**SUPPORTING STATEMENT**

**FOR 46 CFR PART 540**

**FORM FMC-131 (AND INCORPORATED FORMS: FMC-132A, FMC-132B, FMC-133A, AND FMC-133B)**

**(OMB No. 3072-0012)**

**A. Justification**

**1. Explain the circumstances that make the collection of information necessary. Identify any legal or administrative requirements that necessitate the collection. Attach a copy of the appropriate section of each statute and regulation mandating or authorizing the information collection.**

The Commission administers Sections 2 and 3 of Public Law 89-777 (46 U.S.C. 44101-44106)**,** which require vessel owners, charterers, and operators of passenger vessels with passenger berths or stateroom accommodations for at least 50 passengers, and embarking passengers at United States ports, to establish their financial responsibility to meet liability incurred for death or injury and to indemnify passengers in the event of nonperformance of transportation.

*Passenger Vessel Financial Responsibility* under 46 CFR Part 540 implements Public Law 89-777. The regulations (and its related application Form FMC-131, *Application for Certificate of Financial Responsibility*) requires owners, operators, or charterers of passenger vessels subject to Public Law 89-777 to apply for an initial certificate or to file an amendment to existing certificates. The Commission’s rules require that applications be filed at least 60 days prior to any advertising, promotion, or collection of deposits and fares for a Certificate (Performance), and at least 60 days prior to sailing for a Certificate (Casualty).

Applicants may apply separately for each certificate or for both certificates on one application. The method of establishing financial responsibility may be different for each certificate. The applicant has the option of using: (1) insurance, (2) escrow accounts, (3) guaranties, (4) surety bonds, or (5) self-insurance (for casualty only) to establish financial responsibility to qualify for a Certificate (Casualty) evidencing compliance with Section 2 of Public Law 89-777, or to qualify for a Certificate (Performance) evidencing compliance with Section 3 of Public Law 89-777.

Upon receipt, examination, and approval of the application form and evidence of financial responsibility, a *Certificate of Financial Responsibility for Indemnification of Passengers for Nonperformance of Transportation* anda *Certificate of Financial Responsibility to Meet Liability Incurred for Death or Injury to Passengers or Other Persons on Voyages* are issued to the applicant/certificant. The certificates must be presented to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security’s U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), or U.S. Coast Guard officials at the time the vessel clears a United States port.

The cap on passenger vessel financial responsibility under Section 3 (Performance) of Public Law 89-777, 46 U.S.C. 44101-44106, is adjusted biennially to the nearest $1 million using the U.S. Department of Labor’s - Bureau of Labor Statistics’ Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Smaller passenger vessel operators’ (PVO) financial responsibility requirements may be adjusted by requesting consideration for alternative forms of protection from the Director of the Bureau of Certification and Licensing.

The FMC’s PVO Certificates (Performance) are required to be renewed every 5 years. The renewal of the certificates assists the U.S. Department of Homeland Security’s CBP officers in determining the validity of a certificate and ensures that the FMC periodically confirms PVO information previously submitted.

**2. Indicate how, by whom, and for what purpose the information is to be used. Except for a new collection, indicate the actual use the agency has made of the information received from the current collection.**

The information is used by the Commission’s staff to determine whether PVOs meet the financial responsibility requirements and qualify for passenger vessel certificates, to keep the information current, and to assure a domestic agent for service of process. The information is required to ensure that PVOs have adequate financial responsibility to indemnify passengers in the event of nonperformance or casualty. The Commission will be unable to fulfill its statutory responsibility without the collection of this information. Additionally, Public Law 89-777 provides civil penalties for persons who operate passenger vessels embarking passengers from United States ports without establishing their financial responsibility.

**3. Describe whether, and to what extent, the collection of information involves the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.**

The Commission continues to look at new technology to improve the efficiency of the program and reduce the burden on its respondents. The FMC-131, *Application for Certificate of Financial Responsibility (and incorporated forms*; FMC-132A, *Passenger Vessel Surety Bond (Performance)*; FMC-132B, *Passenger Vessel Surety Bond – Casualty*; FMC-133A, *Guaranty in Respect of Liability for Nonperformance*, and FMC-133B, *Guaranty in Respect of Liability for Death or Injury)* are available to the public from the FMC website at <https://www.fmc.gov/complaints-and-assistance/forms-and-applications/>. The regulations allow optional electronic filing of a PVO’s semiannual statement under 46 CFR 540.9(h). Forms FMC-132A, *Passenger Vessel Surety Bond (Performance),* and 133A, *Guaranty in Respect of Liability for Nonperformance, Section 3 of the Act,* can also be filed electronically.

**4. Describe efforts to identify duplication.**

The information requested is unique to passenger vessel certification and is not available from any other source. The information is collected every five years, unless there are changes in ownership, charterers, operators, or an application needs to be amended to reflect a material change in fact.

