SF-83-I SUPPORTING STATEMENT

for

Higher Education Research and Development Survey and Federally Funded Research and Development Centers R&D Survey

Section A

FY 2025-FY 2027 Cycles

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LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1: OMB Notice of Approval 3145-0100

Attachment 2: FY 2025 Higher Education R&D Survey questionnaire

Attachment 3: FY 2025 Higher Education R&D Short Form Survey questionnaire

Attachment 4: FY 2025 Higher Education R&D Survey population review questionnaire

Attachment 5: FY 2025 FFRDC R&D Survey questionnaire

Attachment 6: First Federal Register Notice for the 2025 Higher Education R&D Survey

Attachment 7: HERD Comments from the Bureau of Economic Analysis

Attachment 8: Contact Procedures for FY 2025 Higher Education R&D Survey

Population Screening

Attachment 9: Contact Procedures for FY 2025 Higher Education R&D Surveys

Attachment 10: Contact Procedures for FY 2025 FFRDC R&D Survey

SECTION A: JUSTIFICATION

This request is for a three-year extension of the previously approved OMB clearance for the Higher Education Research and Development (HERD) Survey and the Federally Funded Research and Development Center (FFRDC) R&D Survey. The surveys were last conducted for FY 2024. The OMB clearance for the surveys will expire on July 31 31, 2025 (Attachment 1).

A.1. Why the Collection Is Necessary

The National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics (NCSES) within the National Science Foundation (NSF) collects, maintains, and disseminates information on science and engineering resources in the United States. Specifically, Section 505 within the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 directs NSF as follows:

"(a) Establishment- There is established within the Foundation a National Center for Science and Engineering Statistics that shall serve as a central Federal clearinghouse for the collection, interpretation, analysis, and dissemination of objective data on science, engineering, technology, and research and development.

(b) Duties- In carrying out subsection (a) of this section, the Director, acting through the Center shall--

(1) collect, acquire, analyze, report, and disseminate statistical data related to the science and engineering enterprise in the United States and other nations that is relevant and useful to practitioners, researchers, policymakers, and the public, including statistical data on--

(A) research and development trends;..."

The HERD Survey (Attachment 2) provides essential data on the resources devoted to research and development in the higher education sector where almost half of the Nation's basic research is conducted. Conducted annually since FY 1972, the survey provides both summary data on R&D resources, by source and discipline, and data on individual institutions. Institutions reporting \$1 million or more in R&D expenditures in the previous fiscal year are asked to respond to the full HERD Survey in the current survey fiscal year, whereas institutions reporting under \$1 million, but at least \$150 thousand, are sent a short form version of the survey containing only a few questions (Attachment 3). A population screener is sent each year to institutions not currently in the survey to determine eligibility (Attachment 4).

Results of this survey are combined with other NCSES data for the federal and business sectors to arrive at national levels of R&D spending, as required by the law cited above. Without information from the HERD Survey, NSF policymakers and planners, as well as other policymakers in the Executive Branch, Congress and the states, would have an incomplete and inaccurate understanding of the Nation's R&D activities. Furthermore, the data from this survey are used in conjunction with information from other surveys of academic science and engineering (S&E)—such as the Survey of Graduate Students and

Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering and the Survey of Science and Engineering Research Facilities—to provide the background statistics that are critical for obtaining a meaningful understanding of research activities in the academic sector.

Additionally, the population of academic institutions surveyed in the HERD Survey serves as the universe for a related survey effort mandated by the United States Congress: the previously-mentioned Survey of Science and Engineering Research Facilities (Section 108, Public Law 99-159 [1986]).

Data from the HERD Survey and other NCSES surveys have been integrated into an online data resource system, the NCSES Data Explorer. The Data Explorer provides a growing data library with multi-year statistics on the state of higher education in general and academic S&E resources specifically. A component of this is the Data Table Builder, which enables users to run data reports from the HERD Survey database going back to 1973. The Data Explorer can be accessed at the NCSES web site: <u>https://ncsesdata.nsf.gov/explorer</u> and the Data Table Builder is accessible at https://ncsesdata.nsf.gov/builder/herd.

