

Instructions for Schedule I (Form 990)



(Rev. December 2024)

Grants and Other Assistance to Organizations, Governments, and Individuals in the United States

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future Developments

For the latest information about developments related to Schedule I (Form 990) and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to [IRS.gov/Form990](https://www.irs.gov/Form990).

What's New

Continuous-use form and instructions. Schedule I (Form 990) and these instructions have been converted from an annual revision to continuous use. Use these instructions for tax year 2024 and subsequent years until a superseding revision is issued.

General Instructions

Note. Terms in **bold** are defined in the *Glossary* of the Instructions for Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt From Income Tax.

Purpose of Schedule

Schedule I (Form 990) is used by an organization that files Form 990 to provide information on **grants and other assistance** made by the filing organization during the **tax year** to **domestic organizations**, **domestic governments**, and **domestic individuals**. Report activities conducted by the organization directly. Also, report activities conducted by the organization indirectly through a **disregarded entity** or a **joint venture** treated as a partnership.

Grants and other assistance include awards, prizes, **contributions**, noncash assistance, cash allocations, stipends, scholarships, fellowships, research grants, and similar payments and distributions made by the organization during the tax year. For purposes of Schedule I, grants and other assistance don't include:

- Salaries or other **compensation** to employees, or payments to independent contractors if the primary purpose of such payments is to serve the direct and immediate needs of the organization (such as legal, accounting, or fundraising services).
- The payment of any benefit by a 501(c)(9) voluntary employees' beneficiary association (VEBA) to employees of a sponsoring organization or contributing employer, if such payment is made under the terms of the VEBA trust and in compliance with section 505.
- Grants to affiliates that aren't organized as legal entities separate from the filing organization, or payments made to branch offices, accounts, or employees of the organization located in the **United States**.

A **domestic organization** includes a corporation or partnership created or organized in the United States or under the law of the United States or of any state or territory. A trust is a domestic organization if a court within the United

States or a **U.S. territory** is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust, and one or more U.S. persons (or persons in **U.S. territories**) have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.

A **domestic government** is a state, a U.S. territory, a political subdivision of a state or U.S. territory, the United States, or the District of Columbia. A grant to a U.S. government agency must be included on this schedule regardless of where the agency is located or operated.

A **domestic individual** is a person, including a foreign citizen, who lives or resides in the United States (or a U.S. territory) and not outside the United States (or a U.S. territory).

Parts II and III of this schedule may be duplicated to list additional grantees (Part II) or types of grants/assistance (Part III) that don't fit on the first page of these parts. Number each page of each part.

Don't report on this schedule foreign grants or assistance, including grants or assistance provided to **domestic organizations**, **domestic governments**, or **domestic individuals** for the purpose of providing grants or other assistance to a designated **foreign organization**, **foreign government**, or **foreign individual**. Instead, report them on Schedule F (Form 990), Statement of Activities Outside the United States.

Who Must File

An organization that answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, Checklist of Required Schedules, line 21 or 22, must complete Part I and either Part II or Part III of this schedule and attach it to Form 990.

If an organization isn't required to file Form 990 but chooses to do so, it must file a complete return and provide all of the information requested, including the required schedules.

Specific Instructions

Part I. General Information on Grants and Assistance

Complete this part if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 21 or 22.

Lines 1 and 2. On line 1, indicate "Yes" or "No" regarding whether the organization maintains records to substantiate amounts, eligibility, and selection criteria used for grants. In general terms, describe how the organization monitors its grants to ensure that such grants are used for proper purposes and aren't otherwise diverted from the intended use. For example, the organization can describe the periodic reports required or field investigations conducted. Use Part IV for the organization's narrative response to line 2.

Part II. Grants and Other Assistance to Domestic Organizations and Domestic Governments

Line 1. Complete line 1 if the organization answered “Yes” on Form 990, Part IV, line 21. A “Yes” response means that the organization reported more than \$5,000 on Form 990, Part IX, line 1, column (A). Enter information only for each recipient **domestic organization** or **domestic government** that received more than \$5,000 aggregate of grants or assistance from the organization during the tax year.

Enter the details of each organization or entity on a separate line of Part II. If there are more organizations or entities to report in Part II than space available, report the additional organizations or entities on duplicate copies of Part II. Use as many duplicate copies as needed, and number each page. Use Part IV if additional space is needed for descriptions of particular column entries.

Column (a). Enter the full legal name and mailing address of each recipient organization or government entity.

Column (b). Enter the employer identification number (EIN) of the grant recipient.

Column (c). Enter the section of the Internal Revenue Code under which the organization receiving the assistance is tax exempt, if applicable (for example, a school described in section 501(c)(3) or a social club described in section 501(c)(7)). If a recipient is a government entity, enter the name of the government entity. If a recipient is neither a tax-exempt nor a government entity, leave column (c) blank.

Column (d). Enter the total dollar amount of cash grants to each recipient organization or entity for the tax year. Cash grants include grants and allocations paid by cash, check, money order, electronic fund or wire transfer, and other charges against funds on deposit at a financial institution.