**5. If the collection of information impacts small businesses or other small entities, describe any methods used to minimize burden.**

This collection of information does not have a significant impact on small businesses or other small entities.

**6. Describe the consequence to Federal program or policy activities if the collection is not conducted or is conducted less frequently, as well as any technical or legal obstacles to reducing burden.**

The information is required to ensure that PVOs have adequate financial responsibility to indemnify passengers in the event of nonperformance or casualty. If the information were not collected, passengers might not be indemnified as required by Public Law 89-777.

**7. Explain any special circumstances that require the collection to be conducted in a manner inconsistent with OMB guidelines. (a) requiring respondents to report information to the agency more often than quarterly; (b) requiring respondents to prepare a written response to a collection of information in fewer than 30 days after receipt of it; (c) requiring respondents to submit more than an original and two copies of any document; (d) requiring respondents to retain records, other than health, medical government contract, grant-in-aid, or tax records, for more than three years; (e) in connection with a statistical survey, that is not designed to product valid and reliable results that can be generalized to the universe of study; (f) requiring the use of statistical data classification that has not been reviewed and approved by OMB; (g) that includes a pledge of confidentially that is not supported by authority established in statute of regulation, that is not supported by disclosure and data security policies that are consistent with the pledge, or which unnecessarily impedes sharing of data with other agencies for compatible confidential use; (h) requiring respondents to submit proprietary trade secrets, or other confidential information unless the agency can demonstrate that it has instituted procedures to protect the information’s confidentiality to the extent permitted by law.**

This information collection (IC) does not: require respondents to report information to the agency more often than quarterly, except for weekly recomputation certificates for escrow arrangements; require respondents to submit more than an original of any document; contain a statistical survey; require respondents to retain records for more than three years; include confidentiality pledges that are not supported by established statutory authority; or require respondents to submit proprietary information without protecting such information to the full extent of the law. Respondents are not required to prepare a written response to a collection of information in fewer than 30 days, except that in the event of a material change in the facts as reflected in a respondent’s application, an amendment to the application shall be filed no later than 15 days following such change.

**8. If applicable, provide a copy and identify the date and page number of publication in the Federal Register of the agency’s notice, required by 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on the information collection prior to submission to OMB. Summarize public comments received in response to that notice and describe actions taken in response to the comments. Specifically address comments received on cost and hour burden. Describe efforts to consult with persons outside FMC to obtain their views on the availability of data, frequency of collection, the clarity of instructions and recordkeeping, disclosure, or reporting format (if any), and on the data elements to be recorded, disclosed, or report.**

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act and OMB’s regulations, notice was published in the *Federal Register* on October 30, 2024, at 86 FR 86338, requesting public comments. Respondents had 60 days to respond with their views regarding the collection of information. The Commission received no comments.

The FMC also occasionally consults with the U.S. Department of Homeland Security’s CBP and Coast Guard since the PVO certificates are subject to inspection by this agency. A vessel may be refused clearance to embark passengers without these certificates (see 46 U.S.C. 44105 and 46 U.S.C. 60105)**.**

**9. Explain any decision to provide any payment or gift to respondents, other than remuneration of contractors or grantees.**

Not applicable – The Commission does not provide any payments or gifts to respondents.

**10. Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for the assurance in statute, regulation, or agency policy.**

The information filed by applicants, certificants, and underwriters is subject to the limitations of the Freedom of Information Act, Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016, and the Privacy Act. Financial data is treated as confidential except in instances where information becomes relevant in connection with hearings which may be requested by an applicant, 46 CFR 540.9(g) and 46 CFR 540.27(g).

**11. Provide additional justification for any questions of a sensitive nature, such as sexual behavior and attitudes, religious beliefs, and other matters that are commonly considered private. This justification should include the reasons why FMC considers the questions necessary, the specific uses to be made of the information, the explanation to be given to persons from whom the information is requested, and any steps to be taken to obtain their consent.**

The regulation and forms do not ask information of a sensitive nature.

**12. Provide estimates of the hour burden of the collection of information. The statement should indicate the number of respondents, frequency of response, annual hour burden, and an explanation of how the burden was estimated. Unless directed to do so, FMC should not conduct special surveys to obtain information on which to base hour burden estimates. Consultation with a sample fewer than 10 potential respondents is desirable.**

The estimated reporting respondent universe is 296. Of the potential respondents, the number of reports filed is not duplicated. The majority of certificants possess both Performance and Casualty Certificates and file one report, which satisfies similar requirements in Subparts A and B of 46 CFR Part 540. For example, if a certificant possesses both Performance and Casualty Certificates, it is required to file one semiannual statement of changes in compliance with both 46 CFR 540.9(h) and 46 CFR 540.27(h).