NCSES utilizes a subset of questions from the HERD Survey to collect R&D performance data and the funding sources from all FFRDCs (42 FFRDCs in FY 2024) (Attachment 5). According to responsibilities assigned to the NSF in 1990 under the Federal Acquisition Regulations as recorded in the Federal Register (vol. 55, no. 24, February 5, 1990), the NCSES "maintains a list of FFRDCs... and information on each FFRDC, including sponsoring agreements, mission statements, funding data, and the type of R&D being performed...". The data collected through this FFRDC R&D Survey are used to inform the public on individual FFRDC R&D expenditures and to provide information on this sector's contribution to the national R&D total.

A.2. Uses of the Information

Federal Uses

The HERD and FFRDC R&D surveys meet many information needs for federal policy makers. The data are used in policy formulation, implementation and evaluation, budget analyses, congressional hearings, program planning, and annual publications mandated by Congress. The information is provided to Congress, the Office of Management and Budget, and the Office of Science and Technology Policy through published reports, briefings by the NSF Director and staff, and in special tabulations.

The National Science Board, the Director of NSF, and NSF program directors and managers use the HERD and FFRDC R&D survey data for long-range planning and policy formulation. Specific uses include the following:

(1) Data from the HERD and FFRDC R&D surveys are incorporated into the statutorily required biennial report, *The State of U.S. Science and Engineering*. This report is mandated by Congress (42 U.S.C. 1863, Section (j)(1)), as follows:

"render to the President and Congress, no later than March 15 of each even numbered year, a report on indicators of the state of science and engineering in the United States."

(2) Data from the HERD and FFRDC R&D surveys are also incorporated into NCSES's periodic analytical report, *National Patterns of R&D Resources*, which provides data on the levels and key trends of the performance and funding of research and experimental development (R&D) in the United States.

(3) The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA/DOC) uses data from the HERD and FFRDC R&D surveys for the development of R&D investment in the core accounts of U.S. gross domestic product (GDP) and other National Income and Product Accounts (NIPAs).

(4) The NSF Office of Integrative Activities uses HERD data to help assess the need for and the impact of special NSF programs in the Office of Experimental Programs to Stimulate Competitive Research.

(5) Data on HERD and FFRDC R&D expenditures are used in conjunction with other data sources for maintaining current information on funding, staffing, and impacts of the Nation's scientific, engineering, and technological activities. The data and related reports may be found on the NCSES website at

https://www.nsf.gov/statistics/srvyherd/ and https://www.nsf.gov/statistics/srvyffrdc/.

Professional Societies and Foundation Uses

Representative data users in this category include: the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the American Council on Education, the Association of Public and Land-grant Universities, the Association for Institutional Research, the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, the National Research Council, the Council on Governmental Relations, the Association of American Universities, the Federal Demonstration Partnership, and the National Council of University Research Administrators.

State Uses

State governments frequently request R&D expenditures statistics that are unavailable from state records for cross-state comparisons. The data are requested regularly by individual state government agencies (such as state boards of higher education in Florida, Maryland, Ohio, and Texas) and by national and regional state government organizations (such as the National Governors Association and the Southern Governors Association).

The data are also used in the compilation of the annual *Science and Engineering State* Profiles published by NCSES.

University Uses

Universities extensively utilize the HERD data for their own purposes. Requests for the data are received from hundreds of individual institutions, as well as from national academic organizations. Specifically, NCSES has an agreement with the Association of American Universities' Data Exchange to provide them with more timely and comprehensive data from the HERD Survey. Institutional Profiles (summary reports containing institution-specific trend data on key data elements from several NCSES surveys) are available electronically on the web (https://ncses.nsf.gov/profiles/).

