.irs.gov/uac/privacy-Impact-Assessments-PIA>.

Title 26 USC 6109 requires inclusion of identifying numbers in returns, statements, or other documents for securing proper identification of persons required to make such returns, statements, or documents and is the authority for social security numbers (SSNs) in IRS systems.

12. ESTIMATED BURDEN OF INFORMATION COLLECTION

Form 5495 is filed by a taxpayer after regular filing of either an Estate or Gift tax return. The form is used to request discharge from personal liability for any deficiency for the kind of tax and periods shown on the form.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average times are:

<b>OMB Collection</b>	<b>Authority</b>	<b>Form</b>	<b>Annual Responses</b>	<b>Hours per Response</b>	<b>Total Burden</b>
IRS 1545-0432	IRC sections 2204 and 6905	5495	25,000	12.26	306,500
	<b>IRS TOTAL</b>		<b>25,000</b>		<b>306,500</b>

### 13. ESTIMATED TOTAL ANNUAL COST BURDEN TO RESPONDENTS

There are no annualized costs to the respondents beyond providing information and keeping records as part of customary and usual business or private practices.

### 14. ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The Federal government cost estimate is based on a model that considers the following three cost factors for each information product: aggregate labor costs for development, including annualized startup expenses, operating and maintenance expenses, and distribution of the product that collects the information.

The government computes cost using a multi-step process. First, the government creates a weighted factor for the level of effort to create each information collection product based on variables such as complexity, number of pages, type of product and frequency of revision. Second, the total costs associated with developing the product such as labor cost, and operating expenses associated with the downstream impact such as support functions, are added together to obtain the aggregated total cost. Then, the aggregated total cost and factor are multiplied together to obtain the aggregated cost per product. Lastly, the aggregated cost per product is added to the cost of shipping and printing each product to IRS offices, National Distribution Center, libraries, and other outlets. The result is the Government cost estimate per product.

The government cost estimate for this collection is summarized in the table below.

<b>Product</b>	<b><u>Aggregate Cost per Product (factor applied)</u></b>		<b><u>Printing and Distribution</u></b>		<b><u>Government Cost Estimate per Product</u></b>
Form 5495	19,417	+	0	=	19,417
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>19,417</b>				<b>19,417</b>

### 15. REASONS FOR CHANGE IN BURDEN

There are no changes being made to this form at this time. IRS is making this submission for renewal purposes.

	<b>Requested</b>	<b>Program Change Due to New Statute</b>	<b>Program Change Due to Agency Discretion</b>	<b>Change Due to Adjustment in Agency Estimate</b>	<b>Change Due to Potential Violation of the PRA</b>	<b>Previously Approved</b>
Annual Number of Responses	25,000	0	0	0	0	25,000
Annual Time Burden (Hr)	306,500	0	0	0	0	306,500

16. PLANS FOR TABULATION, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS AND PUBLICATION

There are no plans for tabulation, statistical analysis, and publication.

17. REASONS WHY DISPLAYING THE OMB EXPIRATION DATE IS INAPPROPRIATE

The IRS believes that displaying the OMB expiration date is inappropriate because it could cause confusion by leading taxpayers to believe that the collection expires as of the expiration date. Taxpayers are not likely to be aware that the IRS intends to request renewal of OMB approval and obtain a new expiration date before the old one expires.

18. EXCEPTIONS TO THE CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

There are no exceptions to the certification statement.