The number of responses filed annually is based on a review of FY2024 submissions. All certificate holders are required to file semiannual statements to report any changes since their initial application, 46 CFR 540.9(h). In addition to required reports, certificate holders may file reports to change the financial coverage amount, change the type of financial responsibility instrument, or terminate their financial coverage. Certificate holders arrive at such business decisions independently based upon their unique business circumstances. Thus, the number of such reports can vary from year to year and cannot be accurately predicted. That being said, below are the FMC’s burden estimates relative to this IC extension:

1. 46 CFR Part 540: Estimates for the reporting and recordkeeping requirements contained in the rules are based on the type and complexity of the reports required. The operator would also complete the designated reporting financial responsibility forms, FMC-132A or FMC-132B and Form FMC-133A or FMC-133B, to demonstrate compliance with regulatory requirements and obtain casualty and performance certificates (1043 hours).[[1]](#footnote-3)
2. Application Form FMC-131: At present, there is a maximum estimated respondent universe of 296 from 52 cruise line operators. They have changes in owners, charterers, operators, and changes in the amount and type of financial responsibility. They also enter and exit the U.S. trades to accomplish their commercial purposes. The Commission estimates that it receives an average of 26 applications annually where operators seek new certificates for both casualty and performance on a single application. Based upon the Commission’s knowledge of the industry, an average of 8 hours is required to complete Form FMC-131. (208 hours).

The annual cost to respondents for wages, benefits and overhead is estimated at $**168,274.32**. The cost has been calculated in consideration of the time to gather information and furnish it to the Commission, and comply with the requirements of 46 CFR Part 540. It also includes clerical time as well as overhead and operational expenses. [See Attachment 1.]

**13. Provide an estimate for the total annual cost burden to respondents or record keepers resulting from the collection of information. (Do not include the cost of any hour burden already reflected on the burden worksheet).**

**\* The cost estimate should be split into two components: (a) a total capital and start-up cost component (annualized over its expected useful life) and (b) a total operation and maintenance and purchase of services component. The estimates should take into account costs associated with generating, maintaining, and disclosing or providing the information. Include descriptions of methods used to estimate major cost factors including system and technology acquisition, expected useful life of capital equipment, the discount rate(s), and the time period over which costs will be incurred. Capital and start-up costs include, among other items, preparations for collecting information such as purchasing computers and software; monitoring, sampling, drilling and testing equipment; and record storage facilities.**

**\* If cost estimates are expected to vary widely, agencies should present ranges of cost burdens and explain the reasons for the variance. The cost of purchasing or contracting out information collections services should be a part of this cost burden estimate. In developing cost burden estimates, agencies may consult with a sample of respondents (fewer than 10), utilize the 60-day pre-OMB submission public comment process and use existing economic or regulatory impact analysis associated with the rulemaking containing the information collection, as appropriate.**

**\* Generally, estimates should not include purchases of equipment or services, or portions thereof, made: (1) prior to October 1, 1995, (2) to achieve regulatory compliance with requirements not associated with the information collection, (3) for reasons other than to provide information or keep records for the government, or (4) as part of customary and usual business or private practices.**

Respondents incur costs for required filing feesas follows:[[2]](#footnote-4)

* 46 CFR 540.4(e): Passenger Vessel Certificate (Performance) $4,936; Addition or Substitution of Vessel $2,400
* 46 CFR 540.23(b): Passenger Vessel Certificate (Casualty) $2,080; Addition or Substitution of Vessel $1,013.

The total costs for filing fees in FY 2024 are shown below:

Passenger Vessel Certificate (Performance) 1 @ $4,936 $ 4,936

Add/Substitute Vessel (Performance) 20 @ $2,400 $48,000

Passenger Vessel Certificate (Casualty) 1 @ $2,080 $ 2,080

Add/Substitute Vessel (Casualty) 15 @ $1,013 $15,195

**TOTAL**  **$70,211**

Aside from the foregoing filing fees, respondents have no capital or start-up costs associated with this regulation.

**14. Provide estimates of annualized cost to the Federal government.**

Total annual cost to the Federal Government for this rule and application form is estimated to be approximately $303,970.59, including overhead and benefits. This cost includes a consideration of maintenance and follow-up actions necessary to ensure respondents’ compliance with the requirements of 46 CFR Part 540. [See Attachment 2.] This cost is offset by the collection of $70,211.00 in required filing fees.[[3]](#footnote-5) The net estimated total annual cost to the Government of this collection of information is $233,759.59.

**15. Explain the reasons for any program changes or adjustments reported in Items 13 (or 14) of OMB Form 83-I.**

The estimated burden hours for the collection remain the same, but the Commission has updated the associated costs to respondents to reflect current salary information for the water transportation industry.

**16. For collections whose results will be published, outline the plans for tabulation and publication.**

The Commission does not intend to publish any information collected under this regulation.