Public universities and colleges often use R&D expenditures data in studies demonstrating the economic benefits of instruction and research to state legislatures.

Media Uses

HERD expenditures data are well reported by the press, including the *Washington Post*, the *New York Times*, the *Chronicle of Higher Education*, *Science*, *USA Today*, and the *Wall Street Journal*.

International Uses

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) has requested that NCSES provide HERD and FFRDC R&D survey data annually for use in their periodic publications and for international comparisons of total R&D efforts. Other foreign users have included the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada, the Canadian Institute for Public Policy and Public Administration, King Abdullah University of Science and Technology, and the National Institute of Science and Technology Policy in Tokyo, Japan.

A.3. Use of Automated, Electronic, Mechanical or Other Technological Techniques

The HERD and FFRDC R&D surveys are web-based data collection efforts, although respondents to the surveys may use an alternative approach, by downloading a PDF or Excel version of the form. The response via the web was 99% in FY 2024. Respondents prefer the web version of the survey for the ease of submission and error resolution capabilities. Respondents are electronically sent the survey package, including a letter of introduction, survey instructions, and related materials.

Reporting burden is stable or potentially reduced when the survey population is constant, and institutions are accustomed to providing the data requested. In the case of these surveys, most respondents have established automated systems for assembling the requested data. In addition, the survey questions are intended to be as consistent as possible with the principles of financial accounting followed by institutions of higher education and FFRDCs. Generally, these data are readily available from year-end financial records and other records maintained regularly by most institutions. To obtain the full set of data requested in the survey, business officers of some institutions must

sometimes consult with multiple colleagues, including heads of departments, research administrators, and other academic officials of the institution.

The web versions of the surveys have a real-time monitoring system, which allows NCSES to monitor data, response status, and comments from respondents. From the perspective of the respondents, the web versions are more convenient and simplify the survey (e.g., by automatically calculating totals). NCSES benefits from the use of the web versions by receiving improved data quality.

A.4. Efforts to Identify Duplication

The HERD Survey collects essential information on the financial resources allocated to research and development by universities and colleges. There are no other statistical sources of comprehensive national data for this information.

The U.S. Department of Education/National Center for Education Statistics' (NCES) Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) finance survey series is related in that it collects data on a full range of financial resources and expenses in institutions of higher education including research expenses, while the NCSES HERD Survey requests data on research and development expenditures. However, the IPEDS survey does not collect the following information requested by the NCSES survey: (1) separately accounted for R&D expenditures by field, source of funding, and type of R&D; and (2) current fund expenditures for research equipment by field. NCSES regularly consults with the NCES to ensure that the information sought by the HERD Survey is unavailable from other sources.

The Association of University Technology Managers (AUTM) collects annual data on university technology transfer activities such as patents filed and licensing revenues. The AUTM survey also asks for total R&D expenditures to be reported. However, the survey is only administered to approximately 200 AUTM member institutions and does not cover the full population of research-performing universities and colleges. It also does not collect any detailed data on the fields or types of R&D expenditures.

The FFRDC R&D Survey also collects information that cannot be obtained from any other existing statistical data source. Although NCSES's Federal Funds for R&D Survey collect data on R&D obligations from the Federal agencies that obligate those funds, there are no other known sources of *total* FFRDC expenditure data.

A.5. Impact on Small Entities

The survey universe consists entirely of universities and colleges that perform R&D and of FFRDCs. There is no small business involvement.

A.6. Consequences of Less Frequent Collection

Academic R&D expenditures data were collected on a biennial basis for the period 1964 through 1972. The NSF Director and the National Science Board subsequently determined that annual information about academic R&D resources was necessary to support informed programmatic and policy analysis.

The availability of national totals of R&D resources on an annual basis provides a current and timely overview of the status of R&D activity in each sector of the economy. Given the sophistication and pace of science and technological development worldwide, it is anticipated that the need for annual data on national R&D expenditures will continue.