Columns (e) and (f). Enter the **fair market value** of noncash property. Describe the method of valuation. Report property with a readily determinable market value (for example, market quotations for **securities**) at its fair market value. For marketable securities registered and listed on a recognized securities exchange, measure market value on the date the property is distributed to the grantee by the average of the highest and lowest quoted selling prices or the average between the bona fide bid and asked prices. When fair market value can't be readily determined, use an appraised or estimated value.

Column (g). For noncash property or assistance, enter a description of the property or assistance. List all that apply. Examples of noncash assistance include medical supplies or equipment, pharmaceuticals, blankets, and books or other educational supplies.

Column (h). Describe the purpose or ultimate use of the grant funds or other assistance. Don't use general terms, such as charitable, educational, religious, or scientific. Use more specific descriptions, such as general support, payments for nursing services, or laboratory construction. Enter the type of assistance, such as medical, dental, or free care for indigent hospital patients. In the case of disaster assistance, include a description of the disaster and the assistance provided (for example, “Food, shelter, and clothing for Organization A's assistance to victims of Colorado wildfires”). Use Part IV if additional space is needed for descriptions.



If the organization checks “Accrual” on Form 990, Part XII, line 1; follows **Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards**

Codification (FASB ASC 958) (formerly “SFAS 116”) (see instructions for Form 990, Part IX); and makes a grant during the **tax year** to be paid in future years to a **domestic organization** or **domestic government**, it should report the grant's present value in Part II, line 1, column (d) or (e), and report any accruals of present value increments in future years.

Line 2. Add the number of recipient organizations listed on Schedule I (Form 990), Part II, line 1, that (a) have been recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as exempt from federal income tax as described in section 501(c)(3); (b) are **churches**, including synagogues, temples, and mosques; (c) are integrated auxiliaries of churches and conventions or association of churches; or (d) are **domestic governments**. Enter the total.

Line 3. Add the number of recipient organizations listed on Schedule I (Form 990), Part II, line 1, that aren't described on line 2. This number should include both organizations that aren't tax exempt and organizations that are tax exempt under section 501(c) but not section 501(c)(3).

Part III. Grants and Other Assistance to Domestic Individuals

Complete Part III if the organization answered “Yes” on Form 990, Part IV, line 22. A “Yes” response means that the organization reported more than \$5,000 on Form 990, Part IX, line 2, column (A).

Enter information for **grants and other assistance** made to or for the benefit of individual recipients. Don't complete Part III for grants or assistance provided to individuals through another organization or entity, unless the grant or assistance is earmarked by the filing organization for the benefit of one or more specific **domestic individuals**. Instead, complete Part II, earlier. For example, report a payment to a **hospital** designated to cover the medical expenses of particular domestic individuals in Part III and report a contribution to a hospital designated to provide some service to the general public or to unspecified domestic charity patients in Part II.

Enter the details of each type of assistance to individuals on a separate line of Part III. If there are more types of assistance than space available, report the types of assistance on duplicate copies of Part III. Use as many duplicate copies as needed, and number each page. Use Part IV if additional space is needed for descriptions of particular column entries.

Column (a). Specify type(s) of assistance provided, or describe the purpose or use of grant funds. Don't use general terms, such as charitable, educational, religious, or scientific. Use more specific descriptions, such as scholarships for students attending a particular school; provision of books or other educational supplies; food, clothing, and shelter for indigents, or direct cash assistance to indigents; etc. In the case of specific disaster assistance, include a description of the type of assistance provided and identify the disaster (for example, “Food, shelter, and clothing for immediate relief for victims of Colorado wildfires”).

Column (b). Enter the number of recipients for each type of assistance. If the organization is unable to determine the

actual number, provide an estimate of the number. Explain in Part IV how the organization arrived at the estimate.

Column (c). Enter the aggregate dollar amount of cash grants for each type of grant or assistance. Cash grants include grants and allocations paid by cash, check, money order, electronic fund or wire transfer, and other charges against funds on deposit at a financial institution.

Column (d) and (e). Enter the fair market value of noncash property. Describe the method of valuation. Report property with a readily determinable market value (for example, market quotations for securities) at its fair market value. For marketable securities registered and listed on a recognized securities exchange, measure market value by the average of the highest and lowest quoted selling prices or the average between the bona fide bid and asked prices, on the date the property is distributed to the grantee. When fair market value can't be readily determined, use an appraised or estimated value.

Column (f). For noncash grants or assistance, enter descriptions of property. List all that apply. Examples of noncash assistance include medical supplies or equipment,

pharmaceuticals, blankets, and books or other educational supplies.



*If the organization checks "Accrual" on Form 990, Part XII, line 1; follows **Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards***

Codification (FASB ASC 958) (formerly "SFAS 116") (see instructions for Form 990, Part IX); and makes a grant during the **tax year** to be paid in future years to a **domestic individual**, it should report the grant's present value in Part III, column (c) or (d), and report any accruals of present value increments in future years.

Part IV. Supplemental Information

Use Part IV to provide narrative information required in Part I, line 2, regarding monitoring of funds, and in Part III, column (b), regarding how the organization estimated the number of recipients for each type of grant or assistance. Also, use Part IV to provide other narrative explanations and descriptions, as needed. Identify the specific part and line(s) that the response supports. Part IV can be duplicated if more space is needed.