**17. If seeking approval to not display the expiration date for OMB approval of the information collection, explain the reasons why display would be inappropriate.**

The Commission is not seeking approval to exclude the display of the expiration date for OMB approval of this information collection.

**18. Explain each exception to the certification statement identified in Item 19 of OMB Form 83-I.**

The Commission proposes no exception to the certification statement identified on OMB form 83-I.

**B. Collections of Information Employing Statistical Methods**

This collection of information does not employ statistical methods.

**Attachment 1**

**Estimated Burden and Costs, Including Overhead, to Respondents**

1043 hours (reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Form FMC-132A or Form FMC 132B, and (Form FMC-133A or 133B)) + 208 hours (Form FMC-131) = 1,251 total hours

10% CEO (125 hours)

20% Lawyer (250 hours)

60% CPA (751 hours)

10% Secretary (125 hours)

The annual salary calculations have been formulated using the U.S. Department of Labor’s - Bureau of Labor Statistics’ May 2024 National Industry-Specific Occupational Employment and Wages Estimates for Water Transportation (overhead of 102.93% has been added to the basic salary).

Formula: Annual salary/2087 + overhead rate = adjusted hourly salary

$345,630/2087 = $165.61 (basic hourly rate) + $170.46 (overhead) = $336.07 = CEO adjusted hourly salary

$210,290/2087 = $100.76 (basic hourly rate) + $103.71 (overhead) = $204.47= Lawyer adjusted hourly salary

$91,860/2087 = $44.02 (basic hourly rate) + $45.30 (overhead) = $89.32 = CPA adjusted hourly salary

$66,390/2087 = $31.81 (basic hourly rate) + $32.74 (overhead) = $64.55 = Secretary adjusted hourly salary

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Employee** | | **Hourly Salary** | | **Number of Hours** | | **Total** | |
| CEO | | $336.07 | | 125 | | $ 42,008.75 | |
| Lawyer | | $204.47 | | 250 | | $ 51,117.50 | |
| CPA | | $89.32 | | 751 | | $ 67,079.32 | |
| Secretary | | $64.55 | | 125 | | $ 8,068.75 | |
| **TOTALS** | |  | | **1,251** | | **$168,274.32** | |

**Attachment 2**

**Estimated Burden and Costs, Including Overhead, to Federal Government**

The annual salary calculations have been formulated using the Federal Government’s January 2025 salary table for the Washington D.C. metropolitan area (overhead of 102.93% has been added to the basic salary).

Formula: Annual salary/2087 + overhead = adjusted hourly salary

**Bureau Director** (GS 15/5) – 3% (62 hours)

$189,950/2087 = $91.02 (basic hourly rate) + $93.68 (overhead) = $184.70 adjusted hourly salary

**Program Manager** (GS 14/5) – 48.5% (1009 hours)

$161,486/2087 = $77.38 + $79.65 (overhead) = $157.03 adjusted hourly salary

**Sr. Industry Analyst** (GS 13/5) – 48.5% (1009 hours)

$136,658/2087 = $65.48 + 67.40 (overhead) = $132.88 adjusted hourly salary

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Employee** | **Hourly Salary** | **Number of Hours** | **Total** |
| Bureau Director | $184.70 | 62 | $11,451.40 |
| Program Manager | $157.03 | 1009 | $158,443.27 |
| Sr. Industry Analyst | $132.88 | 1009 | $134,075.92 |
| **TOTALS** | | **2,080** | **$303,970.59** |

Estimated Burden Cost to the Federal Government: $303,970.59

Offset by Respondent Filing Fees: $ 70,211

Total Cost to Government $233,759.59

1. The Commission estimated the cumulative amount of time required of certificate holders to prepare and submit each IC based upon an estimate of the submissions received in FY 2024. A majority of the ICs require the calculation, verification and submission of a PVO’s unearned passenger revenue, which is money collected from passengers as deposits for cruises or payment of fares for voyages that have not yet been performed. This unearned passenger revenue is the basis for the amount of financial responsibility a PVO is required to provide. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
2. When a passenger vessel operator first seeks to enter the Commission’s passenger vessel financial responsibility program, the operator files an initial application. Each vessel must have its own Certificate (Performance) to advertise water transportation in the U.S. and a Certificate (Casualty) to embark passengers from a U.S. port. There is an application fee of $4,936 for an initial Certificate (Performance) and $2,080 for an initial Certificate (Casualty). To add subsequent vessels under the Commission’s passenger vessel program, the application fees are $2,400 for a Certificate (Performance) and $1,013 for a Certificate (Casualty). There are no filing fees to amend an application. [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
3. Filing fees are deposited to the general fund of the U.S. Department of the Treasury and do not constitute any part of the Federal Maritime Commission’s operating budget. [↑](#footnote-ref-5)