The experience of NCSES staff, academic advisory group members, and workshop participants indicate that survey respondents prefer to report a consistent set of data items on an annual basis. Many universities and colleges and FFRDCs have automated their record keeping systems, facilitating their ability to respond to NCSES on an annual cycle. These automated record systems considerably reduce the time required to assemble and report information needed for NCSES concerning sources of R&D support, R&D expenditures by field, etc. Thus, collecting consistent data annually considerably reduces respondent burden for academic institutions with automated data systems, since the database and software are retained and kept current. Many responding institutions have indicated that if the data were to be collected on a less frequent basis, the database and related software might not be maintained, resulting in increased burden.

Furthermore, federal, institutional, and major data users have strongly expressed their need for R&D data on no less than an annual basis. As a specific example, annual HERD and FFRDC data are needed by the Bureau of Economic Analyses to use in updating the National Income and Product Accounts. Further, because NCSES policies have a national impact, the timeliness of the data used to formulate policy, budget, and planning decisions is critical.

A.7. Special Circumstances

No special circumstances.

A.8. Consultations Outside the Agency

An announcement of the NCSES request for clearance was published in the Federal Register on Friday, January 10, 2025 (90, FR 2034) (Attachment 6). NCSES received one public comment in response to the announcement.

The comment came from the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). They expressed strong support for the HERD and FFRDC R&D surveys (Attachment 7). NCSES is in regular contact with BEA about their data needs and sends annual data files to support their national income and product accounts (NIPAs), industry economic accounts (IEAs), and gross domestic product (GDP) by state estimates. BEA noted the specific

items used from each survey. NSF contacted BEA in response to ensure the continued cooperation.

NCSES also periodically consults with the Council on Governmental Relations and the Federal Demonstration Partnership when considering questionnaire changes or when those organizations want to provide input to the survey content or processes.

A.9. Payments or Gift to Respondents

There will be no payments or gifts to respondents.

A.10. Assurance of Confidentiality

No items on the FFRDC R&D Survey are deemed confidential.

The HERD Survey collects several confidential items in accordance with the Confidential Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act (CIPSEA) of 2018. All items on the HERD Survey are reported at the institutional level except for the breakdown of institution funds within question 1 (institutionally financed research, cost sharing, and unrecovered indirect costs), the amount of recovered vs. unrecovered indirect costs in question 12, and demographics for research personnel in question 15. These items are presented only as aggregate totals in resulting publications. As the confidentiality statement indicates for these survey items, information collected on these questions will be kept confidential and used for statistical purposes only. The following confidentiality statement, covering these excepted survey items, is included on the HERD questionnaire:

"Responses to the confidential items are collected under a pledge of confidentiality and will only be used for statistical purposes. Information from confidential items is not published or released for individual institutions; only aggregate totals will appear in publications. In accordance with Confidential Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act (CIPSEA) of 2018 and other applicable federal laws, your responses will not be disclosed in identifiable form to anyone other than agency employees or authorized persons. Any questionnaire item not marked as confidential will be available on a public use file. Per the Federal Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015, your data are protected from cybersecurity risks through screening of the federal information systems that transmit your data."

A.11. Justification for Asking Sensitive Questions

There are no sensitive questions in the HERD or FFRDC R&D Surveys. Data are collected at the institution level.

A.12. Burden Estimate

The number of institutions sent a screener to identify eligibility for the HERD population can vary by as many as 50 from one year to the next. The average number of institutions sent the population review screener from FY 2022-2024 was 135 with an average response rate of 82%.

Data for the FY 2022 HERD Survey were collected from 900 institutions (637 standard HERD Survey and 263 Short Form Survey). The FY 2023 survey included 914 institutions (664 standard HERD Survey and 250 Short Form Survey). The FY 2024 survey included 925 institutions (685 standard HERD Survey and 240 Short Form Survey). NCSES expects relative stability in both the HERD and the Short Form populations each year with some new institutions added as they meet the minimum threshold. For purposes of estimating total burden during this clearance period, NCSES assumes a total HERD population of 940 (690 in the full survey and 250 in the Short Form).

