

Industry Wage Rates (2025\$)

Labor Category	Data Series ^a	Date	Wage	Fringe Benefit	Total Compensation	Overhead % of Total Compensation ^b	Overhead	Hourly Loaded Wages ^c
			(a)	(b)	(c) = (a)+(b)	(d)	(e)=(c)*(d)	(f)=(c)+(e)
Managerial	BLS ECEC, Private Manufacturing industries, “Mgt, Business, and Financial”	Dec-25	\$60.36	\$26.57	\$86.93	20%	\$17.39	\$104.32
Professional / Technical	BLS ECEC, Private Manufacturing industries, “Professional and related“	Dec-25	\$50.65	\$23.11	\$73.76	20%	\$14.75	\$88.51
Clerical	BLS ECEC, Private Manufacturing industries, “Office and Administrative Support”	Dec-25	\$26.44	\$11.34	\$37.78	20%	\$7.56	\$45.34

Footnotes

^a Source: *Employer Costs for Employee Compensation. Table 4. Private industry workers by occupational and industry group. December 2024.* (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics 2024).

^b An overhead rate of 17% is used based on assumptions in *Wage Rates for Economic Analysis of the Toxics Release Inventory Program* (Rice, 2002), and the *Revised Economic Analysis for the Amended Inventory Update Rule: Final Report* (U.S. EPA, 2002).

^c The inflation factor of “1” in the formula for calculating the fringe + overhead factor means wage data are not escalated to reflect inflation.

^d Wage data are rounded to the closest cent in this analysis.