The FY 2022-24 FFRDC R&D Surveys have included the full population of 42 FFRDCs each. The size of the FFRDC population has been very stable over time.

The surveys consistently have high response rates. In FY 2022 the response rate for the HERD Survey was 96.0%, in FY 2023 it was 95.6%, and in FY 2024 the response rate was 95.0%. The FFRDC R&D Survey response rate has been 100% each year.

Based on past experiences and limited changes to the surveys, NCSES is estimating no changes in burden hours for each questionnaire from previous years. For FY 2025-27, NCSES is estimating an average annual burden of 1 hour for the HERD population review (screener), 64 hours for the standard HERD Survey, 8 hours for the HERD Short Form, and 14 hours for the FFRDC R&D Survey.

A summary of the annual burden estimates is included in the table below. At an estimated cost of \$37 per hour (based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics May 2023 average hourly wages for "Accountants and Auditors" and "Budget Analysts" within NAICS 611300 - Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools, accessed on March 4, 2025 at http://data.bls.gov/oes/), the total annual cost to respondent institutions is \$1,734,671 (\$1,533 per respondent).

Category	Estimated # of Responses	Respondent Burden (hours)	Total Burden Hours	Total Cost Burden
HERD population	135	1	135	\$4,995
review				
HERD Survey	690	64	44,160	\$1,633,920
HERD Short Form	250	8	2,000	\$74,000
FFRDC R&D Survey	42	14	588	\$21,756
Total annual burden	1,117	-	46,883	\$1,734,671

A.13. Costs to Respondents

Not Applicable. There are no capital or startup costs to the respondents to the HERD Survey.

A.14. Costs to Federal Government

The estimated total cost to the Federal Government for the FY 2025, FY 2026, and FY 2027 HERD and FFRDC R&D surveys is approximately \$6.2 million over a period of 45 months, for an annualized cost of \$1.7 million. The estimate includes labor costs for NCSES staff of approximately \$540,000 (project manager (part time), mathematical statistician (part time), program director (part time) and other staff) and the survey management contractual cost of \$5.6 million.

A.15. Changes from the Prior Cycle

HERD Survey

No changes were made to the FY 2025 HERD questionnaires, including the population review, standard form and short form questionnaires.

FFRDC R&D Survey

No changes were made to the FY 2025 FFRDC questionnaires.

A.16. Plans for Tabulation or Publication

The FY 2025 survey will begin with a population review and screening in late summer 2025. The HERD and FFRDC R&D surveys will be sent electronically to all institutions in the FY 2025 survey populations in November 2025 with a due date of January 30, 2026 for the HERD Surveys and January 16, 2026 for the FFRDC R&D Survey. Actual closeout of the surveys will be in approximately early-June 2026, in order to allow time for late responses, corrections, and updating of previous years' data.

The contractor is responsible for all data collection and processing activities, including editing data submissions to resolve errors. For FY 2025, the same procedures will be used as those used for FY 2024 survey. For the FY 2025 survey, following the closeout of data collection in June 2026 the contractor will generate inflator/deflator factors to impute for non-response, based on data reported by responding institutions. After closeout, data for non-respondent institutions will be machine-imputed using an imputation plan developed and approved by NCSES.

The data from the FY 2025 survey will be analyzed in an NCSES Info Brief to be published in the late fall of 2026. A report containing detailed tables showing institutionlevel data will also be available on the web. NCSES will also publish public use data files that are accessible via the NSF website. These files contain institutional-level data and supporting documentation. Lastly, NCSES produces a methodology report detailing all survey activities, materials, and procedures.

A.17. Exception to Displaying the OMB Expiration Date

Not applicable. The OMB number and expiration date will be displayed.

A.18. Exceptions to the Certification Statement

Not applicable. No exceptions to the certification statement are being sought.